"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Probably showers today; Sunday, fair; no change in temperature.
☞ For full weather report see Page 16

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,428. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JUNE 21, 1919. TWENTY-FOUR PAGES TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

PEACE SENTIMENT OVERTHROWS THE GERMAN CABINET; PROMPT SIGNING OF TREATY NOW REGARDED AS ASSURED; OTHERWISE ALLIES WILL TAKE BERLIN, ADD TO INDEMNITY

REDS IN GARDEN URGE REVOLUTION AND SOVIETS HERE

Eastman, Attacking President, Reads Alleged Secret Message from Polk to Lansing.

WON'T SAY HOW HE GOT IT

Federal Agents Declare They Will Question Him Today About Its Source.

SOVIETS' "ENVOY" ATTENDS

Martens Applauds Speeches — Two Arrests for Shouting for an American Soviet Republic.

The overthrow of the Government of the United States was openly agitated at a mass meeting held under the auspices of the Socialist Party in Madison Square Garden last night. Secret Service agents, police officials, Department of Justice investigators, and representatives of the Lusk Legislative Committtee were unanimous in saying that they had never attended a meeting at which the speakers urged their audience so openly and defiantly to rise and overthrow the Government.

President Wilson was denounced for waging "a private war" on Soviet Russia, and finally Max Eastman, an American-born radical, read what he claimed he had every reason for believing was a correct copy of a confidential cablegram which acting Secretary of State Polk sent to Secretary of State Lansing in Paris, on Jan. 24 last, in which message, as read by Eastman, Mr. Polk asked Secretary Lansing to confer with the President regarding certain matters having to do with the operation of the Trans-Siberian Railway.

Attack on President.

Eastman argued that Mr. Polk's alleged request for money out of the fund appropriated by Congress for the President to spend as he saw fit was corroborative of his charge that "Woodrow Wilson is waging a private war against Soviet Russia." Eastman refused to say how the cablegram came into his possession. Beyond the statement that he had every reason to characterize it as a genuine copy of a message that passed between Mr. Polk and Mr. Lansing on the date named, he declined to make and explanation. Government agents who were present said they would ask him for this information today. The message given to reporters by Eastman read as follows:

green & cipher.
Washington,
Jan. 24, 1919.

Ammission,
Paris.
891. Jan. 24, 3 P. M. Very confidential.

For the Secretary of State: Referring to my answer to 376, Jan. 21, regarding Siberian Railway plans, I take the liberty of calling your attention to the political situation here. Critical spirit today is being clearly manifested in regard to Russia.

1. By attack on War Trade Board Russian Bureau.

2. By attacks on personal conduct of Ambassador Francis. La Guardia apparently got his information from Consul Winship, now at Welland, and Lieut. Commander Crolley, formerly at St. Petersburg, and now Naval Attaché at Madrid.

3. By Sentaor Johnson's continually attacking Administration policy of keeping troops in Russia and Siberia.

There is no question but the Republicans are trying to force an extra session and leading Democrats seem to feel that the extra session should be considered inevitable. If successful, Republicans, resenting control of various committees, will make attacks on every phase of policy of administration in Russia.

Alleged Request for Funds.

We are committed now to a proposition for the operation of the Siberian Railway, and I wish to lay stress on the fact that money must be supplied in large sums in order to carry through this plan. In view of the attitude of Congress on the food bill I should give up the possibility of seeking money through appropriation. The Russian Ambassador has no funds and has already exhausted sums set aside for maintaining Siberian Railway corps.

I am taking the liberty of stating the case so that the President or yourself may have all the facts before you before he commits himself to supplying money for this purpose from his private fund. I have not consulted Japanese Ambassador, and for this reason would like to have your views as soon as posible. POLK.

The meeting last night was held under the auspices of the Russian Federation of the Socialist Party. There were about

Continued on Page Three.

WASHINGTON'S NEWEST AND BEST. WARDMAN PARK HOTEL. Address H. Albert (formerly Mgr. The Homestead, Hot Springs, Va.)—Advt.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion.—Advt.

Lenin Opposed as Antichrist by Peasants in Old Russia

PARIS, June 20, (French Wireless Service.)—The Soviet Government in Russia is combatting a religious movement, mystical in character, which has spread through the Provinces of Moscow, Novgorod, and Vladimir.

One of the features of the movement, which is said to be strong among the peasants, according to advices received here, is that Premier Lenin is called the antichrist foretold in the Scriptures.

The Bolsheviki, it is said, are opposing the movement by means of an active propaganda.

'BIG BILL' DEVERY DIES OF APOPLEXY

New York's Picturesque Police Chief of Long Ago Stricken at Far Rockaway.

FAMED FOR HIS PHILOSOPHY

First "Chief of Police" City Had —Van Wyck Called Him the Best—Later Ran for Mayor.

William S. Devery, "Big Bill" Devery, as he was generally known, who was the city's first titular Chief of Police after consolidation, and was called by Mayor Van Wyck "the best New York ever had," who worked his way from patrolman to Chief of the department and for a time served as First Deputy Commissioner, died at 4:15 o'clock yesterday afternoon at his Summer home at Far Rockaway, L. I. Apoplexy was the cause of death. He was stricken shortly after his midday meal, while talking with members of his family, and from the first it was realized that his condition was serious. Mr. Devery had influenza last Winter, but had apparently recovered, and it was said at the home last night that he had apparently been in the best of health recently. The funeral arrangements had not been made last night.

Mr. Devery returned yesterday morning from Washington, D. C., where he had been to visit his daughter, Mrs. Florence Oliver, who did not return with him. As soon as he was stricken Dean Herbert F. Farrell, pastor of St. Mary's Star of the Sea Church, Far Rockaway, was summoned to the house. He found the former Chief unconscious. Dean Farrell was expecting to receive word during the afternoon that Mr. Devery had regained consciousness, but instead learned of his death.

After his retirement from politics he was engaged in the real estate business in Far Rockaway, with an office on Mott Avenue, near the Long Island Railroad Station. In recent years Mr. Devery had lived in Far Rockaway only during the Summer months, returning to Manhattan during the rest of the year.

Was Croker's Right-Hand Man.

Mr. Devery had a most picturesque and stormy career. He was Richard Croker's right-hand man and for years a district leader in Tammany. During his long service on the police force he was indicted several times, faced charges of extortion, blackmail, and oppression, and held his place against many protests.

Appointed to the police force as a patrolman June 19, 1878, Mr. Devery continued in this position until Sept. 16, 1881, when he was promoted to roundsman. On May 24, 1884, he was made Sergant, and in December, 1891, he was promoted to Captain. From March to December, in 1897, he was in command of the Eldridge Street Station, the precinct which had gained notoriety as the "Red Light District." In August of that year Dr. Parkhurst's vice society made written demand on him to suppress certain disorderly houses. He denied that they existed. In November the same notice was again served on Devery, fifty houses being specified. He again denied the existence of such places. The November Grand Jury brought four separate indictments against him for failure to proceed against the places. He was tried in one of the cases and acquitted.

Acquitted of Extortion Charge.

In an investigation in 1894 there was much evidence about Captain Devery's precinct, and witnesses testified to the extortion of his wardmen. The Police Board made charges against him and he was placed on trial at Police Headquarters on Aug. 1, 1894, on the charge of extortion. He was ill, but the board went on with the trial, and after hearing the evidence voted to dismiss him from the force. Captain Devery took his case into court, and in June, 1895, the Supreme Court reinstated him in the department on the ground that his constitutional rights had been transgressed in the trying of his case in his absence.

In March, 1896, he was again tried in criminal courts and again acquitted. In October, 1896, the reform Police Board formulated new charges against him and he was placed on trial, but when case came up in the following March Captain Devery had obtained a perma-

Continued on Page Fifteen.

PALL MALL FAMOUS CIGARETTES On Your Library Table—Plain Ends.—Advt.

ALLIES READY FOR ACTION

Drastic Steps Certain if the Germans Reject the Treaty.

BERLIN SEIZURE FIRST

And Demand for Large Amount for Reparation Would Surely Follow.

CONFERENCE HELD IN PARIS

Foch and Other Military Officials Confirm the Arrangements Made.

LONDON, June 20, (Associated Press.)—No definite news was received in official quarters in London tonight that Germany intended to sign the treaty.

In the event of refusal to sign, it is learned, the occupation of Berlin and the reimposition of the blockade will almost certainly follow, and that these measures will surely increase the amount of indemnity to demanded from Germany.

PARIS, June 20, (Associated Press.)—The Supreme Council confirmed today the plans made by the military authorities for a resumption of the advance into Germany in the event of the failure of the Germans to sign the peace treaty within the allotted time.

Marshal Foch, Major Gen. Bliss, General Robertson of the British Army, and other military chiefs were before the council this afternoon and explained the details of the allied plans.

The reports of the fall of the Scheidemann Government had not reached the council when these plans were discussed.

It is not expected that the order for the allied armies to advance will be given exactly at the time of the expiration of the time limit of the Allies, but it was indicated today that there would be little if any delay in the manoeuvres.

Baron Sonnino was not present at the meeting of the council, but the fact that General Cavallero was called in was regarded as indicating that the Allies still regarded Italy's position as not materially changed by the overthrow of the Orlando Government.

All British Navy Leaves Stopped.

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LONDON, June 20.—There is no mistake about Great Britain's readiness to renew the war. This afternoon the poster of The Evening News, a Northcliffe organ, reads:

"Britain Prepares for War."

The headlines in all the afternoon London papers justify the poster.

All leaves for British navy officers and men have been stopped and the London papers say that the Grand Fleet is being made ready for instant action.

Eight battleships and battle cruisers are ready for action in the Firth of Forth and flotillas of light cruisers and destroyers are also waiting.

The fleet of minelayers at Grimsby and Immingham have been refitted and equipped with the latest design of mines. Their destination is supposed to be the Baltic.

Copyright, 1919, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

HAMBURG, June 18, via Paris, June 20.—British and French ships lying in the harbor of Hamburg are ready to send landing parties ashore if the German Government does not sign the treaty.

But there is the same indifference here as in the Ruhr district. I saw parties of French and British sailors wandering around Hamburg this afternoon, looking in the shop windows and drinking beer in the cafés.

WARNS DEVASTATED FRANCE.

Deputy Peret Says It Must Not Count on Rehabilitation by Germans

PARIS, June 19.—In discussing the proposed budget for the coming year in the Chamber of Deputies today, Raoul Peret, head of the Budget Committee, said that it was impossible to expect Germany to meet the cost of rehabilitating regions devastated during the war.

"We do not know now, and shall not know for a long time, the exact sum the enemy must pay to victorious France," he said. "The treaty of peace gives no precise information on that point. As it is, the Reparation Commission has the right even to remit part or all of Germany's debts."

CALOX TOOTH POWDER Cleanses—Whitens—Preserves.—Advt.

Wilson to Name Morgenthau to Head a Pogrom Commission

PARIS, June 20, (Associated Press.)—President Wilson, it was learned today, has decided to appoint a commission to investigate reported pogroms in Poland. It will consist of seven members, headed by Henry Morgenthau, former Ambassador to Turkey.

Two other members of the commission, in addition to Mr. Morgenthau, will be Jews.

The appointment of the commission is in accordance with requests from the Polish and Lithuanian Governments.

KNOX RESOLUTION CANNOT BE PASSED

Senators Doubt if It Ever Will Be Submitted to Test of Vote.

ROOT TALKS WITH LEADERS

Sherman Tells Senate Vatican May Gain Control of the League of Nations.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The Knox resolution, which would have the United States Senate go on record in favor of requesting the Peace Conference to separate the League covenant from the Peace Treaty, is doomed to defeat if a vote is ever taken on the proposition.

This was admitted tonight by many of its supporters. It was apparent from what was said by them that all hope had been abandoned for the success of the resolution. Some of the strongest friends of the Knox project admitted that they did not believe it would command more than thirty-five or thirty-six votes. No date has been fixed for a vote on the resolution. There is a possibility that one may be called for on Monday, but there is no certainty of this.

When the Senate adjourned tonight, the Republicans themselves did not know what procedure they would favor. This is to be decided at informal conferences which began tonight among influential leaders, in which Senators Lodge, Knox, and Brandegee participated. Ex-Senator Root was in Washington today, and when this became known the impression gained currency that he would take part in the conference. The ex-Senator denies that his visit at this time has any relation to the League controversy. He has, however, been in touch with Republican leaders the last few days, and it is understood that he is conferring with some of them tonight.

Mr. Root's visit to the Senate wing of the Capitol aroused great interest. When it was suggested to him by newspapermen that it was naturally inferred that he was here in connection with the League, Mr. Root replied that he "had come down to the Capitol in the expectation of getting an invitation to luncheon from some Senatorial friends." Mr. Root went to Senator Knox's committee room and was there most of the afternoon, awaiting the arrival of Senator Knox, who, however, failed to appear at the Capitol.

Hays Also Confers With Leaders.

Will H. Hays, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, was busy in conference with Republican leaders today, but he also asserted that his business did not relate to the League of Nations.

No effort was made by Senator Knox to call up his resolution today and the debate proceeded of its own weight. Senator Sherman injected religion into the controversy over the League of Nations when he declared that 24 of the 40 votes included in the League could be "spiritually dominated by the Vatican."

There were numerous clashes between Senators during the afternoon, and the first of these came when John Sharp Williams tried to have one of ex-President Taft's statements in favor of the League printed in the Record. Senator Smoot objected, but had to yield when Senator Williams threatened to read the Taft statement unless permission was granted. It was a statement in which Mr. Taft asserted that the only effect abroad of the Knox resolution would be

Continued on Page Four.

PARIS EXPECTED SHAKEUP

Views German Overturn as Prelude to Signing the Treaty.

GERMAN PARTIES ARE SPLIT

Only Independent Socialists Reported to be United for Accepting Terms.

CONSERVATIVE PRESS ANGRY

Echoes of the Furious Struggle Over Treaty Are Heard by Conference.

PARIS, June 20, (Associated Press.)—The news of the retirement of Philipp Scheidemann as Chancellor and of the re-forming of the coalition Government in Germany came as no surprise in Peace Conference circles, as it had been known for some time that Scheidemann, Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, and several other Cabinet members were so thoroughly committed by past utterances to refuse to sign the treaty that a new Cabinet and, perhaps, a new President might have to be installed before the treaty was signed, unless it were modified materially.

The news of the political changes in Germany was made known to the American delegation while it was meeting with President Wilson. It caused considerable satisfaction, and was interpreted as an indication that Germany would accept the treaty.

Last night, before the Scheidemann Government handed in its resignation, a small majority of the Cabinet opposed signing, and a small majority of the National Assembly was in favor of it. All parties except the Independent Socialists apparently have sqlit on the question, and the old lines of cleavage have disappeared.

Most of the Centrists, Democrats, and Majority Socialists are said to favor signing.

The general change in opinion is reflected in the German nawspapers. The conservative press is declaring that it is wrong to sign and is inveighing against the cowardice of the Government. The extreme radical papers assert that the working people want peace at any price, while the middle group admits that there is nothing left but to sign.

Paris Believes Signing Assured.

Conference circles are cheerful over the outlook. It is believed that the signing of the treaty by Germany is now assured.

It is expected in Peace Conference circles that the new Government will make a request for additional time in which to reply to the allied terms.

The retirement of von Brockdorff-Rantzau and Herr Giesberts, and probably that of Dr. Dernburg, from the Cabinet is expected. It is believed that Mathias Erzberger will take the place of Giesberts as the Centrist leader in the Cabinet.

Peace delegates accept as a fact only the retirement of Scheidemann. They are still in doubt regarding the possible makeup of the new Government. A Noske-Erzberger combination is still most prominently mentioned, but the Socialists, Dr. Mueller and Dr. Eduard David, are also referred to as possibilities for the Chancellorship in a dispatch received late this afternoon.

The selection of Herr Noske to head the new Cabinet, if the report is confirmed, is a surprising factor, as he had been regarded as an opponent of signing. It is known, however, that there has been a considerable shift in the attitude of various German politicians, parties, and newspapers lately, and experts on the German situation think that Noske, as the "strong man" of the administration, may per-

Continued on Page Two.

Wilson Will Delay Joining the League Until Treaty Is Ratified or Rejected

PARIS, June 20, (Associated Press.)—It is authoritatively stated that President Wilson intends to defer any action relative to American participation in the League of Nations until the Senate has ratified or rejected the Peace Treaty and the American position has been definitely established concerning the league.

There have been reports that the President has named Colonel Edward M. House as the American member of the League, and has designated several commissions, but it is now stated that no appointment of any kind will be made until the Senate finally acts.

Meantime, such work as is being done on the League is wholly tentative so far as the United States is concerned, and, while there is every hope and expectation that the covenant will be ratified as part of the treaty, it is said authoritatively that there is no purpose to anticipate this result or in any way commit the country to ratification.

Colonel House will return from London on the departure of President Wilson, acting as peace commissioner on the remaining treaty details until these are turned over to the American Ambassador.

TAKE NO RISK.
It may kill you. Buy your wine, etc., at once at H. Mouquin's, 28th St., and 7th Ave.—Advt.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion.—Advt.

Brockdorff Says Note and New Treaty Differ; Asks Confirmation of 12 Concessions Cited

BERLIN, June 20, (Associated Press.)—Count Von Brockdorff-Rantzau, head of the German Peace Delegation, has sent a note to Premier Clemenceau, President of the Peace Conference, citing twelve instances in which the covering note of the allied reply to the Germans on June 16 announced concessions which are not contained in the altered text of the Peace Treaty.

Count Von Brockdorff-Rantzau asks how far the Allies bind themselves to these concessions, and requests written confirmation that the contents of the covering note and the memorandum on these points form part of the new peace offer.

The Count further points out several instances where, in addition to the hand-written alterations, the present printed copy of the treaty differs from the copy of May 7, and asks to be notified before the expiration of the time limit how far it is intended that these changes are to go.

Coblenz Hears Bernstorff May Be New Peace Envoy

PARIS, June 20.—An unconfirmed report from the Army Intelligence Bureau at Coblenz says that Count von Bernstorff, former Ambassador to the United States, has been named as German Minister of Foreign Affairs, and that he will come to Versailles to sign the Peace Treaty.

Le Temps says that it understands that Mathias Erzberger, if he assumes power in Germany, will ask for two modifications of the Peace Treaty.

The first will be the toning down of the clause concerning responsibility for the war, so as to spare German susceptibilities, and the second the abandonment of prosecution of the former Emperor.

SAYS ITALY AGREES TO DALMATIA TERMS

Report of Rome Decision Is Not Confirmed in Conference Circles.

NEW PREMIER IS SOUGHT

Paris Wonders What Italy Will Do About Signing, Now Orlando Is Out.

PARIS, June 20.—The Italian delegation to the Peace Conference has been directed from Rome to accept the proposition for the settlement of the Dalmatian controversy made by Premiers Clemenceau, Lloyd George, and President Wilson, according to the Paris office of Reuter's, Limited.

Neither the Italian nor any of the other delegates to the Peace Conference has received news from Rome indicating whether a new peace delegation will be sent to Paris. Opinion in conference circles seems general that Signor Orlando and his associates may sign the German treaty in spite of the fall of the Orlando Government. The King appointed the peace delegation; consequently a change in the Government would not necessarily make the appointment of a new delegation imperative, although it would cause no surprise if a new head were designated to replace Signor Orlando.

As the Fiume and Adriatic questions, the handing of which by Signor Orlando had apparently been unsatisfactory to the majority of Italians, are not directly involved in the German treaty, many members of the Peace Conference believe that the new Italian Government may not insist upon a change in the delegation until after the German treaty is signed. It is not thought likely, however, that the present Italian delegation will be permitted to continue negotiations concerning the Austrian treaty, in which Italy's territorial interests are involved.

The Fiume question had reached a deadlock before the departure of Signor Orlando for Rome, and apparently it still stands in that position.

While the Italian delegation was apparently willing to accept the creation of the Fiume district into a buffer State, no decision could be reached as to the boundary between Istria and Italy which was satisfactory to both Italy and the Allies.

Tittoni May Become Premier.

ROME, June 20, (Associated Press.)—After an interview today with Premier Orlando, who resigned Thursday night, the King began a consultation with the Presidents of the Senate and Chamber of Deputies and leading politicians concerning a solution of the political crisis.

The concensus of opinion in Rome is that a new Cabinet must be formed as soon as possible, because of the necessity for not interrupting Italy's negotiations in the Peace Conference at Paris.

The formation of a Government headed by former Premier Tittoni or Signor Nitti, former Minister of Finance, is thought most probable.

Pressure is being brought to induce Guglielmo Marconi to take part in the new Ministry, with the portfolio of Minister of Navy. It is suggested that Signor Luzzati, former Premier, go to Paris especially for financial, economic and commercial negotiations.

"Remain faithful to our duties toward the Allies," was a passage in the address of Premier Orlando in the Chamber of Deputies that turned the tide against the Premier and resulted in the adverse vote, which had its sequel in the resignation of the Orlando Cabinet.

The Premier's words aroused the an-

Continued on Page Two.

Remember—"EPOCA Pure Havana Cigars." Remember—"None Better Made."—Advt.

WILSON RETURNS TO PARIS DUTIES

Meets American Colleagues and Takes Up Big Issues with Premiers.

SAILING DATE UNCERTAIN

Developments in Germany and Italy Make It Impossible to Settle Departure.

PARIS, June 20, (Associated Press.)—President Wilson and his party arrived here this morning at 9 o'clock after a two days' trip to Brussels and the war zone in Belgium. There was no formal reception and Mr. Wilson drove immediately to the Paris "White House." The President had a good night's rest and said that he was not tired. He expressed his enjoyment and interest in the trip he had taken.

At 11 o'clock the President went to the Hôtel de Crillon and held a conference with the entire personnel of the American delegation to the Peace Conference, including Colonel E. M. House, who returned last evening from his visit to England.

The effect upon the President's plans of the Cabinet changes in Germany and the further developments expected is uncertain. A German request for an extension of time to act on the treaty is looked for, and it is understood that the President told the delegation today that he had fixed no date for his departure for home.

The Council of Three, composed of Premiers Lloyd George and Clemenceau and President Wilson, met this afternoon and, it is understood, discussed the German situation and the Italian Cabinet crisis.

The Council was also expected to take up the uncompleted sections of the Austrian Peace Treaty.

PRESIDENT ANSWERED HOPES OF BELGIANS

His Speeches Attuned to the Needs of People After Viewing War's Devastation.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BRUSSELS, June 19.—Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, had such a full program in Belgium today that there was no time for Woodrow Wilson, former historian, to more than glimpse the battlefield of Waterloo as he and King Albert were carried by a royal automobile at forty miles an hour to see the effects of the war that came a century after Waterloo.

When Secretary Daniels was in France recently he said the world would be on the right track toward a peace brotherhood when travelers to Paris cared more for seeing the tomb of Pasteur than the tomb of Napoleon.

There is surely something to recall that remark in the fact that the Belgians themselves and their guests from America gave no heed to the field of Napoleon's downfall on the day devoted to showing President Wilson not only what the world war had done to Belgium but what also this country was doing to recover. Yesterday, the day of his arrival, the President saw little but devastation. He saw that today, too, but, what is more important, he saw and heard much to convince him that the Belgians are not wasting time bemoaning the last five years, but are already finding themselves again. He saw it in many miles of

Continued on Page Two.

When you think of Writing Think of WHITING.—Advt.

ASSEMBLY NOW FOR PEACE

Erzberger May Be Minister of Treaty Fulfillment.

PRESIDENT EBERT TO GO

Will Hold On Temporarily—Noske or Mueller Likely to be Premier.

CABINET RESIGNED AT 2 A.M.

Weimar Cut Off by Railway Strike Attributed to Reds.

Still Struggling at Weimar for Peace Cabinet Last Night

PARIS, June 20, (Associated Press.)—The latest reports received over the military wire from Weimar indicate that at 9 o'clock this evening Germany was still in the throes of a reconstitution of the administration in an endeavor to get a Government that was capable of signing the peace treaty.

BERLIN, June 20, (Associated Press.)—The Cabinet resigned at 2 o'clock this morning.

President Ebert will retain his office temporarily. It was stated on good authority that he decided to stand or fall with Chancellor Scheidemann because he felt that he must resign rather than sign the Peace Treaty.

Between Herr Noske, the Minister of Defense, and Dr. Müller, Under Secretary of the War Food Bureau, the race for the Premiership seems to be a strong one, although Müller seems to have the advantage on account of his greater adaptability in meeting the desires of the Independents.

An Independent leader told the correspondent today that it was a matter of indifference to the Independents who was chosen, as neither was liked, but that Noske was least liked because he would antagonize hundreds of thousands of persons who regarded him as a "bloodhound and oppressor."

The Democrats, still fighting against signing, today expelled Baron von Richthofen from the Peace Committee because he favored accepting the treaty.

Telephonic advices from Weimar indicate that up to noon today chaos prevailed in the city, with the National Assembly and the Cabinet endeavoring to thresh out the peace situation.

There is talk of a temporary directorate of five members to rule Germany in case President Ebert fails to for ma Cabinet, but this plan is unpopular as approximating a dictatorship and is unlikely to be adopted except as an emergency measure.

According to the German Constitution President Ebert is not required to resign, as he is not responsible for the Cabinet's acts. He will remain in office pending the formation of a Cabinet, which is the most difficult task imaginable, because nobody wants to shoulder the responsibility of signing the Peace Treaty.

Opposition to Gustav Noske, Minister of National Defense, as the siccessor of Chancelor Scheidemann, is reported increasing, while Dr. Mueller is on record as declining the Premiership, pleading illness.

It is understood that the National Assembly tomorrow may vote a referendum of the entire people for Sunday, June 29, at which signature of the terms will be submitted for ratification. It is asserted that this would result in a huge vote of approval, since the people are sick of war and want peace on any terms.

Up to noon Berlin was virtually without news of the retirement of the Cabinet. The morning newspapers were on the press when the flash came, announcing the resignation of the Cabinet.

The dominating impression in Berlin is that the terms of the Allies will be accepted. The resisting powers of the average Berliner are wittering under the unusual heat wave of the last few days, and the political shift at Weimar finds him in an acquiescent mood. He automatically links food with peace, and encourages the thought of the line of least resistance.

High Post for Erzberger.

WEIMAR, June 20, (Via Amsterdam to London,) (Associated Press.)—The German Cabinet, headed by Philipp Scheidemann, has resigned, but will continue in office temporarily until President Ebert has been able to form a new one.

The portfolio of Mathias Erzberger in the new Cabinet to be formed will be "Minister of Reconstruction and Fulfillment of the Treaty."

A poll of the members of the various parties in the National Assembly seems to show that the peace terms cannot fail to be accepted. The Majority Socialists gave a considerable majority in favor of signing.

Six members of the Cabinet declared in a meeting for an absolute rejection of the peace terms. The Ministers were said to have been Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, Herr Landsberg, Herr Geisberts, Dr. Dernburg, Herr Preuss, and Herr Gothein.

Gustav Noske, Minister of Defense, or Herman Müller, Majority Socialist leader, will be chosen Chancellor by President Ebert, it is said.

Noske is very popular, not only with the right wing of his own party, but with the Conservatives, since he was able to protect property during recent disorders in Berlin. He is unpopular, and even hated, by the Radicals of his party and the Independent Socialists because of the rigor with which he suppressed disturbances.

The new Cabinet will presumably settle promptly the question of signing the treaty. It is expected to accept the allied terms, although experts who have considered the treaty have unanimously rejected it as impossible. One of them, Fritz Thyssen, the coal magnate, said to The Associated Press:

"Germany cannot honestly sign and hope to fulfill her obligations. It would be far better to pay a larger indemnity, but leave coal and other economic possibilities of production by which alone the payment of the indemnity is possible."

Several members of the old Cabinet will retain office, among them being Mathias Erzberger, Eduard David, and Colonial Minister Bell.

Baron von Richthofen said that the new Cabinet would sign the treaty but "on condition." Although he did not state what conditions were meant, it is believed that they will be in the form of demands upon the Entente, the granting or refusal of which would not hinder the signing of the treaty.

Weimar was completely cut off from railway communication with all sections of Germany last night because of a suddenly called railway strike. Airplanes and the telegraph are the only means of communication.

Government circles see in the strike a new Spartacide attempt against the Government. The reason given for the strike is a demand for an increase in wages.

In the meantime the Government and the various political leaders are held here until further notice. A majority of those here do not have sufficient clothes and fresh linen to last more than a day or two.

Hear Noske Will Be Chief.

COBLENZ, June 20, (Associated Press.)—Gustav Noske will succeed Philipp Scheidemann as head of the German Ministry, according to a Weimar dispatch received here today. Mathias Erzberger, the message says, will succeed Coun von Brockdorff-Rantzau as Foreign Secretary.

Four members of the old Cabinet favored acceptance of the revised peace terms, according to the correspondent of the Cologne Gazette, telegraphing from Weimar. Those who favored signing, the dispatch said, were Erzberger, Johannes Bell, Noske, and Edouard David.

The Frankfurter Zeitung editorially has taken a firm position in favor of the acceptance of the treaty. The newspaper says that the most desperate move of all would be to allow the Allies to force Germany to accept peace by further military advances into parts of Germany now unoccupied by them.

Reports Treaty Already Accepted.

LONDON, June 20.—The German National Assembly at Weimar has accepted the Peace Treaty, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Paris.

The signing of the treaty by Germany, an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen, quoting advices from Weimar, says, is as certain as if the signatures had already been put to the document. The same dispatch says that a poll of the various States of Germany with regard to their attitude on the peace terms was taken yesterday at Weimar. Hamburg, Bremen, and Lübeck voted against signing, Württemberg and Baden were in favor of signing, and Bavaria and Saxony were undecided.

A Reuter dispatch from Weimar states that at a meeting on Thursday the Centrist members of the National Assembly decided, by a four-fifths majority, in favor of signing the treaty, with reservations regarding responsibility for the war and the honor of the German nation.

The German National Party, it is stated, is unanimously resolved against signing. Fifty-six members of the German Democratic Party voted against signing the allied terms, while eight others voted that the treaty be signed conditionally and one was in favor of signing without condition.

THINK GERMANS WON'T SIGN.

French Army Officials Believe the Leaders Would Welcome Invasion.

By WALTER DURANTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 19.—In French military circles it is thought very unlikely that Germany will sign the treaty voluntarily. In the opinion of a high officer of the War Office, she will prefer for two reasons to put the allied armies to the trouble and expense of at least beginning a military demonstration.

"In the first place," he said, "that would allow the German leaders to save their faces, so far as their own people were concerned, by the plea that they had done their utmost to get better terms, but were compelled to accept these by force majeure.

"Secondly, it would enable them subsequently, if the occasion offered, to raise the cry that they signed only with the knife at their throats, and were therefore entitled to reject the terms whenever they got a chance."

As may be seen from the last sentence, the French soldiers do not share the view that defeat has brought about a change of heart in the German people. To them the idea of "repentant" Germany being admitted this year into the League of Nations is frankly ridiculous. They hold with the old saying that the best boche is a dead boche and that a living boche will behave decently only if forced to do so.

No one here, however, expects prolonged military operations or even a show of armed resistance. So far as the general opinion of the country on the subject is concerned, it may be summed up in the casual remark which was overheard yesterday in the subway:

"Our politicians may talk as they please in Parliament, but don't tell me that any advance of French troops into Germany, past or present or future, will ever be unpopular in France."

GERMAN PARTY LEADERSHIP.

Retiring Cabinet and Lineup in the National Assembly.

There have been four departments of Government upon whose dictum Germany's fate has depended, so far as signing the treaty of peace is concerned. These are:

The peace delegation, led by Count Brockdorff-Rantzau, who was also Foreign Secretary.

President Ebert and his Cabinet, directed by the Majority Socialist leader, Scheidemann.

The National Assembly, consisting of 421 delegates, elected on Jan. 19 and convened at Weimar on Feb. 6.

The powerful political department known as "The German Propaganda Service," which is in the hands of the former leader of the old Catholic Centre and head of the armistice mission, Herr Erzberger, who is said to have taken over the archives of the political and military Intelligence Departments of the old régime, together with most of their well-trained personnel.

In the Cabinet, as reconstructed on Feb. 13, in anticipation of the reception of the treaty of peace, President Ebert distributed the portfolios as follows, with Dr. David, Herr Erzberger, and Herr Gothein holding Ministries without portfolios:

President of the State Ministry—SCHEIDEMANN.
Deputy President and Finance Minister—SCHIFFER, (later DR. DERNBURG.)
Minister for Foreign Affairs—BROCKDORFF-RANTZAU.
Interior—PREUSS.
Economics—WISSEL.
State Labor—BAUER.
Foodstuffs—ROBERT SCHMIDT.
Justice—LANDSBERG.
Defense—NOSKE.
Colonies—BELL.
Posts—GIESBERTS.
Demobilization—KOTH

The election of Jan. 19 had divided the national delegates into two groups: the Moderates, consisting of all the old parties, save the majority and Independent Socialists with 233 seats, and the Socialists with 188. Subsequent State elections, however, particularly in largely populated communities, showed that the voters for the National Assembly were less radical where local issues and politicians were concerned.

Meanwhile, the delegates presented the following lineup and will practically maintain it:

National People's Party (Conservative)...	34
Christian People's Party (Centre)........	88
German People's Party....................	23
German Democratic Party..................	77
Majority Socialists	164
Independent Socialists...................	24
Guelphs	4
Peasants and Workmen's League............	1
Bavarian Peasants' League................	4
Wurttemberg Bourgeois Party..............	2
	421

AUSTRIA PROTESTS AGAIN.

Says She Is Made the Heir of All the Former Empire's Responsibilities.

ST. GERMAIN, June 20, (Associated Press.)—The Austrian delegation has sent a fourth note to the Peace Conference, protesting against the German Austrian Republic "being made the heir of all the responsibilities of the Austro-Hungarian Empire, of which it was but the smallest, poorest, most peaceful, and most liberal of States." It points out that at the time war was declared in 1914 the Foreign Minister, his two principal collaborators and almost all of Austria's Ambassadors were Hungarians and maintains that the "responsibility for the war is common to all the States forming the empire that has vanished."

The note expresses confidence that the "spirit of justice of the conference will not let the whole burden be thrown upon German Austria."

The Austrian counterproposals to the terms of peace are being completed by the transmission of notes daily to the Council through the French Mission.

Baron Rudolf von Slatin Pasha, a former high official in the Egyptian Government, who resigned his post in Egypt when England declared war on Austria, and who accompanied the Austrian delegation to France as an expert, left Paris today for Vienna. He was accompanied by Herr Epstein, another member of the Austrian delegation.

CLEMENCEAU TO TELL FACTS.

Will Speak in Chamber Tuesday on France's Part in Framing Treaty.

PARIS, June 20.—Whether the Germans sign or not, Premier Clemenceau, the Echo de Paris says, will make known to the Chamber of Deputies Tuesday the part taken by France in framing the peace terms.

The paper says that in case of a negative reply from the Germans, the allied troops will occupy Frankfort on the first day of the advance and the Ruhr industrial region the second day.

Mark Falls on Swiss Exchange.

PARIS, June 20.—The German mark fell today on the Swiss Exchange from 36 francs 40 centimes to 33 francs 40 centimes a hundred. This is regarded as significant in financial circles in Paris.

WILSON ANSWERED HOPES OF BELGIANS

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

cultivated fields and in renewal of industries. He got it in the cheerfulness of the people and what they said to him.

His responses were in the same spirit. There was condemnation in his speeches for the vandalism of the Germans—at Louvain, he said, the Germans had taken themselves out of the brotherhood of scholarship—but there was no wasting words of pity on this nation, which asks for business co-operation, but for no pity now. He told the Belgian Parliament he purposed to recommend to Congress to elevate the American Legation in Belgium to an embassy, because that would more accurately measure America's esteem for this country's part in the war. So this second day was devoted by President Wilson among these people to sharing their hopes rather than discussing their woes.

Saw Dismantled Steel Plant.

The day began with a trip to the La Province Steel Works at Charleroi. Here his host was Baron Cartier, the Belgian Minister to the United States and chief owner of the steel plant, which is the largest industry of the kind in the country. There was no destruction here, but almost complete dismantlement by the Germans, who took the machinery away to their own country. Much has already been recovered, and the President saw today a long train loaded with restored parts. Much [illegible] is to be recovered, but already a beginning has been made toward resuming the industry.

It was on the road to Charleroi early this morning that the President passed the cross roads, the famous Quatre Bras, where Marshal Ney stationed his armies for the Battle of Waterloo. No doubt the King called his attention to it, but that was all.

Neither the Queen nor Mrs. Wilson accompanied their husbands on this factory journey.

This afternoon began with a reception at the American legation. Then came a historic session of Parliament, where speeches were made by President Wilson and M. Hymans, the Belgian delegate to the Peace Conference. The members of the Chamber were all in their seats when a file of soldiers marched in bearing the battle standards of Belgium, which they held aloft beside American flags over the tribune. Then the Queen and Mrs. Wilson entered and took their seats on a dias under a scarlet canopy at the left of the tribune. Finally the King and President came in and occupied the ministerial benches.

In his address of welcome M. Hymans paid a special tribute to Mrs. Wilson as one of the American women who had done so much for Belgium. Immediately the chamber was in an uproar of applause for the President's wife, with the ovation led by the Queen herself, who jumped up, turning her back on the King, the President, and Parliament as she faced the President's wife beside her in the genuineness of her own tribute. These two women, who had been cooped up in the same limousine for many hours of fast, dusty riding, evidently had become the best of friends.

In his speech, in the course of which he said that the American Legation in Belgium ought to be an embassy, President Wilson went at once to the heart of what have been the grievances of the Belgians. He said that he had come to see them at the first possible moment, and that he could not come before without neglecting his duties in Paris. He spoke of the country where he would find a King who had shown the world what personal sacrifice was, where he had met a Cardinal who had risked everything to do his duty to his people, and a Burgomaster who had never bowed to the enemy.

With the cheering that greeted these words there was an end of the Belgian grievances.

The President and King with their wives and staffs next made a long fast motor run to Malines, where they had tea with Cardinal Mercier in the roofless salon of his bombarded residence. Above them the chimes of the Malines Cathedral, famous for many centuries, were played by Jeanetyn, Belgium's great bell ringer. He played first "Hail Columbia" and then the songs with which the bells themselves were familiar before America was discovered.

From Malines the journey was to Louvain. Here in the roofless ancient library of the burned university, the King and President stood at a table in the centre of the ruins among priests, soldiers and children who ranged around them on the grass covered heaps of demolished masonry. It was among her ruins that Louvain conferred on the President a Doctorate of Laws.

In his response to Mgr. Ladeuse, Rector of the University, President Wilson glanced above where the roof had been and at the stark stone walls where once had been shelved one of the world's priceless collections of books. With an emotion that all his listeners shared he said:

"I think the nation that has done this has taken itself from the brotherhood of scholarship."

Everywhere, en route to Malines, Louvain, and back to the capital, the President received enthusiastic greetings from the population. Everywhere were school children massed to sing to him, and upon his return, late this afternoon, Brussels showed herself at the end of the Peace Conference capable of displaying as much emotion and gratitude toward the American President as had Paris, Rome, and London before the differences of the peacemakers began.

It was at the Hotel de Ville that Brussels paid its greatest tribute. After the formalities, conducted by Burgomaster Max, the President, the King, Mrs. Wilson, and the Queen went out on the balcony overlooking the beautiful Grande Place, which is today as it was in the time of the Spanish in the Netherlands.

Opposite was the King's house, and on each side of it and to the end of the square the famous guild houses built in those ancient days when the ambition of each guild was to build something more beautiful than its rival. It was the wonderful façades of these structures, with their gold leaf unmarred by time or German artillery, that made a frame for the picture upon which the President looked from the balcony.

The picture itself was the population of Belgium's capital singing its national songs led by a vast trained chorus of men accompanied by an army band in the place and echoing trumpets on the roofs of the guildhouses and the Hotel de Ville. They sang for him the "Star-Spangled Banner." They sang for him, for their King and for themselves the "Brabanconne," the national anthem of this people, who had so much more than ruins to show their friend from America.

Dinner was a gala affair in the King's palace, after which the President boarded a train for Paris.

President's First Day in Belgium.

June 20.—President Wilson broke bread today for the first time in the Kingdom of Belgium as the guest of King Albert on that long-delayed journey to Albert's country. The bread was broken under the trees in the Forest of Houtsulst, where the King, Queen, the President, Mrs. Wilson, and the members of their party had a picnic luncheon. Their only protection was a canvas stretched on four trees as a canopy above their heads to catch caterpillars, which will drop on a royal picnic as quickly as on that of a Sunday school.

But there was no other screen and no guards to prevent the peasants scattered among the trees from coming as close as they themselves thought respectful to watch the unusual spectacle of a King and an American President eating in the woods with their wives. So King Albert is as democratic today as was the ancient King Alfred who entered the peasant's cottage incognito and was scolded by her because he allowed the cakes to burn which he had offered to watch for her. The beauty of this simplicity in Houtsulst Forest was that there was nothing forced or affected about it. On the contrary, it was necessary. It was the only place to have luncheon in that particularly devastated part of Belgium, where no such thing as a château or hotel is left standing after the German bombardments.

It was at Adinkerke, a small village near the French frontier, that the President and Mrs. Wilson were first welcomed to Belgium by the King and Queen. When the special Presidential train from Paris arrived there at 9 o'clock this morning the royal party entered the private car where the greetings were delightfully informal.

"We don't have to be introduced," said the President, as he seized the King's hand, "for we've learned to know each other very well in Paris."

Journey Along Flanders Front.

An all-day automobile journey through the devastated regions began as soon as the train greetings were over. The King and the President rode by themselves in the first car, an open one, regardless of dust, wind, and sun. The Queen, Mrs. Wilson, and Miss Wilson in a closed limousine, drove next. Admiral Grayson and several others were in a third car, and then came a long string of Belgian and American army motors filled with guests brought from Paris. There were no speeches along the way, and very few stops.

The first stop was the one in the woods for luncheon. From there the party went to Ypres, where the King, the President, the Queen, and Mrs. Wilson left their cars and walked for a while about the unspeakable ruins of the Cloth Hall and cathedral. From there the run was to Menin along the fields in which had occurred the most bitter fighting in Flanders. King Albert was a good guide, for he knew from personal experience every inch of the ground covered, and pointed out this and that vital point to the President.

From Menin the ruin of war led straight to the coast at Ostend, where the President signed the Book of Gold at the Hotel de Ville. From Ostend they motored along the sea to Zeebrugge, where the President went out to the Mole to see where the British had blocked the port.

Zeebrugge was the end of the automobile ride. From that port they all took a special train for Brussels, arriving at 9 this evening and going direct to the Royal Palace.

REVENTLOW LEADS IN BERLIN PROTESTS

Chorus of Denunciation of the Treaty Continued in German Press.

ENRAGED BY CLEMENCEAU

Covering Letter Denounced — Vossische Zeitung Warns of Rashness at Critical Time.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 18, (via Copenhagen.)—All the newspapers reappeared this morning after the strike, bearing such headlines as "The Death Sentence" and "The Entente's Ultimatum" in their largest type, extending across their first pages.

One paper called it "the blackest day in the history of the world." Most journals repeated the obstinate "No," with which they had already answered the Entente's peace conditions.

The most energetic in opposition to signing the treaty were, of course, the reactionary organs. The parties they represent, however, never left any doubt of their unwillingness to share the responsibility for any action regarding peace.

Count zu Reventlow, in the Deutsche Tageszeitung, excelled in vituperative language against the Versailles Council, calling the letter accompanying the treaty "a document of shameless lies," and calling up the German people never to forget this "most infamous example of refined lying and robbing." He thought that the Government must and would refuse to sign, since the present conditions, he insisted, were just as unacceptable and as incapable of execution as the original ones.

"The enemy is threatening warlike measures, which he will surely put into action," the Count wrote. "This we must bear in mind, and drop any illusions regarding differences among the Entente Powers. All we must remember is that to sign these conditions could by no means improve our situation, but would only make it worse, and murder Germany's honor altogether.

"It seems that the Entente is reckoning with some Independent Socialist Government which will sign, and French agents are said to be already in communication with the Independent leaders."

Distrust of Independents.

The Kreuz-Zeitung and the Tägliche Rundschau expressed much the same views, but the latter did not believe that the Entente would trust any Independent Socialist Cabinet, firstly, because the Rundschau declared, such a Cabinet would be incapable of fulfilling the peace conditions, and, secondly, because the Allies fear that their own laboring classes might be contaminated by the spirit of Bolshevism.

"A German National Government [meaning one of the Reactionary Party] would never accept the Entente's commission as a tax collector and extortioner," said the paper, "and Versailles knows that that is why they hope that the Cabinet formed by Erzberger, composed mainly of Centrists and some members of the other parties, might be more amenable. The Entente papers even report that Erzberger, through the English Minister at The Hague, has already signified his willingness."

The Tägliche Rundschau, however, doubted Erzberger's ability to form a Cabinet, and several Centrist papers, which quoted a dispatch to The New York Times from Paris as the origin of this rumor, flatly denied that Erzberger had any such intention. Indeed, all practical politicians have denied the feasability of an Erzberger Cabinet, holding that four-fifths of the German people, and even two-thirds of the Centrist Party, would oppose it.

Vorwärts this morning confessed that there were some members of the National Assembly, among the Socialists, who pleaded for signing.

"If the other notes contain no more concessions than are indicated by the accompanying letter, Vorwärts said, "the Scheidemann Government and the Brockdorff delegation will not sign. If, however, contrary to all expectations, the majority of the National Convention should be found willing to accept, then a new Government must be formed, which will appoint a new delegation for the conclusion of peace."

Editor Stampfer of Vorwarts believed that the convention would reject the terms by an overwhelming majority, in which case, to make sure of public opinion, a plebiscite might be arranged. Such exhaustion of all possible means to arrive at the German people's true will, he said, would place Germany in an advantageous position when the Entente resumed its warlike measures.

The Lokal-Anzeiger said:

"Premier Scheidemann said with regard to the original conditions that the hand should wither that dared sign then. May that also be the fate of the hand that signs the present Versailles conditions."

Theodor Wolff in the Tageblatt commented:

"Anybody having the future in mind can answer the question whether this present treaty should be signed only by repeating 'No.' But it depends on those who today wield power whether such an answer will have the hoped-for effect."

The Vossische Zeitung favored acceptance of the treaty, but the Democratic Party, whose interests it aimed to serve, proclaimed officially yesterday that the Vossische Zeitung could be no longer regarded as the party organ, and it was urged that it should not be admitted in any Democratic meetings.

The paper called the new conditions "unspeakably brutal," adding:

"But despite all that it is hardly possible that any Government conscious of its responsibility will accept the awful consequences of rejection. If we accept, our burden will be intolerable, we admit; and it is impossible, if measured by means of antiquated statesmanship and economy. But even the hardest peace creates the possibility of reconstruction and saves the country from falling to pieces, while rejection would mean a terrible end of everything."

PICK 1ST DIVISION TO LEAD OUR ADVANCE

Our Forces Will Move Tuesday Morning Under the Orders, Unless Germany Signs.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COBLENZ, June 19.—The American Army of Occupation has received orders to make ready Monday for an advance into Germany, beginning early Tuesday morning.

This means that, barring a change in the plans, the soldiers of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Divisions will move from their barracks and billets on Monday and be placed in positions from which they will begin their movement eastward at daybreak on Tuesday should the Germans fail to sign the Peace Treaty.

To the 1st Division will go the honor of heading the march, if it takes place, [deleted by censor] with the 4th and 5th Divisions caring for the territory between the Rhine and the Luxemburg border as well as guarding the lines of communication.

There were scenes of activity today in the American sector, where the soldiers were cleaning their weapons. One heard from the hills but the "put put" of the machine guns being tested, and the rifle ranges were crowded with practice squads. Seventy-fives and 155's were being polished up and ammunition inspected.

A division of French cavalry is being moved through our sector to be placed at the disposal of the American army, which has no cavalry.

All is being made ready in the full sight of the Germans, who are manifesting the deepest interest, and are less vigorous in their loud assertions that Germany will not accept the treaty. The business-like movements of the Americans are bringing to the Germans a realization that the war may not be all over.

Permission has been granted for the Corpus Christi celebration today, and the German newspapers announce the plans for this afternoon. But the Americans have issued orders that anything outside of a religious program will end the whole celebration.

Reports received by the Army Headquarters say the Germans are removing all military material 150 miles away from the Rhine.

RENEWED ACTIVITY AT KAISER'S CASTLE

Von Berg, Former Adviser, Joins Visitors—Many Motor Cars Come and Go.

AMERONGEN, June 19, (Associated Press.)—There was a further addition to William Hohenzollern's list of visitors last night, when Friederich von Berg, formerly chief of his Civil Cabinet, dined at the Von Bentinck castle. Today there was seen a continual running of motor cars from and to the castle.

This morning the former Emperor was engaged in his usual task of sawing trees, of which he yesterday completed his five thousandth. This last tree has been cut into one-inch discs, many of which have been distributed among Hohenzollern's attendants and advisers. The tree was six inches in diameter and each disc was marked in the former ruler's own hand with his initial and the date.

After the sawing was finished, just before luncheon today, the former Emperor, von Berg, General von Gontard, Dr. Kriege of the German Foreign Office, and Colonel von Esebeck were observed in animated conversation in the grounds of the castle, but nothing could be gleaned as to the subject of conversation.

Outside the grounds Dutch gendarmes patrolled in stronger force than usually, possibly owing to the recent visits of parties of American soldiers and sailors from Rotterdam, whose arrival seems to have created some nervousness.

WILSON PROMISED HELP TO BELGIUM

Said He Hoped Americans and Belgians Would Be Generous Rivals in Trade.

PEOPLES ARE DEMOCRATIC

He Praises King Albert at Dinner Given in President's Honor.

BRUSSELS, June 19.—At the dinner given tonight in honor of President and Mrs. Wilson by the King and Queen of Belgium, with Cardinal Mercier and other distinguished guests present, the President, addressing King Albert, spoke as follows:

"Let me express, Sir, the very deep appreciation with which I have heard your remarks. You truly say that I have come to Belgium to express my own deep personal interest and sympathy—sympathy with her sufferings and interest in her prosperity; but I would have no personal consequence if it were not my privilege for the time being to represent the people of the United States. What gives me confidence in expressing this sympathy and this interest is that I know in expressing those sentiments that I am expressing the feelings of the people of the United States.

"There has never been in the United States a more general and universal comprehension of sympathy with the affairs of another nation than that which the people of the United States have had for the affairs and the people of Belgium.

"I have had the very great advantage of seeing the little that I have had time to see of the experiences of Belgium under your guidance, and I know how true it is, Sir, that you speak for your people. One of the delightful experiences of these last days has been to hear the acclaim from the heart which everywhere greeted Le Roi. Their first cry was for their King, their second thought was the welcome of the stranger, and I was glad in my heart that it should be so, because I know that I was with a real statesman, and a real ruler. No man has any power, Sir, except that which is given him by the things and people he represents.

"I have felt many points of sympathy between the people whom I have the pleasure of representing and the people whom you represent. They are a very democratic people, and it has been very delightful to find, Sir, that you are a true democrat. All real masters of the sentiments of the people are parts of the people, and one of the things that give confidence in the future of Belgium is the consciousness that one has of the self-reliance, and indomitable spirit of her people. They need to have a friendly hand extended to them, but they do not need to have anybody take care of them.

"A people that is taken care of by its Government is a people that its Government will always have to take care of, but the people of Belgium, if I have caught any glimpse of their spirit and their character, do not need to have anybody take care of them. They need, because of the catastrophies of this war, temporary assistance to get the means to take care of themselves, but the moment they have these means, then the rest of us will have to take care to see that they do not do the work they are addicted to better than we do.

"The minute we cease to offer this assistance they will become our generous and dangerous rivals, and for my part I believe I can say truthfully that the people of the United States want the people of Belgium to recover their power, to be rivals, to be rivals in those fields in which they have for so long a time proved themselves masters.

"It is, therefore, with a peculiar feeling of being among a people that I understand that I have found myself under your guidance, Sir, touching shoulders with the people of Belgium today. When I went to the great destroyed plant of Charleroi, though most of the chimneys were smokeless, the whole region seemed like so many regions I am familiar with in my own country, and if the air had only been full of smoke I should have felt entirely at home. The air was too clear to be natural in such a region, and yet I had the feeling that smoke was going to come in its old abundance from those chimneys, and the world of industry was once more going to feel the pulse of Belgium, that vital pulse which no discouragement can restrain.

"So it is with a heart full of genuine sympathy, of comradeship, and of friendship that I beg to drink to your health, Sir, and the Queen's, and to the long and abounding prosperity of the kingdom over which you preside."

At the reception in his honor at the Hotel de Ville by Burgomaster Max and the city officials, President Wilson spoke as follows:

"Mr. Burgomaster: I feel highly honored to be received with such words from you, Sir, speaking as the representative of this ancient municipality, with so many distinguished events associated with its sturdy independence and self-government, and I feel the more honored, Sir, because the whole world recognizes in you a worthy representative of this great municipality.

"I think the reflection which comes uppermost in one's mind in thinking about this war is that no nation is conquered that is not conquered in its spirit; that an unconquerable spirit is the last word in politics and that the unconquerable spirit lives particularly in those nations which are self-governed. The one thing that is indestructible in our time is the spirit of self-governed people."

"I know something, sir, of the history, the independence, the self-confidence of the municipalities of Belgium. I know there has persisted into modern times something of that solidarity of the commune, something of that individuality of the municipality which was characteristic of the Middle Ages, and which brought the spirit of self-government through that dark period when nations had ceased to govern themselves but when localities continued to assert their right to self-government.

"So that I feel welcomed today by those whom I would fain believe to be my friends and the friends of the American people, as the American people are certainly your friends. They are your friends in a very deep and true sense. They understand what Belgian liberty signifies. They understand what Belgium's suffering signifies, and it is, I believe, one of their deepest ambitions to satisfy the duty of friendship as toward the Belgian people. They have tried to do so in the past.

"It has been one of my pleasures on this trip to be accompanied by my fellow countryman, Mr. Herbert Hoover, who I know has had Belgium written on his heart throughout this war, and whose pleasure has been touching to see as, in going about the country, we have seen healthy children and robust men and women whom he could properly believe were served by the food which came from America. I believe that I have the privilege of speaking his thoughts (one of the peculiarities of Mr. Hoover is that he is too modest to speak for himself), and therefore I am proud to share with him some of your welcome.

"I am accompanied by other colleagues with whom I have been in counsel throughout the war and whose thoughts I can tell you have been constantly upon the methods by which Belgium could be helped, whose thought is now upon that subject, whose hope is that some method will be worked out, as I had the privilege of saying to your Parliament today, by which systematic help can be rendered to Belgium.

"So, I feel peculiarly honored in this ancient building of this ancient city to be received at your hands, sir, and I bring you the warm greeting of the people of America. I am sure I express their wish when I say, 'Long live the prosperity of Brussels and of Belgium, and of her King and Queen.'"

WOULD END ECONOMIC BOARD.

American Experts Want to Go Home—British Favor Reorganizing.

PARIS, June 20, (Associated Press.)—President Wilson met the American members of the Supreme Economic Commission today to consider whether that body should be discontinued.

It is understood that Herbert Hoover, Director General of the Interallied Relief Organization; Vance McCormick, Chairman of the American War Trade Board, and Bernard M. Baruch, Vice President of the Sub-Committee of the Peace Conference, to study measures of control and guarantees, are in favor of a discontinuance of the commission and the return home of the American members, whereas the British favor its continuance with broader duties, including shipping and other branches formerly conducted by a separate committee in London.

The Economic Commission was created for the period of the armistice, which will expire with the signing of the Peace Treaty.

FOCH ORDERS GERMANS TO EVACUATE RUSSIA

Also Instructs Armistice Commission to Stop Advance Towards Esthonia.

BERLIN, June 20, (Associated Press.)—General Nudant, representative of Marshal Foch at Spa, in a note addressed to the German Armistice Commission on behalf of the Allied and Associated Powers, requested the German Government today to take the most speedy measures, first, to prevent any advance of German troops northward in the direction of Esthonia, and, second, to bring about the immediate evacuation of Windau and Libau, and the speediest possible evacuation of all territories which before the war were part of the Russian Empire.

The note makes the request in accordance with stipulations in Article VIII. of the Armistice Convention.

PERSHING'S LONDON VISIT.

Will Go Next Tuesday if Germany Signs Treaty.

LONDON, June 20.—General Pershing, the American commander in chief, will come to London Tuesday for an unofficial visit, contingent upon the Germans signing the peace terms.

While he is in England he will go to Oxford to receive the degree of Doctor of Civil Law.

BIG TREATY CHANGES RELATE TO POLAND

Poles Must Sell Silesian Coal to Germans for Fifteen Years.

PART OF POMERANIA POLISH

Exchanged for Baltic Coast Strip Returned to Germany—Danzig and the Five Powers.

PARIS, June 19, (Associated Press.)—The alterations and amendments incorporated by the Council of Four in the revised treaty make it a somewhat longer document than the draft originally submitted to the Germans and published in the United States. It now comprises 214 pages, five more than the original, and even this was only effected by close paging. At various points the Drafting Committee sought to adhere as far as possible to the original numbering of the articles and contrived to make up for insertions or omissions by combining or splitting articles.

As at first arranged, the new instrument still contains the original 14 Parts and 440 Articles.

The article assuring Silesian coal and minerals to German industry now reads:

"Poland undertakes to permit for a period of fifteen years the exportation to Germany of the products of mines in any part of Upper Silesia transferred to Poland, in accordance with the present treaty, without export duties or restrictions, and to permit the Germans to purchase these products on the same terms as the Poles."

In the revised draft "the principal allied and associated powers" undertake to establish Danzig as a free city. This language, in which the responsibility of the five great powers for the creation of the new city and State is definitely assumed, is substituted for the original phraseology, declaring merely that "Danzig is established as a free city."

The new article which replaces the original provision for the disarmament of Germany, No. 165, providing for reduction to a specified point within two months, now reads in the English version:

"Up to the time at which Germany is admitted as a member of the League of Nations, the German Army shall not possess armament greater than that fixed in the table submitted in this treaty," and continues: "Germany agrees that after she has become a member of the League, the armaments fixed by the table shall remain in force until modified by the Council of the League. Furthermore, she hereby agrees strictly to observe the decisions of the Council in this respect."

The bulkiest, as well as the most important, changes revealed by a comparison of the old and new drafts are those relative to the new Polish frontiers and the Silesian plebiscite. The frontier changes correspond generally with those outlined in recent dispatches, but bring the Polish frontier nearer to Breslau, on the east, than was at first contemplated, and give Poland a new section of the Prussian province of Pomerania in exchange for the coast strip of the same province returned to Germany, although the Council of Four planned for a time to make all Pomerania German on historical grounds.

Some of the changes in the treaty can be indicated only by reference to maps of the largest scale. The provisions for a plebiscite in the Silesian regions show that the vote will be taken in virtually all of Upper Silesia except small areas in the southwestern and northern corners, which were awarded unconditionally to Czechoslovakia and Poland, respectively. The plebiscite must be held between the sixth and eighteenth months after the signature of the Peace Treaty. The same conditions as regards the retirement of German armies and officials and the disbandment of workmen's soviets which were included in the Schleswig-Holstein and East Prussian plebiscite provisions are found in that affecting Silesia.

A significant article of the treaty prohibits political prosecutions by either the Polish or German Governments for any activities during the plebiscite in Silesia.

PARIS EXPECTED SHAKEUP

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

haps bring a favorable change in the German Government.

The greatest difficulty is to realise how Noske, the chief exponent of force toward the Independent Socialists and the Spartacides, can work with the Independent Socialists, who are now the strongest advocates of signing the treaty. It is possible, however, that Hugo Haase, leader of the Independent Socialists and his party, will place the necessity of peace for Germany above their hatred and distrust of the Minister of National Defense.

The possibility must, however, be borne in mind that Noske may have been called to head the Government as the strongest man in a moment of national crisis, not necessarily to sign unpopular conditions of peace, but to constitute an administration capable of riding out the coming storm.

Early advices had indicated that four members of the Scheidemann Cabinet were insisting upon the signing of the treaty, and it is presumed here that this caused the fall of the Ministry.

Ebert Is Expected to Go, Too.

It is understood here that the fall of the Scheidemann Government involves that of President Ebert as well. The National Assembly will probably take measures to select the latter's successor.

French official information on the German situation is to the same general effect as that received by the American delegation. The French advices carry the impression that the National Assembly is favorable to the signing of the treaty.

A Havas dispatch from Basle today says that the Cabinet which has resigned persisted in looking upon the Peace Treaty as "impossible of execution and insupportable."

SAYS ITALY AGREES TO DALMATIA TERMS

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

ger of the Deputies, several shouting across the Chamber at the Government bench from which the Premier was speaking. There was a great tumult and cries of "The Allies have never been faithful to us. Why should we be faithful to them?"

Signor Orlando's utterance so stirred the Deputies that the rest of his speech received little attention. The intransigeant Socialists, led by Deputy Modegliani, were especially violent, while the discontent of others was voiced by Francesco Nitti, former Minister of the Treasury.

A majority of the Deputies clamored for discussion of the Government's foreign policy, and Premier Orlando proposed a secret session for this purpose. From many benches Deputies cried out: "No, no!" The excitement became intense.

Signor Nitti endeavored to bring about a compromise by proposing that the discussion begin in public, wth the understanding that the public sitting be transformed into a secret one, if such a step was thought necessary by the Premier and the Chamber approved it. Premier Orlando, however, insisted on a secret session. He pointed out that no Parliament of any of the victorious nations had yet discussed its international policy publicly, and he asked for a vote on his proposition, saying that it was not only a question of confidence, but also of dignity.

Among the members who voted against the Cabinet were ex-Premier Giolitti and ex-Ministers Nitti and Bissolati.

In the corridor of the Chamber after the vote, ex-Minister Gallenga thus expressed his view of the result:

"The Deputies and the people are tired of the situation. The delay and the uncertainty are affecting Italian prestige. Therefore has arisen the necessity for having new men in power better adapted to organization for facing the grave problems with which Italy is confronted."

Other views expressed by the Senators and Deputies were that the fall of the Cabinet was the result of several months of discontent with the Government's foreign policy, exemplified in the peace negotiations in Paris, culminating with President Wilson's refusal to accede to the Italian demands, and likewise threatening the internal situation. The home situation was attributed to many factors, including what was called "the lack of government," as both the leading figures in the Government, Premier Orlando and Baron Sonnino, the Foreign Minister, had been in Paris nearly the entire period since December.

On several occasions, it was pointed out by members, the Parliament had granted votes of confidence, notably the one following the triumphant entry into Rome of the Premier and Foreign Minister in last April, when they abandoned the Peace Conference to seek the indorsement of the legislative body. The former votes of confidence, it was declared, were meant to strengthen the hands of Italy's representatives in Paris in a deadlock of the most critical sort, but did not mean the approval of its home or foreign policies.

After Premier Orlando had announced his resignation Deputy Turati proposed that the Chamber proceed to discuss the electoral reform bill, which aims to substitute the system of electing one representative from each electoral district for that by which Deputies are elected at large from the provinces. The proposal was adopted.

The Chamber also approved the proposal, made by Deputy Rosadi, for a discussion of the vote of credit on Saturday, after which the sitting will be declared ended, Premier Orlando and his Ministers remaining at their posts for ordinary administrative purposes.

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SAYS OPINION HERE TURNS TO LEAGUE

Gen. Maurice Expects a Greater Impetus When the President Returns.

POINTS NEED CLEARING

Cecil's Explanation of Article X. Should Have Come Before, Says Writer.

BY MAJOR GEN. SIR FREDERICK MAURICE.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 20.—I have been at some pains in my previous articles to explain what appears to me to be the drift of public opinion in the United States in regard to the League of Nations and to dispel the illusion which prevails very generally in England that the Democratic Party as a whole is in favor of the League, and the Republican Party as a whole is opposed to it.

It is unquestionably the case that the Democratic Party has continued to lose ground since the last elections went against them, and even stalwart Democrats expect that the next President will be a Republican. These are not matters with which the British are concerned, except in so far as they affect the chances of acceptance by the United States of the treaty and the covenant, and, so far as I have been able to observe, such change in political feeling as has been taking place has been due mainly to causes quite unconnected with either.

In the time that elapsed between the entry of the United States into war and the signature of the armistice, the Administration was able to bring to fruition comparatively few of the vast schemes which it had inaugurated. It is now known that hardly an American-made gun or an American-built airplane was actually used in France before the fighting ceased, and that many of the Federal shipping yards had not become fully productive.

There has been a great deal of criticism of the absence of support in the air for the American troops who fought their way from Verdun to Sedan in the battle of the Meuse and of the Argonne, and much talk of defects in the administration services behind the army during that battle. There is a widespread feeling among the American people that they poured out money like water in order that their boys in France might have the best of everything, and that the boys did not get it.

The American public is naturally intensely proud of the achievements of its troops in France, but the feeling is that the troops won their way through the German trenches by their grit, valor, and enterprise, and without much help from the Government.

The Wilson Administration has not, therefore, gained sufficient kudos from the victory to counteract the criticisms which every Government accumulates against itself, particularly in times of crisis.

The Government control of industries has not been highly successful, and is very unpopular. Railways, the postal service, and the telephone all suffered as the result of the war, and, rightly or wrongly, the Administration is blamed.

There are much the same complaints of profiteering and of departmental extravagance as there are with the British, while the anti-German feeling being now very high, the number of those who disagree with Mr. Wilson's policy of delay in entering the war has increased.

Probably if the delegates of the allied and associated powers had been able to complete peace quickly, the great position which Mr. Wilson established for himself when he first came to Europe would have reacted in America and rallied support to him, but America, like the rest of the world, is impatient of the delays in Paris and is worried just as the British are, though I believe with less reason, by the unrest which is the aftermath of war. Therefore, the Peace Treaty has done no more than the victory to increase the President's influence.

We naturally regard Mr. Wilson as the protagonist of the League of Nations and his "Fourteen Points" as the first attempt by practical statesmen to put the ideals which the League embodies into practical form. Consequently it is natural to asume that the opposition to Mr. Wilson means opposition to the League. I hope that what I have already said has made it clear that this assumption is not warranted.

If the approach of the Presidential election has introduced politics into the discussion of the League covenant, the general tendency during the last three months has been, I believe, in a contrary direction. Support for a League of Nations which will not endanger essential American interests has been widening rather than narrowing, and the result of this has been to make the question of the covenant less a party and more an American question.

I had many opportunities of discussing the covenant with Senators of both parties, and I found that there was much more agreement among them than would appear from the cabled reports of proceedings in the Senate which are coming here. Some Democrats were as strongly opposed to the first draft of the covenant as being incompatible with the Constitution of the United States as were leading Republicans. All recognized that acceptance of a covenant implied almost invariably some concession on the part of those who agreed to it, and that it was unreasonable to expect that a treaty to which thirty States were prepared to agree could accord completely with the hopes and wishes of every one of the signatories.

There was no reluctance except among a comparatively small party of out-and-out opponents of the League to make real concessions of traditional American policy for the good of the world, and, while the Senate is jealous of its rights and responsibilities in regard to treaties, there is no wish to delay by independent action the settlement of European affairs or to upset arrangements come to with other powers after the protracted negotiations.

There is, however, an almost unanimous wish to define exactly the extent of America's commitments and to let the world know beyond any possibility of misunderstanding how far America is prepared to go.

There has been far less criticism of the actual treaty with Germany in the United States than there has been in Great Britain. As I said, the intellectuals of the Democratic Party are disappointed with it, but on the whole it has been accepted as satisfactory. With reservations in certain quarters as regards the Sarre Valley and Silesia, the territorial classes are regarded as compatible with the principles of the Fourteen Points, and are considered as satisfactory a solution of an extraordinarily complex problem as could reasonably be expected.

With the financial clauses America does not feel she is greatly concerned. She is anxious that Germany should be punished for her crimes and that France and Belgium should be compensated for their sufferings. She desired no monetary reward for her own services, and therefore was prepared to leave the question of restitution to those who are concerned with it. I have never heard it suggested in any quarter that the Senate would either reject or amend the treaty with Germany as apart from the covenant.

Since the insertion of the Monroe Doctrine clause in the covenant the outstanding difficulty in America as regards the League of Nations is Article X., which provides that members of the League shall undertake to respect and preserve as against external aggression the territorial integrity and existing political independence of all the members of the League.

There is no doubt that this article causes a great number of Americans very deep anxiety. America, as she has shown in the war, is prepared to intervene in Europe for a great cause, but she is no more ready today than she ever has been to intervene in what she regards as the petty squabbles of European powers.

I was continually asked this question: "Does Article X. mean that we shall have to send our boys to settle troubles in the Balkans or any other of the world's sore spots with which we have no concern? If it does, you may take it as quite certain that we won't."

Lord Robert Cecil's recent explanation of Article X., therefore, comes at a most opportune moment. He said at Albert Hall Friday that this article did not mean that the actual existing settlement and the actually existing boundaries of each country are to be unalterable, but that the intention of the drafters of the covenant was that when any change became necessary, it should not be by violence or war, but by discussion and debate.

This is exactly the interpretation which one of the leading Senators of the United States put to me as desirable from the American point of view, and I believe that such interpretation will go far to remove the remaining doubts and anxieties in regard to the League which many Americans still entertain.

It is unfortunate that this explanation could not have been made earlier, and the criticisms which this article aroused show the difficulties under which the Allies, and particularly America, who is furthest removed from the seat of action, are laboring in having all those who can speak with authority fully occupied in Paris and removed from direct touch with public opinion. In these circumstances it is easy, with the best intentions, to create imaginary difficulties.

This incident also shows what may be expected when President Wilson is free, as he will soon be, to return to the United States and explain fully exactly what has been in the minds of those who prepared the Constitution of the League.

For the reasons which I have given my experience in America has led me to the conclusion that the force of public opinion in the United States has been moving steadily in favor of the League, and not, as had been generally supposed here, against it.

I also believe that the Senate is perfectly aware of this, and that the desire of the great majority of the Senators is not to kill the League, but to remove any possible causes of misunderstanding in regard to America's attitude toward the League. The opinion of most of those best qualified to judge whom I was able to consult was that the Senate would accept both the covenant and the treaty as signed at Paris, but would add to the covenant a number of riders defining in clear terms what America understands by certain articles, as to the exact meaning of which there is at present doubt.

Before this end is reached, there may be many preliminary skirmishes, such as have lately taken place from various political motives, but I see no reason to doubt that America will enter the League which she has done so much to found.

ADVISES PROTECTION FOR BALTIC STATES

Send Food, Bar Reds, and Expel Germans, American Mission Chief Tells Allies.

PARIS, June 19, (Associated Press.)—Colonel Warwick Green, chief of the American military mission to the Baltic States, who left Riga on June 13 and Libau on June 15 on his return to Paris, told the Baltic Commission today that the Allies should immediately extend food relief to the Baltic States, send officers to insure the enforcement of the allied ultimatum that German armies there be withdrawn and prevent the Bolsheviki from again overrunning the States after the Germans have left.

Colonel Green says there are probably 60,000 regularly organized German soldiers in Letvia and Lithuania, under the command of General von der Goltz. In addition, there are several thousand Germans and German Russians under Major Fletcher, military dictator of Riga, who are apparently not under orders from General von der Goltz. He declares that the present Lettish and Lithuanian Governments are "mere creations of Germany and dependent on her for money and organizers."

He reports that the reign of terror which the Bolsheviki instituted before withdrawing from Letvia was far worse than that begun by the Letts and Germans in retaliation. The Bolsheviki, he states, killed 1,700 men and women of all ages, many of whom the American mission saw lying in the streets when it visited Riga the first time, on May 23. Major Fletcher, who imprisoned 4,000 alleged agitators and executed 200, said that it would be probably necessary to shoot 400 more.

Colonel Green says that many of these prisoners are undoubtedly murderers, who would be executed by any Government, but fair trials were not given them, nor were they furnished with decent quarters until after the intervention of the allied missions.

Conditions in Riga were found to be improved when the Americans returned on June 13. They inspected the jails, which were found to be clean, and women prisoners had been segregated under the care of a matron. Trials were being conducted by mixed courts of Letts, Russians, and Germans.

The allied officers fear a recurrence of Bolshevist attacks as the result of their successes against the Kolchak forces, which will release troops that will be rushed to the Volga district.

The Provisional Government of Lithuania has decided to convoke a Constituent Assembly, according to advices received here. The Government has perfected its administrative organization.

TORPEDOES RED CRUISER.

British Submarine Sinks the Oleg in the Baltic Sea.

LONDON, June 20.—The Russian cruiser Oleg was sunk on Wednesday by a British submarine, it is announced in a Russian wireless dispatch received today.

The Oleg was a vessel of 6,770 tons.

The sinking occurred near the Tolbuchan lighthouse.

Tolbuchan, or Tolboukin, light is on an islet of that name at the westerly extremity of the shoal extending westward from Kotlin Island, on which the Russian fortress of Kronstadt is situated.

The cruiser Oleg was a sister ship of the Bogatyr, the latter having been built in 1901 and the Oleg in 1903. She was 433 feet in length on the waterline and 25 feet in draught. Her armament consisted of twelve 6-inch guns in the main battery, eight 11-pounders, and eight 3-pounders, with two torpedo tubes. She was protected by three-inch armor on deck, turrets and casements. Her speed was twenty-three knots and she carried a complement of 565 men.

The Oleg took part in the battle of the Sea of Japan in the Russo-Japanese war, on May 27-28, 1905. Admiral Rojestvensky transferred his flag during that engagement from the Kniaz Souvaroff to the Oleg. The Admiral was later found severely wounded on board a Russian destroyer. The Oleg, together with Rear Admiral Enquist's flagship, the Aurora, and the light cruiser Jemtchug, which in 1914 was torpedoed by the German cruiser Emden at Penang, later reached Manila. The Oleg had thirteen of her crew killed and eighteen wounded during the battle.

LABOR CONVENTION INDORSES LEAGUE

A. F. of L. Backs Covenant Provided It Does Not Bar Irish Self-Determination.

GETS CABLE FROM WILSON

Favors Repeal of Espionage Law, but Does Not Recommend General Pardons.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, June 20.—The support of organized labor in the United States as represented by the American Federation of Labor was pledged today to the proposed covenant of the League of Nations and the international labor charter. It was provided that nothing in the indorsement should be construed as to deny the right of self-determination to the people of Ireland.

Toward the close of the convention's debate, which lasted four hours, Samuel Gompers, President of the federation and Chairman of the International Labor Commission, produced cablegrams received by him today from President Wilson and the American Peace Mission in Paris. The messages raised a stir in the audience. There was an enthusiastic demonstration in favor of the League when Mr. Gompers closed the debate and the question was placed before the delegates. The vote stood 29,750 for and 420 against.

Andrew Furuseth, President of the International Seamen's Union, locked horns with Mr. Gompers, opposing the labor charter on the ground that it would write into the law of nations the declaration that labor was a commodity and that it did not contain the principal objects for which the American delegation had fought.

Earlier in the day the convention adopted a committee report which demanded that immediately when peace is signed all laws infringing on the rights of free speech, free assemblage, and free press be repealed. It was stated that no recommendations would be presented for a general pardon of all persons sentenced under the Espionage act or "in connection with industrial crimes." The reports said that there were instances where pardons were warranted and many cases where sentences imposed were fully justified.

Last Monday when it appeared that there would be objection to approval of the League of Nations and the labor charter recommendations, Mr. Gompers sent the following communication to acting Secretary of State Frank L. Polk:

Because of its importance and urgency, will you please transmit the following message to the President:

Upon my advice, Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor has recommended to the convention of the American Federation of Labor now in session the indorsement of the League of Nations, including the labor provisions.

Reports published indicate that the labor provisions have been so changed and weakened as to practically nullify effectiveness.

I cannot ask the convention or the rank and file of labor to indorse propositions which have been or may be made valueless.

The convention must necessarily take up consideration of the matter on or before Friday, June 20, 1919, and I urgently request full and definite information upon this subject, together with copy of provisions affecting labor as now framed.

SAMUEL GOMPERS.

President Wilson sent the following reply:

Your message came while I was in Belgium and reached me too late to make a full reply, but, as I indicated in an earlier message, while the labor provisions are somewhat weakened, it is the opinion of friends of labor, and my own opinion, that they are not materially weakened, and that they will constitute a most serviceable magna charta. Will cable labor provisions, but fear I will be too late for the convention.

WOODROW WILSON.

Here is the message of the American Peace Mission as received by Mr. Gompers through the State Department:

Department of State, Washington.

Your telegram from Gompers has been forwarded to the President at Brussels. Meanwhile the following is the only substantial change which has been made in the draft conformed by the International Labor Commission: Omit from Protocol 2, Article 7, the sentence which reads: "No high contracting party, together with its dominions and colonies, whether self-governing or not, shall be entitled to nominate more than one member." Refer also to commission telegrams of April 27 and of April 28 concerning the adoption of the articles which were submitted by Sir Robert Borden.

Since changes of which you have already been fully informed no changes whatever has been introduced into the labor clauses, Part XIII. of the treaty. The only recommendation introduced by the Labor Commission in the final version of the treaty not found in the draft treaty was a provision for the more effective protection of beneficiaries of social insurance in ceded territory, (Article 312,) as follows: "In case these special conventions are not concluded in accordance with the above article within three months after the signature of the present treaty, conditions of transfer shall in each case be referred to a commission of five members, one of whom shall be appointed by the German Government, one by the other interested Governments, and three by the governing body of the International Labor Office, from the nationals of other States. This commission shall by majority vote, within three months after appointment, adopt recommendations for submission to the League of Nations and the decision of the council shall forthwith be accepted as final by Germany and the other Governments concerned."

(Signed) AMERICAN MISSION.

In opening his attack on the recommendation of the Committee on International Labor Legislation, Mr. Furuseth said he felt it his duty no matter what the consequences might be to make his protest. He spoke of his gratitude to and admiration for President Wilson, but he was unable to follow blindly in the acceptance of a "diluted" labor charter that under pressure the President no doubt felt himself obliged to accept.

Under Section 20 of the League and Section 23 as amended, he declared: "The League takes jurisdiction over the daily lives of the working people throughout the world." He said the provision that the League would attempt to make the conditions of labor "humane and just" meant whatever was reasonable and just to the League, and that the workmen of the world will have to accept it as "humane and just."

Turning to the so-called "Borden Amendment," the speaker pointed out that in Section 2 of the Labor Charter it is stated "labor should not be regarded merely as a commodity or article of commerce." This change was made after the American delegates left, he added. The original article as adopted during the presence of the American delegates said that "Labor was not a commodity," the addition of "merely," continued Mr. Furuseth, changed an absolute negative to a positive.

The American labor delegation brought to Paris the proposal of the right of free association, free assembly, and free press, he declared, but these can not be found in labor's bill of rights. Taking up the question of representation, he said, that provision was made for four members from each nation on the labor conference, two being Government delegates, one representing the employers and one the employes. This, he maintained, was three to one against labor. The British Empire would have twenty-four members, he added, for there would be four for Britain and four each for the self governing dominions.

In replying to Mr. Furuseth, Mr. Gompers said that he had never been in such an awkward and uncomfortable position as he was nine-tenths of the time when presiding over the Commission of International Labor Legislation. He said he had been elected unanimously, but soon found himself in the minority on every proposition he submitted. Mr. Gompers declared emphatically that in his propositions he was opposed as much by the radicals and Socialists as he was by the representatives of capitalism. In his effort to decrease the voting power of Governments, the argument and vote of the radicals, Socialists, and the capitalists defeated him, he added.

As the labor convention was drawn up at first, said Mr. Gompers, it met with the disapproval of Mr. Furuseth, who agreed that it would be satisfactory to him if a compromise proposal were made. He said he wrote the preamble after which Furuseth declared, "Now we are safe. I congratulate you, Sam." He was surprised to learn later that Mr. Furuseth had sent a letter to the President protesting against the labor charter, but was unsuccessful in obtaining from Furuseth a copy of the letter to Mr. Wilson. A copy of Mr. Furuseth's letter to the President was then read and Mr. Gompers said that the head of the Seamen's Union had undertaken to speak in the name of American labor.

Referring to the Furuseth letter to the President, in which he said that the labor covenant had shocked British labor leaders, Mr. Gompers asserted that the Parliamentary Committee of the British Trade Union Congress and the British Labor Party had approved the covenant.

Mr. Gompers said that the document was not perfect, but that he would not play into the hands of the politicians by opposing it. If war was to be avoided, how could it be done except by agreement? he asked. What was there left to stand as a barrier against war if the proposed covenant were defeated? He did not desire to support those who would inflame the world with the horrors of war whenever their nation felt itself strong enough. He pointed out that an airplane flew across the Atlantic last week in 16 hours, and said the United States and Europe were so close together that it was essential that the best possible relationship should exist between the people of both continents. He was confident that the indorsement of labor would give the legislators at Washington an incentive to indorse it.

"When I heard that Mr. Furuseth had sent a letter to the President," he declared, "I sent my secretary, Guy Oyster, to Mr. Furuseth for a copy of the letter. He called three times for it, but was not able to get it, and then he left a note with the clerk of the hotel for Mr. Furuseth, but I never received a copy from that time until this, when a friend furnished me with a copy."

Mr. Gompers declared that Mr. Furuseth had not given one intimation to the American Federation of Labor delegation that he had sent the letter to the President, but he was not surprised, for "some people are so constituted that if you gave them Paradise they would find fault with it."

"I don't want to be believed as a blind follower of any man," continued Mr. Gompers earnestly, "but I do want to say that President Wilson is not only one of the most brainy and brilliant men of our time, but he possesses a conscience and a heart that seeks for the right."

The statement was received with a round of applause.

TO SAFEGUARD STATE FUND.

A telegram was read at last night's meeting of the Central Federated Union from Edward I. Hannah, President, and Ernest Bohm, Secretary of the union, who are in attendance at the labor convention in Atlantic City, calling attention to the preliminary report made by Investigator Connor, who was appointed by the Governor, which included reflections upon the management of the Workmen's Compensation State Fund.

The telegram urged the Central Federated Union to appoint a representative of the union to ascertain what steps should be taken to safeguard the fund. The Chair appointed Abraham Lefkowitz of the Teachers' Union as the special representative.

The union voted to ask President Wilson to veto the repeal of the daylight saving law.

QUITS JOB IN FEAR OF SOVIET REVENGE

Translator for Legislative Committee, with Wife and Child in Russia, Resigns.

HAS SEEN RED HATE AT WORK

List of Opponents of Lenin-Trotzky Regime Said to Have Been Found in "Embassy" Here.

Threats of Bolshevist retaliation made by Santari Nuorteva, "Red" agitator and Secretary of the Soviet Russia Mission, following the raid on its headquarters, at 110 West Fortieth Street, a week ago Thursday by State constables acting under instructions from Attorney General Charles D. Newton, assumed new and sinister importance yesterday when it became known that in the archives of the Soviet "embassy" was a list containing the names of aggressive enemies of the cult in this country, together with the names of relations or connections they may have in Bolshevist Russia.

"You know, two can play at this game," said Secretary Nuorteva to newspaper men after the "embassy" had been raided and he, with his chief, L. A. C. K. Martens, had been taken to the City Hall under guard to appear before the legislative committee investigating seditious activities. Before making this statement Secretary Nuorteva had laid stress upon the protection he said had been given to American lives and American property in Bolshevist Russia, even when chaos reigned supreme in the early days of the November revolution.

Archibald E. Stevenson, associate counsel to the Legislative Committee, was busy yesterday going over the papers seized. He declined to make any statement regarding the character of the documents in his hands which had not yet been produced before the committee.

Reports that the blacklist existed became current simultaneously with the news that Dr. Alessandro H. Carasso of 190 South Oxford Street, Brooklyn, had resigned as official translator for the Legislative Committee. Dr. Carasso resigned because he objected to the methods pursued by the committee. In a statement made public after he had offered his resignation, Dr. Carasso denounced the raid on the Soviet "embassy" as a folly that would bring retribution upon Americans in Russia on whom the Bolshevist rulers can lay their hands.

"I know Bolshevist vengeance and I fear it," said Dr. Carasso in his statement. "My wife and only child are still there and will probably pay preciously for this political escapade of Stevenson's group."

When asked regarding the report that the raid had brought to light a blacklist kept to enable the Lenin-Trotzky Government to take vengeance upon friends and relatives in Russia of Americans who may have offended the Bolshevist spokesmen in this country, Dr. Carasso said:

"I know that such a list exists, but I have never seen it."

Dr. Carasso was one of the last Americans officially in Russia to leave that country. He was attached to the American Embassy as official translator. While in Russia he married the daughter of a Russian General. His wife comes from the Russian nobility. Dr. Carasso himself was persecuted by the Bolsheviki before he contrived to escape, and bitterly hates them.

"Residing in Russia for a decade and being one of the last Americans to leave the country, I was able to view thoroughly the brutality which Bolshevism developed there," said Dr. Carasso. "Robbery, murder, rape, and 'freedom-celebrating' oppression—all this I saw. I suffered myself sufficiently from these hoodlums. None can therefore favor with greater enthusiasm than myself the vigorous prosecution, if not destruction, of this brutal movement.

"I cannot sympathize, nevertheless, with the means taken by certain private persons under the cloak of local legislative authority to combat this serious menace, for the Czaristic methods of espionage and gendarmerie adopted by them is more disgraceful in this free country of Lincoln than it was in the enslaved Russia of the Romanoff.

"America is mighty enough to declare open warfare against its sinister enemy, as she did to Germany. The Bolshevik has already flung his dirty glove in our faces and insolently boasted: 'Who will dare to measure his strength against mine?' And no civilized power has yet ventured to accept the challenge and reply decently. What motive could prompt the delay, I do not now know. What I do now know is that this passiveness of the powers has increased the Bolsheviki's impudence and strengthened his energy. Today we see this erstwhile group of political banditti spoken of as a great world force, with a mighty army and reserve of ammunition."

"What results do you think will be achieved by the raid on the 'Soviet Embassy' last Thursday?" "No result that will be good; of that I am certain. In fact, I am positive this step will prove harmful to our own interests.

"The unfortunate American citizens who are still festering in that Bolshevist hell over there in Russia will have to pay too dear a price for this imprudent step made by the 'investigating' group. Not Martens Hourwich or Weinstein (of the 'Embassy' staff) will be the victims, but defenseless men, women, and children for whom none will intercede and who are completely in the grip of the Bolsheviki. If the Bolsheviki have attained perfection in anything, it is in the fine art of retribution. In this pursuit they have no equals, especially when it is a matter of wreaking revenge on such unprotected and detested creatures as Americans in Russia are now."

Senator Clayton R. Lusk, Chairman of the Legislative Committee, and Attorney General Newton both left for their up-State homes early yesterday. Senator Lusk expects to return to this city on Tuesday to prepare for the next hearing of the committee, scheduled for Thursday morning.

NO DEALINGS WITH SOVIET.

State Department Issues Denial of "Mission's" Inuendoes.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Flat denial that the American Government had ever had any relations with the so-called "Soviet Mission," whose offices in New York were raided a few days ago, was made in a formal statement issued by the State Department late this afternoon. Not only has the Washington Government had no relations with the "Soviet Mission," with which Martens, self-styled and unrecognized "Ambassador"; Porfessor Lomonossoff, and Nuorteva, a Finn, have been prominently identified, but it was made plain that the State Department had never received any representative of the mission.

Acting Secretary Polk twice previously, once in April and again in May, issued brief announcements that the State Department had not received Martens or any representative of the Soviet Government, and in one of the statements American business men were warned that this Government would not back up any contract made with representatives of the Bolshevist Government. The official announcement issued by the State Department today read:

"The Department of State has never recognized and has never had any relations whatever with the so-called Soviet 'Mission,' whose offices were raided in New York a few days ago, and never has received any one as a representative of that so-called 'mission.'

"Acting Secretary Polk stated today, in connection with newspaper reports regarding statements in papers which were seized in New York in a raid, that the assertion that the State Department 'knows that we communicate with Moscow and received large sums of money from there' is untrue, and Mr. Polk added that it was untrue that he had ever seen a committee from the Soviets.

"Mr. Polk said: 'I have never talked with Martens or with Lomonossoff, or with any committee of Soviet representatives, and the only time I ever saw Nuorteva was about five months ago, when some friend brought him in and introduced him. That was before Martens had appeared on the scene in this country. I devoted most of the time to telling Nuorteva that the United States would never recognize any people or Government that failed to respect the sanctity of diplomatic and Consular offices, a sanctity which the Bolsheviki violated in holding American Consul Tredwell hostage for months, despite protest against this violation of diplomatic and Consular usage, which every civilized Government respects.

"'On two occasions—once in April and again in May—the Department of State took occasion to issue a statement to the press regarding the activities of Martens and the Bolsheviki.'"

SAYS GERMANY AIDS REDS.

Huns and Bolsheviki Despoiling Russia, Charges Mme. Breshkovsky.

Mme. Catherine Breshkovsky, the "grandmother of the Russian revolution," who left Russia several months ago because of the restrictions to which she was subjected by the Lenin-Trotzky Government, issued yesterday through the Russian Information Bureau a statement in which she charges that Germany is still the power behind Trotzky and Lenin in their efforts to complete the triumph of Bolshevism everywhere in Russia. Through this backing of the Bolsheviki, says Mme. Breshkovsky, Germany still hopes to realize her dream of making Russia a German colony.

But for German support, the really patriotic Russians, who are fighting the mercenaries of Trotzky and Lenin, would long ago have won. Mme. Breshkovsky adds:

"The real situation, however, is altogether different. Against Russia there is still arrayed Germany—her Bolshevist and monarchist wings—and, in company with Lenin, these two German groups are strenuously endeavoring to crush Russia to earth. Today the Russian army of liberation is fighting fresh German forces splendidly equipped and led by experienced officers. Germany, in violation of the twofold peace, (one of Brest-Litovsk and the other resulting from the armistice,) has not desisted from waging an obstinate war against Russia by supplying Lenin and Trotzky with arms, officers, and higher leadership.

"Germany still hopes to realize her eternal dream of converting Russia into a German colony for territorial and economic aggradizement. Before the eyes of the whole world Germany continues to violate her obligations, and, taking advantage of Russia's exhaustion, in company with the betrayers of our country, sneers at all laws defining international relations. Confident of immunity, Germany, by her complicity in the Bolshevist deeds of violence and destruction, is before the very eyes of our allies converting our beautiful and rich land, with its enormous population war-weary and distracted by the counter-revolution of the Bolsheviki, into an incubator of moral and physical dissolution which is spreading infection all over the world.

"Germany, in formal union with Lenin and Trotzky, is tearing apart the body of Russia, is gnawing away at her heart, and is sucking her life blood. According to the latest information from Russia, Germany has turned over to Trotzky 1,500,000 rifles and a great quantity of ammunition, has equipped the Red Army with officers, and given it a German staff. Numbers of Germans are fighting in the ranks of the Bolsheviki against the Russian revolutionary army, and these are, indeed, the main obstacles to the offensive movement of our forces. Such a state of affairs is fraught with danger for Russia, and is no less menacing for all those who look with callous indifference upon the growth and the strengthening of the union between the Russian Bolsheviki and the German chauvinists."

BACKS WILSON LOAN TO SIBERIAN ROAD

House Refuses to Instruct the President to Turn Fund Into the Treasury.

ATTACK LED BY WOOD

Democrats, in Defense, Said Vote Would Be a Repudiation of Contracts.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The House, by vote of 92 to 39, today refused to instruct President Wilson to turn into the Treasury $4,000,000 intended to be used in helping to finance the trans-Siberian railroad. An attack on the use by the President of this money out of the War Emergency Fund was led by Representative Wood of Indiana, supported by Representatives Walsh of Massachusetts and Goodykounts of West Virginia.

Representative James A. Good, Chairman of the Appropriations Committee, opposed interference with the President's policy in this respect. He was supported by many Republicans, while Representative Byrne, Democrat, of Tennessee vigorously denounced those Republicans whom he charged with "playing partisan politics."

The issue came before the House when Representative Good moved to strike out that paragraph in the Sundry Civil Bill which provided for the return of $4,000,000 from the War Emergency Fund to the Treasury.

If Congress should adopt the section, he added, it would be a repudiation not only of the President, but of lawful contracts on behalf of the Government, and he was not willing to take responsibility for such a course.

Representative Goodykounts opposed Mr. Good's motion.

"Already the Democratic Administration has sunk $1,000,000,000 in the operation of our own railways," said Mr. Goodykounts, "and are now trying to sink more for a Russian railroad. If I thought it would help bring back our soldiers any sooner I would not oppose it, but I do not believe it will."

Representative Byrne of Tennessee, ranking Democrat on the Appropriations Committee, said the President had received full authority to use the $100,000,000 War Emergency Fund in any way he saw fit for national defense.

"He would have been a superman if he had been able to spend it all in such manner as to avoid any criticism by the members on the Republican side of the House," said Mr. Byrne.

ROPER DISCOURAGES HOPES OF THE 'WETS'

Sees No Doubt About Prohibition Going Into Effect on July 1 as Law Provides.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The hope expressed in some quarters that a way would be found to prevent the nation from going dry on July 1 received another setback today when Daniel C. Roper, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, stated that "I see no reason to doubt that the war-time prohibition as provided for in the Agricultural bill, approved Nov. 21, 1918, will become effective July 1."

"Bills looking to the enforcement of the war-time prohibition," Mr. Roper added, "have been introduced into the Congress and it is my understanding that the Judiciary Committee of both the Senate and House are actively engaged in the consideration of the measures with a view to reporting to the respective legislative bodies as early as possible bills meeting their approval."

A letter read by Secretary Glass to Representative Vilstead, Chairman of the former Committee on the Judiciary, says:

"I am convinced that the Federal prohibitory laws can best be enforced through the Prohibition Commissioner. In my belief he and his agents and assistants should be a part of the Department of Justice, rather than of the Treasury Department. I say this because the enforcement of prohibitory laws is in no way a fiscal matter. It depends for its effectiveness principally on the steps which will be taken in courts throughout the country by the Department of Justice in the punishment of lawbreakers.

"If this view is not concurred in, however, and the Congress shall see fit to create a Prohibition Commissioner in the Treasury Department, I shall use every effort to insure that this responsibility is carried out and that the law is vigorously enforced."

REPORT CZECH SOVIET RULE

Budapest Tells of New Government —Austrian Reds Threaten.

COPENHAGEN, June 20.—A Czechoslovak Soviet republic has been established, according to a wireless dispatch from Budapest.

Unrest continues in Vienna, dispatches from the Austrian capital today say, and preparations are being made for a new Communist attempt against the Government. Communist headquarters, it is said, have been converted into a fortress.

Hungarian Communist troops are expected to cross the Austrian frontier near Neudoerfel, south of Weiner-Neustadt, and to march on Wöllersdorff to occupy the munition factories there. Austrian troops have been sent to Weiner-Neustadt.

REDS IN GARDEN URGE REVOLUTION

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

6,000 persons present, about half of them women. More than 90 per cent., the police and Federal agents estimated, were of foreign birth, the majority being Russians. A man and woman were taken into custody during the speech of Ludwig C. A. K. Martens, the unrecognized Bolshevist "Ambassador" to the United States. These two persons waved red flags and shouted for the downfall of the United States. The man said he was Joseph Laskens.

Martens, who admits he registered as a German subject in England in 1914, was present during the entire meeting, and he made no remark or in any other way indicated that he did not thoroughly sympathize with the views of the audience regarding the overturn of the American Government and the substitution of a dictatorship patterned after that of Lenin and Trotzky at Moscow. The meeting was advertised as a protest against the raiding of Martens's "embassy suite" a week ago last Thursday by State troopers, who acted under orders from the Legislative Committee now investigating Bolshevism and kindred movements in this State.

"Irish Citizen" There.

Benjamin Gitlow, formerly a Socialist member of the Assembly, and now a National Committeeman of the Socialist Party, presided. The speakers were Dennis E. Batt, a member of the Socialist National Committee from Michigan; Eastman, who read the alleged Polk-Lansing confidential cablegram; James Larkin, a British subject, who said he thanked God that he was not an American citizen but "a citizen of the Irish Republic"; Rose Pastor Stokes, C. E. Ruthenberg of Cleveland, and A. A. Spoklitzky, the only speaker who talked in the Russian language, who, for that reason, got more applause from the audience than all the other speakers combined. As a Captain of Police explained, "Everybody understood Spoklitzky," while probably not more than one-half of those present understood those who spoke in English.

Gitlow introduced Batt as one of the leading Socialists of the country and as "a man thoroughly in sympathy with the proletarian movement."

"The thing that we must do first of all," shouted Batt, "is to conquer our ruling classes here in America. We must start such a socialistic and revolutionary movement that the capitalists of America will tremble in their boots. We can learn from the fact that the proletarians of Germany tore open the prison gates and liberated Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg, and we can do the same here in America for Debs and the other comrades who languish in prison. We have a mighty task to plant revolution in the minds of the American working people.

"We must teach the American working classes to take charge of society and to establish a dictatorship of the proletariat here in America and to expropriate things to ourselves. No one knows when the revolution will break, but it is only a question of time when the proletariat will control all Europe and, here in America, over the hills the Red sun is rising."

For a "Class War."

Rose Pastor Stokes came next. She was introduced as a comrade who was out on bail and was under sentence to serve ten years in prison for disloyal activities during the war. She was bitter in her remarks, and openly urged class war. She argued for "one big union" as offering the best means of having Bolshevism in America.

"The capitalistic class," she said, "has started a campaign of terrorism against the working class of America, but they will fail to terrify, and we shall go forward, and all the time we will be organizing. I see in an afternoon newspaper that Charles E. Hughes warns against the Reds in America. We warn Mr. Hughes and his crowd that we will go on, that we know the work that is before us, and that we can no longer be confused by the slogan of race, or of religion, of creed or color or of nationality. We shall stand by Russia and we shall refuse to fight our comrade workers in Russia.

"Our slogan is one big union and it will continue to be our slogan until we have captured the bourgeoisie state. The work of organizing lies with you and we want every one of you to pledge yourselves to redouble your efforts for the cause. Go out and use your every moment; use the printed and the oral word to tell the workers and the comrades the truth about their slavery.

"They called out 6,000 soldiers last night to see what they could do to control the city. Think a moment and imagine what that little 6,000 could do against the working classes. The change must come, and we hope it comes with as little violence as possible. Before us is the opposition, and the opposition must yield or else it must be crushed. I say again to you that the day will come, and whether it will be days or months or years depends on you."

C. E. Ruthenberg, also introduced as a member of the Socialist National Committee, followed Mrs. Stokes. He is the man who organized the May Day demonstration in Cleveland, and, according to Gitlow, "the capitalists are now trying to send him to the penitentiary for fifteen years."

Hails Advance of Bolshevism.

"The time has come," he said, "when we are ready to end the rule of the capitalist class in the United States. In Russia the masses rose from under and lifted the ruling class and left them hanging in the air waiting for their extinction. In Germany Bolshevism is growing, and it will continue to grow until the present German Government is swept out of existence. Here in America if the working class carry on our propaganda and agitate for revolution we can sweep this Government out of existence. Our work, our duty, in this hour is to plant the new idea into the minds of the working people of this country."

Here followed an impassioned appeal to the class instincts of those present. The Government stenographers took every word down and the transcript of the speech will be handed to the proper officials today.

Alexander Stoklitzky, the only speaker who used the Russian language, followed Ruthenberg. He had the crowd shouting most of the time, and brought about the biggest outcry of the evening when he called for "three cheers for the Bolsheviki Government of Russia."

Max Eastman and the alleged Polk-Lansing cablegram was next on the program. Eastman, who, during the war, was indicted for conspiracy to obstruct the operation of the draft law, caused the audience to laugh when he referred to the fact that he was an American citizen.

"We have been preaching Bolshevist propaganda for years," he said. "We shall continue to agitate for Bolshevism until it ends in a dictatorship of the proletariat in the United States. We don't need any help from Europe and all that we ask of the Russian Soviet Republic is that it shall continue to exist. There is no secret about the communist nature of our propaganda."

Eastman then produced the alleged copy of the Polk-Lansing cablegram. He led up to it by saying that the Administration's opposition to the Bolsheviki was "the blackest page in American history." He then made his charge that President Wilson was waging "a private war" against Lenin and Trotzky, and read the cablegram which, he argued, proved his charge. The asking of money from what he termed the President's "private fund" proved that American operations in Siberia and Russia were a private undertaking of the President, he said.

When Eastman mentioned the name of the President a storm of hisses came from all parts of the house. When he read the alleged cablegram a big Russian shouted in broken English, "Its a shame," and the audience cheered its approval. Martens, the "Bolshevist Ambassador," was the next speaker. They cheered him for five minutes.

Martens Defends Soviets.

"Protesting most vigorously against interference in Russian internal affairs by outside forces, Soviet Russia does not want to interfere in the internal affairs of other peoples," declared Martens. Being a Government of the workers and for the workers, based on the principles of Marxian socialism, the Russian Soviet Government quite naturally entertains cordial feeling toward Socialists in all countries.

"Yet, our bureau is being incessantly attacked by the bourgeois press and, at this particular time, by a legislative committee of the State of New York, on the alleged ground that the aim of the bureau is to propagate Bolshevism in the United States."

Larkin declared that there were 90,000 organized Irishmen who were sympathetic with the Bolsheviki. He expressed a wish that the Government would deport him to Ireland, whence he came about five or six years ago. During the meeting men and women passed through the aisles selling Bolshevist and other radical publications.

Church Notices on Page Twenty.

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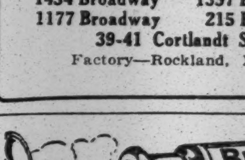

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PALMER DEFENDS BOSCH PLANT SALE

Former Alien Property Custodian Shows Company Sought to Cripple Allies.

READS LETTER FROM HEINS

Manager of Plant Told of Plot to Promise Special Apparatus to British but Not Deliver.

DENIES SALE WAS SECRET

Committee Passed on His Action—Sharp Exchanges Before Senate Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer, testifying before the sub-committee of the Senate Judiciary Committee today, met the attacks which have been made upon him by former Attorney General Lewis of New York and A. T. Andrews, based on the sale of the Bosch Magneto Company while Mr. Palmer was Alien Property Custodian, by producing a letter sent to Dr. Heinrich Albert, one-time German representative in New York, by Otto Heins, former General Manager of the Bosch company, in which he set forth in detail the program which the concern had carried out during the war to hamper plans of the British to protect London and other communities from Zeppelin raids.

Mr. Palmer spoke of Andrews, who has said he was an attorney for the Bosch Magneto Company from 1906 until the property was seized in 1918 by the Alien Property Custodian's office, with a scornful note. He offered in evidence a check for $500, signed by Andrews, which, he said, the latter accepted as a settlement for claims against the Government.

The statement that he had favored friends in disposing of the Bosch Magneto Company was denied by Mr. Palmer with emphasis. He said that he supposed he was the one man most hated in this country by the Germans because he had set out determinedly to destroy their economic hold in the nation.

He testified that there was nothing secretive about the sale of the Bosch Magneto Company, and that he disposed of it at what his advisory committee, of which Otto T. Bannard was chairman, deemed a reasonable figure. He admitted that he had not sought to hold the stock of the company until there was a market which might pay more money into German pocketbooks. Every step he had taken, he said, was open to inspection, and he invited a thorough investigation.

Mr. Lewis, Andrews, and Senator Frelinghuysen of New Jersey, who is also attacking Mr. Palmer, were present at the inquiry, and there were several sharp passages. Mr. Palmer asserted that Senator Frelinghuysen had gone to the extent of inquiring of detectives and financiers in New York whether they "had anything on" the Attorney General.

At the close of the testimony the sub-committee held a brief executive session and then adjourned until tomorrow, when it will be decided whether the inquiry will proceed, and if it does proceed the lines to be followed.

Reads Heins Letter to Albert.

The presentation of the Heins-Albert letter by Mr. Palmer was the day's most interesting incident. The letter was dated Nov. 30, 1915, and directed Mr. Palmer said to Dr. Albert, New York City. Mr. Palmer then quoted the letter as follows:

"Honored Mr. Albert:

"In connection with the obstruction policy, upon which we agreed at the beginning of the war, in matters concernong deliveries of our products, especially the special-magneto-apparatus, I should like in the following to make several statements, from which one will clearly see, that the accomplished obstruction policy has, in every way, been successful.

"In short, we had agreed at the beginning of the war not only to withhold the much needed special-airplane apparatuses from the Allies, but by every means to succeed in accomplishing this, that the Allies, especially the English, not being able immediately to obtain substitute apparatuses, would attempt to manufacture them.

"In this case special apparatuses are involved, as for instance they are necessarily used in flying machines, airships and speed boats. The apparatuses related in this way are, on the whole, very different from normal apparatuses, which are usually used on automobiles and motorcycles.

"While it was still possible for the Allies, they meeting with no difficulties in obtaining any quantity of these normal apparatus in Europe or from any of the competitors here, these apparatuses, which can be utilized on ordinary automobiles and motorcycles, yet this was not the case in reference to such special apparatuses.

"A simple consideration resulted in this, that if, at the beginning of the war, the Allies were given to believe that they could not obtain any Bosch apparatuses at all, then at this period it would be quite clear to them that they would be obliged to take up the manufacture of special apparatuses with great energy. It would have been comparatively easy for the Allies, if at this time had they come to the conclusion of undertaking the manufacture of special apparatuses, since at the beginning of the war the workshop as well as the material conditions which came under consideration for the manufacture of these special apparatuses were by far more favorable than later on, when entire factories and materials were being utilized exclusively for other purposes.

"Working from this point of view, we agreed without any further ado at the beginning of the war not to refuse the demands of the Allies, but to enter into apparent negotiations with the representatives, thereby creating with the Allies the impression that they, too, would receive the necessary special apparatuses at the desired time. These negotiations began after the first declaration of war, and it was possible on account of the technical character of the negotiations to extend them far beyond the opening months of the war.

Filled Orders for Normal Apparatus.

"Besides these orders and contracts for special apparatuses, there naturally came from the Allies orders for the aforementioned normal apparatuses. Even though they would be able to receive them in any quantity from the local competitors, the fact would be that the further consideration still would remain that it would not be expedient to cut them off entirely from the delivery of such normal aparatuses just now, for if this were to happen they would have recognized immediately that the negotiations concerning delivery of special apparatuses were only entered into as a ruse, and that later they would not be in a position to obtain special apparatuses from us—just as they were not able now to obtain normal apparatuses.

"It was necessary, therefore, in certain cases to make spot deliveries of normal commercial apparatuses, which would help to postpone the contracts for special apparatuses, and the impression already aroused, that the delivery concerning the special apparatuses would surely be made at the desired time.

"The result of this impression, which we kept alive, in that we made spot deliveries of normal apparatuses, while we carried out the procrastination policy in matters of special apparatuses and which resulted in certain expectations on the part of the Allies, that they could count upon us for the supply of special apparatuses, was this, that they, and especially the English, had taken no special steps to begin their own manufacture, relative to the supply of special apparatus. Our policy had lulled them into the certainty that at the proper time (in May and June, 1915) they would receive the necessary amount of special Bosch apparatuses.

"This procrastination policy was, according to agreement, carried out during the period of August, 1914, until July, 1915. After this period it was no longer possible to put off the Allies and they only then awakened to the fact that they would receive no special apparatuses from me.

"They only now began to take the necessary steps to manufacture for themselves the special apparatuses which they were in such pressing need of. But this was at such a time disproportionately more difficult than at the beginning of the war—just as we had anticipated since we had carried out the policy of procrastination—since entire factories were engaged in the manufacture of other war products, and the securing of special materials, which are necessary to the construction of these apparatuses, is now much more difficult than a year ago at the beginning of the war.

"One proof that they are just beginning to make a special effort to obtain such materials is their present urgent demand and orders, by wire and by letter. We could, because of our business connections, ascertain exact information, and were further able to bring about the result that such orders in certain cases of these special materials were never executed. There were often involved in these special insulation parts which should be manufactured exactly according to Bosch models. The Boonton Rubber Manufacturing Company of Boonton, N. J., received a number of such demands and orders, all of which they refused. Often, in fact, the firms delivering the contracts were American, but these were only used by the Allies, so that the desired materials might reach England. * * *

"As to the direct results of our policy of procrastination, I would say that because of it the English especially are not in a position to supply themselves with as effective defensive air fleet, which they might have accomplished if they had a sufficient number of special apparatuses at their disposal. One proof of this is embodied in this fact, that at present the English are not in a position actively to defend themselves by their airplane fleet against the raids by Zeppelins upon London and other places in England, while never has an airship been either damaged or disturbed by English airplanes. * * *

"An eyewitness of the Zeppelin air raids, Mr. Adams, gives as the sole reason in his letter of Oct. 27, 1915, to me, for the unsuccessful defense of London against these raids, that England possesses far too few airplanes."

"Then he goes on to say," added Mr. Palmer, "that the reason Paris escaped was because France had taken over the Bosch Magneto Company plant in Paris. That was fighting the was in Massachusetts, when we were all trying to be neutral."

Heins Confessed to German Ownership.

Mr. Palmer testified that Heins, during a dramatic scene in the office of the Alien Property Custodian in April, 1918, had broken down and wept for ten minutes, and then confessed that he, as a "dummy" Director, held stock for Robert Bosch of Stuttgart, Germany, who was the real owner of the concern.

The charges by Mr. Andrews and Mr. Lewis that the stock of the concern was sold at a price which made it possible for the buyers to reap huge profits brought a sharp rejoinder from Mr. Palmer.

"This sale was passed on, and every other sale for that matter," Mr. Palmer told the committee, "by my Advisory Committee, composed of Otto T. Bannard, Cleveland H. Dodge, Ralph Stone, George L. Ingraham, and Alex Griswold, Jr. I never signed my name giving the approval of this or any other sale without the unanimous approval of this committee."

Addressing Mr. Lewis directly, Mr. Palmer declared: "When you accuse me of selling out my Government you accuse Otto Bannard, Cleveland H. Dodge, Ralph Stone, and the other members of my Advisory Committee, all experts and upstanding American citizens, of selling out their Government."

"In selling the Bosch plant," said Mr. Palmer, "I sold it so as to use my power to strike a blow at the Germans. Mr. Lewis says we ought to have delayed the sale for a better market—for a time when industrial conditions would be more settled. I was not going to hunt the best market to put millions in the Treasury for a lot of Germans to hire lawyers and come and fight for after the war. We did not name the date when they declared war on us. Why should I wait for the best market. They started the war. And I advertised this property for sale while the war was still on. Mr. Lewis charges some one made money out of this sale. I am glad some Americans made money out of this property."

Mr. Lewis sketched the history of the Bosch company since the Government seized it as an alien property. It was sold last December and reorganized as the American Bosch Company. He stated the evidence would show that on an issue of the new stock insiders got it for $65 and that within a few days they were able to get $85 and more for it on the market.

Mr. Palmer insisted it was unfair to cite such figures without showing that similar industrial stocks went up in a like manner. The new stock was floated by Hornblower & Weeks, of which former Senator Weeks of Massachusetts is a member.

The sale price of the Bosch Company was $4,150,000, whereas its real value was at least $16,000,000, Mr. Lewis contended.

Senator Frelinghuysen explained to the committee that he had not brought formal charges against Mr. Palmer, but that he only transmitted information furnished to him by others.

"Yes," snapped Mr. Palmer. "You make no charges, but you have gone to New York, and you have gone to see detectives and you have had them go to people in the financial district and asked them if they didn't have something on Mitchell Palmer. Your detectives called on unsuccessful bidders. It's true you make no charges, but you have handled these charges in the newspapers. It is difficult for me to see the difference between that and actually preferring charges."

PALMER IS AGAIN ATTACKED.

Representative Good Says He Paid Excessive Fees to Lawyers.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Representative James A. Good, Chairman of the House Appropriation Committee, charged in the House today that A. Mitchell Palmer, while Alien Property Custodian, permitted the payment of excessive attorney fees to former Judge J. Harry Covington, of the District Supreme Court, and other lawyers. To Mr. Covington was paid $15,000, and Frank L. Crocker of Washington $10,000 while acting as attorneys for chemical companies under the control of the Alien Property Custodian. Mr. Covington was formerly a member of Congress from Maryland.

In the case of ex-Judge Covington's fee Mr. Good intimated that the matter was open for investigation. "It seems to me," said Mr. Good, "that inasmuch as an able attorney, who has been occupying a position on the bench here, at a salary of $6,000 a year, could within a few weeks take down from one concern a fee of $15,000, it is at least a matter that was open to investigation."

"The fact that a man was a Judge or served in this House does not brand him incompetent to receive the fee which this man received," replied Representative Byrnes of South Carolina. "The question is whether the service was rendered, and no man can challenge that."

"The report shows," said Mr. Byrnes, "that, as a result of the work of these two attorneys, there has been paid $1,000,000 of income taxes, fraudulently kept out of the Treasury by action of alien enemies. On any basis when counsel through his efforts unearths for the Treasury a million dollars, a fee of $15,000 is not exorbitant. It is not as high as would be paid by other corporations."

Church Notices on Page Twenty.

GERMAN PLOTTERS SHUT OUT FOR GOOD

Capt. Hans Tauscher, Gadski's Husband, Told That He Must Not Return to America.

BAN INCLUDES BERNSTORFF

Peace Treaty to Make No Change in Attitude Toward Those Who Abused Hospitality.

If the case of Captain Hans Tauscher, of the German Army, is to be a precedent, German subjects who plotted in this country against the Allies will not be permitted to return after the treaty of peace is signed. Captain Tauscher, who was the American representative of the Krupps, and is the husband of Frau Johanna Gadski, the opera singer, accompanied Count Bernstorff back to Germany after the severance of diplomatic relations in 1917. He had served as a military attaché during the first two years of the war, his chief being Captain von Papen, who directed most of the German plots in this country.

Tauscher's intention to return came to the attention of the Government in an unusual way. He addressed a letter to an acquaintance in New York which was brought across in an "irregular way" probably by hand. Enclosed was a letter addressed to Frau Gadski, in which Captain Tauscher said he expected to return as soon as peace was declared, resume his business operations, and make this country his home.

The acquaintance to whom the letter was addressed, realizing that war regulations had been violated, turned the letter and its inclosures over to the Department of Justice, and word was sent through regular channels to Tauscher that his presence in this country was not desired and would not be permitted.

Captain Tauscher, while with Bernstorff's embassy, was indicted in connection with the conspiracy to blow up the Welland Canal in Canada. Before trial he offered to plead guilty, provided he should be punished only with a fine, the offer coming through counsel. District Attorney H. Snowden Marshall refused to consider any compromise and the case went to trial, Tauscher being acquitted by a jury. In the trial several United States Army officers testified in his behalf and Maj. Gen. William Crozier, once Chief of Ordnance, addressed a letter, in Tauscher's behalf, to the judge who presided.

"The request of counsel for Tauscher," said Mr. Marshall, "was refused on the ground that the United States could not admit that a mere fine was sufficient punishment for a crime the object of which was the assassination of innocent civilans."

So far as is known, Tauscher is the first of the former German agents in this country to indicate a desire to return. It has been rumored that Captain Boy-Ed would like to come back, but this has not been verified. Countess von Bernstorff was born an American, and if she returns to visit relatives she must leave the Count behind, according to a statement made yesterday by a man familiar with the situation.

REDS KILL SALVADOR JUDGE.

Bomb Sent to Dr. Castillo Also Injures a Servant.

SAN SALVADOR, June 19.—An infernal machine sent to Dr. Manuel Trejo Castillo, Civil Judge of Santa Ana, in Western Salvador, today caused the death of the Judge and the serious injury of a servant.

The explosive was contained in a small box provided with a lock and key. The fatal explosion occurred when the box was opened, and the report was so loud that it was heard throughout the city.

BELA KUN SLURS ALLIES.

Not in Position to Intervene Effectively in Hungary, He Says.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, June 18.—The Budapest correspondent of the Politiken visited on Sunday the Hungarian Bolshevist front north of Kassa and Lagvin, going right up to the front positions while the artillery duel was raging overhead.

"There were no trenches, as ordinarily understood," says the correspondent. "It is a pure war of movement, this war between Hungarians and Czechs and each man must seek cover as he advances. The Czechs seem very weak in artillery, as compared with their enemies, their guns firing at longer intervals of time and with weaker weight of metal; and as the fighting terrain is hilly and roadless, rendering retreat very difficult, this artillery superiority is telling heavily against the Czechs, who are in some danger of being completely cut off.

"In the liberated territories, that is, the territories reconquered by Bela Kun, the Czechs apparently made themselves generally hated, and in their retreat took with them many prisoners on the ground of their Hungarian nationalist sympathy; and there are the usual stories of shootings and plunderings of private property."

The correspondent quoted asked Bela Kun his opinion on the note from Clemenceau, in which an ultimatum was given the Hungarian Government to cease hostilities against the Czechs. Bela Kun declared that he regarded the note as an effort to save the Czechs from their desperate situation. He himself was ready at any moment to take part in a conference on the basis of self-determination for the Hungarian peoples, but this basis was opposed by the Czechs themselves as regards the Allies' threats. Bela Kun declared he was not much impressed, as he did not think the Allies were in a position to be able to intervene effectively in Hungary.

TO AID IRISH COMMITTEE.

John A. Murphy of Buffalo to Join Walsh in Paris.

The friends of Irish Freedom, which with affiliated organizations is raising a million-dollar fund for an Irish republic, announced last night the receipt of a cablegram from Frank P. Walsh, former member of the National War Labor Board, and ex-Governor Dunne of Illinois, members of the committee sent to France to represent the cause at the Peace Conference, stating that their work had just begun. The message said:

"Fight only just started. Suggest additional member be added to committee and that assistant secretary be sent also, because work is too heavy for one."

The local committee at once named John A. Murphy of Buffalo as the additional committeeman and decided to send L. S. Trigg, formerly an assistant to Mr. Walsh in the National War Labor Board, as assistant secretary. They will sail this morning on the Espagne. Mr. Murphy went to Ireland after the Easter uprising in 1916 to distribute funds raised in this country.

It was announced that New York's quota of $150,000 for the Irish cause is nearly raised and that there is no doubt the sum collected will greatly exceed the amount asked for here and throughout the United States. The fund originally sought was $1,000,000.

CLEMENCEAU HAS APPEAL.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Acting Secretary Polk notified the Senate today that its request that the representatives of the provisional Government of Ireland be given a hearing at the Peace Conference had been delivered to M. Clemenceau, President of the conference, and his "attention especially invited to the request."

Hear "Irish President" Is in America

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 20.—Eadward De Valera, "President of the Irish Republic," is in Philadelphia, according to a persistent report tonight among Irish sympathizers. The report is to the effect that Mr. De Valera, whose absence from Ireland has been commented upon by the cable dispatches, came here secretly and is living in seclusion, and that at the proper time he will announce himself and personally appeal to the American people for recognition of the Irish Republic.

KNOX RESOLUTION CANNOT BE PASSED

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

to hasten the Germans in refusing or delaying to sign the treaty.

Senator Sherman's speech was not generally relished in the Senate. Senator Ashurst said the charge that the Roman Catholic Church might dominate the League was "monstrous and absurd," and that he would not be surprised to hear next that the Mormon Church would try to control it. Senator Thomas observed that it would be most unfortunate if religious questions were introduced into the discussion.

Senator Sherman explained before he began his speech that although he was acting contrary to the advice of many, he felt it to be his duty to make known his apprehensions.

"Probably my colleagues will not agree with me," he told the Senate. "I have not consulted with the Advisory Committee on this side of the Chamber, and it is purely on my own responsibility that I speak. And I speak not precipitately, but from deliberation founded on long investigation.

"I have no personal feeling in the matter. I am a member of no Church, I regret to say. I have blood relations in both the Protestant and Catholic Churches. But if I did not touch on this feature of the League I would regard myself as derelict in my duty.

"From an early age," said Senator Sherman, "the occupants of the Vatican have believed and still believe in the inherent right of papal authority to administer civil government. I know how old this controversy is, and how bitterly assertions have been made and denied. It is with the utmost regret I fail to find recorded in the course of papal claims of later days any renunciation or disavowal of the doctrine. So far as a layman can discover the Vatican still believes it ought, and would if the power permitted, assume to administer ecclesiastical and civil government as its joint, exclusive, and paramount power."

Religious Lineup of Nations.

The Senator went on to say that of the original thirty-two member nations, signatories to the proposed League, twenty-eight were Christian nations and four of other faiths.

"Of these twenty-eight Christian nations," he continued, "seventeen are Catholic nations, either a majority or an overwhelming preponderance of the population being of that religious faith, and eleven are Protestant. The seventeen Catholic nations will be represented in the League in all human probability by Catholic delegates.

"The peril lies in the claim of papal power, never abjured, never disavowed. Shall the United States commit itself to the mercy of a power from which our ancestors delivered us? Shall we risk entangling ourselves and our posterity in the toils we have escaped through their wisdom and the warnings they left to guide us in the duties and perils of our generation? The covenant of the League of Nations bears within its folds a reactionary power more fatal and insidious than a Prussian helmet, more dangerous than future war."

Mr. Sherman asked whether in these circumstances the Senate might not well hesitate in voting the United States into the League when it became practically impossible ever to withdraw, inasmuch as difficulties, if it was sought to leave, could be raised by the smallest and most insignificant of the member States.

The Senator presented a newspaper story of an interview between the President and the Pope, March 17, 1919, in which the Pope was quoted as saying:

"President Wilson put the matter so clearly that my doubts began to melt, and before our interview closed I agreed with him on the main lines of his plan. The President struck me as being far more interested in his League of Nations than in fixing the frontiers of the newly created States."

Senator Sherman commented:

"Miraculous conversion or the deep, traditional wisdom of the Holy See, which? The great pontifical dignitary gives no random interviews. Neither can we believe both the President's visit and the interview were not for a pre-conceived purpose. It reveals, too, our absent President as making the League of Nations the paramount purpose of his presence at the peace table.

"The controversy over Fiume and the resulting troubles recall the belief among many Italians that the Vatican is not in sympathy with the civil government of Italy on this subject. It is fair to infer that the Pope cordially approves of President Wilson's stand against Orlando and the Italian civil authorities. Our good President's appeal to the people of Italy over the head of Orlando and his official associates may have been made with due deliberation and foreknowledge.

"There is a most remarkable continuity in the sequence of events from the Vatican's first efforts toward mediation to the Fiume controversy. While the evidence is circumstantial, all tends to connect President Wilson with influences unfriendly to the temporal power of Italy and inimical to the future welfare of the United States."

As an alternate course there was discussion of a possible joint resolution in case Germany signed the treaty declaring the war at an end, with the object of relieving Congress of the blame for continuing war operations while ratification of the treaty is delayed.

Still another proposal contemplated a second round robin to give notification of the strength of Senate opposition to the treaty in its present form.

All these expedients are expected to come in for discussion at tomorrow's conferences.

WASHINGTON, June 20, (Associated Press.)—There were growing indications today that opponents of the League of Nations might abandon all efforts to force a test vote on the subject in the Senate before the Germans act on the Peace Treaty at Versailles Monday.

Hope of bringing a roll call on the Knox resolution virtually had been abandoned and some leaders thought it might be permitted to die without even coming formally before the Senate for action.

URGE SENATE TO RATIFY.

Republicans Here Send Communication to Wadsworth and Calder.

Well-known members of the Republican Party are the signers of a communication to the United States Senators from New York State urging that political partisanship has no place in the consideration of the Peace Treaty and the League of Nations and urging affirmative action by the Senate on both questions without amendment or delay. The communication is as follows:

To Hon. James W. Wadsworth, Jr.,
Hon. William M. Calder, United States Senators:

Gentlemen—The undersigned, regularly enrolled Republicans of the State of New York, respectfully urge that political partisanship should have no place in the consideration on its merits of the constitution of the proposed League of Nations. The Republican Party, which has done so much to promote the principle of the peaceful settlement of international disputes, cannot justly be placed in an attitude of hostility to the project adopted by the Conference at Paris for the extension of that principle to all the associated nations for the purpose of averting all preventable wars.

The undersigned urge that the treaty containing the peace covenant be promptly ratified by the Senate without attempting to embarrass it by amendment, thus delaying the conclusion of peace and the establishment of a great agency for its future preservation.

May 26, 1919.

G. W. Wickersham,
H. W. Taft,
Herbert Parsons,
C. H. Strong,
A. E. Marling,
E. W. Harris,
C. S. Whitman,
P. D. Cravath,
W. C. Breed,
Lauren Carroll,
W. L. Ransom,
Sam A. Lewisohn,
William Chilvers,
Adolph Lewisohn,
C. D. Hilles,
C. D. Norton,
A. C. James,
T. E. Burton,
H. G. Ward,
W. H. Wadhams,
May G. Hay,
Homer Folks,
Lewis H. Pounds,
W. J. Schieffelin,
W. F. Morgan,
D. P. Kingsley,
W. D. Baldwin,
O. S. Straus.

Before Prohibition Is Effective
Your Home Should Be Supplied With
BACARDI
The Famous Daiquiri Cocktail Is Made of BACARDI

There is a sufficient supply for present requirements, but you should make your purchases now. THIS IS THE LAST CALL!

If your dealer cannot supply you, communicate with us and we will furnish the names of other dealers who can.

THE BACARDI CORPORATION OF NEW YORK
367 WEST BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Lord & Taylor
38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

An Impressive Sale of
Men's Fine Shirts

$2.65

SO GREAT are the values that many men will buy in quantities in anticipation of future needs.

Included in this splendid assortment are shirts of silk and fibre striped madras, crepe and flat ground weaves, in a selection of neat and novelty patterns on light grounds.

Cut full and well made. Soft French cuffs. Various sleeve lengths.

Sleeves altered if desired, free of charge.

Ground Floor.

For Your Vacation—
the Woods, Lakes, Seashore and Historic Places of
NEW ENGLAND

Go to charming old New England. It's handy; it's different. It offers the gayest of summer life and a variety of sports and pleasures quite wholly its own.

There are the wonderful New England seaside resorts from the Connecticut shore to Maine—Watch Hill, Narragansett Bay, Newport, Buzzard's Bay, Nantucket and Martha's Vineyard, Cape Cod, the North Shore, Old Orchard, Casco Bay, Rockland, Mt. Desert and a hundred other interesting beaches for everybody. Or the Berkshires and the White and Green Mountains for the golfer and automobilist. Or the lakes and woods of Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont for the sportsman.

Titles of Booklets
New England Shores North and East of Boston
New England Shores South of Boston
New England Lakes and Mountains

Make your vacation pilgrimage to the world-famous places of historic and romantic interest—Plymouth Rock, Bunker Hill, Concord, Lexington—spots, with many others, dear to the hearts of every American from childhood—dearer today because of the inspiration they have been in our fight for Universal Freedom.

The United States Railroad Administration invites you to travel and offers Summer Excursion fares. For further information and descriptive booklet containing list of hotels, call at Consolidated Ticket Offices—64 Broadway, 57 Chambers St., 31 West 32nd St., 114 West 42nd St., New York; 336 Fulton St., Brooklyn, or write the nearest Travel Bureau, stating booklets desired.

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Saks & Company

Store Hours:
9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.

A Rare Opportunity to Effect a Substantial Saving

250 Paris-Inspired Summer Blouses

That sell regularly at $8.95 to $12.95

Today at $5.75

The sample line of one of New York's best known Blouse makers, the exceptional quality and rare individuality of his models having won for him an enviable reputation the country over. Included are very dressy styles, semi-tailored models, and stunning Peplum Blouses, exquisitely developed in Flowered Georgette Crepe, in Beige, Flesh Color and Navy Blue.

Third Floor.

MEN'S Bath Robes

of imported Crepe

at $3.95

Made especially for Saks & Company, of serviceable imported Japanese Crepe, in a large variety of smart stripings.

Fifth Floor.

For Sports and Travel Wear

Women's Summertime Suits at $23.50 and $35

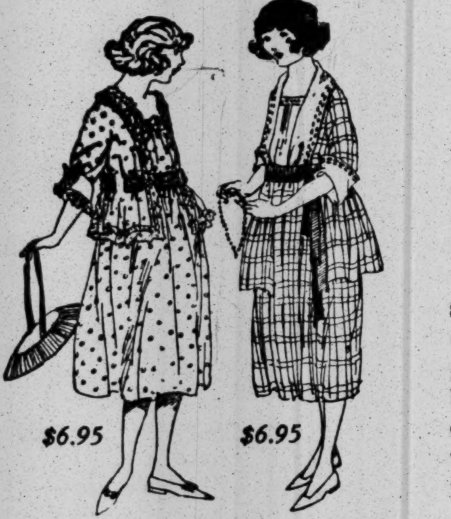
Highly individual Summer Suits, modeled according to the very latest Fashion edicts in Belted, Box Coat and Straight Line effects with smart Tuxedo or notched collars, patch or slashed pockets. Each suit man-tailored throughout, assuring excellent service. Here are the materials, all of excellent quality—

Wool Jersey, Heather Mixtures, Paulette, Tricolette, and Rich Tweeds

in all the wanted shades. *Fourth Floor.*

Voile Frocks for Girls

are ideal for Summer wear. Here is one of unusual charm



at $6.95

A very dainty crepe voile frock with smart tunic skirt. Bodice is trimmed with hand stitchery and organdie, and the wide girdle is of silk ribbon in contrasting color. Splendid value. Sizes 12 to 16 years. *Illustrated.*

Also at $6.95

Cool, Summery Frocks of Dotted Swiss

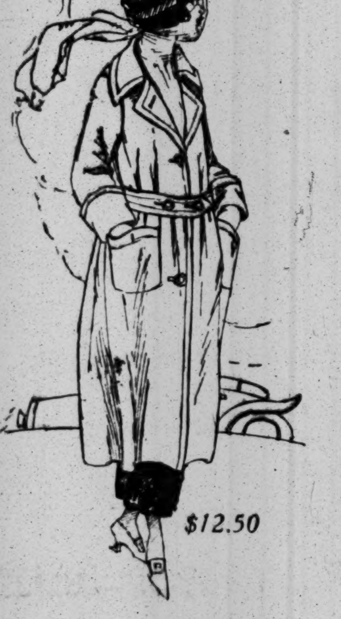
For girls sizes 6 to 14 years. In dainty coatee model edged with fine Val. lace, and finished with wide ribbon sash drawn through loops of self material. *Illustrated.*

Girls' Graduation Frocks

are shown in extensive variety on the Second Floor

At $13.75 to $18.75

Nowhere is the selection more varied, nor the values so unusual. Fashioned of White Georgette Crepe, Chiffon and Organdie, featuring many novel ideas in embellishments. Sizes 10 to 16.



Inexpensive and Delightfully Individual

Women's Palm Beach Motor Coats at $12.50

Cut in the latest belted motor model—suitable for both street wear and touring—fashioned of genuine Palm Beach Cloth in a rich Tan shade. Nothing like it in town at the price!

Sixth Floor.

Greatly Reduced

All our broken selections of

Women's Smart Capes and Wraps

After a very busy season we find in our stocks a number of broken lots of fine Capes and Wraps. We have decided to close them out today at these very liberal reductions:

Capes formerly	$22.50 and $29.50	now	**$15.75**
Capes formerly	$45.00 to $59.50	now	**$29.50**
Capes formerly	$49.50 to $69.50	now	**$35.00**
Capes formerly	$59.50 to $75.00	now	**$39.50**

None can be sent C. O. D., exchanged or on approval

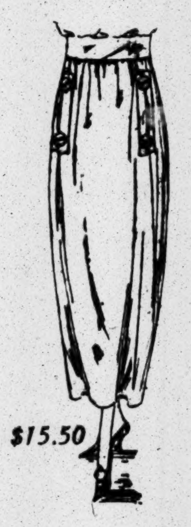
For Seashore and the Links

Women's Sports Coats at $16.75

Light of weight, and just warm enough to ward off the chill of early morning or night. Fashioned of Wool Jersey, trimmed with Brushed Wool or self material. They come in

Beige, Kangaroo, Alpine Blue, Pekin, Taupe, Rose, Navy Blue, Black, Purple, Green. *Fourth Floor.*

Of Unusual Charm—



Women's Fine Silk Skirts at $15.50

The most distinctive Summer Skirts introduced, displaying a wealth of new and highly interesting style treatments in pockets, shirring, and belts. Beautifully developed in

Baronette Satin, Fan-ta-si, Novelty Silks, Wash Satin, and Crepe de Chine.

in all the new light shades and colorings. Sizes 25 to 36 inch waistbands.

Inexpensive, Yet Highly Serviceable

Women's Cool, Summertime Skirts at $3.95 and $5

These smart skirts are in a variety of very charming styles, suitable for almost every type of figure, fashioned of Cotton Gabardine, Cotton Tricotine, French Cords, and Honeycomb Cloth. *Fourth Floor.*

A Fine Wavy Switch

Aids wonderfully in the perfecting of the new Summer coiffure arrangement. We offer today a splendid selection of switches, mounted on three short stems.

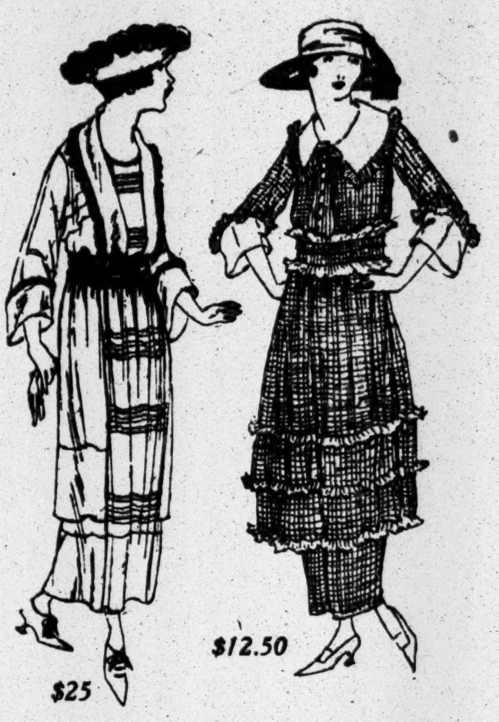
At $4.45, $7.45 and $11.95

Third Floor.

None Newer!

Women's Georgette Crepe Frocks at $25

as pictured



The smartest of all Summer Frocks, beautifully developed in fine quality Georgette Crepe with narrow fringe trimming on waist. Lined throughout with Japanese Silk, and may be had in **Black, Navy Blue, Flesh, White and Taupe. Sizes 34 to 44.**

Dainty Organdie Frocks for Women at $12.50

Pictured. Light, cool checked organdie frocks, made with three tucks in skirt, finished with fluted White Organdie. Collar and cuffs are also of White Organdie. To be had in Copenhagen Blue, Navy Blue, Pink and Tan.

The Most Complete Assortments in the city of

Women's Warm Weather Frocks

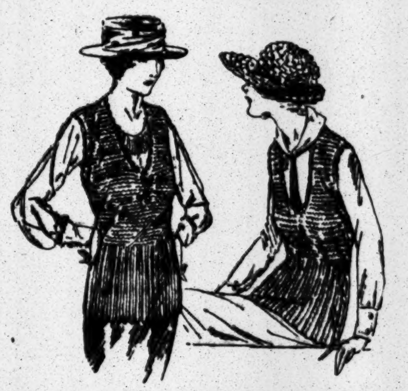
Will be found on our Fourth Floor, exquisitely fashioned of Silk, Lace, Net, Georgette Crepe, and Tricolette, and inexpensive cotton materials for general wear.

All at Very Modest Prices

Fourth Floor.

An Important Sale Today

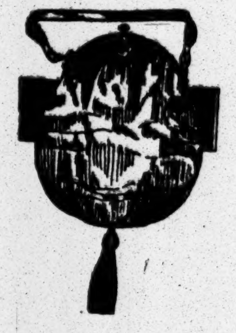
Women's Shetland Wool Sweaters at $1.95



The ideal sweater for boating, camping, and all outdoors, in smart slip-on effects, knit in Shetland Wool. Such values are so exceptional early selection is advised. The colors are

Rose, Turquoise, Salmon, French Blue, Tan, Peacock Blue, and Nile Green

Third Floor.



Today!

A Sale of

Moire Silk BAGS at $2.95

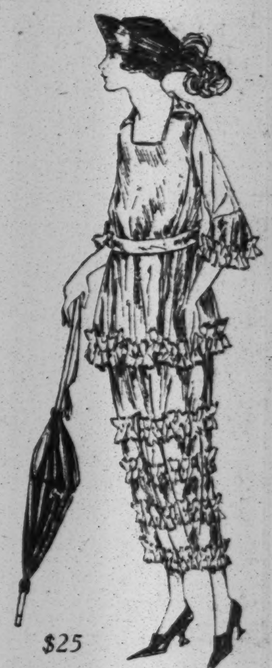
¶ Exceptional values. Fine Moire Silk Bags in one of the most successful Summer models, with Liberty Silver frame.

¶ Fitted with centre compartment and mirror, and may be had in Navy Blue or Black. *Illustrated.*

Main Floor.

Unequalled!

Misses' Summertime Silk Frocks at $25



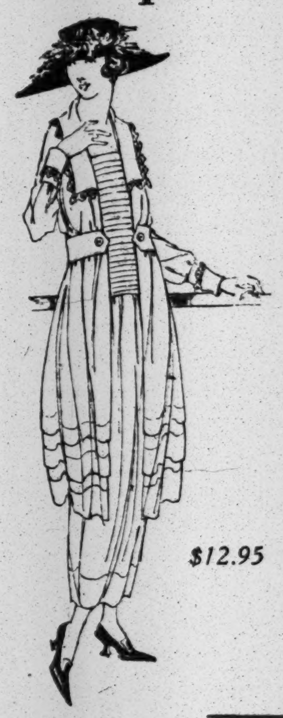
Cool, delightfully styled frocks of Chiffon Taffeta combined with Georgette Crepe, *as pictured*, together with a host of youthful frocks in Crepe de Chine, Imported Cotton Georgette, Crisp Organdie and Nets.

A better aggregation of really distinctive Summer Frocks has yet to be assembled.

Sizes 14 to 18 years.

Imported Voile Frocks

as pictured



Special at $12.95

Cleverly styled frocks of Imported Voile in the new coat-tunic effect, with tucked Gilet, white collar and cuffs edged with Cluny lace.

Also a large collection of very youthful models in Scotch Ginghams, Plain and Figured Voiles, Sheer Organdie, Grass Linen and Net.

At $8.95, $9.95
$15.00, $18.50

Marked for Prompt Disposal

Misses' Suits, Capes and Wraps

consisting of broken assortments of our most successful models.

Suits formerly $35.00	Now **$15.00**
Suits formerly $39.50	Now **$25.00**
Suits formerly $45.00	Now **$35.00**
Suits formerly $49.50	Now **$35.00**
Sports Coats and Capes formerly $29.50 to $35	Now **$19.50**
Capes formerly $39.50	Now **$35.00**
Capes formerly $49.50	Now **$35.00**

Second Floor.

SUMMER FURS

are now an accepted fashion. The new styles are simply wonderful in their clever arrangements, showing the skill of leading coutouriers at its best. Here are three values in distinctive scarfs

of exceptional interest to-day:

Selected Fox Scarfs	Special **48.50**
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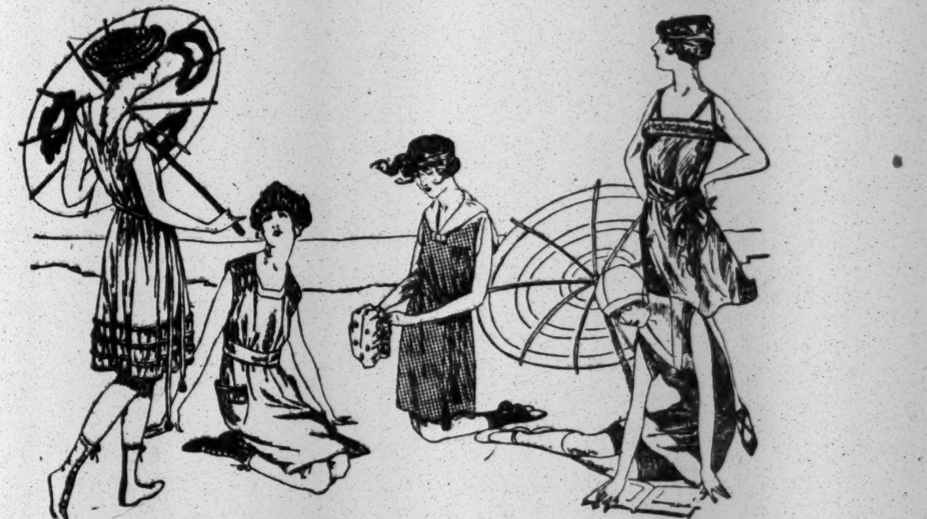
Kitt Fox Scarfs	Special **19.50**

In the wanted Taupe and Brown shades.

Sixth Floor.



Women's Bathing and Beach Suits

in an important Sale Today

At Very Special Prices

At $4.95—All Worsted Slip-on or one-piece Swimming Suits, with colored borders. Also a splendid selection of models in lustrous Surf Satin and Silk Poplin, in Black with colored piping. Sizes 34 to 46.

At $5.95—Fine All Worsted one-piece Bathing Suits with tights attached, in solid colors with cluster stripe trimming. Also smart slip-on and waist-line models in Satin, Silk Poplin, Surf Satin, and Mohair. Sizes 34 to 46.

At $6.95—Exclusive Beach and Swimming Suits, in Taffeta, Silk Poplin, lustrous Surf Satin, and All Worsted, in Black and colors with striped trimming.

Fourth Floor.

TO LET BANKS AID IN FOREIGN CREDITS

Federal Reserve Board Will Ask Congress to Pass New Legislation.

WOULD PROVIDE $100,000,000

Investment of 5 Per Cent. of National Banks' Capital and Surplus Proposed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The steps which will be necessary to meet the immediate demands for the extension of long term credits to European countries which are in great need of financial aid from the United States for the work of reconstruction, were discussed today by the Federal Reserve Board with leading bankers of the country, and it was decided to recommend to Congress the passage of legislation which would make it possible for national banks, until Jan. 1, 1921, to invest not more than 5 per cent. of their capital and surplus in this manner.

American financiers have been urging for some time the necessity for action on the part of the Government which would permit the extension of a helping hand to Europe, and this point was emphasized by Henry P. Davison, Frank A. Vanderlip, and others when they were here a few days ago to testify in connection with the receipt in this country of copies of the treaty of peace text.

By the adoption of the legislation which will be recommended, national banks of the country would be able to devote about $100,000,000 to this purpose if they so desired. On March 4 there were 7,061 national banks, and their capital and surplus aggregated $1,960,938,000. Since that time the capital and surplus of the national banks has gone over the $2,000,000,000 mark.

In connection with today's conference the Federal Reserve Board made this announcement:

"The Federal Reserve Board had today a conference with the Executive Committee of the Federal Advisory Council, (James B. Forgan of Chicago, L. L. Rue of Philadelphia, Daniel G. Wing of Boston, and W. S. Rowe of Cincinnati,) to consider problems relating to the financing of the foreign trade of the United States.

"There was discussion as to what unusual features attached to this trade and the bearing thereof upon the American banking situation. The board and the committee of the council were in entire accord that the matter of providing long-term advances for Europe presented an investment rather than a banking problem and that the necessary help must therefore come from the investment market.

"It was, however, the opinion of the conference that as a step toward supporting plans for the financing of our foreign trade it would be well to add a new paragraph to Section 25 of the Federal Reserve act so as to permit national banks until Jan. 1, 1921, without regard to the amount of their capital and surplus, to invest not exceeding in the aggregate 5 per centum of their capital and surplus in the stock of one or more corporations principally engaged in such phases of international or foreign financial operations as may be necessary to facilitate the export of goods from the United States."

The Board voted to recommend this legislation to Congress.

To Ask for Legislation Today.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Legislation to permit all national banks to become stockholders of corporations engaged in promoting foreign trade will be recommended to Congress tomorrow by the Federal Reserve Board.

It was the opinion of a conference of the board held today that as a step toward supporting plans for the financing of the nation's foreign trade it was advisable to make it possible for national banks to participate in the formation of trade groups, such as that now in process of organization by the cotton interests, so that Europe might buy raw materials immediately on collateral of adequate security.

Aside from the actual capital put into such enterprises by the banks, it is felt that the general public will be encouraged by the banks' participation to take stock also, which will be an indirect stimulation of the continued saving believed necessary to provide new capital.

At present, national banks are limited by law in their ownership of stock in other enterprises. A bank must have $1,000,000 in capital and surplus in order to apply to the board for stock in a corporation engaged in international or foreign banking, and may not invest more than 10 per cent. of its capital and surplus.

The amendment to Section 25 of the act to be sent to Congress tomorrow would permit any national bank "until Jan. 1, 1921, without regard to the amount of its capital and surplus, to invest an amount not exceeding in the aggregate 5 per cent. of its paid-in capital and surplus in the stock of one or more corporations chartered or incorporated under the laws of the United States or of any State thereof and regardless of its location, principally engaged in such phases of international or foreign financial operations as may be necessary to facilitate the export of goods, wares, or merchandise from the United States to any foreign country, provided, however, that in no event shall the total investments authorized by this section by any one national bank exceed 10 per centum of its capital and surplus."

The time limitation of the amendment was said not to contemplate that any bank should give up stock purchases by it, but merely to emphasize that the emergency was one of war reconstruction, as only a few of the very large banks under the existing law own stock in corporations doing foreign banking.

BOND RECEIVER IS PAROLED.

J. J. Cunney Placed in Custody of Priest and Escapes Prison Term.

John J. Cunney, 19 years old, a clerk, of 752 Westchester Avenue, the Bronx, was paroled in the Bronx County Court in the custody of Father Louis, of St. Anselm's Catholic Church, yesterday, having pleaded guilty to a charge of criminally receiving $42,750 in Liberty bonds. Cunney was sentenced by County Judge Louis D. Gibbs to the penitentiary, but execution of the sentence was suspended and he will be required to report to the priest once a week for two years and six months.

On Dec. 30 last $135,000 in Liberty bonds was stolen from McClure, Jones & Reed, of 115 Broadway, by Cornelius Creighan of 69 Eagle Avenue, the Bronx. Creighan communicated with a chorus girl in Philadelphia and in that way was apprehended by Detective Grover C. Brown. He gave a large amount of the bonds to his brother, Lester, and also gave to Cunney a large block of the bonds.

VANDERLIP QUIT BANK TO GET TIME TO THINK

Says Men of Large Affairs as a Rule Are Too Busy to Study World Problems.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 20.—Frank A. Vanderlip, former President of the National City Bank, said today that the reason he resigned the presidency of the National City Bank was because he "wanted time to think."

"We are in the most interesting time in history," said Mr. Vanderlip. "Men of large affairs are, as a rule, too busy looking after dollars to pay due attention to the great problems now before the world.

"If Europe is to come back to normal conditions within the next few years she must have credit extended to her. There are only three ways in which European countries can make the necessary return on credits: by payments in gold, (and we do not want any more of that because we have enough inflation now,) by sending us goods, and by secured pledges on their resources. Look at our trade balance for the past eleven months. Despite the fact that we have been buying heavily of Europe we have sold $3,500,000,000 worth of goods more than we have bought in Europe.

"Any nation that can send machinery or the raw material or foods needed should do so and let the credits be arranged on some satisfactory basis. The farmers individually cannot afford to send grain on credit. It must be done through arrangements with the banks, the Government or some other means to be settled promptly.

"It might be well to have a large corporation to serve as an intermediary betwen the European borrowers and the American bankers and investors. We must not expect our banks to take care of the loans, which will of necessity amount to vast sums, because it would be unwise to further tie up their resources in this manner. It is the American investors who must furnish the money for credits.

"Getting the people back to work will take care of the anarchist situation in large measure, and if this is done then we shall have in America the greatest era of prosperity that ever was known."

WANTS NEW TRIAL METHOD.

Dr. MacDonald Would Bar Jury Decisions on Sanity.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 20.—Questions as to the sanity of a prisoner should not be determined by a jury, nor should such evidence be introduced during a court trial.

These were among the changes advocated by Dr. Carlos F. MacDonald, the New York alienist and neurologist, in an address today to the American Medico-Psychological Association.

He suggested that a jury be asked merely to pass upon the facts and determine if the defendant did or did not commit the crime charged. If a verdict of guilty was rendered a board of qualified alienists should then determine the "sanity" aspect of the case and report their findings to the court, which would then be in a position to determine what sentence should be imposed.

"The Harry K. Thaw case could have been disposed of in a few hours if this method had been followed," he said.

He urged that lawyers be forbidden to inform the jury as to the punishments which might be meted out to prisoners if found guilty.

WAR-RISK PAYMENT QUERY.

Senate Asks About Reported Lump-Sum Plan.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Information as to a reported Treasury Department plan to authorize lump sum payments to war risk insurance beneficiaries, in place of the present monthly payments, was asked of Secretary Glass today in a Senate resolution adopted without opposition.

The measure was introduced by Senator Robinson, Democrat, Arkansas, after several Senators had protested against the proposal as contrary to the intention of Congress when the war risk law was enacted.

Senator Smoot, Republican, of Utah, declared committee hearings when the bill was framed had established that only 8 per cent. of insurance beneficiaries are able to take care of insurance money for any length of time.

ASK ACTION ON CANAL TOLLS

Zone Officials Urge Congress to Pass Proposed Legislation.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Efforts to get early enactment of legislation changing the system of levying Panama Canal tolls were renewed today in communications sent to Congress by Secretary Baker, Governor Harding of the Canal Zone, and Captain Sargent, marine superintendent at the canal. Proposed legislation failing in the last Congress was recommended on the ground that under it tolls would be based on tonnage "so measured as to express actual earning capacity."

Pacific Coast lumber interests, which opposed the previous legislation, may be expected to renew their fight, Captain Sargent said.

AMERICAN SHIP IN DISTRESS

The West Point, with Engines Disabled Off Halifax, Calls for Help.

HALIFAX, N. S., June 20.—A wireless call for assistance was received here today from the United States steamship West Point, which sailed from Baltimore on June 12 for Rotterdam carrying food products. The radiogram, picked up by the Marine and Fisheries Agency, said the ship's engines were disabled and asked that American coast guard cutters be sent to help her.

The West Point gave her position as 39.26 north latitude and 53.01 west longitude.

There is no American cutter at Halifax and the appeal was sent forward to the United States authorities.

The West Point is a United States Shipping Board vessel of 5,766 tons gross, built at Seattle in 1918.

IDAHO JOINS PACIFIC FLEET.

Transferred Ships to Mobilize in July and Sail in August.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Vessels of the present Atlantic fleet which are to be assigned to the new Pacific fleet will mobilize at an Atlantic port late in July and will probably leave for the west coast via the Panama Canal in early August. In making this announcement the Navy Department said that Secretary Daniels would be a passenger on one of the battleships unless some unforeseen circumstance made this plan impracticable.

One of the ships of the new Pacific fleet will be the superdreadnought Idaho, the newest battleship of the navy. She will take President-elect Pessoa home to Brazil and will then proceed directly to the west coast.

4,000,000 in German Unions.

Since the signing of the armistice on Nov. 11 the membership of the Free German Trade Unions has almost tripled and now totals more than 4,000,000, according to data found in the Münchener Post of May 13. The leading organization, the Metal Workers' Union, boasts a membership of more than 1,000,000, having gained 475,000 members in the last six months. When the war broke out the membership of the Free German Trade Unions was about 2,500,000, while some 500,000 other workers were organized in the Catholic Trade Unions and the Hirsch-Dunker (employers') socie-

RICHMOND ASSAILS HIS FORMER CHURCH

Sees "Uncovered Snobbish Tendencies" Among Episcopalians in This Country.

ALSO ATTACKS THE POPE

Former Philadelphia Rector, Now a Baptist, Criticises "Parading of Wealth" on Fifth Avenue.

The Rev. George Chalmers Richmond, who renounced the Episcopal Church on Dec. 25, 1918, after a stormy career, during which he frequently differed with the authorities of the church, described his feelings toward that church and toward the Roman Catholic Church in an address yesterday morning before the Baptist Ministers' Council of New York City.

Dr. Richmond was received into the Baptist Church three weeks ago, and his Episcopal ordination was accepted as qualifying him to preach in that Church, in which he intends to accept a pastorate. Dr. Richmond's address was applauded and, by resolution, will be printed by the council.

Dr. Richmond expressed himself freely on some of the topics which brought him into collision with the authorities of his former church, and in addition gave some impression of modern society, asserting that the parading of wealth in this city, especially on Fifth Avenue, was a direct incitation to Bolshevism, which he held to be less evil than the things which, in his opinion, produced it. At the end of his sermon Dr. Richmond said that one of his hearers had predicted that he would end by quitting church institutions altogether and forming an independent organization, after the recent example of Dr. John Haynes Holmes.

"The basic fact," he said yesterday, "is that the churches, both Catholic and Protestant, are to be recognized as institutions existing not for public service, but for private propaganda. In other words, these churches stand today in the religious fields as ends in themselves and not as means to the great end of establishing the Kingdom of God upon the earth."

Dr. Richmond said that in 1916 and 1917 he had contemplated joining the Roman Catholic Church, but decided against this, mainly because of his opinion that it lacked democracy, but he added to his objections yesterday an attack on the position of the Pope throughout the war.

Criticises the Papacy.

"I desire to say here," he said, "that the attitude of the Papacy during the recent war was totally contrary to the teachings of the spirit of Christianity. It was diplomacy of a pretty poor and outworn stripe which caused Benedict to refrain from an out-and-out condemnation of Germany and the Prussian position. That has always been the weak feature of the Papacy, its diplomatic character. Instead of issuing forth with prophetic boldness and moral leadership, which gave the prophets their claim to the Apostolic spirit, it has sought to follow cautious and diplomatic counsels. Away with your diplomacy, Benedict! The world is in search of a prophet, not of diplomatists."

Proceeding to the attack on the church which he left, Dr. Richmond continued:

"The Episcopalian Church in the United States is the daughter in more ways than one of the Church of England. The Episcopalian Church is the church of a class, and no class church can ever expect to flourish spiritually or to win to its doors the souls of the plain people. I know from my Episcopalian experiences in New York and for the last twelve years in Philadelphia that those poor people who seem to love to boast of their connection with the Episcopal Church are for the most part people who have uncovered snobbish tendencies, or a desire to get on in some Wall Street offices or to exist on the fringe of our so-called 'Society of 400,' which I suppose in reality is a myth today."

Asserting that he had found a lack of broadmindedness and democracy in the Episcopal Church, Dr. Richmond said:

Assails Episcopal Church.

"Bishop Rhinelander in deposing me, as he was compelled to do by the unchristian and inhuman canons which govern that so-called Church of God, the Episcopalian, refused to admit that the Baptist Church is a Church. He refused to put on paper in my deposition the words 'Baptist Church' but refers to it as the Baptist communion. He regards it as a sect. And it is his Church which now has the audaciousness to advocate Church unity.

"Think of such an ecclesiastic making overtures, as he is doing at the present time, to the New England Congregationalists, and urging their ministers to seek Episcopalian ordination. But the worst feature of this is that he can find quite a few ministers of Puritan following who are willing to follow with these representatives of a system which is seeking to turn the world upside down in the interests of the Anglican Church."

Speaking of his own difficulties in Philadelphia, Dr. Richmond said that his work for social betterment had caused the men who controlled the church to single him out as a disturber.

"I became a marked man," he continued. "I had dared to take an interest in industrial affairs, and this in Philadelphia is contrary to the moral code of those old fogies, who in a large degree control rents, prices, car fares, pew rents, and standing in society."

AWARDS SOLDIER $60,000.

Harry Bauman Gets Verdict After Previous Award Had Been Set Aside

In the suit of Harry Bauman, a soldier, who sued the Norfolk & Western Railroad Company because both his legs were cut off while he was on guard in the railroad yards at Lynchburg, Va., during the early days of the war, and got a verdict for $75,000, which was reduced to $35,000 by the Trial Justice, and which was set aside by the Appellate Division because no negligence by the railroad was shown, a jury before Supreme Court Justice McAvoy returned a verdict for $60,000 yesterday at the second trial.

Justice McAvoy reserved decision on the application by the counsel for the railroad company to set aside the $60,000 verdict on the ground of the Appellate Division ruling.

ACCIDENTS PASS WAR TOLL.

226,000 Americans Killed at Home to 56,000 Killed in France.

DULUTH, Minn., June 20.—At the conference of Michigan, Wisconsin, and Minnesota mining engineers, general superintendents, inspectors and safety engineers last night, F. E. Morris, Chief Secretary, National Safety Council, Chicago, said that during the nineteen months the United States was in the war 56,000 American soldiers were killed in Europe, while during the same period 226,000 men, women and children were accidentally killed in the United States.

His investigation as to why women get off street cars backwards and suffer accidents led to the discovery that out of 17 women, 12 alight facing the rear. "The reason," he said, "is that a woman's right arm is usually the stronger and she uses it in alighting. With a man both arms are developed."

TAFT INSISTS LABOR MUST BE RECOGNIZED

Advocates Collective Bargaining as a Barrier Against Bolshevism.

CHICAGO, June 20.—"I wish to insist upon the high importance of interposing no obstacles to the organisation of labor, which must organize to be on an equality with employers," said William Howard Taft in an address today before the National Hardwood Association.

"I do not fear Bolshevism in this country," he continued. "I do not mean that in congested centres foreigners and agitators will not have influence. But the Bolshevists do not understand that Americans as a whole have a deep love for America. It is a vital love that the sensational appeals of Bolshevist agitators cannot weaken.

"But it is essential that we have forces that can organize against Bolshevism, in favor of an effective League of Nations, so that we may have a power where it can do good in protecting the world and society against retrogression.

"The great body of our workingmen are utterly opposed to Bolshevism and we should conduct ourselves in such a way as to retain them and keep them out of the hands of the extremists by the square deal. This means a system of collective bargaining and recognition of trades unions; not necessarily a contract with them, but a recognition of their value and an encouragement to assume responsibility as American citizens prompted by a love of society and a love of the Government that has done and this is one of the great arguments so much for all of them."

NEW YORK SOLDIER CITED.

Private Kackreycki Wins D. S. C. for Gallantry Near Jaulny.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The War Department today gave out a list of citations for the Distinguished Service Cross, which contains the following names:

First Lieut. PAUL LEPLUS, 89th French Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Gesnes, on Oct. 4. Realizing the necessity and importance of the tanks in the attack on the Bois de la Morine, he volunteered and led the tanks over unfamiliar and difficult terrain. He continually exposed himself to the terrific fire of the enemy in their attempt to destroy the tanks, but carried his mission to a successful conclusion. Home address: Mrs. Paul Leplus, 10 Ave. De La Republique, Paris, France.

Lieut. EUGENE ETIENNE, 350th Tank Company French Army. For extraordinary heroism in action near Gesnes, on Oct. 4 and 5. He personally located a point at which the tanks could cross the stream and then remained at this point under the heavy enemy artillery and machine-gun fire until all the tanks had struggled across. He then led the section in a successful attack on the Bois de la Morine, where the tanks destroyed the enemy machine-gun nests and allowed the American infantry to reach the objective.

Pvt. BRONISLAW KACKREYCKI, Med. Det., 9th Inf. For extraordinary heroism in action near Jaulny, on Sept. 12. Pvt. Kackreycki, with three other soldiers, volunteered to carry wounded men of their companies from in front of our advanced positions and carried this work on under violent machine-gun fire while a counter-attack was developing. Home address: Mrs. Rose Leveson, (mother) 500 East 136th Street, New York City.

Other awards are:

First Lieut. Donald S. Mackay, 168th Inf., St. Albans, Vt.; Second Lieut. James Cross, 108th Inf., Helmwood, Tenn.; Second Lieut. William H. Eckel, (deceased) 117th Inf., Knoxville, Tenn.; Second Lieut. Richard B. Rockwood, (deceased) 310th Inf., Wurtsboro, N. Y.; Sergt. Lotus N. Mobley, (deceased) Co. L, 102d Inf., West Cedar Rapids, Iowa; Sergt. Charlie E. Lemmon, Co. M, 16th Inf., Augusta, Ga.; Sergt. William J. Ingodd, Co. H, 26th Inf., Altoona, Pa.; Sergt. Edward J. McNerney, Co. K, 104th Inf., Lowell, Mass.; Corp. Berte L. Kinkade, Co. D, 28th Inf., St. Joseph, Mo.; Corp. William B. Aylward, Co. A, 102d Inf., Waterbury, Conn.; Corp. Archie J. Finley, Co. K, 125th Inf., Winter, Mich.; Pvt. First Class Claude A. Corani, Machine Gun Co., 117th Inf., Knoxville, Tenn.; Pvt. First Class Basil F. Duncan, Machine Gun Co., 117th Inf., Jonesboro, Tenn.; Pvt. William S. Yockey, Co. E, 16th Inf., Newark, Ohio; and Pvt. George M. Thompson, Second Battl. Hdqts., 107th Field Artillery, Springdale, Penn.

ZIMBALIST PAYS AUTO FINE.

Violinist Faces Charge of Speed Violation with Raymond Belmont.

Thirty-four speeders, many of them prominent, were arraigned yesterday before Magistrate Frederick B. House in the Traffic Court.

"I am sorry you did not come here Tuesday, when we had 519 cases—there would have been a larger audience," commented Magistrate House as Efrem Zimbalist, the violinist, 30 years old, of 315 West 100th Street, pleaded guilty to operating his automobile at twenty-seven miles an hour on Seventh Avenue, from 123d to 117th Street, on complaint of Motorcycle Policeman Winfield H. Merritt. The violinist stated he was returning from Fisher Island when he was caught. He paid the $25 fine the court imposed.

Raymond Belmont, 30 years old, who gave 43 Exchange Place as his address, was summoned for operating an automobile at twenty-six miles an hour on Park Avenue, from Seventy-second to Sixty-ninth Street, on complaint of Motorcycle Patrolman John J. Gerhardt. An adjournment till June 27, at the request of the defendant, was granted. Charles C. Ross, 32 years old, an artist of 116 Central Park South, was convicted of speeding as a second offender on the complaint of Motorcycle Patrolman Winfield H. Merritt. Ross was charged with operating his automobile at a speed of twenty-seven miles on Fifth Avenue, and had previously been fined $75 on Sept. 13, 1918, by Magistrate Cobb for traveling at a thirty-five-mile rate of speed on the same avenue. This time he was fined $100, which he paid, adding that he would appeal the case. Tony Villano, 22 years old, a taxi chauffeur of 20 Sherman Street, Long Island City, who had previously pleaded guilty to operating a taxicab owned by the Black and White Taxicab Company on Broadway at thirty miles an hour, urged the Magistrate to send him to the City Prison for only two days because of his eight months' service in France. He was given a fifteen-day sentence in the Workhouse. An investigation by Probation Officer William McElroy, it is said, disclosed that he had never been in France, but had been but five months in the army at Camp Gordon, Atlanta, Ga. Magistrate House, the record disclosed, had dealt with him twice before in regard to speed charges.

RUSSIANS BUY ARMY STOCK.

Secretary Baker Signs Contract with Co-operative Societies.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Secretary Baker today signed contracts with representatives of the Russian Co-operative Societies covering the sale of $15,000,000 worth of surplus army clothing and textiles to the societies.

The organization is composed of a number of co-operative unions of heads of families, representing, according to the delegation which saw Mr. Baker today, 20,000,000 members.

In greeting the delegation Mr. Baker spoke of the sincere desire of the people of the United States to be of any possible assistance to the people of Russia, and explained the hope that when Russia had re-established its government the "ancient bond of friendship between the two nations would be found strengthened."

Church Notices on Page Twenty.

SAYS VILLA WON'T MAKE REPRISALS

Courier from His Camp Asserts American Rights Will Be Respected.

NOTE FROM GEN. ANGELES

He Asks Gen. Erwin to Explain Why United States Troops Crossed the Border.

EL PASO, Texas, June 20.—Villa will make no reprisals upon American property and lives in Mexico because American troops drove his men back from the border Sunday night, a courier from Villa's camp near Villa Ahumada, who arrived here last night on an important mission, asserted.

He also had a communication from General Felipe Angeles for Brig. Gen. James B. Erwin, district commander. The communication asked why American troops crossed to the Mexican side Sunday night. The communication was received by General Erwin, acted upon and referred to Maj. Gen. De Rosey C. Cabell, Southern Department commander.

General Erwin sent back word to Angeles that General Erwin would have nothing to do with the Villa chieftain.

"There is but one Government in Mexico recognized by the United States of America and it appears that you or your principal are in no way connected with, or claim to be connected with that Government which is recognized by the United States of America." General Erwin's reply read.

"I therefore decline to have any communication whatsoever with you or your principal on any subject related in any way to those Governments."

The courier said Villa was afraid Carranza soldiers would fire into El Paso to force American troops to cross, and it was for this reason that he remained outside of Juarez three days, hoping that the Federals would come out and give battle in the open.

The courier said the first Villa knew of the American expedition was when he heard bursts of shrapnel, whereupon he ordered his men to evacuate the town and leave for the foothills at once. Villa was more than a mile from town at the time and started immediately for his base near Samalayuca. It is not reasonable, according to the courier, to believe Villa's men would snipe across the border into El Paso when Villa hesitated to attack Juarez for fear bullets would fall in El Paso and bring about complications.

The courier said Villa did not command in the first night's fighting, but led his men in person Sunday evening and directed the fighting in the streets and around the Custom House. Villa had 2,400 men in his entire command, but only 1,600 took part in the attack, he said.

The Villa officer confirmed the death of Manuel Castro and Alberto Jiminez, two Villa Generals, who were killed during the fighting in Juarez. He said seventy Villa men were killed and 110 wounded.

The situation on the border appeared more quiet today than for some time. Five hundred Mexican Federal troops who started yesterday to protect the American Mormon colonies near Tasas Grandes, today were well on their way in that direction. On the American side of the border military dispositions remained much as they were yesterday. Scattering bands of Villa's men were reported from various points, but little importance is attached to their appearance, as they are thought to be stragglers.

With a force of airplanes here it was expected scouting flights would be undertaken on a considerable scale today, the first flight yesterday by Major Edgar Tobin having located a small number of men supposed to be Villa adherents.

26,450 TO BE ENLISTED FOR MEXICAN BORDER

Will Replace Men Who Entered the Army Only for the War Against Germany.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Secretary Baker today announced that he had issued instructions for the authorization of the enlistment of 26,450 men for special assignment to organization now on duty on the Mexican border. The purpose of this, it was explained, was to release for discharge men who enlisted only for the period of the emergency of the war against Germany.

At the same time these enlistments will enable the army to maintain at full strength its units along the border or within striking distance of the border. Men will be enlisted for the following arms and corps not to exceed the numbers indicated:

Infantry, white, 6,000; infantry, colored, 2,000; cavalry, white, 10,000; field artillery, 2,000; engineers, 800; medical corps, 1,200; ordnance, 150; signal corps, 300; air service, 500, and Quartermaster Corps, 1,500.

NO MANDATE FOR MEXICO.

Polk Calls the Prediction of British Control Absurd.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Frank L. Polk, Acting Secretary of State, today characterized the published story of a possible British mandate over Mexico as absurd and mischievous. He said that such a suggestion had never been made except in several newspapers, and that no such mandate had ever been contemplated. Mr. Polk said that under the provision of the covenant of the League of Nations there was no provision for mandates except for German colonies and for parts of the Turkish empire.

From this it would appear that there could also be no foundation for the stories printed some time ago to the effect that the United States Government might be asked to take a mandate for Mexico from the League of Nations.

6,000 CHINESE ARRESTED.

Fuchow Authorities Act to End Anti-Japanese Outbreak.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Arrest of 6,000 Chinese students at Fuchow by Chinese and Japanese military authorities was said in official circles here today to have resulted from the anti-Japanese boycott growing out of the decision of the Peace Conference on the Shantung question.

Fuchow, in Fukien province, opposite Formosa, has been held by the Japanese to be within their sphere of influence, it was said, and when the disorders began they were reported to have been regarded as justification for the landing of Japanese troops.

The Chinese authorities, fearing forcible action by Japan, are said to have been trying to stop the boycott, which has been largely fomented by Chinese students.

TO EXTEND TARIFF HEARING.

Chairman Fordney Says Statistics Are Now Being Assembled.

WASHINGTON, June 31.—Hearings looking toward a general revision of the tariff will be started by the House Ways and Means Committee soon after July 4, Chairman Fordney of the committee announced today at the close of hearings on the request of the potash and dye industries for protection.

Statistics and data, Mr. Fordney said, ahe now being assembled and the committee proposes to go extensively and exhaustively into the whole subject with a view to drafting a bill revising the tariff in accordance with the campaign promises of the Republican majority in Congress.

A Ways and Means subcommittee, of which Representative Green, Republican, is Chairman, will begin hearings Monday on the pearl button industry.

PHELAN WOULD BAR JAPANESE ENTIRELY

California Senator Says They Are Making a Silent Conquest of Western Hemisphere.

SEES NEXT WAR ON PACIFIC

Asserts They Have a Foothold in Mexico and Will Unite with Mexico to "Smite" Us.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Cancellation of the so-called gentlemen's agreement with Japan and prohibition of all immigration from that country was urged before the House Immigration Committee by Senator Phelan, Democrat, of California, who declared the Japanese were rapidly making a "silent" conquest of the western hemisphere. America's next war, he said, would be "on the Pacific and not on the Atlantic."

"The Huns of the East have come," Senator Phelan declared. "Already they have spread over California and are stripping the State of its Americanism. They have invaded South America, and have obtained a firm foothold in Mexico, where they are protected and are a part of the Carranza machine. Some day the Mexican and Japanese problem will come to smite us with united force."

Senator Phelan said he had no sympathy with the "percentage" plan of immigration which would permit Japanese to come into this country at the annual rate of from 3 to 5 per cent. of those already here.

"The Japanese are not to be compromised with," he asserted. "They must be eliminated entirely like a swarm of locusts, which they alone equal in economic destructiveness. Not 1 per cent. should be allowed to come; not even a quarter of 1 per cent. Legislation should be enacted to bar them entirely. This might hurt Japan's feelings, but America comes first.

"The sore spot of the world is in the Orient. It is the place which we must watch, zealously and unceasingly."

Senator Phelan urged also legislation to prohibit Japanese from owning or leasing land in this country and to make "picture bride" marriages illegal.

The greatest danger from the Japanese, the Senator said, was caused by their "innate and deep-rooted desire to become land owners."

"The Japanese refuse to work for anyone else when it can be avoided," he declared. "When they acquire a piece of land they work eighteen to twenty hours a day. For that reason Americans are being driven out of the State."

Land owners of California are apathetic, Senator Phelan said, because they are able to obtain from the Japanese far more for their land than they could make by leasing or selling it to Americans or by working it themselves.

"The American laborers are not so fortunate, however," he said. "They are deprived of their means of livelihood. Can you wonder that many have joined the ranks of the Bolsheviki, the I. W. W.'s, and the radicals?"

Labor unions of the west coast are beginning to realize "the seriousness of the question," the Senator added, and to make determined efforts to have all Japanese excluded.

Senator Phelan said he had aided in obtaining the State Department's disapproval to the proposed sale by Mexico of 800,000 acres of land near the American border to a Japanese corporation for colonization purposes.

"But who knows when other and more successful attempts will be made?" he asked. "We must be on our guard continuously."

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BRAZIL'S PRESIDENT IS NATION'S GUEST

Dr. Pessoa and Party Taken from Crippled French Warship at Sea by the Imperator.

SALUTED BY HARBOR FORT

Goes to Washington Today to Meet Vice President Marshall—Will Tour American Cities.

Dr. Epitacio Pessoa, President of Brazil, arrived on American soil yesterday afternoon as the nation's guest, completing an interrupted trip from Europe on the transport Imperator, which brought back more than 9,000 American soldiers. The guns of Fort Wadsworth boomed the Presidential salute of twenty-one guns as the Imperator, flying the Brazilian flag at her mainmast, and escorted by four American destroyers and an army airplane overhead, came slowly through the Narrows.

Officials representing the Government went down the bay on the Manhattan and boarded the steamer to welcome officially the distinguished guest to the United States. Among the officials were Breckinridge Long, Third Assistant Secretary of State; Rear Admiral W. B. Caperton, U. S. N.; Major Gen. Joseph E. Kuhn, Hallett Johnson, Acting Chief of the Division of Latin American Affairs of the Department of State; G. Cornell Tarler, Secretary of Embassy; John Barrett, Director General of the Pan-American Union, and Commander S. S. Baker, U. S. N.

There was a slight delay at Sandy Hook, due to the sailing of the Leviathan, it being deemed inadvisable for the big ships to pass in the channel. That was the second delay experienced by Dr. Pessoa and his party on their trip to the United States. The first was caused by an accident on the French cruiser Jeanne d'Arc at sea, which made it necessary to transfer the President and his party to the Imperator.

Preparations had been made at the Port of Debarkation, Hoboken, to receive the visitors. The upper deck of Pier 4, where the Imperator docks, was decorated throughout with flags of the Allies, the Brazilian emblem being especially conspicuous. A military guard stretched along the length of the pier, and a military band was there to play patriotic airs.

As Dr. Pessoa and the sixteen members of his official party walked down the gangplank to the pier the band played the Brazilian national anthem. Dr. Pessoa halted alongside of Admiral Gleaves, his hat removed, while naval and army officers stood at salute. After the rendition of the anthem Dr. Pessoa smiled and nodded to the members of the band in appreciation of their courtesy, and turned to be greeted by Brig. Gen. Peter W. Davidson, in command of the Port of Debarkation in the absence of Major. Gen. Shanks, who is abroad.

Caught in Downpour.

Then Dr. Pessoa, accompanied by Senhora Pessoa and their daughter, Senhorita Laurita, and followed by Senhora Pessoa de Quieroz, his secretary, Captain Armado Burlamaqui of the Brazilian Navy, his naval aid, and Mme. Burlamaqui; Lauro Muller, Jr., Secretary of Legation, and Mme. Muller; Senhora Mauricio Nabuco of the Brazilian Foreign Office; Senhora Gustavo Barroso, Attache, and Mme. Barroso, and Senhora Eugenio Preta, Attache, and Senhora Preta, walked briskly toward the shore end of the pier, where automobiles were awaiting them. Despite the threatening clouds, a large crowd had gathered at the entrance to the piers, and cheered Dr. Pessoa when he and his party appeared.

No sooner had the guests entered the closed automobiles than the downpour of rain began. Many of the greeting officials were unable to reach shelter and were drenched. After a delay of ten minutes, the Presidential party proceeded to New York by way of the Twenty-third Street ferry.

Officers of the Port of Debarkation, acting, they said, under instructions from General Davidson, refused to allow any one but the official welcoming party to approach the visitors at the pier. Naval officers on the Imperator said Dr. Pessoa expressed deep appreciation of the welcome he received as the steamer came up the bay. They said Dr. Pessoa was greatly interested in the skyline of lower Manhattan. "This is indeed the happiest moment of my life," he was quoted as saying.

The party was met at the Twenty-third Street Ferry by a mounted police escort which led the way up Fifth Avenue, through the heavy downpour, to the Waldorf-Astoria, where the party stayed until this morning. The Presidential suite, on the fourth floor facing Fifth Avenue, was in readiness for Dr. Pessoa. He retired to his rooms and denied himself to newspaper men who sought an interview. It was explained by a member of his party that Dr. Pessoa did not feel disposed to talk for publication until after he had paid his official respects to Vice President Marshall in Washington this afternoon.

Last night Dr. Passoa and several members of his party dined on the Brazilian warship Sao Paolo at the Brooklyn Navy Yard. Fifty American army and navy officers were among those who attended the dinner, which was given by the officers of the ship.

The President arrived at the navy yard shortly before 8 o'clock and received the honors due him from the navy. He was met at the gangplank of the Sao Paolo by Captain Arthur Thompson, the commander, who escorted him aboard, while the crew stood at attention.

Dr. Pessoa and his party will leave this morning for Washington, where he will remain for several days as the guest of the nation. He will return to New York later and will start from here on a tour of the country which will take him to many of the larger cities.

Transferred at Sea.

The transfer of Dr. Pessoa and his official family from the Jeanne d'Arc to the Imperator in the early hours of June 17 was quite dramatic, according to Captain Casey Morgan, commander of the Imperator. He said that on the afternoon of the preceding day he intercepted a message sent by the Jeanne d'Arc to the Roanoke saying that she had been crippled as a result of leaking condensers and faulty boilers. As the senior navy officer of the vessels in the vicinity, Captain Morgan said he sent wireless messages to ten vessels within a radius of several hundred miles, asking them if they had suitable accommodations for the distinguished guests.

"None of them did, and I was faced with a problem," Captain Morgan said. "I was 200 miles to the westward of the Jeanne d'Arc and had only taken on coal at Brest sufficient to allow for only a two-day margin. I immediately ordered a survey of the bunkers and found we had a margin of 700 miles. I figured it would require at least 500 tons to go to the French cruiser. I decided that since the Imperator was the only vessel having suitable accommodations it was up to me to go.

"First sending a radio message to the Mexican to stand by the Jeanne d'Arc in case of accident until I could arrive, I started for her. We reached her at 1 o'clock in the morning and found her dead still in the water, which was quite calm. Rear Admiral Grout, designated to accompany Dr. Pessoa, came over and we arranged to transfer the party in small boats. The President enjoyed the tossing swell en route from the French cruiser, a quarter of a mile away from us, but the women in the party were a little frightened. Some of the men didn't like the experience either."

After the Brazilians had all come abroad, Captain Morgan said, they were given the best suites and made comfortable. The transfer was accomplished in two trips. As a token of his appreciation, Dr. Pessoa gave Captain Morgan an autographed photograph.

WELCOME FOR MRS. BOOTH.

She Tells Soldiers and Sailors That Mothers Helped Win the War.

Mrs. Maud Ballington Booth got a ringing welcome last night by more than a thousand soldiers and sailors who gathered at the Amsterdam Opera House in West Forty-fourth Street to greet her upon her return to this country after many months of service with the boys during the war and since the armistice. She in turn welcomed them to the shores of America. Robert L. Moran, President of the Board of Aldermen, greeted Mrs. Booth in the name of Mayor Hylan, and Adjt. Gen. Berry represented Governor Smith in extending to her the appreciation of the people of the State for her splendid services abroad. Telegrams in a similar vein were read from Governor Cox of Ohio, Governor Bickett of North Carolina, and Senator Frelinghuysen of New Jersey.

When the formal greetings had been said, and Mrs. Booth had blushingly received an enormous bouquet of American Beauty roses, the War Camp Community Service Volunteer Entertainment Bureau provided a program of vaudeville entertainment, which was succeeded by a dance.

Mrs. Booth brought with her from her experiences abroad a vivacious enthusiasm for the soldier boy. "When I got to Paris at the beginning of my service," she said, "I decided that myself and the 300 workers of the Volunteers of America would not do well to form a separate organization, as there were so many of them already in the field, so we joined the Y. M. C. A., and I have never been sorry for it. They asked me where I wanted to go. I had heard of one place in France where it rained all the time, and the mud was many feet deep, and I had thought that it would be in just such a place that I would be needed most.

"Much has been said, as you know, as to who won the war, but I think that I have really found out. It has been mooted in some quarters that the M. P.'s won it. When I was on the Rhine with the marines I knew that the marines had won it. In fact, every time I changed my division I changed my opinion as to who had won it. But then I sat under a leaky roof with a water-soaked doughboy who showed me a letter from his mother which adjured him to be sure always to keep himself warm and dry, and with another boy whose mother had told him to be sure to give his full name and address to General Pershing so that if anything happened to him the General could sit right down and write home about it, and with still another whose mother had written to her son, who was taking part in the Argonne drive, that when the firing went on he should be very careful. And when I thought of these mothers, hoping and praying for their boys thousands of miles away, I knew that the mothers had helped win the war."

Mr. Moran paid a glowing tribute to Mrs. Booth for her services in the war. General Berry read a message from Governor Smith in which he regretted his inability to be present and assured Mrs. Booth of the appreciation of the people for what she had done.

TO PUT GUNSON ON TRIAL.

Charges Against Detective Who Arrested Women, Later Freed.

Charges have been preferred against Detective John J. Gunson because of his arrest of Lillian Cohen and Sallie Kobin, convicted of disorderly conduct in Jefferson Market Court by Magistrate Francis X. Mancuso, but honorably discharged by Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions when the case was appealed. District Attorney Swann said that Police Commissioner Enright had told him that Gunson would be tried within a week, and that the police wanted any assistance the District Attorney's office could give in clearing up the matter. Mr. Swann, while announcing his approval of the vindication of the girls by Judge Rosalsky, defended the action of Magistrate Mancuso on the ground that he was guided by the testimony.

To this Judge Rosalsky replied yesterday with a review of the case. He said that the dismissal of the complaints against the girls had been recommended by Assistant District Attorney Brothers.

"I had every reason," Judge Rosalsky said, "to assume that the District Attorney had read the record before he approved of the action of the trial assistant, but from what I have read in the public prints it seems that the District Attorney now contends that, on the facts as they appeared before the Magistrate, the Magistrate rendered a proper decision. I fail to understand the attitude of the District Attorney.

"It is to be regretted that an erroneous impression was conveyed in the original publication that I had severely criticised the conduct of Judge Mancuso. Such statement is unwarranted by the facts. I simply stated that I was surprised that Judge Mancuso, who has had extensive experience as a prosecutor, should have made an erroneous decision in this case."

Mr. Swann said the matter was closed so far as he was concerned, except to say that his defense of Magistrate Mancuso was in no way intended to be a criticism of Judge Rosalsky.

Magistrate William Blau in the Women's Court yesterday rejected the uncorroborated testimony of a policeman, charging Irene Bonser, 21 years old, of 1,239 Third Avenue, with disorderly conduct. The Magistrate said the girl was innocent on the facts, and thereupon the court ordered the complaint dismissed. The arrest of Irene Bonser on May 24, and her arraignment by Detective Joseph Maloney, was in similar form to the prosecution of Lillian Cohen and Sallie Kobin, whom Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions vindicated by his overruling of the Magistrate's decision. Gunson, who made the latter complaint, is a fellow member of the Vice Squad with Maloney. Magistrate Blau condemned such arrests without sufficient legal evidence and the present system of trying these cases.

ARREST TICKET SALESMEN.

Perjury Alleged in Case Regarding Sale of Theatre Seats.

Philip Guyran, of 618 West 142d Street, and Robert Bihn, 3100 Broadway, salesmen for Leo Newman, theatrical ticket agent, at 1482 Broadway, were held in $2,000 bail each by Judge Wadhams yesterday in General Sessions on indictments charging perjury. It is alleged that Bihn, on May 27, sold to Lester Lloyd, a subpoena server at the District Attorney's Office, two $3 tickets for the Plymouth Theatre, for which the buyer was charged $4 apiece, and that when Bihn was arraigned in the West Side Court he swore falsely that Guyran had made the sale, and that Guyran also swore falsely when called as a witness.

The city ordinance prohibits more than 50 cents profit on the sale of a theater ticket. Assistant District Attorney Kilroe said that new enforcement measures were being taken to compel ticket speculators to obey the ordinance.

Army Ambulances Burned.

CAMP DIX, N. J., June 20.—Army transportation equipment valued at $25,000 was destroyed in a fire of unknown origin that started with an explosion in a one-story building of the Motor Transport Corps at daybreak this morning. Six new army ambulances with complete equipment and two motorcycles with side cars were lost. General Hale has appointed a board of officers to make an investigation of the fire.

Opposes Change in Canal Plan.

The Bergen Beach Land Corporation made application to Justice Benedict in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn yesterday for an injunction to restrain the city from asking the Secretary of War for permission to return to the original route selected for the Jamaica Bay Ship Canal. This plan was made in 1911 and was revised in 1917. The 1917 plan would put the canal closer to the land of the Bergen Beach Corporation than the 1911 plan.

FINDS ANARCHY IN FORD THEORIES

Dr. Reeves of Michigan University Gives Testimony in Libel Suit Trial.

SCORE OF EXAMPLES CITED

Quoted Views on War and Patriotism Called Those of Tolstoy and Bakunin.

Special to The New York Times.

MT. CLEMENS, Mich., June 20.—Jurors in Henry Ford's suit against The Chicago Tribune listened this morning to a scientific dissertation on anarchism, syndicalism, socialism, Bolshevism, and radicalism. Jesse N. Reeves, Professor of Political Economy at the University of Michigan, was the witness. He was called as an expert on anarchism by The Tribune. Attorneys for Mr. Ford opposed admitting his testimony, but the court let him tell of theories accepted as anarchistic.

"Do you find the principles of well known and recognized anarchists in the statements of Mr. Ford?" asked Mr. Stevenson for The Tribune. Most of the statements were quoted from an article written by Edward Marshall after an interview with Mr. Ford.

The witness said he did find such principles and was asked to point them out. He said that Mr. Ford's theory that "One country, State or city is not of paramount importance" was a theory held by such anarchists as Gardner, Rudolph, Bagunin, Tucker, Tolstoy, and others.

Mr. Ford was quoted as having said: "There is no such thing as independence. There is only interdependence. We want to talk about the world. World patriotism is what we want to glorify."

"That," Dr. Reeves said, "is an anarchistic idea, a world brotherhood instead of national patriotism."

Another quotation of Mr. Ford's, "Why do men allow themselves to be marched off to slaughter for no good purpose except to satisfy the greed of a few money lenders?" the witness declared was a principle of anarchy. "Humanity can make mistakes, but do no worse," Mr. Ford was quoted as saying. This, Dr. Reeves said, was the well-known anarchist idea that if men were left alone, unhampered by laws, they would work out their own destinies better. "I don't blame men for refusing to enlist. Why should a man who doesn't want to be a butcher be compelled to be a soldier?" was another Ford quotation which the witness said were anarchistic. Others were:

"The moment we can get to refuse to go to war, there will be no wars.

"Only two classes benefit by war—the militarists and the money lenders.

"I think this war is the result of greed on the part of those who profit by it.

"If I had my way I would beach every warship and abolish the army and navy.

"I will pull down the flag and never raise it again after the war.

"I don't believe in patriotism—patriotism is the recourse of scoundrels."

W. J. Avery, who was Assistant City Editor of The Chicago Tribune, testified that he sent a telegram to The Tribune's Detroit correspondent asking for the Ford plans for caring for employes who went to the Mexican border. It was upon the reply made to the Detroit correspondent that the "libelous" editorial was written. The reply quoted Mr. Klingensmith of the Ford Company as saying that the Ford Company would not pay employes while they were in Government service; that it would not care for dependents of such men and would not hold their jobs for them.

MAY SHOW WAR TROPHIES.

But Harris Says City Must Get Them from Recruiting Officer.

Grover A. Whalen, Secretary of the Mayor's Committee on Welcome to Homecoming Troops, yesterday gave out a letter from Adjutant General P. C. Harris, United States Army, in reply to one from Mr. Whalen asking for war trophies for New York City. In his letter General Harris said that the War Department could not distribute such material without the sanction of Congress.

"Although no permanent distribution of trophies may be made at this time," he wrote, "temporary exhibitions of standard sets of arm equipment used in the war may be secured. In accordance with the policy adopted by the War Department, fifty-six of these sets will be distributed throughout the country to Army Recruiting Officers. A set will be available at any place desired, providing arrangement is made for paying the necessary transportation charges and incidental expenses, and providing also that there is no objection to the Army taking advantage of the occasion to stimulate recruiting in that district.

"Information with regard to the availability of a set of army equipment and war trophies for exhibition purposes may be obtained from the Army Recruiting Officer, Colonel Wilbur E. Wilder, 461 Eighth Avenue, New York City.

"In co-operation with the Department of Agriculture the War Department will also have exhibits at the various State fairs during the present year. Two cars of Government exhibits will be sent out on five different circuits, covering every section of the country. It has been decided that it is not practical to show these exhibits at other than State fairs this season."

LAYS COFFEE RISE TO POOL.

Day Says He Heard Two Months Ago of Plan to Increase Price.

Commissioner of Public Markets Jonathan C. Day said last night that he was not at all surprised at the advance in price of coffee when informed that there was an increase yesterday of seven cents a pound. "Mercantile manipulation is responsible," said Dr. Day, who went on to explain that he received several "tips" two months ago that an organization to control the price of coffee was being formed, and that he was advised that if he wanted to save money for the consumers it was his opportunity to buy a large supply.

Owing to the fact that the Legislature abolished the State Food Commission, under authority of which the Mayor's War Board purchased foodstuffs to be sold at cost to the consumer, Dr. Day said that he was not interested in the purchase of coffee. He gave to the District Attorney's office, he said, the benefit of the information he received.

FRENCH THANK HOOVER.

Liberated Regions Deeply Grateful for Relief During Foe's Occupation.

PARIS, June 20.—Daniel Vincent, Chairman of the Chamber of Duputies' Committee on liberated regions, today addressed a letter in the name of the committee to Herbert Hoover, Director-General of the interallied relief work, expressing the deep gratitude of the inhabitants of Northern and Eastern France for the relief measures during the period of German occupation.

Church Notices on Page Twenty.

CLEAN-UP WEEK ENDS.

Campaign to Make New York Spotless Closes Today.

This is the final day of the week's campaign to make New York a spotless town. The suggestions made by those in charge of the work, which have been observed throughout the campaign, and will continue today, are as follows:

1. Put out all refuse by 7 A. M. on this day.
2. Tie up all paper.
3. Put all other household refuse into boxes and barrels.
4. Trade waste, such as brick, lime, building material, &c., will not be removed by district street cleaning carts from dwellings.
5. No refuse, except garbage, will be removed from factories, loft buildings, hotels or other places not used jointly for business and domestic occupancy. The owners of such buildings must remove all refuse at their own expense, as heretofore.

The boundaries in Manhattan today are as follows:

One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street not inclusive, Lenox Avenue to St. Nicholas Avenue; St. Nicholas Avenue inclusive, 125th to 141st Street; 141st Street inclusive, St. Nicholas Avenue to Lenox Avenue; Lenox Avenue not inclusive, 141st to 125th Street.

The following are today's boundaries in Brooklyn:

Nevins Street not inclusive, Carroll Street to Flatbush Avenue; Flatbush Avenue inclusive, Nevins Street to Prospect Park; Prospect Park, Flatbush Avenue to Carroll Street; Carroll Street inclusive, Prospect Park to Nevins Street.

Sixtieth Street not inclusive, Narrows to Twenty-second Avenue; Twenty-second Avenue inclusive, Sixtieth Street to Gravesend Avenue; Gravesend Bay and Narrows from Twenty-second Avenue to Sixtieth Street.

Broadway not inclusive, Flushing Avenue to Union Avenue; Union Avenue inclusive, Broadway to Montrose Avenue; Montrose Avenue not inclusive, Union Avenue to borough line; borough line, Montrose Avenue to Flushing Avenue; Flushing Avenue not inclusive, borough line to Broadway.

The amount of refuse disposed of during the week has been considerably in excess of the average amount collected in a week's time.

ANOTHER BLACK TOM CASE.

Suit of Glass Insurance Companies Against Lehigh Valley R. R. Begins.

The trial of the suit of the New York Plate Glass Insurance Company and eleven other insurance companies against the Lehigh Valley Railroad to recover $150,000 paid for glass broken by the Black Tom explosion, July 30, 1916, began yesterday before Judge William H. Speer and a jury from Bergen County, in the Hudson County Court House, in Jersey City.

The jury was chosen from forty-eight veniremen, who were escorted in the morning from Haskensack to Judge Speer's court by Sheriff John W. Courter. After a statement of the case by lawyers the trial was adjourned until next Monday morning.

Lindley M. Garrison, former Secretary of War, appeared as the leading counsel for the railroad company. The order for a jury from another county was obtained by the railroad company on the ground that because of losses caused by the explosion it was impossible to get an unprejudiced jury in Hudson County. Verdicts against the Lehigh for losses by the explosion were given last Spring for $416,000 for Howell & Co. of Front Street, New York, and for the Bethlehem Steel Company for more than $900,000.

METHODISTS AT CENTENARY

Polk Gives Word from Washington for Ceremonies at Columbus.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 20.—Methodists from all sections of the United States and from various foreign countries began to arrive in Columbus today for the opening of the Methodist Centenary Exposition, which will continue at the State Fair Grounds until July 13. The gates were opened this morning, by wire from Washington by Assistant Secretary of State Polk. At noon in the Coliseum, where each night during the exposition a pageant of 2,000 men, women and children will be staged, Mayor George J. Karb welcomed the Methodists to the city.

Ex-President William Howard Taft, William Jennings Bryan, Secretary Daniels, Admiral Sims, and prominent Methodist bishops, ministers and laymen will make addresses during the convention. Efforts are being made to have President Wilson attend after his return from France.

MRS. BEDINI RESCUES DOG.

Finds Home for One of Pets Exiled from Blackwell's Island.

With the city authorities intent on ridding Blackwell's Island of its 400 to 500 dogs, many pets of inmates of the Almshouse, and laborers working there, are being loaded, five and six a trip, on the ferry boat plying between the island and the foot of East Seventieth Street, where they are turned loose on the east side.

Mrs. Jean Bedini, wife of the theatrical manager, who had visited an old-time actor, crossing on the ferry boat, Manhattan bound, noticed one of these dogs, a 12-year-old fox terrier named "Pat." She was informed that the dog had been taken away from one of the laborers without his knowledge, and was exiled from the island. Pat's record included the saving of a child's life, in his younger years.

Mrs. Bedini took charge of Pat, who is blind in one eye, and turned him over to Mrs. Stella Ehrlick, head of the Horse Aid Society, at 149 West Thirty-eighth Street.

Both women called at the office of the Chief City Magistrate yesterday, stating that it was a heartless way for the city to treat the companions of the inmates of municipal institutions.

GOLD FOR SOUTH AMERICA.

$20,000,000 Is Estimated Total of Recent Export Movement.

The steamship Vauban, sailing today for South American ports, will carry a large consignment of gold to Buenos Aires and Montevideo, shipped by Davis & Co., Ltd., acting for the Hollandes Bank of Buenos Aires. This shipment is said to be $3,000,000. Other institutions are also reported to be sending gold to South America today and next week.

The Columbia Trust Company reports that it has shipped $3,500,000 in gold to various correspondents in South America. The National City Bank has received permission to export $6,000,000. The total for the movement thus far is estimated to be approximately $20,000,000.

SURGEON WEDDED ABROAD.

Dr. Jesusp of Roslyn Returns with English Bride.

Dr. Everett Colgate Jessup, who has been a Captain in the Army Medical Corps, returned yesterday to his home in Roslyn, L. I., with a bride whom he met overseas. She was Miss Helen Batho Castle, and was doing ambulance work at Etretat, France, while Dr. Jessup was stationed in a hospital there. They were married in London on June 2. Mrs. Jessup is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sydney Castle of London. Dr. Jessup is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin A. Jessup of 116 Cambridge Place, Brooklyn. He won three events in the Olympic games at the exposition at St. Louis, and is a graduate of Princeton and of the College of Physicians and Surgeons.

Halt New York-Chicago Air Mail.

The regular New York-Chicago air mail service, to have been inaugurated yesterday, was put off indefinitely. It was explained that the postal officials were awaiting the arrival of larger machines. Meanwhile experiments are being continued at the flying field at Belmont Park, Long Island.

GILBOA DAM CONTRACT LET.

City to Pay $6,819,910 for Schoharie River Diversion.

The Board of Water Supply yesterday awarded to Hugh Nawn Contracting Company the contract for constructing the Gilboa dam, in the town of Gilboa, Schoharie County, at $6,819,910. The Gilboa dam is a part of the new Schoharie system now being built by the city to supplement the present water supply from the Catskills. Bids were opened on Thursday.

This is the second time that bids have been received for the dam. On May 14 five bids were received, the lowest being from Winston & Co., at $7,203,175. This was considered too high and the board decided that all should be rejected.

"This contract, coupled with the sixteen-mile tunnel now under construction," said President Galvin, "makes up the larger part of the new water development. Five and a half years is allowed for the completion of the dam. The dam will divert the Schoharie River from emptying into the Mohawk and send it through the tunnel into the new Ashokan reservoir. When this new development is completed it will double the present water supply from the Catskills."

MAKE STUDY OF OYSTERS.

Scientists Seek Destructive Agencies in Great South Bay.

SAYVILLE, L. I., June 20.—Dr. E. P. Churchill and R. V. Truitt of the Bureau of Fisheries, Washington, are here to learn why a planting of oysters in the Great South Bay fails to live more than a few weeks. The experts have set up a laboratory in the Blue Points Company's plant and are making a study of larval oysters during the spawning season and how they are carried about by the tides.

The area covered by the investigation extends from Blue Point to Islip and specimens are being taken from beds in all parts of the bay bordering Islip town.

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Offer today

Gowns and Capes—$45 & $65

Formerly to $125—Street, afternoon and informal styles in satin—taffeta—foulard—Georgette crepe—chiffon and lace.

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Formerly to $95—Fashionable models developed in the desired fabrics for wear in Town or Country.

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Formerly to $45—Silk and wool skirts including many fashionable sport styles—odd sizes and colors.

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Formerly to $65—Very high class styles in light and dark shades, also smart combinations of color.

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CLOTHES OF CUSTOM QUALITY

A MAN is as young as he looks but not always as young as he thinks he looks. If you have ten or fifteen years in appearance that you'd like to hide, you can hide it very easily behind Saks Styles.

The finest tailoring in this country—bar none

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BROADWAY AT 34th STREET

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The Store will be closed to-day (Saturday) at 12 Noon

Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue
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McCreery's
New Fifth Avenue
Men's Clothes Store

A Very Interesting Sale of Men's Summer Suits

They have just been tailored from our stock of reserve yardage and are put on sale at the compelling price of

$36.75

Regularly Priced $45, $48 and $50

Why Such Garments Cannot Be Classed With Others That Sell for Less Than $45

In the first place, these fabrics, as stated above, are from our reserve yardage bought at prices decidedly lower than what obtains to-day. They were intended for our regular lines at $45, $48 and $50, but with the delay of over a month in getting into our new store there was the consequent set-back that makes it necessary for us now to dispose of them even at the sacrifice of our normal profit.

In the selection you will find the very choicest Unfinished Worsteds, Cheviots and Flannels, developed into Single and Double Breasted Models, Quarter and Skeleton lined.

It need hardly be stated that the tailoring cannot be surpassed. But it might be stated that you'll be doing very well if you can equal the garments anywhere for less than $45.

A Strong
WEEK-END SPECIAL
ALL WOOL
WHITE FLANNEL
& WHITE SERGE
TROUSERS
$9.50
Regular $12.50 value

James McCreery & Co.
Second Floor
5th Avenue & 35th Street
There are three convenient elevators in the McCreery 5th Avenue Arcade

SENATE FAVORS AVIATION INCREASE

$90,000,000 for Army and Navy Air Work Indicated by Committees' Action.

HOUSE VOTED $30,000,000

1920 Appropriation for Big Army Is Raised to $900,000,000 Under Senate Plan.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Prospects are now brighter for larger appropriations for military and naval aviation for the fiscal year 1920, which opens on July 1, as a result of the firm stand which members of the Senate Military and Naval Committees have taken in favor of increasing the amounts embraced in the United Service appropriation bills as passed by the House of Representatives.

The Senate Naval Committee today decided to grant Secretary Daniels the full amount he is now asking for naval aviation tests and development, or $35,000,000. This is $20,000,000 more than is carried for aviation in the Naval Appropriation bill as passed by the House last week.

A sub-committee of the Senate Military Committee, to which that part of the Army Appropriation bill dealing with aviation was submitted, has recommended to the full Military Committee that $55,000,000 be appropriated for army aviation for 1920. This is $40,000,000 more than was allowed for military aviation in the Army Appropriation bill as passed by the House. There is every prospect that the full Senate Military Committee will approve the action of its sub-committee.

Unless these figures are changed, the two committees will urge the Senate to grant a total of $90,000,000 for military and naval aviation, or $60,000,000 more than was granted by the House when it passed bills which proposed to cut each branch of the service down to $15,000,000 for aviation.

Members of the Senate Committees will make an effort to persuade the Senate to accept these figures, and there is every prospect that the Senate will endorse the recommendations. If the House does not recede from its position in favor of only $15,000,000 for each service the differences between the two branches of Congress must be adjusted in conference.

It is believed that members of the House generally feel now that a mistake was made when the navy was cut down to $15,000,000 for aviation, and the army to a like amount. The General Board of the navy recommended $46,000,000 for naval aviation. The navy would be very glad to have this amount, and Secretary Daniels has been advised by his expert that it could all be put to a good use. But in view of the disinclination in Congress to grant that amount, Secretary Daniels asked for a minimum of $36,000,000.

When he was heard before the Senate Naval Committee yesterday in advocacy of granting $36,000,000 for naval aviation, Secretary Daniels was asked by Chairman Page whether he would be willing to take $35,000,000 instead of $36,000,000.

Secretary Daniels replied with a smile, "What's a million between friends?" and accepted the figure of $35,000,000 suggested by Chairman Page.

Today the committee decided to grant that amount. This will be the largest increase carried by the bill over the House bill when reported to the Senate.

The Naval bill will not be ready to be reported until Monday.

Provide for Camps and Flying Field.

Decision of the Senate Military Sub-Committee to provide for an army of 400,000 for the next fiscal year was upheld by the full committee tonight in considering the Army Appropriation bill.

Following a short meeting tomorrow for the purpose of attending to minor details, Chairman Wadsworth plans to report the measure to the Senate. In order to have the bill printed, he said, he would not call it up for consideration until Monday.

The committee allowed appropriations of $85,000,000 for the subsistence of the army, compared with $67,000,000 provided by the House; $12,000,000 for the National Guard, a decrease of $1,250,000 from the House provision; $1,350,000 for army welfare and educational work, in place of $150,000 provided by the House, and $14,000,000 for the Ordnance Department, in comparison with $5,000,000 voted by the House.

Provisions were also made for $982,000 for the purchase of the Curtiss-Ellwood aviation plant at Buffalo, $3,260,000 for the purchase of the Dayton-Wright airplane factory, Dayton, Ohio; $3,500,000 for the purchase of a dirigible landing field and hangars in Burlington County, N. J., and $470,000 for the Rockwell Field, San Diego, Cal.

The House provision prohibiting the War Department from purchasing real estate was modified so as to enable it to adjust existing contracts for land, and to acquire land previously leased upon which buildings for war purposes have been constructed. This provision affects about 1,000 contracts involving millions of dollars.

OCEANGOING AIRPLANES.

Future Machines Will Carry Fifty Tons, Say Experts.

ATLANTIC CITY, June 20.—That Captain John Alcock and Lieutenant Arthur Brown covered an average of four miles with every gallon of gasoline consumed during their transatlantic flight was brought out today when the possibility of building huge airplanes capable of lifting over 100,000 pounds and carrying passengers between Atlantic City and England, France, and Italy were discussed at the meeting of the aeronautic authorities which took place at the air port.

Experts were unanimous in their belief that an airplane capable of carrying 100,000 pounds can be constructed today, and that a nonstop flight from Atlantic City to England is possible. Rough estimates showed that such an airplane could be operated on a consumption of not over one gallon of gasoline to a mile.

Why does one feel ill when dropping down feet first from an airplane and not when diving head first, and why do people feel dizzy when looking down from a high building and not when flying, no matter how high?

The first question was propounded to leading medical authorities assembled here by Major Ordo Lees, the British parachute expert. This brought the second query from aviators and authorities here who are witnessing the tests of the famous "guardian angel" parachute.

In giving their demonstrations, Major Ordo Lees and Miss Sylvia Boyden, the British parachute experts, dove head first. They stated that this way they eliminate the sickish feeling that comes in the first part of the drop from an airplane before the parachute opens.

This is an entirely new point to the medical profession, and the experts who considered the subject today were puzzled, and a number of doctors have decided to try parachute jumps themselves, both by dropping and diving.

The problem is being submitted for study to the Air Medical Committee of the Aerial League of America, which is headed by Brigadier-Gen. Theodore C. Lyster, late Chief of the United States Army Medical Service, and Colonels Nelson Gapen, George P. Crabtree, Isaac H. Jones, and Eugene R. Lewis of the Air Medical Service.

Additional tests of the "guardian angel" aerial life preserver will take place Saturday at the Atlantic City air port, and will be witnessed by military attachés of different countries.

CONVENTION OF TEACHERS.

Milwaukee Expects to Welcome 15,000 Educators This Month.

Special to The New York Times.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 18.—The part of education and educators in rebuilding a world torn by war will be the general topic of the great teachers' convention to be held in Milwaukee June 28 to July 5.

Elaborate preparations are under way to care for from 12,000 to 15,000 teachers, who will discuss the problems of the new democracy and the part that education will play in the world.

Primarily, it is to be a gathering in which the average teacher can show the part she can play in the rebuilding of the world by her work in instructing the youngsters in her school.

The keynote of the convention will be "Education and the New Democracy." This will appear first in the session of July 1, when the topic to be discussed will be "The New World and the Demand It Will Make Upon Public Education." The evening session will include the topic "The Organization of a Public Education for Service in the New Democracy."

Wednesday again will develop this problem under the general topic, "Work of the Association," in which leaders in the various branches of education will tell their problems.

The three nations will appear on the program of July 2, when the topic "Education for the Establishment of a Democracy in the World" will be discussed by representatives of France, England, and the United States. The French High Commission has named Professor Albert Feuillerat of the University of Rennes as the official representative of the French Government. The British Government is sending the Right Hon. Herbert Lewis, M. P., Parliamentary Secretary of the Board of Education, and Dr. Philander P. Claxton, United States Commissioner of Education, will represent the United States.

Thursday morning representatives of the kindergartens, rural schools, secondary schools, and higher educational institutions will discuss the problem "The Contribution of Teachers to the Development of Democracy."

The handling of the great crowd of 12,000 to 15,000 strangers is one which will tax the resources of the city. The teachers of the city are making a guest chamber survey of the entire city to learn how many people in Milwaukee have guest chambers which they will be able to turn over to the Milwaukee Arrangements Committees to aid in caring for the thousands of visiting school teachers.

Elaborate plans are being made to entertain the visitors. There are forty lakes within twenty minutes of the City Hall where there are resorts or hotels, and many excursions are being planned to the lake region.

PARADE OF 200 WOUNDED.

Bronx Red Cross Gives Maimed Soldiers a Wheel-Chair Outing.

Patients of General Hospital No. 1, on Gunhill Road, the Bronx, were given a holiday yesterday afternoon when the Bronx Chapter of the American Red Cross held a wheel-chair and crutch parade in which 200 wounded and maimed soldiers participated, led by the bands of the National Biscuit Company, which also donated a large quantity of cookies and delicacies.

The incapacitated paraders, led by Captain L. F. Alfaro of the American Red Cross, were pushed in their chairs by their "Red Cross godmothers," in single file formation about the grounds and through the walks of the hospital. The wheel-chairs were all decorated, and some original ideas were worked out by the soldiers themselves. Before the parade started a mock marriage was performed on the lawn in front of the Red Cross House. All the participants in the "wedding" were in wheel-chairs excepting "clergymen." The "bride" was Sergeant James Graham, Company I, 103d Infantry; the "groom" was Morris Goldman, Company A, 101st Infantry; the "clergyman" was Irwin Gerber, Company G, 305th Infantry.

As the parade wended its way through the roadways and corridors of the various wards of the hospital, soldiers in bed were propped up with pillows, or their cots were rolled out to the porches to permit them to watch their more fortunate comrades pass in review. At the Red Cross Cottage on Bainbridge Avenue, Miss Catharine S. Levering, Chairman of the Bronx County Chapter, and scores of members of the chapters served the men in the wheel-chairs and on crutches with ice cream, cake, and soda. Miss Anna Case, the opera singer, sang "The Star-Spangled Banner," after which the parade passed in review before the judges, consisting of Lieut. Col. George A. Taylor, Major James B. Leggett, Miss Catharine S. Levering, Mrs. David Thiell Brown, and Miss E. G. Clapp, head nurse in charge of the Red Cross House. The rain storm broke in torrents just as the last of the 100 wheel-chairs was moved into the Red Cross House.

Ten prizes, consisting of gold stick pins donated by Mrs. Charles D. Dickey, Secretary of the Bronx Chapter, were awarded for the most original costumes and decorations. The winners were: James O'Hara, Company I, 165th Infantry, a bridesmaid; Sergeant John S. Laurian, Company C, 108th Infantry, an infant; Warren Mitchell, Company F, 102d Infantry, whose left leg was shattered, made the best of his misfortune by decorating his wounded limb to represent a French 75; Charles B. Cautt, 340th Field Artillery, who is three-eighths Indian, he says, was garbed in the costume of that race and won a prize with it; Julius S. Berg, Company I, 308th Infantry, whose wheel chair was a replica of a submarine; Morris Goldman, Company A, 105th Infantry, the groom; Sergeant James H. Graham, Company I, 103d Infantry, the bride; Floyd Sanford, Company K, 311th Infantry, was a flower girl; Michael Cohen, Company M, 325th Infantry, was an aviator in a wheel-chair; George H. Ringler, Medical Corps, 30th Infantry, was dressed in the uniform of the G. A. R.

ATTACK OHIO "WET" PLANS.

Antis Say State Cannot Legalize Beer Under Federal Law.

CLEVELAND, O., June 20.—The two State constitutional amendments that have been proposed by Ohio wets to legalize the sale of beverages containing 2¾ per cent. alcohol are in direct conflict with the Federal Constitution, and with the Volstead prohibition enforcement bill, about to be enacted by Congress, according to Wayne B. Wheeler of Washington, general counsel for the National Anti-Saloon League.

Mr. Wheeler arrived here to confer with trustees of the Dry Maintenance League, meeting today to consider plans for combating the two amendments. Federal Constitution," Mr. Wheeler said, "and that is to have Congress resubmit the question to the State Legislatures."

Battery Baths Open Today.

Frank L. Dowling, President of the Borough of Manhattan, announced yesterday that the two public floating baths had been towed to the Battery and would be open today. These baths were first placed at the Battery in 1872 and are used by nearly 300,000 persons during the heated term. Six other free floating baths will be open on July 1 at 10th Street, Pike Street, 90th Street and 120th Street, East River, and 99th Street, North River.

To Open 30-Acre Camp for Scouts.

Thirty acres of woodland and shore front on Long Island Sound, on the dividing line between Sea Cliff and Glen Cove, L. I., has been set aside as a site for a camp for the Boy Scouts of those two places and of Glenwood and Locust Valley. It will be opened next week, under the supervision of Lieutenant J. H. Nill, Executive Scout Commissioner of the district, who was formerly in charge of physical training at one of the aviation camps near Mineola.

Church Notices on Page Twenty.

CITY MAY BUILD AIRPLANE FIELD

Construction of Municipal Landing Ground Suggested by Chief of Army Air Service.

BEFORE ESTIMATE BOARD

Staten Island Tunnel Project Considered—Ask New Building for Board of Health.

At the request of Major Gen. Charles T. Menoher, Chief of the Air Service of the United States Army, New York City may construct a municipal landing field for commercial, mail and military airplanes. This developed yesterday at the meeting of the Board of Estimate, when Controller Charles L. Craig laid before the Board a letter from General Menoher regarding the proposed field.

Controller Craig said that the letter had been addressed to the City of New York on April 30 last, but that through some error on the part of the Post Office Department it had just been received.

According to the communication from General Menoher, the Government has adopted a general policy to further the project. The General predicts that the development of aviation in the United States will be along both military and commercial lines. He states that the Post Office Department now finds it necessary to establish throughout the country terminal or way stations for its aerial mail deliveries, and joins with the Air Service in presenting the project to the attention of the City of New York. Neither the Air Service of the War Department nor the Post Office Department will deal with any private individuals, societies or corporations in the matter of landing fields.

According to the communication from the Director of Air Service, should the City of New York decide to co-operate with the Government in establishing landing fields, the army will obligate itself to furnish an expeditionary hangar to be erected on the field at the expense of the city. The army will request that the city bear the expense necessary for the establishment of the landing fields and the maintenance of both the field and the equipment, exclusive of airplanes.

The matter was referred to the Finance and Budget Committee.

The question of a tunnel to Staten Island came before the Board in the shape of a report from the Committee on Transit, discussing the request of Borough President Calvin D. Van Namee of Richmond, that a sufficient sum be appropriated to enable the Public Service Committee to investigate, make surveys and prepare maps and routes to connect Staten Island with the present rapid transit system of the city.

Discussing this matter, Controller Craig termed the project "an idle dream," at least for the present.

"The city can't do it for at least five years," said the Controller, "and we ought to be perfectly frank with the people of Richmond and tell them so. When the present subways are completed there won't be one penny for other subway work. Why not tell the people of Staten Island so?"

President Robert L. Moran of the Board of Aldermen, who is also Chairman of the Committee on Transit, said that the matter was an urgent one, and that the subway should be built as soon as possible. The matter was referred to the Committee on Finance and Budget.

A resolution was introduced by President Frank L. Dowling of Manhattan to build a ten-story building on the site of the old West Thirtieth Street Police Station, for years known as the Tenderloin, to be occupied by the Department of Health. President Dowling said that if the board would consider the matter within a few weeks the building could be erected and the department in within ten months.

Controller Charles L. Craig declared himself in favor of the proposition, and it will probably be passed at the meeting next week.

WORK OF ANIMAL LEAGUE.

Annual Report Shows Increased Activity in Humane Efforts.

With many interesting pictures illustrating its work the annual report of the New York League for Animals has made its appearance and in it Mrs. James Speyer, the President, tells of what has been accomplished. After commenting upon the end of the war, Mrs. Speyer says:

"The period of readjustment has begun and we are prepared to resume our full activities and to increase our work which compared with the pre-war period had to be temporarily curtailed to meet the urgent needs of our own country and the suffering people abroad.

"We are grateful that during the year 1918 we have been able to meet the increased calls made on our Free Hospital and Dispensary for Animals. This is attested by the number of cases treated—973 hospital and 7,247 dispensary cases. These figures do not include second, third or fourth calls, but only the actual number of animals brought to our clinics to have their hurts dressed. Many were brought back several times for further treatment and the total number of cases handled each month was over 600."

The league was presented during the year with a modern sterilizing apparatus and also with an operating table for smaller animals, which enabled the doctors to perform many operations heretofore managed only with the greatest difficulty.

The report states that the league has lost this past year through death a number of friends, including Mrs. Russell Sage and James Gordon Bennett. A list of the different lines of work being done by the league mentions its receiving shelters for homeless animals, watering stations and the humane literature which it publishes, in addition to the larger work of its hospital and dispensary, and a request is made for subscriptions and donations, "urgently needed to carry on the work."

TELLS OF ATHLETES' TRIP.

Only Two of Team for Inter-Allied Games Seasick.

The team of forty-eight soldier-athletes which left this country June 4 in charge of Colonel Joseph H. Thompson, former commander of the 28th Division, for the interallied athletic games to be held near Paris, starting tomorrow, stood their sea voyage well. This was disclosed in a letter from Colonel Thompson received by Frederick W. Rubien, Secretary-Treasurer of the A. A. U. The team arrived at Brest June 11. Colonel Thompson's letter follows:

My Dear Mr. Rubien: We are having a splendid trip. The sea is as smooth as glass. All the boys are feeling fine, working out twice daily. Unable to erect a swimming tank. No canvas. Henigan and Butler were just a little seasick—more imaginary than reality. Both feel fine now. The army officers on board ship, together with the navy, are much taken with the boys, all of whom are perfect gentlemen. We have a few details to attend to, but all are of a minor character. It will do the boys no harm. Nick Gianakopulos is a card; the boys have lots of fun with him. Stout looks good. Wants to run the ten-mile if it does not interfere with his one-mile. Never enjoyed a trip more in my life. The boys are all dead in earnest. No grumbling at all. They are an ideal crowd. I am very proud of them. The nation owes the A. A. U. a vote of thanks for such a representative athletic team. No doubt in my mind as to the outcome.

Remember me to Judge Weeks, Mr. Kirby, and all the men who helped put it over. JOSEPH H. THOMPSON.

P. S.—June 10 we will arrive in the A. M. and go straight to Paris. All the boys stood the trip well except Henigan. He is slightly under the weather. THOMPSON.

Board Exonerates Reserve Captain.

Captain Morris Florea, in charge of the Police Reserves of the East 126th Street Station, arraigned before the Board of Police Reserves for alleged conduct unbecoming an officer, was completely exonerated at the conclusion of the hearing Thursday night, it was announced yesterday. The board, consisting of five members of the Reserve, of which Colonel Mills Miller is Chairman, conducted its hearing in the trial room of Police Headquarters. It was announced that the charges made against Captain Florea by members of the Reserve were absolutely baseless and never should have been made.

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Entire STOCK OF WINES, etc.,
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HOTEL SAVOY
Accumulated During 25 years.

CHAMPAGNES
Vintages Ruinart Pere & Fils 1906, Duval & Co. 1893, Moet & Chandon White Seal Magnums, Imperial Crown Brut, Delbeck Delmonico, Roederer and others.

BORDEAUX'S
of Schroder & Schyler & Co., France. Many rare vintages such as Chateau's Haut Brion, Mouton Rothschild Lafite Grand Vin, d'Issau. Bottled at the respective chateaus.

BURGUNDY'S
of Schroder & Schyler & Co., France. Chambertin, Clos de Vougeot, Pommard, Richebourg, others.

RHINE WINES
of Deinhard & Co., Coblenz (Still & Sparkling). Rauenthaler, Marcobrunner, Liebfraumilch, Rudesheimer Schlossberg '93 and others.

MOSELLE
of Deinhard & Co. Graacher-Brauneberger-Piesporter Grunhauser Maximin, Scharzhofberger & many others.

Sherry, Port, Rum, Brandy and Liqueurs.

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Ocean steamer and any one wishing to transport Wines, Liquors, Cheeses, etc., will find good supplies at
H. MOUQUIN, Sr.,
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TELLS OF A SECRET GAMBLING INQUIRY

Mayor Hylan Says Police Sought Aid of the Commissioner of Accounts.

SUSPECT "SUPPER CLUBS"

Twelve of These Organizations Are Reported in Operation South of Forty-second Street.

Although Mayor Hylan wrote in a letter to Police Commissioner Enright on Thursday that the police had "gambling and vice well in hand," a secret investigation of gambling conditions in several inspection districts has been in progress for a week under direction of Commissioner of Accounts David Hirshfield. It was denied at the City Hall that the investigation was intended to go over the heads of police officials. It was said there that the investigation was a legal inquiry to get evidence against so-called "supper clubs."

"Any inference that Commissioner Hirshfield in doing this has gone over the heads of the police is the silliest nonsense," said Mayor Hylan. "His activities are the direct result of the request made to me by the police for assistance, so that what he is doing is in perfect accord with the police, and naturally has my hearty approval. Gambling must be wiped out in this city and we are determined to use every agency in our power to accomplish this."

The investigation has been confined chiefly to the Fourth Inspection District, commanded by Inspector Dominick Henry and comprising the territory between Forty-second Street and 110th Street and between the North River and Sixth Avenue and Central Park. Commissioner Hirshfield announced that he expected to continue the inquiry into several other districts, including the Third District, commanded by Inspector John S. Bolan, whose office is in the West Thirtieth Street Station. According to information gathered by the police, there are about ten or twelve of the so-called "supper clubs" south of Forty-second Street and four or five in the Fourth Inspection District.

Child of Missing Soldier Lost.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., June 20.—Chief of Police Horace A. Byram has enlisted members of the Elks, in convention here, in a search for Ruth Moore, aged 2, who disappeared yesterday from Wanamassa, a suburb, where her mother, Mrs. J. B. Moore, lives. Her father, who went to France with the American Army, has not been heard from for seven months, and his fate is unknown. Children told of seeing Ruth talking yesterday to a woman dressed in black. Elks dragged Deal Lake, on which Wanamassa is situated, from end to end and are convinced that the child was not drowned there.

MOVE TO UNITE SOCIALISTS.

First of a Series of "Reconciliation" Meetings Held in Williamsburg.

The first of a series of "Reconciliation Meetings" for the purpose of reuniting the left and right wings of the Socialist Party was held last night at the Broadway Casino, Williamsburg.

Ex-Assemblyman Shiplacoff pleaded with all Socialists who had left because of differences in views over the war and other subjects to return to the party and embrace its program for attacking peace problems. He said that Socialists of all sorts had enough opposition from without and ought to get rid of friction inside the party. Other meetings will be held with the view of whipping all ex-Socialists and near-Socialists into line for the campaign of 1920.

AUTHORITATIVE.
Authoritative articles on stocks and bonds with an explanation of their fluctuations, together with surveys of the situation in the money market and the acceptance field are regular features of The Annalist, published by The New York Times Company. 10c on news stands, $4 a year.—Advt.

High Sign
No. 21

The High Signs of Orlando

General Jackson and Ulysses Grant! The youngest member of the Order of Orlando is telling the world that *he's* not too old to know a good cigar. He's been smoking, going on fifty-two years come this Summer—yes, since 1867—and Orlando's the best thing he's struck yet.

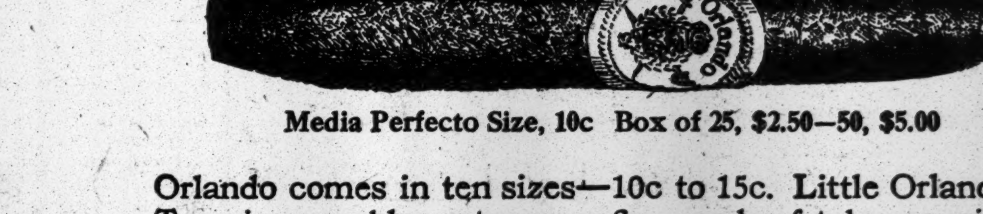
And now he gives the *High Sign O-O*—"Oh, if Only"—he had learned the secret of Orlando years ago. He wants *you* to learn the pleasant secret earlier than he did—and to enjoy it that much longer. So go today, Friend, to the nearest United Cigar Store, and join the brotherhood of happiness—the Order of Orlando.

Orlando
The Sign of a Good Cigar

The older you are in cigar experience, the more you appreciate the rare, mild quality of Orlando.

Here is a cigar that combines a distinctive mellow character with a delightful aromatic bouquet—all at a price that appeals to your ideas of sensible economy.

In Orlando you will find the real secret of cigar enjoyment—just as thousands of men are finding it daily, when they join the Order of Orlando—the brotherhood of satisfied smokers.



Media Perfecto Size, 10c Box of 25, $2.50—50, $5.00

Orlando comes in ten sizes—10c to 15c. Little Orlando 6c.
Ten sizes enable us to use a fine grade of tobacco without waste—the secret of high quality at low prices.

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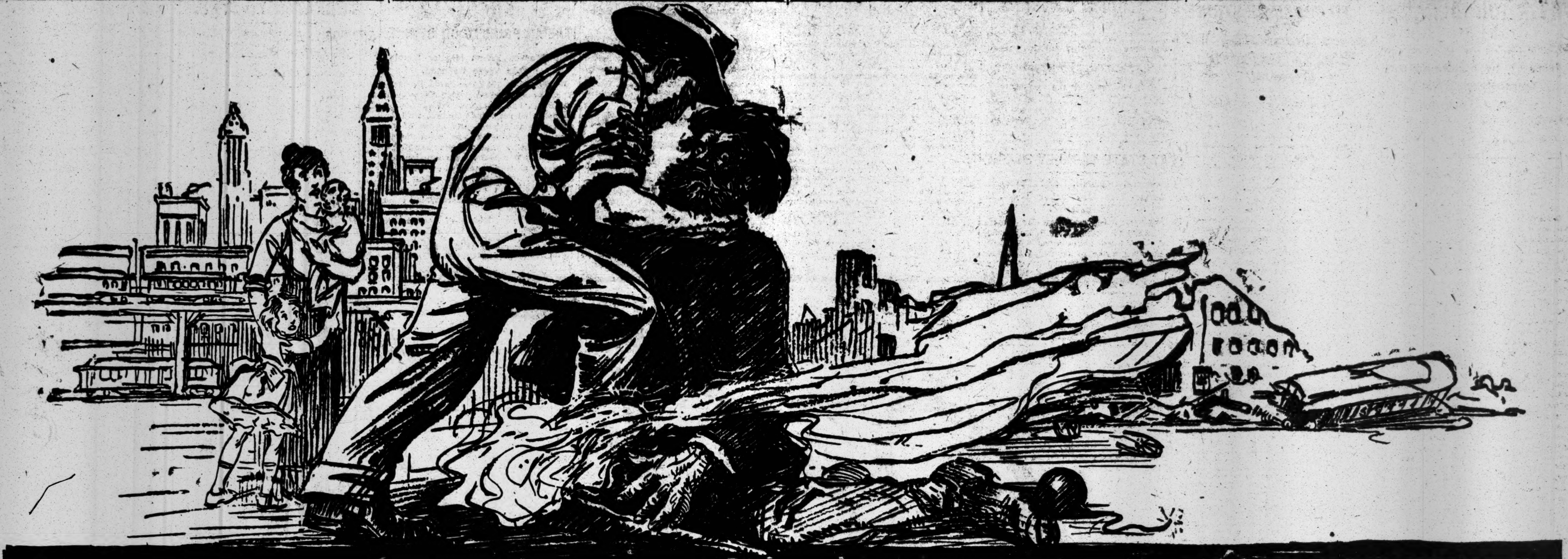

Union Labor Strangles Bolshevism

"For the first time in many years the extreme radical groups, which have always contributed the most noise and a great deal of mischief, pitch their songs in a subdued key," according to the New York *World* correspondent at the American Federation of Labor Convention at Atlantic City.

While a Buffalo editor declares that every day some new strike or bomb explosion, or red-flag waving in this country or Canada confirms his belief that "Union labor is in the hands of unscrupulous men whose political, social, and economic principles stand on all fours with those of Lenine and Trotzky," the evidences of conservatism at the Convention are many. For instance, the President of the Boilermakers and Iron Shipbuilders Union has sent out an order to local unions which, he says, "serves notice on all that Bolsheviki, I. W. W.'s, or kindred gentry will not be tolerated."

For an enlightening account of the latest phases of the struggle in the labor world between radicalism and conservatism you should read the leading article in THE LITERARY DIGEST for June 21st. It presents the subject from all angles.

Other important news-articles in this fine number are:

How Hickson Heals By "Laying On of Hands"

An Account of the Methods and Results of the English Christian Healer at Trinity Church, New York

Republican Effort to Split the Treaty
Hog Island Vindicated
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America Now Makes Good Optical Glass
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Curbing a River With a Steel Skeleton
Lemordant, the Blinded Painter
Rome and Athens on Church Unity
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ELECTRICAL STORM WORST IN YEARS

Lightning, Wind, and Rain Hamper Transportation and Communication Facilities.

ESTIMATED DAMAGE $50,000

Floods Pouring Into Tunnels Cause Subway Tieup During Rush Hours.

Preceded by heavy clouds which, floating low over the city, made the late afternoon as dark as night, one of the worst electrical storms seen here in years burst over New York shortly before 5 o'clock yesterday. Damage caused by the fifty-mile gale of wind, the lightning, and the downpour of rain, which amounted almost to a cloudburst, was estimated by the police last night as approximately $50,000.

Water seeping through holes in the roofs of various tunnels in the subway system, as well as the street flood rushing down the kiosks, tied up parts of the system for a couple of hours, forcing passengers to alight where they were in the tunnel and walk the tracks to the station platforms. As the tie-up came at the height of the homeward-bound traffic, the blocking of the tracks caused more discomfort than has befallen subway passengers in some time.

At the Mott Avenue Station, where a triple-track system is being installed, the rain poured through excavations in the roof, and in a few moments a torrent was flowing along the tracks at a depth well over the heighth of the third rail. The water caused a short circuit, blocking traffic. There were several trains in this block, and the passengers got out and came back to the station, where they were given block tickets for use on the elevated system.

At the Longwood Station, on the Hunt Point Division, there was another tie-up caused by the flooding of the tracks when the water came in through manholes in the reef. It was stated last night by Superintendent of Transportation A. L. Merritt that about 35,000 men and women used block tickets to continue their homeward ride from the Mott Avenue Station, the Longwood and 145th Street Stations of the Lenox system. The tie-up lasted from 5:17 until 6:45 P. M.

The tie-up on the Broadway system was nearly as bad in the neighborhood of 137th Street, the system north all the way to Van Cortlandt Park being affected. Water rushing downhill with extraordinary force, and carrying with it boxes, pieces of fences that were washed away, small trees uprooted in the flood, and other miscellaneous débris came pouring down the subway kiosk at 137th Street and Broadway. It reached a depth of two feet on the tracks, and from the stalled trains the passengers walked to the stations by the hundreds.

Outside of the 137th Street kiosk conditions were nearly as bad as they were in the subway itself. The water in the street was knee deep, and the front rank of disgusted homeward-bound men and women tried to keep from getting wet. It was no use, however, for the hundreds behind kept forcing those in front out onto the street, and it became a race for shelter. An enterprising newsboy at this kiosk came to the rescue after a fashion with a number of park benches, out of which he constructed a rough bridge over which the passengers contrived to walk fairly dry-shod. The tie-up here lasted an hour.

Nearly $15,000 damage was done by a lightning blast that struck the glass roof of the studio of the Famous Players-Lasky Motion Picture Corporation at 130 West Fifty-sixth Street, shattering it completely, and ruining furniture and tapestries being used in the productions of film scenes.

Another blast hit the flagpole in Mount Morris Park, breaking the upper mast to splinters. A large tree in front of 263 West Fifty-second Street was hit and crashed down on the roof of a passing van driven by John Delaney of 143 William Street, Long Island City. Both the driver and the horse drawing the van escaped injury, but the vehicle was smashed to pieces. A special call for a fire truck company was turned in to get the débris removed.

The storm also affected telephone service throughout the five boroughs, particularly in the Bronx. The wind and rain played havoc with the overhead wires of the Intervale, Tremont, Fordham, and Melrose exchanges, interrupting service for about half an hour. In Manhattan the service was not affected so much by the direct action of the storm as by the numerous hurry calls put in for taxis, privately owned machines and vehicles, and umbrellas, as well as hundreds of "home late" calls.

As accident directly traceable to the storm occurred just at its height, when Frank Colutti of 292 Ninth Avenue, Long Island City, and Isaac Kingsburg of 450 Howard Avenue, Brooklyn, were knocked down in front of 117 West Thirteenth Street by an auto delivery truck. The car skidded on the wet pavement and knocked the two men down before the chauffeur could stop it. They were attended by Dr. George Hockrakner of New York Hospital for contusions of the body.

URGES ORDER IN STRIKE.

State Senator Hurley Addresses Waterbury Meeting.

WATERBURY, Conn., June 20.—At a mass meeting of about 2,000 strikers this evening speeches were made by State Senator John Hurley and John Moriarty, a local business man. Senator Hurley urged the strikers to avoid all disturbances and conduct their struggle in an orderly manner.

A meeting of strikers is scheduled for 2 P. M. tomorrow, and strike leaders expect that 6,000 will attend. The gathering probably will act upon a series of demands which have been framed for presentation to the mills.

There was no disorder tonight, although several more arrests were made for breach of the peace. The City Guard is billeted in the City Hall and the State Guard is mobilized in the armory.

A number of those arrested in last night's riot were held under bail today.

WIREMEN THREATEN TO CONTINUE STRIKE

Statement Declares They Will Fight Until Their Union Is Recognized.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 20.—The continuation of the telegraphers' strike as long as "the Wilson Administration stands on record as denying us the right which President Wilson says all workers are entitled to" is threatened in a statement issued from headquarters of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union here today.

The strikers have given up the hope they expressed several days ago for early settlement of their difficulties. They say they see no prospect of peace, and add that their fight will be carried on until the Government has recognized their union.

The statement says that the strike is extending rapidly. Gains, it says, have been made among employes of telephone as well as telegraph companies, with serious impairment of telegraph service. The strikers exhibited a copy of a test message sent from Oklahoma on June 17. The original, they say, has not yet reached Chicago.

The test, according to the statement, shows that "the companies are circulating false reports about desertions from our ranks and that the strike will soon be over." Instead of normal service, the strikers say, the companies are maintaining very slow and irregular communication.

Representatives of the companies asserted today that service was normal and the strike was not inconveniencing them.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 20.—Striking telephone operators and linemen of California and Nevada, members of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, announced today that an ultimatum, threatening to call out locals of Oregon and Washington next week if the strike was not settled this week, was being prepared for presentation to the Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Company.

A conference between telegraph operators who are employed by brokers and are members of the Eastern Brokerage Division of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union and a committee from the Board of Governors of the New York Stock Exchange will be held next Wednesday, to discuss the strike of the union against the Postal and Western Union Telegraph Companies. Percy Thomas, Deputy International President of the telegraphers' union, made the announcement yesterday in discussing the possibilities of making the strike more general than it is now.

W. F. Ewing, President of the division, said that the operators had no grievances against their employers and would take any action only to benefit members of the union who had grievances against telegraph companies. They may appeal to the brokers to exert their influence for the settlement of the strike in favor of the telegraphers, so that the union would be recognized by the telegraph companies. Mr. Ewing pointed out that the brokers' operators already had voted not to strike and that no order to them to strike in sympathy had been received from S. J. Konenkamp, the President of the union.

BAY STATE TROLLEY STRIKE

Lawrence, Lowell, and Woburn Lines Tied Up—Other Towns Threatened.

BOSTON, June 20.—With car service completely tied up in Lowell, Lawrence, and Woburn by strikes of motormen and conductors, votes of employes in other cities on the Eastern Massachusetts Railway Company's lines were counted here today to determine whether a general strike should be called. Union officials said that if the vote favored a strike the men would probaby quit work Sunday morning.

The system, which was formerly known as the Bay State Street Railway, is now operated by public trustees appointed by the State. It covers a large part of Eastern Massachusetts and runs to Rhode Island and New Hampshire.

The original strike in Lowell last Monday was announced as a protest against the use of hand fare registers on open cars, conductors asserting that the hazard of their occupation was increased by the necessity of carrying these registers in moving along the running boards. In addition to this grievance members of the General Conference Board of the seventeen local unions of the system said today that there was dissatisfaction over some features of the wage classification in the contract entered into with the company last December, which superseded a contract arranged in 1916.

Homer Loring, Chairman of the public trustees, said the question at issue was whether the arbitration agreement entered into between the company and the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes should stand or fall.

VOTE 8-HOUR MINING DAY.

French Deputies Repair Their Error of Two Weeks Ago.

PARIS, June 20.—The bill of Deputy Durafour applying the eight-hour day to the coal mining industry was adopted unanimously today by the Chamber of Deputies. The rejection two weeks ago by the Chamber of the same bill, which was due to a misunderstanding, resulted in a general strike of the miners.

11,000 SHOE WORKERS OUT.

Leave Shops to Establish the 45-Hour Week in Haverhill.

HAVERHILL, Mass., June 20.—Approximately 11,000 members of the Shoe Workers' Protective Union quit work tonight for the week to put in effect the forty-five-hour-week schedule which they had voted to adopt. No announcement was made as to the attitude the Manufacturers' Association would take, but union leaders expressed the belief that all the operatives would be allowed to return to work Monday.

In the case of the cutters, who adopted a forty-four-hour schedule last week, the manufacturers decided that a strike had been declared and declined to take back any employes unless they agreed to work forty-eight hours a week.

ITALIAN PRIESTS ON STRIKE.

Stop Masses When Higher Emoluments Were Refused.

ROME, June 19, (Associated Press.)—A strike of priests, which is without precedent, has just occurred at Loreto, a celebrated resort of pilgrims, whither, according to legend, the house of the Virgin at Nazareth was miraculously transported by angels in the year 1294.

The priests asked for an amelioration of their financial condition, owing to the high cost of living, and when their claims were not granted they stopped celebrating masses and performing other religious duties.

Mgr. Andreoli, Bishop of Recanati, in whose diocese Loreto is located, is intervening personally in persuading the priests to resume their duties, promising to do everything possible to satisfy their desires.

LANCASHIRE SPINNERS THREATEN TO STRIKE

300,000 to Quit Work Today If 46½-Hour Week Is Not Conceded.

LONDON, June 20.—Lancashire tomorrow is likely to see the start of a strike of cotton spinners, involving 300,000 operatives. A number of conferences have been held at Manchester and in London in the last fortnight, and Sir Robert Stevenson Horne, Minister of Labor, has made vigorous efforts to avert the strike, which it has been announced would be for a forty-six and one-half-hour week and a 30 per cent. advance in wages.

A final conference at Manchester today failed to reach an agreement, and the operatives' strike notices will expire at noon tomorrow. Unless an eleventh-hour settlement is reached or the operatives consent to postpone their notices, it is believed that there will soon be 500,000 workers on strike.

After the conference at Manchester today it was officially announced that the employers had offered a 48-hour week with a 25 per cent. advance in wages, and that the operatives were prepared to accept a 46½-hour week and a 25 per cent. advance, but that neither side would yield further.

150 DEAD AND INJURED IN PORTO RICAN FIRE

Many Children Are Victims in Loss of Moving Picture Theatre at Mayaguez.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rica, June 20.—One hundred and fifty persons, including many children, are reported killed or injured in the destruction by fire last night of a motion picture theatre at Mayaguez.

The bodies of twenty-seven unidentified persons were recovered from the ruins today.

Trim Ankles identify the wearers of Boston Garter

Velvet Grip

It holds the socks snug and smooth, without binding, gives absolute security and perfect leg-comfort.

Sold Everywhere.

George Frost Co., Makers, Boston

TO YOU MEN SEEKING OPPORTUNITY

If I told you you could make $5,000 between now and October 1, what would you say? Undoubtedly your answer would be "how?"

That's just the point.

If you believe in yourself and have the persistency to go in and succeed you will find your paramount opportunity here.

Come in and let's talk it over.

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No Cooking

A Nutritious Diet for All Ages
Quick Lunch at Home or Office
Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

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SPECIAL TRIPS
SUNDAY, JUNE 22, 1919
NEW YORK TO ATLANTIC HIGHLANDS, N. J.
SCHEDULE
Leave New York, BATTERY LANDING, 9:30 A. M., 1:30 and 8:00 P. M.
Returning
Leave ATLANTIC HIGHLANDS, 11:00 A. M., 5:00 and 9:45 P. M.
FARE 40 CENTS Each Way
REGULAR DAILY TRIPS BEGIN WED., JUNE 25

Park-Taylor $18.50

"The finest suit I ever bought cost me only $18.50!"

"Park-Taylor opened my eyes. I had been paying high prices for clothes that gave me fairly good service, but, as the saying goes, 'I wouldn't write home about them.'

"Then I tried P.-T.—their advertising sold me—and for $18.50 they fixed me up with the smartest all-wool Suit I ever wore. Really it's a corker—full of snap and dash, and long-wearing, too.

"How do they do it? Simply by cutting selling expenses to the bone—giving you real value for every dollar you spend. P.-T. produce all their own clothes—sell from economical second-floor shops—to thousands of men."

Master Tailored $25

You'll like one thing in particular about this line of "Clothes of Character"—their style individuality. This has made them the choice of discriminating dressers—men accustomed to custom tailored clothes. The fabrics are all wool, too. Come up to P.-T.—remember—*you need not buy, but you will.*

Genuine Palm Beach Suits
Take the "simmer" out of Summer with one of our Palm Beach Suits—smart, cool and breezy.......... $8.50 and up

Imported Priestley Mohairs
Master-tailoring puts real style in every airy, light Mohair suit we sell—at the remarkably low price of.. $15

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Four Convenient Shops

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2nd Floor
1551 Broadway Corner of 46th Street
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OPPOSE INCREASE IN TRANSIT FARES

Nixon Tells Commerce Board City Should Also Profit if Any Advance Is Made.

WOULD REVISE CONTRACTS

Delaney Declares Facts So Far Developed Do Not Show Need for Higher Rates.

The precise positions of Public Service Commissioner Lewis Nixon and Transit Commissioner John H. Delaney in relation to an increase in fares on the city's transportation lines were set forth yesterday in speeches made by the Commissioners at a luncheon at the Hotel Commodore given by the Chamber of Commerce of the Borough of Queens. The speeches were taken by a stenographer and were afterward revised and approved by the two Commissioners.

Mr. Nixon's position is, in brief, as follows:

In his opinion the view of the city Government is that to raise fares on lines operated by private corporations and owned partly by the city would be to increase the profits of the private companies. He is opposed to these companies passing into the hands of receivers if such a disaster can be avoided by a fair adjustment.

He thinks there should be some flexibility in the fare rate so that increases could be allowed in times of adversity and decreases made in times of prosperity.

He believes that it is unfair to the city to keep it from benefiting from any earnings of the rapid transit lines until all of the other claims are paid. He thinks the city should receive some return from its investments in transit lines before the companies receive their preferentials.

He thinks that the securities should be put in the class of investment and taken out of the speculative class, and that the whole transit situation should be taken out of politics.

He is opposed to any concessions being made by the city in favor of the railways unless concessions are also made by the companies in favor of the city.

Would Revise Contracts.

After the luncheon Mr. Nixon was told that the conclusion arrived at by those who heard him was that he wanted some reformations made in the dual contracts, and that he thought amendments could be made in them now which it would be impossible to get later on. He dictated this reply:

"That was exactly the impression I wanted to convey, as possession of the rapid transit lines could not be secured except through failure, and an opportunity now presented itself which will probably never occur again of amending the contracts in such a way as to warrant lower returns to holders of securities and thus stabilizing investments; that will provide for the removal of the city's bonds from the debt limit and will, by the simplicity of adjustment, be clear to the travelling public and be accepted by their friends in the city government, in their interest. Then if everything could be accomplished without an increase, as would be apparent as negotiations were had, we could hopefully look forward to a decrease in fares in the near future."

Mr. Delaney's position is:

He is not in favor of an advance in fare. In his opinion all of the discussion on the question so far is predicated entirely on the assertion that the railroad companies are not making enough money.

He agrees with Mr. Nixon that any concession should not be one-sided, and that if the city yields on any of the questions involved a similar yielding should be made by the companies.

He insists that the officials of the railway companies have not presented any data or proof to show that an increase in fare is necessary, and he is opposed to throwing additional burdens upon the people for the sole purpose of increasing the income of the stockholders of the companies.

For Full Inquiry.

He wants it clearly understood that there is no clash between him and Mr. Nixon, and that both agree that before any definite conclusion can be reached there must be a thorough and complete examination and investigation of conditions. He also wants it understood that he is concerned only with the rapid transit lines and that he has nothing to do with the surface lines.

He agrees with Mr. Nixon that there should be a reversal of the position occupied by the city's bonds and the preferentials of the companies operating rapid transit lines.

Mr. Nixon spoke first. He referred to the fact that he had been in his present office only a little more than six weeks, and that a speech recently made by him had been misinterpreted. Therefore, he said, he intended to state his position in plain language and slowly, so that all might understand. Then he said:

The great question that seems to have exercised the minds of the people of this city is the question of the raise of fare, and we might as well meet that situation by facing it fairly and not by turning our backs.

As I read the general idea of the City Government, it is that the operation of the transit facilities of this city is in the hands of private corporations, and as long as any raise of fares would seemingly be a profit to those corporations only, the City Government seems to be decidedly against such raise.

I believe that if we possibly can obtain any change in our present method of charges it must be accomplished with the consent on the part of the contractors, of the private corporations to give us a reduction below 5 cents if the conditions warrant it. Had the ordinary increase of traveling and of earning power gone on, we would have had normally about 80,000,000 fares a year increase, but at the beginning of the war that stopped and was reduced to 40,000,000, and in 1918 it was 20,000,000 less than in 1917.

As that great tide of travel charges back and forces itself into the present avenues of transit we are going to find ourselves not only carrying more people, but carrying them at a considerably less fare.

I think the present policy of drifting is extremely dangerous and I have set my face against it. There are enough conditions that cannot be met, and an inflexible condition is the worst, both for the community and for the people that serve it, and I believe that by the attainment of a flexible charge and the stabilizing of interest charges that we will be able to arrive at that great consummation which I want to see—that of taking public transit service throughout the City of New York out of politics.

City Against Yielding.

Mr. Delaney's speech indicated a thorough knowledge of the precise attitude of the Mayor and Controller. It developed during the talks that city officials have been discussing "in camera," as it was expressed, the situation of the city's transportation lines, and that it was the settled policy of the city to yield nothing to the companies in the matter of higher fares. He said:

I maintain that the mere assertions of the officers of a railroad company, unbacked by any data or any proof that this increase of revenue is necessary to continue the operation of the lines, are not a sufficient reason to warrant the administrative officers of this city giving their consent to imposing upon the people of this city a greater financial burden for the purpose of increasing merely the income of the present stockholders of these railroad companies.

I know the opinions of your Mayor and your Controller, and I heartily agree with them, that the facts developed do not indicate any necessity whatever for an increase of fare, and that the only basis there is for any discussion is an assertion by the companies that they cannot continue at the present rate.

A number of street railroad lines have gone into bankruptcy. When an ordinary, every-day private citizen's business gets into difficulty and has not enough money to meet its outgoing expenses it begins to economize, and it probably may have to begin to economize at the top. I have had to reduce my drawing account since the war conditions curtailed the income from my business, and I have also had to suspend drawing for a while, but there has not been the slightest suggestion that I have seen that any of these royal salaries at the top of the railroad ladder should be discontinued, operating expenses reduced in a way that would give evidence of good faith.

He spoke strongly in favor of mutual concessions, but did not say that, even if the companies agreed to modify the dual contracts in the city's favor, this would be met by a favorable disposition to grant a fare increase.

NIXON APPOINTS BARRETT.

Makes Queens Official a Deputy Public Service Commissioner.

Alfred M. Barrett of Queens was yesterday appointed a Deputy Public Service Commissioner by Commissioner Lewis Nixon. The salary is $7,500 a year. This is the second deputy Mr. Nixon has appointed, the first being Edward J. Glennon of the Bronx. A third deputy is yet to be named. A few months ago Mr. Barrett was appointed as Commissioner of Highways of Queens.

Mr. Barrett has spent most of his life in the banking business. He was one of the pioneers in the organization of the American Institute of Banking, has served as its President, and for three years was a member of its Board of Trustees. For many years he has been active in the civic life of Queens. For five years he was Treasurer of the Catholic Club of the city, and is Treasurer General for the United States of the American-Irish Historical Society.

HARDEN CLEARS SERBIA OF SERAJEVO GUILT

Publishes Official Telegram to Vienna Which Germans Suppressed in July, 1914.

BERNE, June 20.—An official telegram to the Vienna Foreign Office, exonerating Serbia of responsibility for the Serajevo murder, has been published by Maximilian Harden in the Berlin Zukunft, as a part of the mass of evidence to show German responsibility for the war.

This telegram, dated July 13, 1914, states plainly that the Serbian Government, against which no evidence can be produced, has no responsibility for the murder.

This document, Herr Harden said, was suppressed, and ten days later the ultimatum to Serbia was presented. In addition, he said, seven days before it was drafted the Potsdam War Council already had arranged a plan of action in anticipation of Russia's intervention.

"Von Bethmann-Hollweg may have forgotten it," Herr Harden says, "but this decision was taken and registered on July 6, before the Kaiser left for the north, and he who had to choose between war and peace had already chosen war. A hundred million individuals were thus deceived."

FORBIDS POLISH TROOPS TO PERSECUTE JEWS

General Haller Says the Guilty Will Be Court-Martialed and Punished.

PARIS, June 20, (Associated Press.)—Robert Lansing, the American Secretary of State, today received from Hugh S. Gibson, American Minister to Poland, the following instructions issued by the Polish military authorities ordering the army to refrain from the persecution of civilians.

"Soldiers, I have been told by the Jewish population of this country that they have been treated by Polish soldiers in a way which is in keeping neither with the honor nor the greatness of the Polish Army; that they have been beaten, abused, and injured; that their property is being destroyed.

"Such demeanor is unworthy of Polish soldiers, who are servants of a holy cause. All those guilty of persecuting any portion of the population will be severely punished and court-martialed by my orders.

"The Polish soldier is bound to distinguish himself by his good behavior, so as to leave behind in the hearts of all citizens of the Polish State, independent of nationality or creed, an idea of the reconstruction of their country.

"To be read by all detachments now under my command. HALLER."

General Haller is Commander in Chief of the Polish forces.

WARSAW, June 20, (via Paris.)—The Polish Diet, after a debate on excesses committed against Jews, adopted unanimously a motion presented by M. Daszynski, expressing the conviction that such excesses, instead of ending the disastrous economic situation in Poland after five years of war, would increase the general distress.

The resolution advised the population to make every attempt to ward off the provocations of Poland's enemies, who, it was said, were trying to take advantage of her misfortunes to compromise the Government. The Government, however, it continued, was willing to take energetic measures against those who encouraged the exasperated population to commit offenses against the Jews. If Poland checked firmly all disorders provoked by religious differences, the resolution said, all citizens of whatever religion or nationality would be assured of safety and equality.

PICHON SAYS RUSSIA WILL AGAIN BE ALLY

Bolshevism Has Lost the Day and Knows It, French Minister Tells Chamber.

PARIS, June 18, (French Wireless Service.)—"The Allies wish to help Russia to save herself," declared Stephen Pichon, the Foreign Minister, in his address to the Chamber of Deputies last night, setting forth the policy of the Government regarding Russian affairs. (Previous dispatches have carried brief excerpts from this address, which was followed by a vote of confidence in the Government, 349 to 137.)

M. Pichon began by paying tribute to the help that had been given in the East by the Greek troops, and followed this by stating the size of the French effective forces in Russia. There were 5,000 French troops in Siberia, he said, and 2,000 French at Murmansk and Archangel. Three divisions of French had been on the Dniester, one of which had already been withdrawn, another of which soon would be relieved, and the remainder of the troops relieved by degrees, as the Rumanians were in a position to defend themselves.

"We are not at war with Russia," said the Foreign Minister in beginning his statement of policy. "We are at war with Germany, and it was to restore the liberty of our communications that we went to Archangel. But we ought not to lay aside the Russian problem. No world peace can continue so long as anarchy exists in Russia. In order that civil war may cease in Russia, it is necessary that anarchy, with its contagion of Bolshevism, should be stamped out. It is necessary that a great Russian democracy should be reconstituted which may establish peace. In order to attain this it is necessary to make an appeal to all the reconstituted elements in Russia.

"This is the policy of the allied Governments. We desire a Russia united, strong, and powerful, and we do not wish her to be dismembered, but we are partisans of a Russian democracy, in federal form, based upon national sovereignty and upon the principles of right and of liberty, which are the principles of modern nations. Our views are also those of the Allies, for the problems in Russia concern others as well as ourselves. We are approaching the final result which we believe is precisely what all civilized nations desire.

"As to Bolshevism, it has lost the day and knows it. It may have yet a little while, as it finds some strength in its army, which, let it not be forgotten, is bolstered up and directed by Germans. Union is being established between all forces in order to re-establish order and tranquillity."

R-34 RETURNS FROM THE BALTIC

Big Dirigible on Test Flight Takes a Look at German Ports.

WENT CLOSE TO COAST

Her Rough Experience Likely to Delay Her Trip Here a Week or Ten Days.

EAST FORTUNE, Scotland, June 20, (Associated Press.)—The British dirigible R-34, which left here Tuesday, returned today after a 56-hour flight, which took her into the Baltic for the two-fold purpose of learning whether there was any unusual activity in German shipping and to further test the machine before attempting to fly across the Atlantic.

The giant machine had a rough trip and it is unlikely that she can be ready to start for America under ten days, the earliest estimates being a week. Just how far she proceeded up the Baltic it is impossible to learn, as the Government has cautioned the officers and crew against saying anything with regard to the trip. It is learned, however, that the ship went abreast of Berlin, just outside the three mile limit.

"We adhered strictly to the armistice terms regarding territorial waters, but went as close to the coast as was legally admissible," said a member of the crew. "As to how far north we went I can only say that we did not go as far as Petrograd. I think you will find the reports will show that the German ports are very dead indeed."

The airship battled against a strong westerly wind during 20 hours of the homeward journey. Colonel Hunt, commanding the station here, has suggested to the Air Ministry that the flight across the Atlantic be postponed for a fortnight. It is estimated that the total round rip of the Baltic totaled 1,200 miles.

HANDLEY-PAGE CREW WAITING ON WEATHER

Hopeful of Start Today with Reports of Improving Conditions.

Special to The New York Times.

HARBOR GRACE, N. F., June 20.—Reports of improving transatlantic weather today cheered the members of the Handley-Page crew and made them hopeful of being able to start their Newfoundland to England flight tomorrow.

Despite their eagerness to get away, however, it is by no means certain that they will depart so quickly, as they are determined to await an ideal wind, since otherwise the task they have set themselves of beating the Vimy's distance record is hopeless. Admiral Kerr and the other fliers are particularly anxious to depart for fear that there may be some change in the plans ordered by headquarters.

Though the project of a flight to America instead of across the ocean at first appealed greatly here, the aviators are more and more of the opinion that they should not alter the original plans for the journey.

Major Geoffrey I. Taylor, meteorological officer of the expedition, is in St. John's, camping close beside Lieutenant Lawrence L. Clemens, the Air Ministry meteorological officer to whom come all official weather reports. Major Taylor will flash word here the moment he decides conditions are suitable for departure.

Though a dozen men are still working about the biplane, nothing essential remains to be done and the getaway should be accomplished practically without delay once the word is given.

AIRMEN GET $50,000 PRIZE.

Presented to Alcock and Brown at Luncheon—Both Knighted by King.

LONDON, June 20.—Captain John Alcock and Lieutenant Arthur W. Brown were entertained at a luncheon at the Hotel Savoy today by The Daily Mail and the transatlantic prize of $50,000, offered by the newspaper, was presented to the aviators.

Those attending the dinner included United States Ambassador Davis, Colonel Pierce, representing the United States Army; Captain Sexton, representing the United States Navy; Winston Spencer Churchill, Secretary for War; the Earl of Reading, ex-British Ambassador to the United States; other members of the British Cabinet, representatives of the British Army, Major Gen. Sykes, and the Lord Mayors of London and Manchester.

It was announced that King George had conferred the Order of Knight of the British Empire on Captain Alcock and Lieutenant Brown.

HALT ON AGADIR FLIGHT.

Paris Aviators Descend at Casablanca—To Resume Trip Today.

CASABLANCA, Morocco, July 19.—Lieutenant Lemaitre and Adjutant Guignard, French aviators attempting a flight from Paris to Agadir, arrived here at 5 o'clock this evening and will start for Agadir on Saturday.

The airmen left Paris Wednesday morning, intending to make their first stop at Madrid, but were compelled to descend at Cazaux near Arcachon, thirty-five miles southwest of Bordeaux. They left Cazaux at 8 o'clock this morning and made the flight to Casablanca without incident.

REPATRIATE 3,000 GERMANS.

Will Be Sent Home on Two Army Transports Before July 1.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The War Department today announced that by an arrangement between the Swiss Legation, in charge of German interests in this country, and the State Department it is being planned to repatriate to Germany before the first of July some 3,000 German nationals now detained in this country. These will include sanitary personnel, merchant ships' officers and crews, and a number of interned civilians. Only those who wish it are being repatriated. No prisoners of war are included.

Because of the crowded condition of ordinary commercial vessels the War Department has undertaken to transport them on army transports. The two vessels to be used are the Martha Washington and Princess Matoika. The former will sail from Charleston, S. C., about June 25, the latter about June 30. Both will go to Rotterdam.

The expenses of transportation will be borne by the German Government.

SWISS ARE REMOBILIZING.

Picked Troops to Guard Frontiers in Case Germany Doesn't Sign.

GENEVA, June 19.—Special military arrangements have been made by the Swiss Government for eventualities in case the Germans refuse to sign the treaty of peace. Picked Landwehr forces will be remobilized tomorrow and the next day at Basle and Constance to protect the Rhine and the northern frontier.

A Bregenz dispatch to the Thurgau Gazette says that Italian troops have begun to occupy Vorarlberg, the westernmost district of Austria. Alpini battalions arriving at Montafon and Feldkirch yesterday were coldly received, it is reported.

ENROLL FIRST 50,000 FOR OVERSEAS ARMY

War Department Announces Additional Contingent of 50,000 Will be Sought.

The Army Recruiting Service in this city received notice from the War Department yesterday that the results of the recruiting campaign being conducted throughout the country had been so satisfactory for the last five days that the General Staff was able to announce that its first contingent of 50,000 men for the regular army had been filled. Officers here said that this meant that 50,000 men had enlisted in the army since February, when the first call for that number of men to serve in France and on the Rhine was sent out.

Completion of the first quota of 50,000 men for the new army does not mean, however, that the recruiting service will relax its efforts or that there are no more opportunities for men to enlist for any branch of the service in the American Expeditionary Forces. The memorandum of the War Department pointed out that the service should redouble its efforts to recruit as quickly as possible 50,000 additional men and that recruits still would be accepted for service with the regular army regiments in the overseas service.

In its first call for recruits the War Department pointed out the need of 50,000 men as replacements for the regular units in France and on the Rhine, but so many of the men who enlisted expressed preference for service in this country or at other stations where regular army units are maintained that several thousand still are needed to make up the quotas for overseas service. Preferences for any arm of the service in the army of occupation may be expressed by recruits.

Some of the men who had inquired at the recruiting headquarters at 461 Eighth Avenue about the assurances that they would see service in France and on the Rhine expressed doubt that, in view of the reports that the Germans probably would sign the treaty, their services would be needed in the A. E. F. Dealing with that possibility, an official bulletin given out by the recruiting service said:

Need More Men for Overseas.

"It was authoritatively stated today that there is a positive need for men overseas and that when the necessity terminates the War Department will make an official announcement."

"The War Department is now engaged in obtaining the second batch of 50,000 men for the regular army," said the statement sent to all recruiting offices yesterday by General March, Chief of Staff of the army. "It will not be sufficient for you to rely simply on advertising. Each officer and man in the recruiting service must take a personal interest in seeing that his office obtains its share of the total number of men desired.

"Although we have obtained the first 50,000 recruits in a comparatively short space of time, there are plenty of vacancies left in the army which must be filled. This can only be accomplished by personal and unremitting efforts of every officer and man on the recruiting service."

The run of recruting throughout the country for the last five days has exceeded peace-time records, and it is the desire of the recruiting service to offer such advantages to the prospective recruits and to make the educational courses so attractive that the second quota of 50,000 men will be made up before the campaign closes. For the last five days the number of men enlisted in the country had been more than 400 a day, the number of Thursday being 452, out of more than 1,000 applications for service in the army.

Responding to the order of General March to stimulate the campaign as much as possible and to reach all prospective recruits, Colonel W. E. Wilder, in command of the service in this district, announced last night that he would begin immediately a campaign to recruit veteran soldiers for the Recruiting Service. He said that all branches of the service in the metropolitan district had been so swamped with applications that the men assigned to the work here had been unable to push the work as much as he had desired.

Good Chances to Advance

Colonel Wilder's call is for noncommissioned officers who have served in the army and who wish to return under the most favorable circumstances. No lines are to be drawn between the regular army and the National Army or the regular army and the National Guard in the selection of men for this special service. They will receive $113 a month to start, with regular hours of work.

"The only condition is that they must be men of steady habits, intelligent, attentive and industrious," said Colonel Wilder. "As first class privates on Recruiting Service they will receive about $113 a month in cash. Their clothing and all medical and dental attention are free. The Government assumes liability for any disability incurred in line of duty. From one-half to one-third of the force are noncommissioned officers and the chances for advancement of men of the right sort are excellent."

One of the recruits accepted yesterday for the Ordnance Corps was Rudolph Moset of 42¼ St. Mark's Place, Brooklyn, who said that he wished to enlist so that he could become an expert mechanic. His offer to enlist called forth from Sergeant Williams, the veteran of twenty years, a long exposition of the Ordnance Corps work. He said there were sixty schools throughout the country giving instructions in about sixty subjects that would enable a man to make a living in civil life.

"Now, sonny," he concluded, "just come over to this map and put your finger on the arsenal, shell factory, nitroglycerin plant, or dynamite warehouse where you would like to take your preliminary training. Oh, no, there's no danger, sonny. That's just a gentle little way of telling you that all we want in the army is men who aren't afraid, and if you have any friends who are like yourself bring them in. We'll take all of them up to 50,000, provided they are physically perfect with no defective colors in the spine."

California to Hold Referendum.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., June 20.—Referendum petitions directed against the national prohibition ratification resolution and the Harris Enforcement Act of the California Legislature have qualified, it was announced tonight by Frank C. Jordan, Secretary of State.

Tank Corps Club to Give a Frolic.

Four hundred former members of the Tank Corps, who have organized the Tank Corps Club with headquarters at 17 East Forty-first Street, have arranged a frolic and rally to be held at the Hudson Theatre a week from Sunday night. There will be a program in which fifteen or more well known players will participate.

The primary object of the rally will be to attract other former members of the Tanks so that the roster of the club may be as complete as possible. The formal opening of the Forty-first Street clubhouse has just taken place.

Syndicate to Stage "Gyp for Short."

"Gyp For Short," a new play by Charles Bradley, will be produced by a syndicate formed by The American Theatrical Exchange, Inc. Its first performance will be given out of town about Sept. 20.

MUSIC NOTES.

Eduardo Petri announces voice trials for admission to the chorus school of the Metropolitan Opera Company, beginning Monday and continuing till the end of the month.

Lithuanian folk music will be part of the first day's program of the Convention of Lithuanian Societies in the United States, to open tomorrow at the Vanderbilt Theatre.

Mischa Elman has volunteered to appear tonight at a concert at the Brooklyn Academy of Music for the benefit of the Israel Hospital.

PERSHING REPORTS 92 NEW CASUALTIES

Brings the Total Thus Far Reported for the Army Up to 293,294.

16 DEAD IN LATEST LIST

Five Missing and 71 Wounded Also Named—No New List for the Marine Corps.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—One army casualty list, containing 92 names, was given out by the War Department today, bringing the total for the army up to 293,294. This includes 4,534 prisoners released from German prison camps. No Marine Corps list was issued today, but the total previously reported for that arm was 6,037. The total for the army and Marine Corps is now 299,331.

Summary of Casualties to Date.

	Prev. Reported.	Rptd. June 20.	Total.
Killed in action	33,125	3	33,128
Lost at sea	733	..	733
Died of wounds	13,556	1	13,557
Died of accident	4,896	8	4,904
Died of disease	23,378	4	23,382
Total	75,688	16	75,704
Wounded, (85% returned to duty)	210,332	71	210,403
Missing and prisoners, (not including prisoners released and returned)	2,648	5	2,653
Prisoners released and returned	4,534	..	4,534
Total	293,202	92	293,294

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

Capt.	Captain.	Corp.	Corporal.
Lt.	Lieutenant.	Bgl.	Bugler.
Sgt.	Sergeant.	Mch.	Mechanic.
Gen.	General.	Wagn.	Wagoner.
Col.	Colonel	Mus.	Musician.
Maj.	Major.	Hrs.	Horseshoer.

(DA) Died from Accident or Other Cause.
(DD) Died from Disease.
(DP) Died from Airplane Accident.
(DW) Died from Wounds.
(KA) Killed in Action.
(LS) Lost at Sea.
(MA) Missing in Action.
(P) Prisoner.
(RD) Returned to Duty.
(WL) Wounded Slightly.
(WS) Wounded Severely.
(WU) Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)

Names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

Casualties.

NEW YORK CITY.

BRENNAN, E. J., 536 9th Av. (WU)
CONNERS, W. F., 159 Bedf'd Av., Bkn. (DD)
FOLEY, W. H., 207 7th St. (WU)
McGUINNESS, P. A., 281 Taaffe Pl., Brooklyn—Corp. (WS)
MAHONEY, J. J., 1,403 Gd. Concourse. (DA)
VAIL, J. J., 206 W. 19th St.—Corp. (WL)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

ADAMS, F. R., Bedford (WS)
BURRILL, D. F., New Rochelle—Lt. (WS)
FLINT, A. J., Schenectady—Corp. (WS)
JACOB, J., Yonkers (WS)
REALI, D., Corning (WL)
TRUESDALE, C. G., Binghamton (WL)

OTHER STATES.

ANDERSON, A. E., Seattle, Wash. (KA)
BRENNAN, W. F., Shelton, Conn. (WL)
BRINKER, R. H., Atwater, Ohio (DD)
DOMBROSKI, A., Passaic, N. J. (WS)
DRABENSTOTT, F., Creston, Ohio (DD)
FANTACONE, N. W., Manayunk, Penn. (DA)
FISHER, C., Wooster, Ohio (DD)
FLOYD, A., Delmar, Ky. (DA)
GEORGE, P., Jackson, Mich. (KA)
HAUG, O., Stead, N. M. (DA)
KIRK, C. T., Hopewell, Va. (DA)
LENGEFIELD, H. C., Gatesville, Tex. (KA)
MENTEN, J. P., Flint Hill, Mo. (DA)
PRESS, H. E., Bridgeton, N. J. (DA)
VAN HOUTEN, A. R., Dubois, Penn. (WL)
WILLIAMS, I. P., Kansas City, Kan. (DA)
LEONARDI, S., Veroni, Italy (DW)

Revised Casualties.

NEW YORK CITY.

	Now Rptd.	Prev. Rptd.
GRAHAM, P. C., 118 West 90th St., New York—Corp.	(KA)	(D)
MASONE, D., 847 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn	(KA)	(MA)
O'BRIEN, M., 2822 Ditmas Av., Brooklyn	(KA)	(MA)
SURRATT, L. L., General Delivery, New York—Sergt.	(P)	(MA)
OTHER PARTS OF N. Y. STATE.		
BEAUMONT, E., Hudson Falls—Sergt.	(KA)	(MA)
RYDER, R., Syracuse	(D)	(MA)
SAVAGE, R. E., Sacketts Harbor	(D)	(MA)
SIMMONS, C. F., Cooperstown	(KP)	(MA)
WOODCOCK, H. E., Painted Post	(KA)	(D)
OTHER STATES.		
ANDERSON, C. N., Porterville, Cal.	(KA)	(D)
AUGUST, C. J., Spartansburg, Penn	(KA)	(MA)
CISSELL, W. C., Montgomery, Ind.	(KA)	(WS)
CUBLERY, R., Grand Tower, Ill.	(KA)	(WS)
DEROY, N., Holyoke, Mass.	(KA)	(D)
DONOGHUE, F., Martin, W. V.—Corp.	(D)	(MA)
GOUGH, J., Meridian, Miss.	(D)	(MA)
GREEVER, J. J., Glazier, Tex.—Corp.	(KA)	(MA)
GRZYBOWSKI, F. Chicago	(KA)	(D)
INMAN, V., Williams, Ind.	(KA)	(MA)
JACKSON, O., Susanville, Ore.	(KA)	(D)
KELLOG, E. L., Sant Anna, Cal.	(KA)	(D)
KUCH, W. E., Williamsburg, Ia.	(DD)	(D)
MASTERS, D., Pueblo, Col.	(KA)	(MA)
MILES, F., Black R. Falls, Wis.	(KA)	(MA)
McCAN, E. C., Philadelphia, Pa.	(DW)	(MA)
MINCH, J., Matthews, Ind.	(KA)	(MA)
MOCCIO, A., Fairmont, W. Va.	(KA)	(MA)
MONROE, A. J., Flat Rock, Ind.	(KA)	(MA)
MONTOYA, A., Roy, N. M.	(KA)	(MA)
OLSON, A. A., Hatton, N. B.	(KA)	(D)
PENCE, S. A., Lees Mill, Tex.	(KA)	(MA)
PETTENGILL, L. H., Thomaston, Me.	(KA)	(MA)
SELDEN, J. G., Linden, Mich.	(KA)	(MA)
SKAL, J., Lyndora, Pa.—Mch.	(RD)	(DD)
SNYDER, W. A., Piedmont, Okla.	(KA)	(MA)
STEWARD, A. R., Lillington, N. C.	(D)	(MA)
STOUDER, H. R., Fairfield, O.	(KA)	(MA)
TOUNSLEY, R. M., Tampa, Fla.	(KA)	(MA)
VOIGHT, C. F., Houston, Tex.—Bugler	(KA)	(MA)
WYNN, A. A. R., Griffin, Ga.	(DW)	(DD)
ANTONSON, J. L., Sioux City, Iowa	(D)	(MA)
BENDER, A. G., Johnson, Neb.	(D)	(MA)
BLACK, J., Newcastle, Penn.	(D)	(MA)
CALDWELL, L. S., Dudley, Mo.	(DW)	(MA)
CHRISTENSEN, D. P., Glyndon, Minn.—Corp.	(KA)	(MA)
CLISHAM, T. F., Pittstown, Penn.	(KA)	(MA)
COLLUMS, D., Houlka, Miss.	(D)	(MA)
CONNER, W. M., Portland, Ore.	(KA)	(MA)
CONONICO, M., Loga, Italy	(KA)	(MA)
CONTRICIANO, F., Philadelphia	(KA)	(MA)
CRUMP, R. S., Berlin, Wis.	(KA)	(MA)
DENNIS, L. D., Chincoteague, Va.	(KA)	(MA)
GALLINA, C., New Orleans, La.—Mch.	(D)	(MA)
GRIFFY, C. M., Brazil, Ind.	(KA)	(D)
HAECKER, G., Milwaukee	(D)	(MA)
HALIN, G. W., Kansas City, Mo.—Corp.	(D)	(MA)
HARNEY, J. M., Springfield, Ill.	(DD)	(D)
HEGGEM, C. B., Longmont, Col.	(WS)	(MA)
HOLT, J. A., Climax, Ga.	(D)	(MA)
HONEYCUTT, W. L., Crossett, Ark.	(D)	(MA)
HORNE, O. J., Norton, Va.	(KA)	(MA)
HOUSE, L. C., Craig, Col.	(D)	(MA)
HUTNICKOW, L., Greensburg, Penn.—Corp.	(KA)	(MA)
IVY, E., Fillmore, Ill.	(KA)	(MA)
JAINETT, F. S., Phila'phia, Penn.	(KA)	(MA)
JOHNS, D., Brantford, Canada	(D	MA)
JOHNSON, R. M., Chester, Penn.	(KA	MA)
JOHNSON, W. S., Mott, N. D.	(KA	MA)
JORDAN, C. M., Malta, Mon.	(KA	MA)
KEIBER, E. L., Walnut, Ill.	(KA	MA)
KEITH, W. E., Wynne, Okla.	(KA	MA)
LANZITO, T., Bellaire, Ohio	(KA	MA)
LEE, V. C., Fremont, Neb.—Sergt.	(KA	MA)
LOMBAS, T., Morgan City, La.	(KA	MA)
LYNN, R., Van Buren, Ark.	(KA	MA)
McCARTHY, L. F., Cherry Valley, Mass.	(KA	MA)
MANGIONE, A., Providence, R. I.	(KA	MA)
MARQUARDT, G., Waden, Minn.	(KA	WU)
MORLOCK, G., Gackle, N. D.	(DW	MA)
NETTLES, F. L., Argyle, Ga.	(KA	MA)
NEWMAN, H., Fall River, Mass.	(KA	D)
O'NEILL, C., Charlestown, Mass.	(KA	MA)
PHELPS, H. A., Timber, Mont.	(D	MA)
PISCOTTA, S., Fitchburg, Mass.	(KA	MA)
SLIWINSKI, J., Chicago, Ill., Corp.	(KA	MA)
SLOVICH, F. J., Turkey Run, Penn.	(KA	MA)
SMITH, V. S., Salina, Kan.	(KA	MA)
SOBEZAK, J., Chicago, Ill.	(KA	MA)
STEWART, T., Libertyville, Ind.	(KA	MA)
STINE, J., Minersville, Penn.	(KA	MA)
THOMAS, H. D., Lumberton, Miss.	(D	MA)
TURAN, T., Saucier, Miss.	(D	MA)
VERMEERSCH, C., Detroit, Mich.	(D	MA)
WHITE, G. L., Coffeyville, Kan., Corp.	(D	MA)

WOMAN SAVES PAYROLL.

Her Screams Frighten Masked Robber, Who, with Companion, Escapes.

An attempt to steal the $1,400 payroll of the Commercial Delivery Company, at 366 Avenue A, on Wednesday was reported at Police Headquarters yesterday. Mrs. Etta Frost, manager in charge of the office, on the second floor, said she put to flight a masked man while she was waiting for the Treasurer of the company, Henry Shultz, to arrive with the money for the payment of the employes.

Mrs. Frost said she heard steps on the stairs and when she went to the hall door in expectation of meeting the Treasurer, a man with a handkerchief over his face confronted her. She screamed and the robber fled, as did another masked companion, who was posted at the street door as a lookout. One of the men fired a revolver when several business men in the adjoining stores started in pursuit.

Performances for Uniformed Men.

A Summer theatrical season for uniformed men will begin tonight on the roof of Madison Square Garden, and performances will be given on Saturday and Sunday nights throughout the warm months. They will be under the auspices of the New York War Camp Community Service, and will be similar to the Sunday afternoon performances which have been taking place at the Manhattan Opera House.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"The Lady in Red" will close at the Lyric tonight.

John D. O'Hara will play Frank Bacon's role in an Australian "Lightnin'" company, beginning at Sydney in September. Diana Wilson, an English actress, will be prominent in the cast.

The scenery for the "Greenwich Village Follies" has been designed by C. B. Falls and the costumes by Shirley Barker.

MOTION PICTURES.

RIVOLI B'way, 49th St. WM. S. HART Square Deal Sanderson RIVOLI ORCHESTRA
RIALTO Times Square REX BEACH'S The Crimson Gardenia RIALTO ORCHESTRA

PLAZA MADISON AVE. AT 59TH ST. Scientifically Cooled
MARY PICKFORD IN DADDY LONG LEGS

81st ST. THEATRE B'way & 81st St. Tel. Schuyler 3980
TO-DAY & TO-M'W. Wm. S. Hart In his LATEST & Best "The Money Corral" Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.

PARK 59th St., Columbus Circle. POPULAR PRICES. TONIGHT AT 7:30
JESS WILLARD in "THE CHALLENGE OF CHANCE"

STRAND B'way at 47 St. Exclusive Showing Charlie Chaplin in "SUNNYSIDE"

Loew's New York Theatre & ROOF 10, 20, 30
Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
JUNE ELVIDGE, "Love and the Woman."

McBride's Theatre Ticket Offices
Phone Bryant 1100.
Up-town: 1497 Broadway (Times Square West)
Down-town: 71 Broadway
Branches at the Hotels McAlpin, Waldorf-Astoria, The Wallick, 165 Broadway.
"STANDARD FOR FORTY YEARS"

Don't refuse that invitation because of a poor complexion

Resinol
clears away skin trouble

No one knows the humiliation of being a "wall flower" better than the girl with a red, rough complexion.

If *your skin* is not fresh and smooth, or has suffered from an unwise use of cosmetics, try Resinol Soap and Resinol Ointment for a week and see if they don't begin to make a blessed difference. They also help to make hands and arms soft and white, and to keep the hair live, glossy and free from dandruff.

All druggists sell Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap. For a free sample of each, write to Dept. 11-N, Resinol, Baltimore, Md. You'd better try them!

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN BROADWAY and 50th St. Evs. 8.
MATINEE TODAY AT 2.
THE SEASON'S MUSICAL JOY RIDE

MONTE CRISTO, JR.

MOST BEAUTIFUL WOMEN IN THE WORLD
Sunday Night Concert
THE SUNDAY ENTERTAINMENT DE LUXE

CENTURY GROVE, Roof of Century Theatre
MORRIS GEST MIDNIGHT WHIRL
at 11:30—A SENSATION—Phone Col. 8800

Booth 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30
The Best Show in Town The Better 'Ole
With MR. & MRS. COBURN.

A COOL SPOT—OPEN ROOF
EAST IS WEST
ASTOR With FAY BAINTER. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN HITS
BIG MUSICAL COMEDY SPLASH
"TUMBLE IN"
SELWYN. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20
MUSICAL PLAY—DIFFERENT
'SOMEBODY'S SWEETHEART'
CASINO. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30

ELTINGE WEST 42D ST., Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
"UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"

SHUBERT 44th, W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed. at 2:15.
LEW FIELDS SCORES THE BIGGEST HIT OF HIS CAREER
LEW FIELDS in his gorgeous SUMMER REVUE A LONELY ROMEO
LEW FIELDS' LEAGUE OF BEAUTIES

Broadhurst 44th, W. of B'way, Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30.
Rachel Crothers' Newest Comedy "39 EAST"

Vanderbilt 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:30.
7TH MONTH Your journey to the Greatest City will not be complete without seeing
A Little Journey
Rachel Crothers' Refreshing Comedy IN A COOL THEATRE

GARRICK 35th, E. of B'way. Greeley 1522. Eve.8:30. Mats.Today&Thurs., 2:30.
Great Dramatic Triumph JOHN FERGUSON
THE SEASON'S REAL SUCCESS.

CENTRAL B'way & 47th St. Eves. 8:15. Matinee Today, 2:15.
Season's Breeziest Musical Show "Take It From Me"

FULTON West 46th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
Oliver Morosco's Whirlwind Farce
PLEASE GET MARRIED
with Ernest Truex & Edith Taliaferro.

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
LOUIS MANN in FRIENDLY ENEMIES

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs.8:15. Matinee Today, 2:15.
A BREEZY, BUOYANT, BUBBLING MUSICAL COMEDY OUTBURST 2d Month
World: "It has effervescence, gayety and sparkle."
THE LADY IN RED
Charles Darnton, Eve. World: "It is full of pep."
BRISTLES WITH MIRTH, RADIATES VITALITY, MOVES UNFLAGGINGLY

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:20.
DAVID BELASCO Presents
DADDIES

LIBERTY Thea., West 42d St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15.
GEORGE WHITE'S SCANDALS OF 1919
with ANN PENNINGTON and 25 Others, and 50 Beautiful Scandal Mongers.

LIGHTNIN
GAIETY Broadway, 46th St. Evenings at 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:30.
SMITH-GOLDEN SUCCESSES
3 WISE FOOLS
CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.

Globe, Evs. 8:20. MAT. TODAY.
Removable Roof—Always Comfortable
"BEST MUSICAL SHOW IN TOWN."—Sun. CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S MERRY HIT
SHE'S A GOOD FELLOW

Knickerbocker B'way 38th St., Evs. 8:15 Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15.
7th BIG MONTH The Fittest of the Survivals. John Cort's Musical Comedy.
LISTEN LESTER!

NEW AMSTERDAM WEST 42 St.
Pop. Mat. Today. No Seat Over $2.
Ziegfeld Follies
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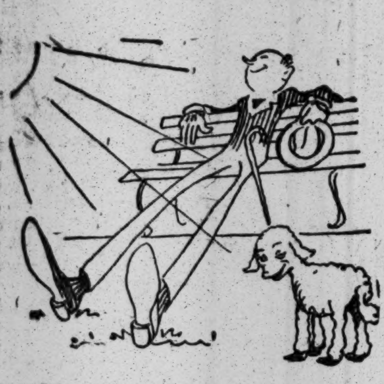

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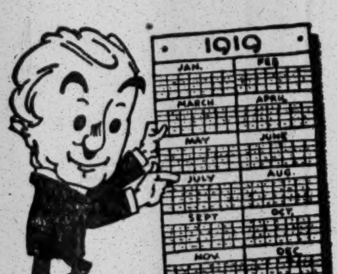

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YALE'S UNIVERSITY EIGHT SWEEPS TO VICTORY OVER HARVARD IN STIRRING RACE

YALE EIGHT WINS RACE BY LENGTH

Blue Shell Flashes Over Finish Line Ahead of Harvard Boat in Gruelling Contest on Thames.

TAKES LEAD AT TWO MILES

Coxswain Carson Gives Men Slight Breathing Spell, Which Aids in Victory.

CRIMSON IS TWICE FIRST

Freshman and Second Crews from Cambridge Beat Rivals in Thrilling Battles.

Order of Finish and Times.

'Varsity Eights, Four Miles.—Yale, first; time, 21:42 1-5. Harvard, second; time, 21:47 2-5.

'Varsity Second Eights, Two Miles.—Harvard, first; time, 10:40 4-5. Yale, second; time, 10:41 4-5.

Freshman Eights, Two Miles.—Harvard, first; time, 10:46 3-5. Yale, second; time, 10:47 1-5.

BOATING OF THE CREWS.

Yale 'Varsity.

Position and Name.	Age.	Hgt.	Wgt.
Bow, P. Allen, Jr.	23	5 10½	170
No. 2, S. Y. Hord	21	5 11	174
No. 3, L. G. Adams	21	5 10½	170
No. 4, J. J. Schieffelin	21	6 3	175
No. 5, W. Mead, (Capt.)	21	5 10½	180
No. 6, C. S. Payson	20	6 2	180
No. 7, D. G. Driscoll	22	6 1	158
Stroke, C. C. Peters	21	6 1	167
Cox., R. Carson 2d	20	5 6½	115

Harvard 'Varsity.

Position and Name.	Age.	Hgt.	Wgt.
Bow, W. Davis	19	6 1	156
No. 2, C. E. Batchelder, Jr.	20	5 11½	171
No. 3, N. Brazer	24	6 1	173
No. 4, F. B. Lothrop	20	5 11	181
No. 5, J. Linder, Jr.	21	5 11	178
No. 6, M. E. Olmstead	18	6 ½	188
No. 7, F. B. Wightman, (Cp)	20	6 ½	170
Stroke, D. Leighton	22	5 11½	161
Cox., E. L. Pierson	19	4 11	99

Yale Second 'Varsity.

Position and Name.	Age.	Hgt.	Wgt.
Bow, J. F. Enders	22	5 10	157
No. 2, P. D. Schrieber	24	6 1	165
No. 3, C. L. Hare	20	5 10½	165
No. 4, J. S. Moulton	20	6	171
No. 5, F. H. Brownell, Jr.	21	6 3	185
No. 6, W. F. C. Ewing	19	5 11½	174
No. 7, H. J. Mali	19	5 11½	157
Stroke, H. L. Hemmway	19	5 11	150
Cox., T. H. Lashar	24	5 4	115

Harvard Second 'Varsity.

Position and Name.	Age.	Hgt.	Wgt.
Bow, S. Damon	19	6 1	164
No. 2, W. C. Chanler	23	6 1½	150
No. 3, E. S. Brewer	23	6 1	177
No. 4, D. H. Morris, Jr.	19	5 11	176
No. 5, R. M. Sedgwick	20	6 3	194
No. 6, S. L. Batchelder	21	6	186
No. 7, T. T. Pond	19	5 11½	162
Stroke, R. Jenney	20	5 6	141
Cox., R. N. Durfee	22	5 7	123

Yale Freshmen.

Position and Name.	Age.	Hgt.	Wgt.
Bow, C. V. Whitney	20	5 10½	159
No. 2, E. G. Janeway	18	6 ⅜	168
No. 3, W. Haldeman	19	5 11⅞	160
No. 4, J. L. Carman, Jr.	20	6	163
No. 5, G. C. Ellis	19	6 1½	175
No. 6, B. Martin	19	6	171
No. 7, F. Spencer	19	5 11	162
Stroke, W. Cheney	19	5 11	158
Cox., A. Johnson	17	5 9	120

Harvard Freshmen.

Position and Name.	Age.	Hgt.	Wgt.
Bow, G. M. Appleton	20	5 9	166
No. 2, L. B. La Farge	19	6 1	149
No. 3, R. K. Kane	18	6	180
No. 4, S. A. Duncan	21	5 9½	169
No. 5, L. Terry	19	6 3½	186
No. 6, L. B. McCagg, Jr. (Cn)	21	6 4	194
No. 7, C. Garland	19	6 2	183
Stroke, M. Bradlee	19	6 1	166
Cox., F. S. Williams	19	5 8	122

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., June 20.—In the purple haze of the cool June twilight the Yale 'Varsity eight swung its frail shell over the finish mark on the Thames tonight a length ahead of the tired Harvard crew. It was a gruelling, heart-breaking journey in which Yale stamina and Yale grit held out against the persistent threats of the Crimson boat. The Yale victory ended a day of the most stirring racing which has been seen at a Harvard and Yale regatta in many years. Yale's time was 21:42 1-5 and Harvard's was 21:47 2-5, which was 1 minute, 40 seconds behind the record.

After winning the freshman race this morning by a few feet and the two-mile battle of the second eights by a third of a length, the hopes of the Harvard crowds were high, and during a delay of more than two hours before the big race the Crimson supporters were so confident that they wagered freely at even money.

For the first two miles in the fast-fading light of the dying day, Harvard set a pace which carried the Yale crew along with dogged determination. At times Harvard was out in front by a slight margin, and at one time it had almost a half length on the Yale boat. From the observation trains it looked as if the Crimson had even a greater lead and the Harvard cheers ricocheted back and forth across the river in a gay chant of unrestrained joy.

Yale Boat Takes Lead.

Harvard failed to reckon on the strong hearts that were in the Yale boat. After shooting through the flags which marked the two-mile mark Yale hit up the stroke and pulled up on even terms with Harvard and then shot into the lead. Pulling a 34-stroke, Yale's shell forged ahead until they had a full length on Harvard and then the Yale crowds set up a wild shout when there was open water between the boats. It was Yale's turn to break loose and the hills echoed with the cheers of the Blue followers.

This advantage never slipped away from Yale. After the three-mile mark Carson, the Yale coxswain, who had his eyes riveted on the Harvard shell, snapped out a quick order and the Yale boat fell down two or three strokes. This was a bit of generalship which gave the Yale oarsmen new courage. This brief let-up in the back straining grind gave the Elis a chance to get a few moments respite from the grind. Harvard dug their oars into the water and increased their stroke.

Little by little the Harvard shell moved up. It closed up that awful space of open water. The brown beak of the shell came along until it was even to the stern of the Yale boat. On came Harvard and for a moment the crowd was still. Harvard continued to draw nearer, with Yale apparently making no effort to stave off the rush of the Crimson craft. When Harvard had cut down Yale's lead to half a length Carson barked out another order and up went the Yale stroke.

That brief dropping of the stroke acted like a stimulant on the Yale oarsmen. Harvard was alongside and coming fast when the Yale stroke shot up to 34 and the Elis went out, and from there right down through the line of yachts to the finish mark near the new drawbridge. Yale, rowing as beautiful a race as a sculler would care to see, pulled ahead, inch by inch, until they left the tiring, slugging Harvard crew a length and a half behind.

Strain Tells on Harvard.

Harvard died game. Leighton, the Harvard stroke, who set a beautiful example for the first two miles, gave the first impression that the pace was telling on Harvard's stamina when his head began to wabble slightly with each terrific pull of his oar. There was a slight check in the flight on the Harvard craft when Leighton's stroke became a bit uncertain. It was then that Yale jumped to the lead and before the Harvard shell got settled back evenly on its keel Yale was out in front arrogantly displaying its heels to Harvard from this crucial moment right up to the time the race was over.

Silver-haired old grabs of Eli and kittenish young college boys are linked arm in arm around New London tonight in the gayest outburst of happiness that Yale has experienced in years. They sing the praises of the brawny-backed youths who pulled the Yale craft and for Mather Abbott the amateur faculty coach who taught them how to do it. Here was one case where the professional coach had to take a back seat. Bill Hains, the English rowing expert, did not quite come up to the mark set by the professor of English. Yale was a better crew, it rowed more smoothly and it had the courage and the tsamina to carry it through the long pull.

Gay Crowd Sees Race.

The old pre-war spectacle of the historic regatta came back with renewed enthusiasm. The told town never held a bigger or a gayer crowd than it did today. Both observation trains were jammed to capacity and thousands saw the race from the yachts and the river banks.

In the fleet of richly furnished yachts, graceful sloops, luxurious houseboats, and fleet motor boats, there was a new craft today. It was a German submarine. The long gray sea-terror of the Hun was anchored down near the finish of the course, and on its deck where once stood the modern pirate, was a gathering of spectators gaily waving Yale and Harvard flags as the shells shot down the river.

Everybody was happy here today. The hotels and the restaurants shared in it, too, for they had a celebration of their own entertaining the visitors at their own prices. The streets were gay with colors. The hawkers had everything with which both Harvard and Yale followers could decorate themselves. There were thousands and thousands of blue and red balloons. There were miniature oar blades, brooms, red and blue feathers, banners galore, and sleeve bands and fish horns. The crowd was so great that the streets were jammed all afternoon from sidewalk to sidewalk.

Stunning looking girls in sport clothes as gay as Joseph's coat swept down on the place and were draped gracefully on the arms of students in flannels and panamas. With them were sedate matrons, who joined in the spirit of the revival of the sporting event which holds a warm spot in the hearts of every family which has ever been connected or even interested in Yale or Harvard. Rosy cheeked, fair-haired students in groups and crowds were effervescent and loud. Grads back to their class reunions at New Haven and Cambridge made the most of this last regatta which will be held in the reign of King Alcohol. Sailors and soldiers mixed with the crowds. New London never saw a more contented, good natured gathering.

Even when the observation trains stood still on the river bank for more than two hours while the officials waited for the river to be ironed out smoothly with the dipping of the sun the crowd was good natured. They sat there and saw the wind kick up white caps on the river until it looked as if the race would have to be postponed.

Then the sun broke through the gray clouds just before it reached the horizon, and what a sunset it was! The big copper disc was like a ball of crimson through the murky sky. Its reflection was a narrow pathway of crimson on the river. The long wait was not in vain. The wind died down and the river became smooth again, and before the crews were half way along the journey the surface of the river was like glass.

Start Made at 8 o'Clock.

It was a few minutes before 8 o'clock when a great shout went up as the Harvard oarsmen came down to the float with the shell held high above their bronzed, muscular shoulders. The Harvard cheers rattled, but they were soon drowned in the chorus of Yale yells which exploded when the Yale crew was seen pulling away from its float at Gales Ferry. Promptly the two eights edged over to the starting flags.

Harvard, as in the two morning races, got the jump on Yale and took a slight lead. It wasn't enough to worry Yale, and for the first mile the crews were almost together. At one time Harvard shot to the front nearly a quarter of a length. Yale had planned the race well. They let Harvard cut out the pace and were content to wait their opportunity. Harvard rowing a slightly lower stroke than Yale seemed to hold an advantage. Yale was rowing a thirty-four for the first mile, with Harvard pulling along at thirty-two. At the mile Harvard dropped the beat down to thirty and Yale dropped to thirty-two, but the Crimson still held an advantage. It was not very much. From the observation train it was difficult to see the crews in the dusk.

After two miles, Yale began to pull up, and in as pretty a sprint as has ever been seen on the historic course Yale shot out and pulled at thirty-four beat until they had gained almost a length on the Crimson. This bit of strategy was beautifully timed and took Harvard unawares. Before the Crimson realized what was happening, Yale had taken the jump and now had the Crimson on the defensive.

Harvard Shows Grit.

Here the Crimson showed its staying powers and clung to the swiftly moving Yale shell. As soon as Yale had increased the lead until there was open water, Coxswain Carson let down the stroke and Harvard jumped at this bait like a trout at a worm. Over went their backs, and they put every bit of power into their stroke until the Harvard shell moved up and cut down the lead to three-quarters of a length.

Yale had been saving up for this moment, the dramatic moment of the race. When Carson barked, Peters, the rangy Yale stroke oar, buckled down to work, with the men behind him obeying the call with renewed enthusiasm. The Yale craft went out, and there it stayed, while Harvard pluckily attempted to make up the margin of water which separated the shells. Yale had them, and they knew it—with that confidence which comes only with the knowledge that an adversary is at a disadvantage, every pull of the Yale oar blades brought the Elis nearer their triumph.

Falter at Finish.

Harvard faltered for a moment, and then bravely recovered. Down into the lane of pleasure boats shot the shells. Past the old Richard Peck and the German submarine, down past the yachts all decked in their fluttering pennants of many gay colors, down through the bedlam of shrieking whistles and tooting sirens. On and on shot the Eli shell, the eight oarsmen swinging in perfect harmony. Harvard was pulling hard, and the grace and rhythm were gone. They were slugging for all they were worth, but with brave hearts and unquestioned courage.

It was the fifty-second annual regatta, and the crews are all-square on victories. Each has won twenty-six. The colors of Harvard have disappeared under the cover of the night. Their shouts have been stilled. Yale is still making the welkin ring as the well-known old welkin has never rung before.

Great Race Between Freshmen.

In one of the prettiest finishes ever seen on the Thames the Harvard freshman crew sent the cedar nose of their shell past the finish flags a scant four feet in front of Yale in the first race of the day. The Eli cubs made a grand rally in the last eighth of a mile and were coming with a rush at the finish, but the Harvard youngsters held onto their advantage doggedly and nosed out the Elis. Harvard's time was 10:36 3-5 and Yale's was 10:37 1-5.

At the finish the Eli oarsmen were pretty well exhausted. The final sprint overtaxed their stamina, and when they crossed the line Whitney, the bow oar, and Spencer, No. 7, toppled over backward in the boat.

The Blue cubs started out at a 37 clip, with Harvard rowing a 36. Harvard pulled into a slight lead just after the start, and at the half-mile had increased its advantage to three-quarters of a length. Harvard was pulling a 32 stroke, with Yale a couple of points higher.

There was more power in the Crimson pull and the Cambridge youths held their own even with Yale pulling a higher beat. The form of the Yale boat, however, was perfect, while at times Harvard appeared to be a bit ragged.

At the mile Harvard had settled down to more harmonious work. Johnson, the Yale coxswain, now called on the men in the Yale shell to hit up the beat. Up it went, and the Eli shell began to creep up on Harvard's boat.

The Blue oarsmen were going along smoothly and gaining slowly but steadily. They had cut down Harvard's lead a half a length at the mile and a half flag.

At this point in a beautiful outburst of speed the New Haven youths hit up the beat until Harvard had less than a quarter of a length margin. The Harvard rooters yelled for the Crimson youngsters to hang on and the Yale partisans staged a counterdemonstration as the Eli shell came on persistently.

Blue Shell Still Gaining.

With the finish flags imminent, Yale was still slicing Harvard's lead inch after inch. Could Harvard hold on long enough to shoot across the line ahead? It seemed doubtful.

Then when the Yale shell appeared just forging upon even terms with the Crimson boys, Williams, the Harvard coxswain, barked out a sharp order. The Crimson lads threw themselves into the sweeps and they fairly lifted the shell across the line a trifle less than four feet in front.

The race of the second Varsity eights produced another thrilling finish, which came just as a thunderstorm broke. In the gathering darkness amid pealing thunder and lightning flashes the Harvard eight in a last desperate effort propelled its shell across the line less than a third of a length ahead of the Yale boat.

The rain was coming down in sheets as the crews crossed the line and many of the spectators scattered as the downpour was driven by the wind under the canopies above their heads. Harvard's time was 10:40 4-5, while Yale's was 10:41 4-5.

For more than half a mile at the outset the two crews rowed together with scarcely an inch of advantage one way or the other. Harvard again was using a slightly lower stroke than Yale, but was putting more power into the stroke. The form of this Yale crew, like the freshmen, was a picture of rhythm and harmony. From the observation train it looked as if there was only one crew on the river, for they pulled down the course in perfect alignment, Harvard rowing at 30 and Yale at 31.

At this point Harvard pushed ahead again until its margin was about a sixth of a length.

It was a pretty race to watch, and at that moment no one could tell who would win. It seemed a question whether Harvard could continue to keep up the pace with its lower stroke. The speed was great and the drive was telling on the oarsmen in both boats.

Boats Come On Even Terms.

About this time the sky was inky and the water became as still as a mill pond. Yale now hit up the stroke, and the Harvard rooters gasped as the Yale shell drew up on even terms with the men from Cambridge. The Crimson oarsmen increased the beat of their stroke, but for many yards Yale held on with a bulldog grip, declining absolutely to be shaken off. The thunder rolled over the course, the rain pelted the naked backs of the oarsmen, the lightning streaked the river's dark surface as the men bent over the oars and put every ounce of strength into the grind.

It looked like Yale's race. The blue flags began to wave and the crowd's yells rose above the peals of thunder.

A hundred yards from the finish, with the crews racing neck and neck, Yale pulled away slightly as the men hit up the beat in the last desperate effort.

It was a noble, inspiring effort which the Crimson boat now made. Harvard's stroke, Jenney, seemed pretty well fagged out, and as he tried desperately to answer the orders of Durfee he faltered. Before there was any check in Harvard's grand rush to the finish, Pond and Batchelder, Nos. 7 and 6, took up the stroke oar's work and hit the beat up according to orders. The Crimson crew forged out slightly in the lead.

In the final drive to the flags the blinding storm was forgotten. Harvard pulled bravely and the Crimson shell edged out foot by foot until they went over the line about a third of a length in front.

Going back to the station the rain came down in streams and the crowd on the observation cars got a cooling bath.

Record of Yale-Harvard 'Varsity Crew Races.

Date.	Course.	Winner.	Time.
a1852	Winnepesaukee	Harvard	....
b1855	Springfield	Harvard	....
1858	Quinsigamond	Harvard	19:18
1859	Quinsigamond	Yale	19:14
1860	Quinsigamond	Harvard	18:53
1864	Quinsigamond	Yale	19:01
1865	Quinsigamond	Yale	17:42½
1866	Quinsigamond	Harvard	18:43
1867	Quinsigamond	Harvard	18:13
1868	Quinsigamond	Harvard	17:48½
1869	Quinsigamond	Harvard	18:02
1870	Lake Saltons'l	Harvard	Foul
c1876	Springfield	Yale	22:02
1877	Springfield	Harvard	24:36
1878	New London	Harvard	20:44¾
1879	New London	Harvard	22:15
1880	New London	Yale	24:27
1881	New London	Yale	22:13
1882	New London	Harvard	20:47
1883	New London	Harvard	24:26
1884	New London	Yale	20:31
1885	New London	Harvard	25:15½
1886	New London	Yale	20:41¾
1887	New London	Yale	22:56
1888	New London	Yale	20:10
1889	New London	Yale	21:30
1890	New London	Yale	21:29
1891	New London	Harvard	21:23
1892	New London	Yale	20:48
1893	New London	Yale	25:01½
1894	New London	Yale	22:47
1895	New London	Yale	21:30
1899	New London	Harvard	20:52½
1900	New London	Yale	21:12 4-5
1901	New London	Yale	23:37
1902	New London	Yale	20:20
1903	New London	Yale	20:19 4-5
1904	New London	Yale	21:41½
1905	New London	Yale	22:33 3-5
1906	New London	Harvard	23:02
1907	New London	Yale	21:10
1908	New London	Harvard	24:10
1909	New London	Harvard	21:50
1910	New London	Harvard	20:46½
1911	New London	Harvard	22:44
1912	New London	Harvard	21:48½
1913	New London	Harvard	21:42
1914	New London	Yale	21:16
1915	New London	Yale	20:52
d1916	New London	Harvard	20:02
1917	No race on account of war		
a1918	Derby	Harvard	10:56
1919	New London	Yale	21:42 1-5

a-Distance of course two miles.
b-Distance of course three miles, remaining so until 1870.
c-Distance of course four miles, same as at New London.
d-Record for Thames River course.
The record of all races rowed thus far is: Yale, 26; Harvard, 26.

Yale-Tigers Final Game Today.

Ebbets Field in Brooklyn will be the scene this afternoon of the deciding clash between Yale and Princeton in their annual baseball series. The contest will start at 3 o'clock. Kirkland probably will be sent to the hillock for the Tigers while Selleck is the likely nomination to do the hurling for Old Eli.

Norway Seeks Olympics in 1924.

LAUSANNE, June 19, (Associated Press.)—The Norwegian Government and the municipality of Christiania have telegraphed to the International Olympic Committee proposing that the Olympic Games be held in Christiania in 1924. The three hundredth anniversary of the foundation of the Norwegian capital at Christiania will be celebrated there that year.

GEORGE STARR WINS HERCULES HANDICAP

Despite Good Ride by Loftus, Peter Piper, the Odds-On Favorite, Is Beaten.

Johnny Loftus, the wizard of the saddle, was called on to do a little too much at Jamaica yesterday when he had the mount on the Greentree Stable's Peter Piper in the Hercules Highweight Handicap that was the feature of the card. Peter Piper has almost miraculous speed, but is as fainthearted as a duck, and when collared in the stretch by Wilfrid Viau's George Starr he shut up like a jackknife and it was as much as Loftus could do to save the place from Startling.

The defeat of Peter Piper added another to the already long list of odds-on choices that have been bowled over at the meeting, the toll being further increased in the first race when Ina Wood, a 3 to 5 chance, failed to get away and was rushed up to her field only to finish last in a field of five two-year-olds. These were the only mishaps suffered by the players and many of them recouped their losses on the four successful choices.

There was a good field for the Hercules, and though Peter Piper had to carry 133 pounds the experts figured that he would be able to do that for five and a half furlongs, especially as Loftus was in the saddle. The crack jockey did all that a boy could do and managed to get Peter Piper away in motion, closely attended by George Starr and Startling. No attempt was made to cut out a long lead, but the vigorous manner in which George Starr hustled the favorite prevented him easing up for a breathing spell.

George Starr was never more than a length away from the leader, while Startling rushed up on the turn only to drop back again when he found the pace too hot. Peter Piper held his scant advantage into the stretch, but when George Starr challenged not even Loftus could make the son of Peter Pan raise a battle. Peter Piper simply refused to race and as he curled up George Starr rushed by at the furlong pole and gained at every stride until he had a margin of two lengths at the finish. The time was 1:05 4-5, four-fifths of a second slower than the track record.

Loftus had a chance to pull his followers out of the hole in the last event after he had again failed with the Cleveland Stable's Dorcas in the fifth. He had the mount on S. C. Hildreth's Lucullite, another odds-on choice, and was an easy winner over Ral Parr's Crimper. About all that could be seen of this race over the mile-and-seventy-yard route was the start and finish, for the storm which had been threatening all afternoon broke, and the race was run in a terrific downpour of rain. Loftus got Lucullite away in front, and at the end was simply galloping to dispose of Crimper.

Starter Cassidy was blamed for the defeat of Ina Wood in the first race, for Walter J. Salmon's Betty J. broke running, while the others were all tangled up. Ina Wood was one of the last to leave the barrier, but Ambrose sent her along so that she was within a length and a half of Betty J. at the turn. The effort proved too much, and Ina Wood dropped back steadily, while Betty J. continued, to win by a length and a half from Violet Tip, a 20-to-1 shot, with Allivan, 60 to 1, in third place.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For two-year-old fillies; by subscription of $10, with $1,449 added. Five furlongs.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.		Fin.
Betty J., 2	114	Troxler	2-1	2-5	1½
Violet Top, 2	109	Shut'ger	20-1	4-1	2^{4}
Allivan, 2	109	E. H'nes	60-1	15-1	3^{h}
Heyday, 2	114	Davies	8-1	5-2	4
Ina Wood, 2	114	Ambrose	3-5	out	5

Time—1:01 1-5.

Start bad; won easily. Betty J., ch. f., by Celt-Logistella, owned by W. J. Salmon, trained by E. Wayland.

SECOND RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,449. One mile and a sixteenth.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.		Fin.
Fred'k the Great, 4	111	Fator	7-5	1-2	1¼
N. K. Beal, 5	110	G. Preece	25-1	10-1	$2^{1½}$
King John, 4	116	Butwell	8-1	3-1	3½
Sasin, 6	112	Metcalf	10-1	4-1	4
Dottie Vandiver, 3	88	Wida	6-1	2-1	5
Hubbub, 6	114	O'Brien	4-1	8-5	6
St. Quentin, 3	100	Carroll	20-1	8-1	7
P. G. King, 4	110	Sn'dman	30-1	12-1	8
James, 5	109	Wessler	25-1	10-1	9
Beauty Sleep, 3	95	Erickson	25-1	10-1	10
Chester Two, 4	110	Rice	30-1	12-1	11
Dr. Rae, 3	93	Stap'ton	15-1	6-1	*

*Left at the post.

Time—1:47 1-5.

Start poor; won driving. Frederick the Great, b. c., by Fitz Herbert-Miss Malaprop, owned by F. Housman, trained by T. J. Harmon.

THIRD RACE.

For two-year-olds; selling; by subscription of $10, with $1,449 added. Five furlongs.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.		Fin.
Phantom Fair, 2	107	Shut'ger	9-20	out	1^{4}
Fair Colleen, 2	102	Wessler	8-1	2-1	2^{4}
Fanny Cook, 2	102	Fator	10-1	5-2	3½
Drusilla, 2	107	Carroll	30-1	8-1	4
Sweet Apple, 2	105	Nolan	10-1	2-1	5
Hackamore, 2	109	J. Collins	50-1	15-1	6
Bibbler, 2	107	Ambrose	12-1	4-1	7

Time—1:00 2-5.

Start good; won easily. Phantom Fair, b. f., by Peter Quince-Belita, owned by J. W. McClelland, trained by K. Patterson.

FOURTH RACE.

Hercules Highweight Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; by subscription of $10, with $1,549 added. Five and a half furlongs.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.		Fin.
George Starr, 4	125	Kummer	10-1	5-2	1^{3}
Peter Piper, 5	133	Loftus	9-20	out	2^{4}
Startling, 6	116	Butwell	7-1	7-5	3^{3}
Bill McCloy, 4	105	Walls	40-1	15-1	4
L'Effare, 3	101	Meyers	12-1	3-1	5
The Moy, 3	105	Ambrose	12-1	8-1	6
Osgood, 3	103	Hamilton	30-1	8-1	7
Bondage, 5	112	Stalker	50-1	15-1	8

Time—1:05 4-5.

Start good; won easily. George Starr, br. g., by Jack Atkins-Africa, owned by Wilfrid Viau, trained by S. McNaughton.

FIFTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; selling; purse $1,449. One mile and seventy yards.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.		Fin.
Nightstick, a	106	Fator	13-5	even	1^{h}
Gath, 3	90	Pierce	12-1	5-1	2^{1}
Daddy's Choice, 6	106	Wida	5-1	2-1	3^{3}
Orderly, 6	107	Carroll	10-1	4-1	4
Dorcas, 6	116	Loftus	6-1	2-1	5
Bolster, 4	106	McTaggert	4-1	8-5	6
Thistledon, 3	103	Myers	6-1	5-2	7
Warsaw, 5	114	Hamilton	20-1	8-1	8
Poacher, 4	106	Walls	10-1	4-1	9
Tailor Maid, 3	92	Wessler	15-1	6-1	10

Time—1:44 3-5.

Start good; won driving. Nightstick, ch. g., by Broomstick-Handspun, owned by Kentucky Stable, trained by T. J. Harmon.

SIXTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,449. One mile and seventy yards.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.		Fin.
Lucullite, 4	126	Loftus	9-20	out	1^{1}
Crimper, 6	126	Ambrose	5-1	6-5	2^{3}
Thunderclap, 3	104	Myers	4-1	7-10	$3^{1½}$
Paddy, 4	111	Warren	30-1	6-1	4
Drummond, 3	104	Haynes	25-1	5-1	5

Time—1:47 1-5.

Start good; won easily. Lucullite, br. c., by Trap Rock-Lucky Lass, owned and trained by S. C. Hildreth.

JAMAICA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—Three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Wyndover, 107 pounds; Larquin, 97; Matinee Idol, 114; Mormon Elder, 103; Snap Dragon II., 114; Crystal Ford, 107; Tailor Maid, 95; King Plaudit, 115; Alma B., 109; Over There, 110; Ticklish, 115; Woodtrap, 117.

SECOND RACE.—Four-year-olds and upward; selling; mile and a furlong. Snap Dragon II., 116 pounds; Poor Butterfly, 105; *Gex, 97; Piedra, 107; *Queen of the Sea, 102; Woodtrap, 111; Zenith, 106; *Belle Mahone, 102; Benevolent, 107; *Lord Herbert, 99; Torchbearer, 102; N. K. Beal, 109.

THIRD RACE.—Two-year-olds; the Youthful; $5,000; five and a half furlongs. Man o' War, 120 pounds; Lady Brummel, 102; On Watch, 108.

FOURTH RACE.—Three-year-olds and upward; Long Beach Handicap; $5,000; mile and a sixteenth. Orestes, 105 pounds; Lanius, 115; Recount, 97; Roamer, 116; Natural Bridge, 100; Straight Forward, 103; Star Master, 122; Bally, 106; Naturalist, 128.

FIFTH RACE.—Three-year-olds and upward; handicap; mile. Orestes, 104 pounds; Minto II., 110; Abadane, 116; Camoufleur, 102; Woodtrap, 100; Cirrus, 118; African Arrow, 95; Thunderstorm, 100.

SIXTH RACE.—Three-year-old maidens; six furlongs. Saddle Rock, 118 pounds; Joe Joe, 118; Doleful, 118; Somerled, 118; Rapid Day, 118; Triumphant, 118; War Note, 118; Somewhere in France, 118; Courcelles, 118; Pride of India, 118; Assumption, 118; Sinn Feiner, 118; Kwonesboe, 118; Different Eyes, 118; Nanette Flack, 113; Sweet Tooth, 118.

Weather cloudy; track muddy. *Apprentice allowance claimed.

HORSE SHOW RIDERS BRAVE HEAVY RAIN

Only One Event at White Plains Is Postponed—Becky Lanier Takes Three Blues.

WHITE PLAINS, June 20.—Rain failed to damp the ardor of the sportsmen at the Westchester County Horse Show today. The scheduled events were run off according to program and only the last event was postponed and will be decided tomorrow. Becky Lanier, the 12-year-old daughter of Charles D. Lanier, rode her father's thoroughbreds and was a three times winner. The threatening weather kept the crowd down somewhat, but those who came were prepared and watched the events in the steady rain. Two thunder storms and a high wind stopped the contests temporarily, but the enthusiastic exhibitors braved the weather and the horses showed well under the conditions.

The winning horses of the Charles D. Lanier Stables ridden by little "Becky" were Bangle, Down East, and Blackberry. Bit o' Glory, winner of one of the saddle horse classes, was ridden by Mrs. Maude Daniels Schmidt, daughter of Frank Daniels.

The attendance at the Horse Show today comprised practically the same society people of New York and Westchester who had been in attendance on the first and second days.

The awards:

Jumpers.—Won by Rufus C. Finch's gr. g. All Aboard; second, Miss R. Michler's ch. g. Ray o'-Light; third, Eugene Moore's b. m. Girl O'Mine; fourth, Charles D. Lanier's br. m. Mayflower.

Saddle Horses.—Won by John McE. Bowman's ch. g. Hurry; second, Miss Corinne Poth's ch. m. Bounce; third, Miss Marie J. Leary's piebald m. Screamer; fourth, H. J. Graham's ch. m. Mimi.

Combination Harness and Saddle Ponies.—Won by John McE. Bowman's b. m. bangle; second, Burton H. Jackson's piebald m. Peek-a-Boo; third, George Gunther m. Peek-a-Boo; third, George Gunther Wallen's piebald g. Gingaboo; fourth, L. P. Yandell's brown g. Buffalo.

Saddle Horses.—Won by Alice A. Dodsworth's br. g. Thus; second, Franklin B. Jourdan's ch. m. Chloe Malone; third, Edward Ehler's ch. g. Danny Deever; fourth, Nirvana Stable's ch. g. Blaze.

Corinthian Hunters.—Won by Charles D. Lanier's ch. g. Down East; second, Rufus C. Finch's ch. g. All Aboard; third, Louis K. Liggett's ch. g. Tradesman; fourth, Louis K. Liggett's ch. g. Melchester.

Saddle Horses.—Won by Miss Helen Moller's b. m. Bit o' Glory; second, Felix M. Warburg's ch. g. Field Marshal; third, Joseph C. X. Baldwin 3d's rn. g. Limerick; fourth, Herbert S. Martin's b. g. Creston Boy.

Troopers' Mounts.—Won by Charles D. Lanier's blk. m. Blackberry; second, Mrs. F. A. Flinn's rn. g. Simple Simon; third, Frederic H. Bontecou's b. g. Highland Laddie; fourth, Frederic H. Bontecou's b. m. Germaine.

Heavyweight Hunters. — Won by Eugene Moore's b. m. Girl o' Mine; second, Charles Butler's b. g. W. J. P.; third, William McMath's ch. g. Keswick; fourth, C. A. Moore's dun g. Jack o' Lantern.

Saddle Horses, Pairs.—Won by Franklin B. Jourdan's ch. m. Chloe Malone and Edward Ehlers's ch. g. Danny Deever; second, J. A. P. Ramsdell's b. g. Lightning and ch. g. Powelton; third, Nirvana Stables' ch. m. Babette and ch. g. Hurry; fourth, Herbert Martin's b. g. Creston Boy and b. g. Creston.

Pony Tandems.—Won by Mrs. F. P. Garvan's b. g. Hamilton Flame and b. g. Hamilton Dianthus; second, Mrs. F. P. Garvan's br. m. Tissington Belle and br. m. Brown Belle; third, Ferinbrook Farm's b. s. Fire Lad and b. m. Dilham Flash.

Branded Ponies.—Won by Mrs. H. M. Winn's br. g. Tommie; second, William McMath's br. g. Carlisle; third, H. M. Winn's b. g. Jicky; fourth, Felix M. Warburg's b. g. The Lamb.

Wants Schedule Extended.

TORONTO, June 20.—J. J. McCaffery, President of Toronto Baseball Club, has has gone to New York to press upon President Fultz the advisability of lengthening the International League season one week, so as to make it possible to play the proposed interleague championship games with the American Association pennant winner.

Tie in Jersey Tennis League.

The Hoboken Tennis Club and Ridgewood are tied for first place in the North Jersey Tennis Association, each of the leaders having won nine out of twelve matches in the four interclub series thus far played in the league. Bergen Point is third and the Wanderers fourth.

UNITED HUNTS ENTRIES.

First Race—The Aspirant; two-year-olds; about five furlongs. Light Wine, 109 pounds; Roseland, 107; Linkboy, 107; Salt Peter, 107; Betty J., 109; Limerick Lass, 109; Frezela, 104.

Second Race—The Between the Flags Steeplechase; maidens; four-year-olds and upward; about two miles. Stradivarius, Saundersfoot, Piping Hot, Full Cry, 152 pounds each; Commodore Gaunt, Pioneer, North Star, 149 each; Corps-a-Corps, Mohab, Decisive, 142 each.

Third Race—The North Shore Handicap; three-year-olds and upward; about six furlongs. Out the Way, 138 pounds; Papp, 143; The Decision, 130; Woodtrap, 128; Thistleton, 110; Le Cyprin, 120; Pictor, (imp.,) 115; Syrdrya, 112; Santa Fe, Chimney Swift, Blair Cora, (imp.,) Elysian, (imp.,) 110 each; Sundial II., (imp.,) 122; Jyntee, 132.

Fourth Race—The Great United Hunts Steeplechase Handicap; four-year-olds and upward; about two and a half miles. The Brook, 174 pounds; Le Marsouin, (imp.,) 143; Royal Arch, (imp.,) 139; Skibbereen, 143; Stonewood, 148; Doblet, 142; Duettiste, (imp.,) 140; Pussy Willow, 135; Barklie, (formerly W. F. Knebelkamp,) 142; Hibler, 139; Belle o' the Sea, 142.

Fifth Race—The Members; four-year-olds and upward; one mile and a quarter. Lytle, 153 pounds; Saundersfoot, (imp.,) 152; Toppy Nix, 148; Archdale, 147; Game Cock, 145; Red Sox, (imp.,) 145.

Sixth Race—The Westbury Steeplechase; selling; four-year-olds and upward; about two miles. Big Four, 141 pounds; Crest Hill, 160; Bill Dudley, 148; Syossett, 152; Rhomb, 152; Corps-a-Corps, (imp.,) 132; Toynbee, 148; Wingold, 144.

Weather cloudy; track heavy.

RACING
AT
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LONG ISLAND
TODAY
$5,000 Youthful
$5,000 Long Beach
$1,000 Consolation
AND 3 OTHER CHAMPION CONTESTS
BEGINNING AT 2:45 P. M.
SPECIAL RACE TRAINS
leave Penn. Station, 33d St. and 7th Ave.; also Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn, at 12:30 and at intervals up to 2:00 P. M. Also via Lex. Ave. "L" to 160th St., Jamaica, thence by trolley.
Grand Stand, $3.30. Ladies, $1.65.
Including War Tax.

United Hunts
Spring Meeting
Belmont Park Terminal, Queens
TODAY
First Race at 2:30 P. M.
STEEPLECHASES AND FLAT RACES.
Special trains leave Penna. Station, N. Y., 12:30 and 1:35 P. M. Also trains from Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, 12:26 and 1:28 P. M.

COUSIN BEATS BOB SIMPSON

Sylvester Equals World's Mark in Interallied Games.

COLOMBES, FRANCE, Thursday, June 19, (Associated Press.)—Two world records made at the St. Louis games in 1904 were equalled by American athletes in the interallied try-outs today. Archie Hahn's long-standing mark of 21 3-5 seconds for the 200-metre dash was tied by Lieutenant C. W. Paddock, University of California, while in the 200-metre low hurdles, Sylvester, University of Missouri, beat his cousin, Robert Simpson, of the same college, who holds the world's record for the 120-yard hurdles. In this event Sylvester equalled the world's record of 24 3-5 seconds.

Eddie Teschner, Harvard, A. E. F. sprint champion, sprang a surprise by defeating Sol Butler, the negro sprinter from Dubuque College, in the 100-metre dash. Butler, however, came back strong, winning with 23 feet, ¾ inch, the broad jump from Harry Worthington, the American national champion.

SWIMMING DATES ARE SET.

Women's Association to Conduct Three Metropolitan Title Events.

The Women's Swimming Association will conduct three Metropolitan A. A. U. swimming championship events during the coming season, according to the partial list of awards made public yesterday. The events which have been awarded to the W. S. A. are the men's high dive championship, and the women's 440-yard swim and high diving tests.

The events, the clubs which will conduct them, and some of the dates are:

Events for Men.—100-yard United States Life Saving Service, Bridgeport, Conn., Aug. 2; 440-yard, Rye Beach Club, Rye, N. Y., July 19; 880-yard and fancy dive, Atlantic Yacht Club, New York, July 5; one-mile, Bensonhurst Yacht Club, Bensonhurst, N. Y.; high dive, Women's Swimming Association.

Events for Women.—100-yard, United States Life Saving Service, Bridgeport, Conn., Aug. 2; 440-yard, Women's Swimming Association of New York; 880-yard, Almanac A. A., Lake Hopatcong, N. J., July 18; high dive, Women's Swimming Association of New York.

The one mile and long distance swimming championships for women, and long distance championship for men, have not as yet been awarded.

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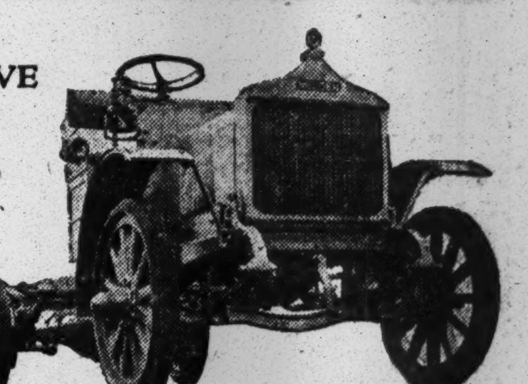

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MISS ZINDERSTEIN PUTS OUT CHAMPION AND WILL MEET MRS. WIGHTMAN FOR TENNIS TITLE

MOLLA BJURSTEDT LOSES NET TITLE

Norse Girl Is Defeated by Marion Zinderstein in the Women's National Tourney.

MATCH GOES THREE SETS

Mrs. Wightman and Miss Sears Victors Over Miss Cassel and Miss Wagner in Doubles Semi-Final.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 20.—Miss Molla Bjurstedt, for the past four years the woman tennis champion of America, was dethroned this morning by Miss Marion Zinderstein in the semi-final round of the national tournament at the Philadelphia Cricket Club, the Boston girl winning two out of three sets, 4—6, 6—1, 6—2. The result was far from surprising, in view of the Norwegian star's physical condition and it was only her magnificent grit that saved her from an overwhelming defeat in straight sets. Co-operating with splendid determination in the face of certain disaster was the curious mental attitude of her youthful opponent who seemed obsessed with the traditional invincibility of the former queen of the courts.

Miss Zinderstein deliberately weakened her game a full fifteen points in the first set by her timidity in going to the net and her unwillingness to take chances by using high speed and extra fine placement. She exchanged drives with the ex-champion and ran her around the court into a state of physical exhaustion and in the end these tactics were as effective as a quicker and more spectacular victory. But they resulted in the pathetic spectacle of a superb specimen of physical strength staggering about the court, utterly powerless with an iron will her only asset, gasping, coughing, almost falling to the ground, between rallies. There were murmurs of sympathy from the gallery over a sight which the alleged brutalities of the prize-ring could scarcely have surpassed. But there was no one to throw up the sponge for Molla Bjurstedt and she would have died in her tracks rather than quit.

Miss Bjurstedt Grows Weak.

That stubborn first set sapped all the vitality of the great Norse woman and, even though she won it, every one, herself included, knew then that she was beaten if Miss Zinderstein played one-half the tennis of which she is capable. While Miss Bjurstedt covered her court with grim desperation, running from corner to corner and even going to the net for an occasional winning volley, the little Boston girl merely kept the ball in play, floating easily along the base line, trim and neat in her starched white frock, with scarcely a wisp of her butterscotch disarranged by her efforts. But the fighting spirit on the other side of the net might have triumphed even over such amazing control if lungs and muscles had been able to do what the mind dictated. After the first set, however, Miss Zinderstein gave an exhibition of real tennis, and even the helplessness of her rival could not conceal the fact that the winner's game was practically unbeatable. The Bostonian's most effective shot today was a backhand cross-court slice which invariably caught the corner diagonally opposite, the ball scooting close to the ground and making a return exceedingly difficult. Any time that Miss Zinderstein chose to follow this stroke to the net the point was practically dropped into her lap. She used a straight floater down the line as a variation and then, when the ball came on her forehand, let loose a free, easy swing which carried very fast and with plenty of pace off the ground. Her service was only adequate, with three double faults included; she utterly ignored lobbing and generally disregarded the possibilities of net play. In other words, the winner came through with the consistent use of only two strokes, both of them, however, tremendously effective. She will unquestionably call upon a larger repertoire tomorrow against Mrs. George W. Wightman, who became the upper finalist by her easy defeat of Mrs. Gilbert Harvey at 6—2, 6—2.

Miss Zinderstein began the service in the big match, the games alternating up to 2—all, when Miss Bjurstedt broke through, the winning point going on a double fault. But the Boston star equalized immediately by realizing her obvious opportunities for volleying, and then went into the lead, 4—3, on the Norse woman's errors. After squaring it again on service, Miss Bjurstedt made her supreme effort and actually won a love game on her rival's delivery, driving the ball to the corners with something akin to her old irresistible power. Miss Zinderstein, with the Indian sign evidently on her, broke badly and lost the set, 6—4, on errors, including the over-hitting of an easy volley.

Victory Comes Easily.

The second set was a procession, Miss Bjurstedt getting only the third game, in which she again broke through service, at 4—1. The ex-champion evidently gave up hope of a straight-set victory and threw the remaining games to save her strength for the rubber. But the seven minutes rest did little to improve her condition, which became more and more pitiful as the rallies went against her. Miss Zinderstein at once broke through the Bjurstedt service but lost this advantage by errors on her own delivery. She promptly broke through again, showing absolutely no respect for the lifeless service of the former champion. Trailing at 1—3, Miss Bjurstedt nerved herself for another effort and served a love game, getting the balls back by sheer grit, without an aggressive shot left in her possession. But this was her last gasp. In the next three games she captured a total of only four points and Miss Zinderstein quickly closed out the set, 6—2. Two splendid drives to opposite corners gave her a winning start on the final game and then, after alternate errors, Miss Bjurstedt popped a weak return into the net and saw her national title fade into vacancy.

Mrs. Wightman's victory over Mrs. Harvey was gained by the same cool, confident tactics that have beaten all her other opponents. The Philadelphia representative fought gamely for the points, but could not resist the aggressive chopping and volleying of the indoor champion.

Title for Miss Gardner.

The girls' national championship was won this afternoon by Miss Katherine Gardner of the West Side Tennis Club, New York, who defeated Miss Elizabeth Warren, Richmond, in a three-set final, 6—4, 5—7, 6—3. The loser was given her bracket by the default of Miss Adelaide Hocker of New York, whose injured ankle prevented further play. Both contenders exhibited good tennis in the final match, Miss Gardner's strokes having slightly better form and also carrying more consistent speed. But Miss Warren's slicing forehand shot and steady backhand withstood the attack of the stocky little Long Islander in splendid style and it was an even fight to the finish. Trailing at 1—4 in the rubber, Miss Warren made a plucky rally, capturing two games in succession, but a series of good serves and drives by Miss Gardner put her out of the running and Umpire Myrick quickly called off the deciding points.

Casualties figured also in the doubles event today, Miss Eleanor Sears playing in the semi-finals with a torn ligament in spite of doctor's orders for a complete rest. With Mrs. Wightman as a partner she faced the strong combination of Miss Marie Wagner and Miss Clare Cassel and after a succession of brilliant rallies in which both Bostonians volleyed and smashed with deadly effect, the first two sets were divided at 6—3 and 6—4.

Miss Cassel, however, was also in bad shape, with a bandage on her right forearm, and her play as well as that of her partner slumped heavily in the rubber, which went to Mrs. Wightman and Miss Sears by the surprisingly one-sided score of 6—1. It was another demonstration of the infinite superiority of the net game over back court doubles.

The summaries:

Women's National Championship Singles.

Semi-Final Round.—Mrs. George W. Wightman defeated Mrs. Gilbert Harvey, 6—2, 6—2; Miss Marion Zinderstein defeated Miss Molla Bjurstedt, 4—6, 6—1, 6—2.

Point scores, singles, first set—
Miss Bjurstedt.....2 7 2 4 4 1 1 4 4 4—33—6
Miss Zinderstein....4 5 4 0 1 4 4 1 0 2—25—4
Second set—
Miss Zinderstein.......4 5 1 4 10 4 4—32—6
Miss Bjurstedt..........2 3 4 2 8 2 2—23—1
Third set—
Miss Zinderstein........4 1 5 4 0 4 4 4—26—6
Miss Bjudstedt.........1 4 3 2 4 2 1 1—18—2
First set—
Mrs. Wightman........4 1 6 4 4 4 1 5—29—6
Mrs. Harvey..........1 4 4 1 1 0 4 3—18—2
Second set—
Mrs. Wightmen........4 4 6 4 3 5 2 4—32—6
Mrs. Harvey..........2 2 4 1 5 3 4 1—22—2

Doubles, Semi-Final Round.—Mrs. George W. Wightman and Miss Eleonora Sears defeated Miss Marie Wagner and Miss Clare Cassel, 3—6, 6—4, 6—1.

Girls' National Championship.—Miss Katherine Gardner defeated Miss Elizabeth Warren, 6—4, 5—7, 6—3.

DONALDSON NET LEADER.

Play for Brooklyn Junior Title Postponed After One Set.

Cecil Donaldson and Harry Brunie started out to decide the Brooklyn junior tennis championship title yesterday in the final round of this division of the tournament on the Terrace Club courts, Flatbush. Donaldson took the first set by 6—4, and then came a downpour of rain which drove the youngsters to shelter. Further play for the day was impossible.

Donaldson's successful set will be included in the match when it is continued this afternoon. The players, expecting a downpour momentarily when they took to the court, agreed that if either was successful in a complete set the score would stand in the case of interruption.

It is expected to reach the finals in the men's singles and the championship doubles this afternoon, and to play the finals of these divisions tomorrow.

DECIDE TENNIS TITLE TODAY

DeWitt Clinton and Newtown Teams in Final Battle.

The tennis championship of the high schools in Greater New York will be decided this morning on the courts of the West Side Tennis Club when the DeWitt Clinton team plays Newtown. The preliminary matches have been played under the auspices of the Public Schools Athletic League, bringing together the teams of the various high schools. One doubles and three singles matces are scheduled.

The teams are made up as follows: Newtown High School — Singles, August Bastein, Richard Clinchy, Harvey Smedley; doubles, John Guiler and Harold True.

DeWitt Clinton High School—Singles, Paul Kohn, William Aydelotte, and Charles Wood; doubles, Edward Gittler and Morton Berstein. Guiler and Gittler are the captains of their respective teams.

HOME RUNS BEAT MACKMEN.

Detroit Has Better of Slugfest by 11 to 9 Score.

PHILADELPHIA, June 20.—Detroit won a slugging match from Philadelphia, 11 to 9, today, the visitors compiling 15 hits for a total of 29 bases. Heilmann, Flagstead, and Walker hit the ball into the bleachers for home runs. The game was called in the Athletics' half of the ninth inning because of darkness when a windstorm swept over the field.

The score:

DETROIT, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	PHILADELPHIA, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Ellison,2b	3	3	1	2	1	Witt,lf	5	1	1	2	0
Shorten,cf	4	1	2	3	0	Thomas,3b	4	2	1	1	2
Veach,lf	3	1	2	1	0	Roth,rf	4	2	3	0	0
Heilmann,1b	5	2	3	4	0	Walker,cf	5	2	2	1	0
Flagstead,rf	5	2	2	2	0	Burns,1b	3	1	2	8	0
Jones,3b	5	1	2	1	2	Shannon,2b	4	0	2	3	2
Dyer,ss	3	1	1	2	2	Dugan,ss	5	0	2	4	5
Stanage,c	3	0	2	9	0	McAvoy,c	4	0	1	5	3
Ehmke,p	2	0	0	0	1	Rogers,p	2	0	0	0	1
aCun'gham	1	0	0	0	0	bKinney	1	1	1	0	0
Love,p	1	0	0	0	0	Thompson,p	0	0	0	0	1
						cPerkins	1	0	0	0	0
						Seibold,p	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	11	15	24	6	Total	39	9	15	24	14

a Batted for Ehmke in sixth.
b Batted for Rogers in fifth.
c Batted for Thompson in seventh.
Errors—Flagstead, Jones, Dugan.

Detroit ....3 0 1 0 3 0 3 1—11
Philadelphia ....1 0 1 3 2 0 0 2— 9

Two-base hits—Veach, Shorten, Heilmann, Kinney, Roth, Flagstead, Jones, Dyer. Three-base hits—Veach, Burns. Home runs—Flagstead, Walker, Heilmann. Stolen base—Witt. Sacrifice hits—Shorten, Veach, (2.) Sacrifice fly—Burns. Left on bases—Detroit, 7; Philadelphia, 12. Bases on balls — Off Rogers, 2; Ehmke, 3; Thompson, 2; Love, 2. Hits—Off Rogers, 8 in 5 innings; Thompson, 4 in 2; Seibold, 5 in 1; Ehmke, 12 in 5; Love, 3 in 3. Struck out—By Rogers, 2; Ehmke, 3; Thompson, 1; Love, 3. Winning pitcher—Love. Losing pitcher—Thompson.

HARPER GETS HIS BUMPS.

White Sox Pummel Senators' Twirler and Take Game, 5 to 2.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Harper was batted hard today, and Chicago won from Washington by 5 to 2. John Collins and Weaver made home runs, the latter scoring a runner ahead of him.

The score:

CHICAGO, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	WASHINGTON, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
J.Collins,lf	3	1	1	0	0	Judge,1b	4	0	0	8	0
Leibold,lf	2	0	2	2	0	Foster,3b	3	0	0	0	0
E.Collins,2b	5	1	2	4	2	Milan,cf	4	0	1	3	0
Weaver,3b	4	1	1	1	0	Rice,rf	4	0	0	4	0
Jackson,rf	4	0	2	3	0	Murphy,lf	1	0	0	1	0
Gandil,1b	4	0	0	6	0	Robertson,p	1	0	0	0	1
Felsch,cf	4	0	0	2	0	Gharrity,c,lf	3	1	1	4	1
Risberg,ss	4	0	0	1	1	Shanks,ss	3	0	1	3	4
Schalk,c	4	2	1	8	2	Grover,2b	3	0	1	3	3
Williams,p	3	0	1	0	3	Harper,p	1	0	0	0	1
						aPicinich,c	1	0	0	1	0
						bMenosky	0	1	0	0	0
Total	37	5	10	27	8	Total	28	2	4	27	10

a Batted for Harper in sixth.
b Ran for Picinich in ninth.
Errors—Shanks (2).

Chicago ....0 0 1 0 1 2 1 0 0—5
Washington ....0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1—2

Three-base hits—Williams, Gharrity, Milan. Home runs—J. Collins, Weaver. Stolen bases—Schalk, Leibold, Menosky. Sacrifice hit—Williams. Left on bases—Chicago, 6; Washington, 2. Bases on balls—Off Williams, 2. Hits—Off Harper, 7 in 6 innings; Robertson, 3 in 3. Hit by pitcher—By Williams, (Murphy.) Struck out—By Williams, 7; Robertson, 1. Wild pitch—Harper. Passed ball—Gharrity. Losing pitcher—Harper.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Toronto at Jersey City, (postponed, rain).
At Newark: Newark-Binghamton, (game called at end of third—rain).

AT BALTIMORE.

		R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	2 4 0 6 1 1 0 1 .	15	18	4
Rochester	0 0 0 3 0 0 0 1 4	8	12	4

Batteries — Clifford, Brogan and O'Neill, Shinault; Frank and Schaufele, Lefler, Egan.

AT READING.

First game:		R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	1 0 1 2 0 0 2 1 0	7	14	2
Reading	3 0 0 0 0 2 1 0 0	6	7	1

Batteries—Horscher and Bengough; Keefe and Crossin.
Second game: Called end of second—rain.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Baltimore	37	16	.698
Toronto	33	20	.623
Binghamton	24	23	.511
Rochester	24	26	.480
Newark	25	28	.472
Buffalo	24	27	.471
Reading	17	30	.362
Jersey City	18	32	.360

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Toronto at Jersey City.
Binghamton at Newark.
Buffalo at Reading.
Rochester at Baltimore.

Baseball To-day, 3 P. M. N. Y. Americans vs. Cleveland. Polo Grounds. Adm. 50c.—Advt.

GIANTS RALLY AND WIN IN ELEVENTH

Chase Makes Hit with Two on Bases and Downs Cardinals by 4 to 2.

ST. LOUIS, June 20.—The Giants had to battle for eleven innings here today before they could finally overcome the St. Louis Cardinals. After being shut out up to the ninth McGraw's men gathered a brace of runs and seemed to be sure winners, only to have the score tied on them in the Cardinals' half, and it was not until the eleventh that they again were able to bunch hits and gain a verdict by a score of 4 to 2.

It was Hal Chase, who has been in a batting slump for some time, who came through with the blow that turned the tide. Hal stepped into the breach in the eleventh, after two New York batsmen had reached the bases, and slammed a single to centre which sent both runners home. Jean Dubuc, who by this time had taken up the pitching duty, held the Cardinals safe in the last half of the inning.

The game was a pitcher's battle with Barnes and Tuoro both pitching fine ball. For seven innings neither side could score a run and both pitchers received good support whenever there was a runner on the bases. Though the Giants had men on the bases on several occasions, Tuoro was always equal to the situation. The little Cuban used excellent judgment and had such good control that the Giants were helpless against him. However, Tuoro gave way to a pinch hitter in the ninth and Ames and Goodwin took turns in the remaining innings.

Barnes was hit for nine safe blows in nine innings, but Dubuc slipped through the remaider of the game without yielding a hit.

The Cardinals put over the first run of the game in the eighth, with the aid of an error. Smith hit a dribbling roller to Doyle, who muffed the ball. Miller sacrificed, and after two had been retired Hornsby singled, scoring Smith. The Giants went into the lead in the ninth. Young opened the inning by drawing a pass, and Fletcher singled, sending him to third. McHenry made a wild throw attempting to get Fletcher off the base and Young scored. Fletcher went to second on the error, and came home on a single by Kauff.

But the Cardinals were not ready to give up. Lavan opened their half of the ninth with a double and Clemons was safe on a fielder's choice to Zimmerman. Snyder singled, scoring Lavan. The Cardinals tried a squeeze play after that, but Barnes made a wide throw and blocked it.

Ames was chased from the box in the tenth after he had replaced Tuero, but the scoring was delayed until the eleventh against Goodwin. Doyle singled to right in this frame and Kauff followed with a safe blow. Zimmerman sacrificed and Chase then came through with the hit that scored both runners.

The score:

NEW YORK, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	ST. LOUIS, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Burns,lf	4	0	1	4	0	J.Smith,rf	5	1	0	0	0
Young,rf	4	1	1	0	0	Miller,1b	4	0	2	15	1
Fletcher,ss	4	1	2	3	5	Stock,2b	1	0	0	0	0
Doyle,2b	5	1	1	0	1	Fishburn,2b	2	0	0	3	0
Kauff,cf	5	1	2	2	0	Schultz,2b	2	0	0	1	1
Zim'man,3b	4	0	1	1	4	Hornsby,3b	5	0	1	2	5
Chase,1b	5	0	1	16	0	Heathcote,cf	3	0	0	5	0
McCarty,c	4	0	1	5	0	bShotton,lf	1	0	0	0	0
aKing	0	0	0	0	0	M'He'ry,lf,cf	5	0	0	1	0
E.Smith,c	1	0	0	2	1	Lavan,ss	5	1	3	0	3
Barnes,p	4	0	0	0	4	Clemons,c	3	0	2	5	2
Dubuc,p	1	0	0	0	0	cDilhoefer	0	0	0	0	0
						Ames,p	0	0	0	0	1
						Goodwin,p	0	0	0	0	0
						dSherdel	0	0	0	0	0
						Tuero,p	3	0	0	0	3
						eSnider,c	2	0	1	1	1
Total	41	4	10	33	15	Total	41	2	9	33	17

a Batted for McCarty in tenth.
b Batted for Heathcote in eighth.
c Ran for Clemons in ninth.
d Batted for Goodwin in eleventh.
e Batted for Tuero in ninth.
Errors—Young, Fletcher, Doyle, Hornsby, Shotton, Lavan, (4).

New York.........0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 2—4
St. Louis.........0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0—2

Two-base hits—Miller, Lavan. Stolen bases—Young, Miller. Sacrifice hits—Miller, Zimmerman. Double play—Hornsby and Miller. Left on bases—New York, 8; St. Louis, 10. Bases on balls—Off Barnes, 1; Dubuc, 2; Tuero, 1; Ames, 1. Hits—Off Barnes, 9 in 9 innings; Tuero, 6 in 9; Ames, 3 in 1, (none out in 11th). Hit by pitcher—By Tuero, (Fletcher). Struck out—By Barnes, 4; Dubuc, 1; Tuero, 4. Winning pitcher—Barnes. Losing pitcher—Ames.

REDS RALLY IN NINTH.

Rariden's Hit Beats the Phillies, 5 to 4.

CINCINNATI, June 20.—Cincinnati won a close game from Philadelphia in the ninth inning today by 5 to 4. In this inning Woodward walked two men, with one out, and was relieved by George Smith, off whom Rariden, a pinch hitter, singled, scoring two runs.

The score:

CINCINNATI, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	PHILADELPHIA, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Rath,2b	3	1	1	1	5	Whitted,2b	5	1	2	1	4
Daubert,1b	1	1	0	11	1	Williams,cf	5	0	2	5	0
Groh,3b	4	0	3	0	1	Meusel,lf	5	1	1	4	0
Roush,cf	2	0	0	4	0	Cravath,rf	3	0	2	0	0
Neale,rf	3	1	0	4	0	Luderus,1b	4	0	0	9	2
J.Smith,ss	4	0	0	3	4	Baird,3b	3	1	1	2	0
Cueto,lf	2	1	0	3	1	Sicking,ss	4	0	1	2	4
Wingo,c	3	1	1	1	1	Cady,c	3	0	0	2	2
Ruether,p	1	0	0	0	0	Woodward,p	3	1	0	0	3
Luque,p	1	0	0	0	1	G.Smith,p	0	0	0	0	0
Ring,p	1	0	0	0	0						
Eller,p	0	0	0	0	1						
aRariden	1	0	1	0	0						
Total	26	5	6	27	15	Total	35	4	9*	25	15

* One out when winning run was scored.
a Batted for Eller in ninth.
Errors—Neale, Wingo, Sicking, Woodward, G. Smith.

Cincinnati ....1 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 2—5
Philadelphia ....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 1—4

Two-base hit—Cravath. Stolen bases—Daubert, Groh, (2,) Neale, Woodward. Sacrifice hits—Daubert, Sicking. Sacrifice fly—Daubert. Double plays—Rath to J. Smith to Daubert; Whitted to Sicking to Luderus; Luderus to Sicking to Luderus. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 12; Cincinnati, 5. Bases on balls—Off Ruether, 1; Luque, 5; Ring, 1; Woodward, 5; G. Smith, 1. Hits—Off Ruether, 2 in 3 innings; Luque, 6 in 4 2-3; Ring, 0 in 1-3; Eller, 1 in 1; Woodward, 5 in 8 1-3; G. Smith, 1 in ninth inning, one out at time. Hit by pitcher—Woodward, 1. Struck out by Luque, 1; Woodward, 2. Wild pitch—Woodward. Winning pitcher—Eller. Losing pitcher—Woodward.

PIRATES SHUT OUT BRAVES.

Hamilton Holds Visitors to Four Hits—Home Team Bats Heavily.

PITTSBURGH, June 20.—Pittsburgh defeated Boston again today, 4 to 0, Hamilton holding the visitors to four scattered hits. Pitcher William Evans was released by Pittsburgh today to the Kansas City team of the American Association.

The score:

BOSTON, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	PITTSBURGH, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Maranv'le,ss	4	0	1	5	3	Bigbee,cf	2	0	1	3	0
Herzog,2b	4	0	1	3	3	Terry,ss	3	0	0	1	1
Powell,rf	3	0	0	1	0	Stengel,rf	5	0	1	3	0
a Rawlins	1	0	0	0	0	Cutshaw,2b	3	1	1	3	1
Scott, p	0	0	0	0	0	Southw'th,lf	2	2	1	4	0
Thorpe,lf	4	0	1	3	0	Barbare,3b	3	0	1	0	0
Holke,1b	2	0	0	4	2	Saier,1b	3	1	1	3	0
Blackb'rn,1b	2	0	0	2	0	Schmidt,c	4	0	1	10	0
Riggert,cf	4	0	0	4	0	Hamilton,p	4	0	3	0	1
Boeckel,3b	3	0	1	0	1						
Tragresser,c	3	0	0	1	2						
Demaree,p	2	0	0	1	4						
Smith,rf	0	0	0	0	0						
Total	32	0	4	24	15	Total	29	4	10	27	3

a Batted for Powell in eighth.
Errors—Riggert, Cutshaw.

Pittsburgh ....0 3 0 0 0 0 1 0 .—4
Boston ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Stengel, Cutshaw. Stolen bases—Southworth, Smith. Sacrifice hits—Bigbee, Cutshaw, Barbare. Sacrifice fly—Saier. Double play—Herzog, Maranville, Holke, and Maranville. Left on bases—Boston, 6; Pittsburgh, 1. First base on balls—Off Demaree, 5; Scott, 1; Hamilton, 1. Hits—Off Demaree, 10 in seven innings; Scott, none in one; Hamilton, 4 in nine. Struck out—By Scott, 1; Hamilton, 7. Winning pitcher—Hamilton. Losing pitcher—Demaree.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland at New York,
(Game called in 4th—rain.)
Detroit, 11; Philadelphia, 9.
(Called in 8th—darkness.)
Boston, 3; St. Louis, 1.
Chicago, 5; Washington, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 4; St. Louis, 2.
(11 innings.)
Cincinnati, 5; Philadelphia, 4.
Chicago, 6; Brooklyn, 5.
Pittsburgh, 4; Boston, 0.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Chicago	32	16	.667
Cleveland	31	16	.660
New York	27	16	.628
St. Louis	23	24	.489
Detroit	22	25	.468
Boston	20	24	.455
Washington	17	29	.370
Philadelphia	11	33	.250

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	32	15	.681
Cincinnati	30	18	.625
Pittsburgh	27	22	.551
Chicago	26	23	.531
Brooklyn	23	27	.460
St. Louis	22	26	.458
Philadelphia	15	29	.341
Boston	15	30	.333

Where They Play Today.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland at New York.
(Game starts at 3 P. M.)
Chicago at Washington.
St. Louis at Boston.
Detroit at Philadelphia.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at St. Louis.
Brooklyn at Chicago.
Philadelphia at Cincinnati.
Boston at Pittsburgh.

RAIN ROBS YANKS OF GAME.

Lo the Poor Indians Are Saved from Beating by Downpour.

Everything seems against the Yankees these days—the Cleveland Indians, some renegade fans who constantly and at times boisterously pull for the visiting teams, and the weather. Miller Huggins and his fighting athletes had visions of a victory over the Redskins from Cleveland on the Polo Grounds yesterday when old Jupiter Pluvius came on the scene with a rumbling which vibrated through the huge stadium in the shadow of Coogan's Bluff and a lightning display which made many in the crowd of 8,000 disappointed fans apprehensive of disaster.

The storm broke early in the fifth inning, after the Yanks had squeezed two runs over the platter in the fourth. Bob Shawkey was hustling to dispose of the Indians before the expected downpour came, because in that case the Yanks would have pocketed the game. Bob had two strikes and one ball on Smith when there was a clap of thunder, the heavens were illuminated with an electrical display and Umpire Brick Owens stepped in front of the plate and called for the ball. That ended what bade fair to be a Yankee holiday, for they were leading in the score by 2 to 0, and there wasn't any immediate danger of their being overhauled.

The players had no sooner scurried to their dug-outs than the field was enveloped in inky darkness. Very few storms in the past have sent such utter blackness over Hennery Fabian's turf. the flare of matches to cigarettes and cigars in the mouths of fans, reminded some of the doughboys on the scene of star shells sent over France's battlefields, so brilliantly did they flash in the gloom. It was darker than the inside of a tar baby.

CURVES AND BINGLES.

The Yanks lost no time in taking the field after scoring their two runs. They wanted to dispose of the Indians and get that victory. Lee Fohl's men shambled and shuffled around, however, until many precious minutes had been wasted, and upset the Yankee celebration.

Rain was threatening from the starting time, but the downpour held off as if to let the Yankees get near victory and then snatch it away from them.

When the storm finally came it was a deluge. For nearly a half hour the elements raged in all their fury, with inky night brooding over the stricken fans.

Ten brave Polo Ground employes wasted a lot of energy in planting the tarpaulins over the infield.

Hy Jasper was making his début as a Cleveland hurler. Everything was all set for Hy's baptism of fire, but the storm saved him.

Shawkey early gave evidences that he was out to get his eighth victory. Robert retired the first three Indians in order, and pitched only seven balls to accomplish the trick. Graney and Lunte fanned on three balls apiece and Tristram Speaker popped up the first one served him.

This same Tristram Speaker furnished a brilliant piece of headwork in the Yanks' third. Truck Hannah made the first hit off Jasper here and raced for second on Shawkey's sacrifice tap. Truck had too much momentum, however, and overran the bag. And then, seemingly out of nowhere, Speaker bobbed up right on the sack to take the throw from Wambsgans, who covered first, and tagged out Hannah.

The Indians were treated like friends when they passed among the crowd in the stands on their way out. Everybody seemed to know them by their first names. They were reminded, however, that they were "lucky stiffs."

Steve O'Neill gave Jasper some fatherly advice in the Yanks' first inning when Baker's fly took Smith within a few inches of the right-field wall before the catch could be made. Pipp was on second at the time, and O'Neill impressed upon the débutanté twirler the necessity for caution.

Shawkey received a great ovation as he tripped nonchalantly to the Yankee dugout after retiring the Indians in order in the second. Smith skied out to Bodie and Gardner and Wambsgans both slashed the air.

Pratt engineered a snap double play in the third after Johnston had singled. Derrill almost broke his back in the next frame scooping up Graney's grounder for the second out.

High School Nines in Title Clash.

High School of Commerce and Erasmus Hall High School baseball team will battle this morning on the Catholic Protectory Grounds at Van Nest for the city scholastic baseball title. Both teams have won their games in the sectional and intersectional series. The Commerce nine won the Manhattan, Bronx and Richmond series without encountering defeat. Erasmus Hall's nine holds the Brooklyn title. The game will start at 10 o'clock.

DRENCHED GOLFERS PLAY OUT MATCHES

Only One First Division Contest Halted at Fox Hills—Kammer and Walker Win.

The only extra hole played in the tournament at the Fox Hills Golf Club yesterday afternoon was the "nineteenth" and that did a land office business. It all happened because of the thunderstorm that broke over the links shortly after luncheon, when, in the vernacular of the weather man, the precipitation became so great that several of the greens disappeared from view.

Combined with the downpour was the failing of the light, it becoming so dark that the players could not follow the flight of the ball. As a result, the committee had to make a special ruling allowing contestants unable to conclude their second round matches to finish this morning. This is one of the few times in the history of Eastern golf that such a state of affairs has existed, but oddly enough it happened at Fox Hills a good many years ago, when several of the basin-like formations were transformed into lakes.

Those in the first sixteen yesterday were more fortunate than in the other divisions, only one of the second round contests remaining unfinished. That was between W. H. Follett and B. T. Allen, both of the home club. After playing eleven holes, Follett being two up at the time, the pair found it impossible to continue.

On the other hand, A. F. Kammer of Baltusrol, who won the medal on Thursday, managed to finish his afternoon match with Courtlandt Van Clief, of the home club. Kammer, going out in 37, turned for home 1 up. Van Clief had hung on in determined fashion, his card showing only one stroke more.

Coming back, Kammer became 3 up with 4s at the tenth and eleventh holes, but Van Clief won the twelfth, over the pond, in 3. He also won the long thirteenth, where he laid his opponent a stymie. That left Kammer only one up.

They halved the fourteenth and the Baltusrol man became 2 up again with a "bird" 3 at the next. At that juncture, Kammer stood 2 up with three holes to play, but conditions became so bad that an intermission was found necessary. When play was resumed, Kammer won the sixteenth hole and the match 3 and 2.

In the meantime, A. L. Walker, Jr., who had a 76 in the qualifying round, was kept fairly busy by W. H. Gardner, the well known Buffalo amateur. Going out, Walker hit too fast a pace, however, reaching the turn in 37, good enough to place his opponent 3 down. They also had to wait a long time before finishing the match, which finally went to Walker 3 and 2.

E. F. Hunt, of Jamaica, played well, removing L. G. Spindler, the former Fox Hills champion, in the morning, and then defeating F. H. Kendall of South Shore in the afternoon. As a result, Hunt will meet Walker in the lower semi-final bracket this morning, which leaves Kammer to take on the winner of the Follett-Allen match.

The summary of the first round matches follows:

First Sixteen, First Round.—A. F. Kammer, Baltusrol, beat George Bowman, Plainfield, by default; Courtlandt Van Clief, Fox Hills, beat P. F. Bessire, Fox Hills, 1 up; W. H. Follett, Fox Hills, beat S. M. Milliken, Scarsdale, 6 up and 5 to play; B. T. Allen, Fox Hills, beat W. C. Van Clief, Fox Hills, 2 up; E. F. Hunt, Jamaica, beat L. G. Spindler, Fox Hills, 4 up and 2 to play; F. H. Kendall, South Shore, beat J. D. Newman, Fox Hills, 1 up; W. H. Gardner, Buffalo, beat A. D. Mitchell, Fox Hills, 5 up and 4 to play; A. L. Walker, Jr., Richmond County, beat J. M. Brander, Fox Hills, 6 up and 5 to play.

Second Sixteen, First Round—G. G. Worthley, Fox Hills, beat S. H. Ivison, Cherry Valley, 3 up and 2 to play; F. G. B. Riley, Fox Hills, beat W. G. Fralick, Massapequa, 5 up and 4 to play; M. Prain, Fox Hills, beat W. P. Nicholson, Wykagyl, 6 up and 4 to play; George G. Baxter, Fox Hills, beat E. L. Rohdenburg, Columbia, 2 up and 1 to play; A. F. Dawson, Fox Hills, beat Dr. A. Carpenter, Oakland, 2 up and 1 to play; W. J. Ryan, Fox Hills, beat W. L. Richard, Fox Hills, 1 up, (19 holes;) J. M. McMenamy, Fox Hills, beat T. Tunis, Jr., Columbia, 5 up and 4 to play; W. W. Van Loan, Fox Hills, beat R. L. Spotts, Fox Hills, 1 up.

Third Sixteen, First Round—A. H. Pogson, Fox Hills, beat W. W. Harris, Dunwoodie, 2 up and 1 to play; F. L. Byrne, Fox Hills, beat M. Schreiber, Columbia, 5 up and 4 to play; J. S. Griffin, Deal, beat F. F. Lipscomb, Baltusrol, by default; A. S. Trippe, Fox Hills, beat F. T. Villerall, Fox Hills, 1 up; T. W. Tannock, Fox Hills, beat C. T. Sweeney, unattached, 4 up and 3 to play; H. Miller Jones, Richmond County, beat F. Starbuck, Fox Hills, 8 up and 6 to play; R. Strobridge, Fox Hills, beat N. W. Pomeroy, Fox Hills, 1 up, (19 holes;) F. K. Flaugh, New York Newspaper, beat F. L. Bloodgood, Cherry Valley, 6 up and 5 to play.

Fourth Sixteen, First Round.—F. C. Denning, Fox Hills, beat George L. Scofield, Fox Hills, 4 up and 3 to play; J. B. Catlin, Fox Hills, beat H. I. Moraff, Fox Hills, 2 up and 1 to play; Frank Allaire, Fox Hills, beat E. W. Koehn, Crescent, 2 up and 1 to play; Havelock Walser, Richmond County, beat C. K. Gillett, Wykagyl, 4 up and 3 to play; G. F. Barnes, Fox Hills, beat H. Bearman, Fox Hills, 4 up and 2 to play; W. G. Cooper, Fox Hills, beat D. Roberts, Fox Hills, 3 up and 2 to play; T. S. Bancroft, Richmond County, beat R. D. Little, Pine Valley, 4 up and 3 to play; L. F. Wood, Buffalo, beat George H. Bowly, Spring Lake, 2 up.

Fifth Sixteen, First Round.—D. W. Mulford, Fox Hills, beat P. Thiel, Fox Hills, 1 up; F. Heikel, Fox Hills, beat F. Martin, Fox Hills, 3 up and 2 to play; F. V. Sullivan, Fox Hills, beat J. D. Barnhill, Fox Hills, by default; E. F. Keating, Fox Hills, beat F. Vynne, Fox Hills, 3 up and 1 to play; W. O. Smith, Fox Hills, beat W. S. Van Clief, Fox Hills, by default; H. E. Dennison, Fox Hills, beat W. I. Dey, Scarsdale, by default; E. Burrows, Scarsdale, beat C. J. Skidmore, Crescent, 5 up and 3 to play; George Lembeck, Fox Hills, beat G. B. Morrison, Fox Hills, 6 up and 5 to play.

RUTH TRIPLES IN A CRISIS.

Slugging Pitcher of Red Sox Deals Browns Fatal Blow.

BOSTON, June 20.—Ruth helped win his own game against St. Louis, 3 to 1, today. After Strunk's opening single off Gallia in the sixth, Ruth tripled and scored on McInnis's single. Vitt's Texas leaguer, in the seventh, scored Barry, who had opened the inning by singling. Singles by Smith and Mayer, with a sacrifice hit, gave St. Louis its one run in the fourth.

The score:

BOSTON, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	ST. LOUIS, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Hooper,rf	4	0	0	3	0	Austin,3b	5	0	1	1	5
Vitt,3b	3	0	1	1	2	Gedeon,2b	4	0	1	0	1
Strunk,cf	4	1	2	2	0	Tobin,lf	5	0	2	2	0
Ruth,p	3	1	1	1	2	Sisler,1b	4	0	2	13	0
McInnis,1b	3	0	1	10	0	Jacobson,cf	4	0	0	2	0
Schang,c	0	0	0	0	0	Smith,rf	3	1	1	5	1
Walters,c	2	0	0	2	1	Gerber,ss	2	0	0	1	4
Scott,ss	3	0	0	1	3	Mayer,c	1	0	1	0	1
Barry,2b	3	1	1	6	4	Billings,c	0	0	0	0	0
Gilhooley,lf	2	0	1	1	0	Gallia,p	1	0	0	0	3
aLamar	1	0	0	0	0	Leifield,p	0	0	0	0	0
						bSevereid	1	0	0	0	0
Total	28	3	7	27	12	Total	30	1	8	24	15

a Batted for Schang in second.
b Batted for Gallia in eighth.
Errors—Scott, Gedeon.

Boston ....0 0 0 0 0 2 1 0 .—3
St. Louis ....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hit—Sisler. Three-base hit—Ruth. Stolen bases—Vitt, Gilhooley. Sacrifice hits—Gerber, (2,) Gallia, Gilhooley, McInnis. Double plays—Smith and Austin; Scott, Barry, and McInnis; Barry and McInnis; Vitt, Barry, and McInnis. Left on bases—St. Louis, 13; Boston, 6. Bases on balls—Off Gallia, 8; Ruth, 8. Hits—Off Gallia, 7 in 7 innings; Leifield, 0 in 1. Struck out—By Ruth, 2. Wild pitch—Ruth. Losing pitcher—Gallia.

American Association.

St. Paul, 4; Minneapolis, 1.
Kansas City, 7; Milwaukee, 2.
Columbus, 6; Indianapolis, 3.

SPORTS—

Southern Association.

Chattanooga, 3; Atlanta, 2.
Nashville, 8; Birmingham, 1.
Mobile, 5; Little Rock, 0.

Eastern League.

Hartford, 6; Worcester, 4.
Pittsfield, 9; New Haven, 7.
Providence, 4; Bridgeport, 2.

QUAKER NINE IN A DRAW.

Rain Ends Game with Lafayette at End of Fifth.

Special to The New York Times.

EASTON, Penn., June 20.—The University of Pennsylvania ball team was the attraction on March Field today, engaging with Lafayette in the annual commencement day game. The game resulted in a tie, the game being called while Penn was at bat with the score 1 to 1.

The game was a pitchers' battle between Sheffy of Penn and Moyer of Lafayette. Penn scored its run in the opening round. Bohan opened by flying to Welles. Straus got a base on balls and was at second on Sweeney's roller to Bieber. Sweeney then stole second. Warwick bounded a hit off of Moyers' glove, Sweeney going to third. McNichol lined to Lamborelli, who dropped the ball, allowing Sweeney to score.

Lafayette evened the count in the fourth inning and threw away a chance to win the game in the same inning. Bieber opened by driving a triple down the left field foul line. Welles singled to right, scoring Bieber. Chilson sacrificed Welles to second. Martin walked. With first and second bases occupied and only one out Lafayette attempted a double steal. Welles was an easy victim of Warwick's throw to Straus. Martin moved to second and went to third on a passed ball, but Tamerelli could not score him. His best was an easy foul to Straus. Rain ended the game at the close of the fifth inning.

The score:

LAFAYETTE.	Ab	H	Po	A	PENNA.	Ab	H	Po	A
Wainwright,cf	2	0	0	0	Bohan,2b	3	0	1	1
Bieber,ss	3	1	0	1	Straus,3b	2	0	2	0
Welles,rf	3	1	3	0	Sweeney,ss	3	1	2	2
Chilson,1b	0	0	4	0	Warwick,c	2	1	4	1
Martin,2b	1	0	1	1	McNichol,1b	2	0	4	1
Keating,lf	1	1	1	0	Mornadian,cf	2	0	0	0
Tamerelli,3b	2	0	0	1	Carmack,rf	2	1	0	0
Buechner,c	2	0	7	1	Hawey,lf	1	0	1	0
Moyer,p	2	0	0	1	Sheffy,p	2	0	1	2
Total	16	3*	16	5	Total	19	3	15	7

* One out when game called.
Errors—Tamerelli, Moyer.

Lafayette ....0 0 0 0 1—1
Pennsylvania ....1 0 0 0 0—1

Three-base hit—Bieber. Left on bases—Lafayette, 4; Pennsylvania, 3. Struck out—By Moyer, 4; Sheffy, 4. Double play—Bohan, Sweeney, and McNichol. Sacrifice hits—Harvey, Chilson. Bases on balls—Off Moyer, 1; Sheffy, 3. Hit by pitched ball—Wainwright.

BOCKENKAMP IS FINALIST.

Will Meet Legg for Western Amateur Golf Title.

ST. LOUIS, June 20.—Breaking the course record by two strokes with a 71, Richard Bockenkamp, a public links golfer of St. Louis, 18 years old, today defeated L. D. Bromfield of Denver 2 and 1 in the semi-finals of the Western amateur championship at the Sunset Hill Club and won the right to play the final with Harry G. Legg of Minneapolis, who had no difficulty in eliminating with ordinary golf Clarence Wolff of St. Louis, medalist of the tournament, 5 and 4.

While Bockenkamp played brilliant Golf, Bromfield was on his heels all the way, scoring 77 in the morning to Bockenkamp's 76 and 74 in the afternoon, only two over par. Neither player won a hole in anything less than par. Bockenkamp playing 22 holes in perfect figures and Bromfield 21.

WOMEN SWIMMERS COMING.

Fannie Durack and Nina Wylie on Way from Australia.

According to a cable dispatch received by A. S. Goldsmith of Seattle, an official of the A. A. U., Miss Fannie Durack and Miss Nina Wylie, Australia's greatest women swimmers, are on their way to this country. They sailed some days ago from Sydney, N. S. W., expecting to make their first appearance in Los Angeles, then work up the coast to Seattle, and start from there on a tour through the Middle West and East.

It is not clear whether or not the two champions propose to undertake any competition while here or whether their efforts will be limited to exhibitions. When they came over together last Summer to engage in races there was trouble over the credentials required of foreign contestants by the A. A. U., and they eventually returned to their native land without having taken part in a single event. While in California, too, they aroused considerable feeling by refusing to comply with the regulations.

WILLARD BATTERS PARTNERS IN TEST

Champion Knocks Out Jack Heinen—Expect Baker to Attend.

Special to The New York Times.

TOLEDO, Ohio.—June 20.—Champion Jess Willard showed his prowess to better effect today in his training than at any time since he took up active work. This was demonstrated when he shot a hard right to the jaw of Jack Heinen, one of his sparring partners, and sent him reeling through the ropes into the crowd which lined the arena. Heinen landed on his head and was stunned for about five minutes. He revived later, but his efforts were somewhat less active than in the previous round.

Willard went through the usual two rounds each with Walter Monaghan, Joe Chip and Jack Hempel. Monaghan, as usual, gave the champion his best workout in defensive work, the soldier doing most of his work in leading for the head and upper regions. In several instances he went through and planted smart blows on Willard's jaw, but the champion, gritting his teeth, ran toward his opponent and slashed right and left to show how he is able to meet a strong onslaught.

Joe Chip again demonstrated he was able to get near his giant adversary, and after using up the first round in defensive work confined himself to body punches, which the champion apparently relished in an effort to harden the abdominal muscles. Hempel's work was largely in body work along the lines given by Chip in his second round. At the conclusion of the bout Willard left the ring smiling, but breathing less arduously than he did on the day previous when the humidity made work so irksome.

A severe storm broke over Camp Willard just as the champion was emerging from the clubhouse, the 1,200 spectators, fearing the collapse of the canvas side walls under the forty-mile wind, ran outside. The storm soon abated, however, with only a slight shower and a much lower temperature.

Over at the Dempsey camp the challenger confined himself to bag punching and shadow boxing for the benefit of the big crowd which was in the enclosure. No boxing was indulged in, as Big Bill Tate has not yet arrived from St. Paul, where he met Sam Langford last night. Dempsey will begin active boxing work tomorrow.

Willard has eliminated all road work from his training calendar and will confine himself henceforth to boxing until he enters the ring on July 4. He declares that within another five days he will have reached the stage where there no longer exists any doubt as to his condition.

Tex Rickard, promoter of the big bout, is not exercised over the action of the Ohio Legislature last night in adopting a resolution calling upon Governor James M. Cox to stop the bout. Governor Cox thus far has been silent on the resolution. It is said that he already has his ticket for the bout and with Secretary of War Newton D. Baker and other officials plans to be among the honored guests at the ringside.

Ad Thacher, President of the Toledo Athletic Club, who was one of the promoters in bringing the bout to this city, has arranged a card of seven preliminary bouts.

Every State Superintendent of the Presbyterian Board of Home Missions is urged, in telegrams sent out last night by the board from its headquarters here, to send messages immediately to Congress asking that Governor Cox of Ohio be asked to forbid "desecration" of the nation's holiday through the holding of the Willard-Dempsey fight on July 4.

The Rev. Wilbur F. Crafts, Superintendent of the International Reform Bureau, who is leading the campaign to have religious organizations protest against the bout, said an appeal was sent by the bureau yesterday to the Methodist Centennial meeting at Columbus asking the Methodists to enter their opposition.

GENEVA ATHLETES COMING.

Up-State Men Will Compete in Track Championships.

Application for entry blanks for the Metropolitan A. A. U. junior track and field championships which will be held at Stevens Tech Field, Hoboken, N. J., June 28, were received from Geneva, N. Y., recently. The request came from Jack Dwyer, who wanted to know as to whether the Geneva athletes were eligible to compete for the titles. In response to the communication it was stated the Geneva athletes were eligible provided they held membership in some organization affiliated with the Metropolitan A. A.

MERKLE'S BAT BEATS ROBINS

Two-Bagger by Cubs' First Baseman Settles the Issue.

CHICAGO, June 20.—A double by Fred Merkle, the former Giant first baseman, gave the Chicago Cubs a victory over Brooklyn here this afternoon. Merkle's blow came in the seventh frame and scored Max Flack and Leslie Mann with a brace of runs which pulled the Cubs from the ruck.

A fielding misdemeanor by Big Ed Konetchy started the trouble for the Dodgers. After Bailey had fanned, Flack got a life on Konetchy's fumble. Pick singled, sending Flack to second. Max raced to third when Mann forced Pick at second, and then Merkle injected his double, scoring Flack and Mann. The blow gave the Cubs the game after an uphill battle by a count of 6 to 5.

Shufflin' Phil Douglas started on the mound for the Cubs, but was hammered incessantly until he was removed in the fifth inning to make room for Bailey. Sherry Smith did the twirling for the Robins and was pounded freely.

The Robins went into the lead with three runs in the third inning. After Douglas threw out Schmandt, Miller singled to left. Smith singled past Merkle, and Olson followed with a rap to left which scored Miller. Hy Myers thumped a double to right, scoring Smith and Olson.

Chicago evened the count in its half on singles by O'Farrell and Douglas, Flack's triple, and Pick's sacrifice fly. In the fourth the Cubs added another when Deal beat out an infield hit, Lear singled, O'Farrell sacrificed, and Flack singled, the latter blow registering Deal.

A brace of runs in the fifth gave the Robins the lead again. Smith got his second hit of the day, a single to right, Olson beat out a hit to Douglas and Myers sacrificed. Tommy Griffith then lashed a single to left, scoring Smith and Olson. Wheat chased Griffith to the third corner with a single to centre, and Douglas was relieved. Bailey went to the rescue and made Konetchy foul out to Mann and threw out Magee.

There was no more scoring until the Cubs clinched the game in the seventh.

The score:

CHICAGO, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	BROOKLYN, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Flack,rf	4	2	2	2	0	Olson,ss	4	2	3	1	6
Pick,2b	3	0	1	0	4	Myers,cf	3	0	1	2	0
Mann,lf	4	1	2	1	0	Griffith,rf	5	0	1	2	0
Merkle,1b	4	0	2	14	1	Z.Wheat,lf	3	0	2	3	0
Paskert,cf	4	0	0	2	0	Konetchy,1b	3	0	1	11	0
Deal,3b	4	1	1	2	0	Magee,3b	4	0	0	1	3
Lear,ss	4	0	2	1	1	Schmandt,2b	4	0	0	1	2
O'Farrell,c	3	1	1	5	3	Miller,c	4	1	1	3	3
Douglas,p	2	1	1	0	3	Smith,p	3	2	2	0	2
Bailey,p	1	0	0	0	2	aMitchell	1	0	1	0	0
Total	33	6	12	27	14	Total	34	5	12	24	16

a Batted for Smith in ninth.
Error—Konetchy.

Chicago ....0 0 3 1 0 0 2 0 .—6
Brooklyn ....0 0 3 0 2 0 0 0 0—5

Two-base hits — Mann, Myers, Merkle, Mitchell. Three-base hit—Flack. Sacrifice hits—Konetchy, O'Farrell, Myers, Olson. Sacrifice fly—Pick. Double play—Merkle, Lear, and Merkle. Left on bases — Brooklyn, 7; Chicago, 5. Bases on balls—Off Bailey, 2. Hits—Off Douglas, 11 in 4 1-3 innings; Bailey, 1 in 4 2-3. Struck out—By Smith, 2; Bailey, 2. Winning pitcher—Bailey.

MOTOR BOATS ARE ENTERED

Good Contest Expected in Race to Albany and Return.

All indications point to an interesting race to Albany and return on Friday evening, June 28, starting from the New York Motor Boat Club, 147th Street and Hudson River. Promises of entries for this race have been given by Commodore H. C. Vaughan, with new cruiser Mabelle V., and Commodore A. G. Hauver, with his cruiser Blue Hen III. Both of these boats are new to New York waters. The Mabelle V. has come down from up-State, has been thoroughly overhauled, and remarkable performances are expected of her. The Blue Hen III. is well known on the Delaware River and has won numerous trophies there. In contading for the Albany-New York honors it is expected that she will live up to her past performances and give a good account of herself. Numerous other owners are considering the race, and a large entry list is looked for.

A class for open boats is also included, and both the old rivals, Eastern Star, E. L. Finch, and Amorita, W. T. Randolph, will again try for the prize. In a previous race won by the Eastern Star the run to Albany and return was made in 14 hours 46 minutes, and it is expected that the contestants will better this time this year, as the tide will be favorable to a fast trip.

The Race Committee of the New York Motor Boat Club is working to make a successful race and reawaken the motor boat spirit among yachtsmen, many of whom have been in the navy during the war.

Inquiries from interested yachtsmen will b etaken care of by the Club Measurer, F. W. Horenburger, and yachtsmen are invited to call at the clubhouse at 147th Street and Hudson River.

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ORLANDO FALLS.

Dr. Orlando served Italy and the great alliance well in the critical year of the war; that fact deserves to be remembered now that his Ministry has been repudiated by a vote of nearly four to one, and it is to be hoped that events will so shape themselves that it will be remembered after history has forgotten that his fall was largely his own fault.

The war, of course, bore heavily on Italy; even complete victory left the country weakened, with the cost of living high, commodities scarce, and discontent widespread. These conditions were present everywhere, but seem to have been more acute in Italy than in France or England. There was also a considerable and virulent Socialist opposition which was only one remove, and that a short one, from downright Bolshevism. Much of this trouble could not easily or speedily be corrected; while it remained, any Government would be likely to have hard going.

According to all visible evidence, it was this situation which drove Orlando over to the side of the extreme imperialistic group, led and represented in his Cabinet by Baron Sonnino. A party of Italians would have been satisfied with moderate annexations; another party wanted "everything in sight." Orlando's sympathies were apparently with the first, but last Winter he went over to the extremists. If the Italians could be made to believe that national honor and national prosperity were bound up solely with the question of annexations on the Adriatic, their minds might be taken off internal conditions. At least, so it seems to observers from this side of the Atlantic. Orlando had many enemies; he could not trust all who had supported him in a moderate policy toward the Jugoslavs; he thought he could trust the annexationists if he went over to them wholeheartedly.

So began the great clamor about Fiume and other phases of the Adriatic question, a large question, but closely interrelated, of which the Fiume dispute, so deplorably mishandled by almost everybody concerned in it, was only a part. Active propaganda, backed by Sonnino and at least consented to by the Premier, accomplished the comparatively easy task of convincing the Italians that without Fiume all was lost, including honor. The game succeeded only too well; when, two months ago, Orlando returned for a vote of confidence on his stand for Fiume, he received every vote except those of Socialist extremists who were held aloof by party dogma but appear to have sympathized with his attitude. By the unanimous voice of the representatives of his people he was told to go back to Paris and get Fiume.

Naturally he had to get it or meet disaster; and he has not got it. It seems certain that Orlando long realized that attainment of the impossible program of the Sonnino faction was out of the question; he could fight for it, knowing that he could not win; he could get part of what was wanted and bring that back home as the fruits of victory. But it seems that he could not get even so much as he expected, and he had educated his people to a point where even what he expected might not have been enough. So as time passed and the Adriatic question remained unsettled, all the dissatisfaction with internal conditions that had been sidetracked by the annexationist agitation came back, reinforced by the general chagrin at the failure to get better terms on the Adriatic.

That Italy is actually getting a great deal Orlando told the Chamber, and it is true; but he had trained the Chamber to expect too much. His resignation may not be accepted; if it is accepted at the present time it will be unfortunate, since it is almost certain to delay the Italian signature to the German treaty, and will leave the final settlement with Jugoslavia and Greece to a new Ministry which, judging from the expressions in the Chamber, will surely be far less able to work with the Allies than was Orlando.

THE NAVY'S AIR SERVICE.

The impulse of the House of Representatives, more economical or more skeptical than the Senate, that prompted it to cut the navy aviation appropriation from $45,000,000 to $15,000,000 reflected a popular judgment that economy in Government expenditures is imperative. At the same time the navy is our first line of defense and always will be. It is a service that does not waste money, that makes every dollar count. Such was its practice during the great war; so the question is whether the navy needs more than $15,000,000 in the next fiscal year for aviation. It is a practical and in no sense a sentimental question. Will the United States Navy fall behind the British and the French navies if compelled to get along with the reduced amount? So far as the British establishment is concerned, it is far ahead of the American Navy in aeronautical equipment. In battleships of the first line there is a disparity in favor of the British beyond doubt, while in the matter of naval aviation the American Navy is certainly distanced. If it can have only $15,000,000 to spend there will be no stern chase even. Our service would be out of it in another year. France will probably spend a larger sum on her navy for aviation during the twelvemonth.

Congress should understand that it is the British policy to be first in the air as well as first on the sea, whether there is a reduction of armaments or not. American naval officers have been the pioneers across the Atlantic by airplane. A needed stimulation has been given to the enthusiasm and zeal of our naval men by the performance. Secretary Daniels is therefore right when he says that "it would be "almost a calamity if Congress were "now to mark time for a year or so "when other nations are spending "more money than ever on aircraft "development." He asked originally for $45,000,000, and now proposes a reduction of $10,000,000 from his estimate.

This the Senate Committee is willing to allow him; the House has been altogether too frugal in cutting down the estimate by two-thirds. Our people are so proud of their navy that they want its scouting department to be of the best. Mr. Daniels does not overstate the case for the airplanes when he says that they are as essential as destroyers. The fleet must always know what it is about, and the air scouting service supplies the only information of real value.

THE KAISER'S CASE.

War for conquest is a crime; but though the conscience of mankind has long declared it to be such, there has never been an official recognition of it by the nations such as is the basis of Article 237 of the Peace Treaty, which proposes to bring the German ex-Emperor to trial for causing such a war. This is progress. Officially the nations propose to bring a man to trial on the charge of initiating a war of conquest. The world has never seen such a thing. Even in the days of the ecstatic dream of universal peace in the early fifties, a dream shattered by the Crimean war, it was not even supposed that "the imperial Guy Fawkes," as Theodore Parker called the Czar, could or should be brought before a tribunal and punished. Those who are skeptical about the dawn of a new age must think again.

The demand of the Allies for the trial of a man who brought on a war marks a step forward in the development of the human race. It is all the better that they do not rest their demand on technicalities, but admit and proclaim that it is for the purpose of setting a precedent; that "the ex-Em-"peror is arraigned as a matter of in-"ternational policy," [not at all for the technical violation of any statute,] "for a supreme offense against inter-"national morality, the sanctity of "treaties, and the essential rules of "justice." A new hour has struck.

That the rights of the accused may be safeguarded, a regular tribunal is to be set up, and the evidence is to be presented before the eyes of the world. Kings have fallen before, but never in this manner except when they have been tried by their own subjects, and such trials were acts of revolution. This is meant not only as a punishment of the crime of making war but as a warning and signpost for all future rulers who may be tempted to commit that crime. It is really a complement to the League of Nations. Without it the covenant would be incomplete. The League proposes to prevent war; the proposal for the trial of the ex-Emperor serves notice on all generations of the future that wanton, unprovoked war is a crime and can be punished.

The Kaiser and those fellow-criminals who are to be brought to the bar are punishable, under this new order of things, not only for the crime of instituting war but for acting on the detestable doctrine that in consequence of changed conditions all the safeguards for humanity in time of war must be thrown to the winds. The Germans have acted deliberately on the theory that since in modern times whole nations are engaged, therefore the old provision that only fighting men are fair game for other fighting men must be discarded. The civilian, even the baby in its mother's arms, is as much "the enemy" as the armed man; this was the theory on which the whole series of atrocities was based. It was a theory coldly thought out and scientifically acted upon. The Powers intend to make it impossible for any future nation to hold or act upon such an atrocious theory, and they propose to do it by arraigning for trial the men who have held it and acted upon it in the last four years.

LABOR AND THE COURTS.

The Federation of Labor is not well advised in appealing to public opinion for support of its attack on Judges and courts. Not that our legal procedure is above criticism—far from it—but there is no peaceful substitute for the adjustment of differences of opinion about rights and wrongs by authoritative and detached opinion. Individual Judges err; some statutes are obnoxious. But the Federation attacks the system, not its errors. The Federation thinks that it is the right of freemen to be judges in their own affairs of what is lawful and unlawful. It seems that the Federation revives events which would willingly be forgotten, in consideration of many instances of self-restraint and good conduct on the part of unions under irritation. But the Federation must understand that the country, if put to its choice, will prefer the judicial interpretation of the statutes to the edicts of the unions that the laws are not understood, and that no more injunctions must issue. Labor has been challenged to name instances in which they have been issued except in equity for the prevention of irreparable injury, and labor has not made reply beyond standing for its right to disobey injunctions because they interfere with strikes.

The particular occasion of this outbreak was the decision last month that unincorporated unions can be sued in their name for damages done by them. The complaint, if well grounded, lies not against the courts so much as against the law and the jury which convicted the United Mine Workers of conduct causing damages of $600,000 through a conspiracy to prevent the employment of nonunionists by a corporation in receivership. The disorders were repressed by Federal cavalry sent to uphold the authority of a Federal Marshal. There is no denial of the riot or the damages. The defense of labor is that unincorporated unions are irresponsible, that the riot was a local affair with which the international had nothing to do, and that the union rules forbid violence, for which members alone are liable. If these pleas are allowed the public peace may be broken by license under the Clayton law.

When that statute was passed it was understood by labor to authorize whatever it did as lawful, and was understood by others to justify all lawful acts of labor. There was no need to authorize lawful acts, and no statute can legalize unreasonable conspiracies in restraint of trade. If unions can forcibly prevent nonunionists from working, the courts' intervention being forbidden, then the unionists are entitled to all the jobs, although they number less than one in ten of all workers. One man has as good a right to work under the law as another, and the Federation is rash to challenge public opinion on that right of citizenship rather than of unionism.

DOING HARM TO THEIR CAUSE.

A new Irish party is being formed by leaders such as Sir Horace Plunkett and T. P. O'Connor—men whose loyalty to the cause of liberty in the war was as warm as any man's could be, men who have done much for Ireland; men who now feel that the situation requires a much larger degree of Home Rule than would have been satisfactory five years ago. Of complete independence they do not talk, regarding it as both impossible and undesirable; but they want the almost complete independence technically known as "Dominion home rule."

That these men think nothing less will do is a sign of the seriousness of the situation created by the failure to get Ireland settled before the war; it is another proof that the growth of Sinn Fein is a gesture of desperation born of hope deferred. The mutineers of Curragh Camp have about as heavy a burden on their consciences as the insurgents of Easter week. Of course, all sensible Americans know, if not all of them will admit, that the overwhelming majority of British realize this far better than we do; that they would give a great deal for any solution that would bring measurable satisfaction to both parts of Ireland. That solution must be found, and found soon; but it will not be found the sooner because of American resolutions in support of the Sinn Feiners.

The British have become used to these amiable demonstrations of neighborliness, and many Britons know just about what they are worth; but others do not. It may be that Senators, Aldermen, and labor leaders do not see why there is anything inappropriate in urging the British to expose their west coast to a "government" some of whose chief men during the war gave aid to the enemy's side when the enemy seemed likely to win.

Some of the friends of Sinn Fein among us would like to see this country at war with England for any reason or for no reason. They may be able to intimidate or persuade politicians; but among Americans who are not looking for regimented votes they are doing a great deal of harm to the interests of the Irish people.

MARTENS AND BERNSTORFF.

It is perfectly true, as was said by Mr. Nuorteva, Secretary of the Bolshevist Mission, that the raid on that mission by police authorities was unprecedented, but it is not true, as he said, that it was an outrage. He said that the Soviet Government in Russia treated the American Ambassador with courtesy and protected him. The American Ambassador to Russia was twice threatened by mobs incited by the speeches of Lenin himself, before the Bolsheviki attained power; afterward he found them so threatening that he was compelled to withdraw to Vologda, from which retreat he saw American Consuls imprisoned by the Bolsheviki and a British attaché murdered.

Besides, the American Ambassador went to Russia as an Ambassador. The Soviet Minister to the United States did not come here as a Minister. The American Ambassador went to Russia as a gentleman whose duties were confined to representing his nation and his nationals. The Soviet Minister, so called, came over here, as appears to most Americans, to raise a rebellion in the United States. If there is no difference in the mind of Mr. Nuorteva, then he is much denser than so many Bolsheviki, clear-headed and highly intelligent plotters and assassins, have made themselves understood to us.

Mr. Nuorteva showed sense when he said, concerning the argument that the credentials of his mission have not been accepted by the United States: "That is true, but never mind about that." It is, indeed, a matter of the smallest significance. If a gang of incendiaries had been sent over here with the highest credentials on earth, and had spent their time trying to organize criminal attempts to overthrow the Government to which they were accredited, had tried to organize and abet revolution, they would have been sent out of the country like Johann von Bernstorff and Dr. Dumba and their lesser lights von Papen and Boy-Ed.

A little less ceremony has been used in the case of the organizers of rebellion headed by Martens. That may or may not be due to the fact that he has no credentials. The sooner he goes, however, the better. We have no room here for foreign plotters against our institutions and our form of government. Let them all go. If they come here with impudent credentials, purporting to give them standing as officially representing our enemies, let them go all the quicker.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Needless Kind of Teaching.

Careful reading of Mayor Hylan's letter to Commissioner Enright creates, among several other emotions, a feeling of wonder that the Mayor—or anybody else in the city, for that matter—should have thought that the present head of the Police Department was in need of such advice and instruction as this document contains. Of even the fiercest critics the Commissioner has had in his long career on the force he now commands, never a one ever accused, or even suspected, him of knowing anything less than all there is to know about its methods and its possibilities—what it should and should not do.

It is therefore more than a little surprising, and more than a little amusing, too, that his Honor at this late day should have taken the trouble to draw up for the Commissioner's guidance rules and precepts as elementary as those contained in this letter. They are all good enough and wise enough, but they are all of a date far back in the last century, or the one before it, and if the Commissioner is not now following them, he is most unlikely to do so merely because the Mayor has again enumerated the fundamental duties that all policemen ought to perform and the ideals they all should set before themselves.

What the attentive and interested public would have liked to see in the letter was evidence that the Mayor had given deep study to police problems and that as a result of it he was able to make some suggestions at once original and promising for increasing police efficiency in this city. Nothing of that sort will readers of the Mayor's communication find in it, and naturally their disappointment will be cruel.

Valuable in Its Implication.

It is between the lines of the Mayor's letter to Commissioner Enright that cause for satisfaction with it can be found. That he wrote it at all reveals appreciation on the Mayor's part that the Police Department is not functioning quite as well as it should, or at least not as well as its friends—which means the whole city and everybody in it—would like. The letter also reveals the Mayor's belief in the possibility as well as the need for improvement, and that is so important and so encouraging that the Mayor's failure to make any original contributions to the literature of his subject—his implied admission of inability to give much help in devising means of improvement—can be forgotten. It is enough that he sees what all of his fellow citizens see, and feels about it as they feel.

That being the case, presumably he is as tired as the rest of us are of hearing almost daily that the victims of burglaries have been asked, and in effect commanded, by the police not to make public the fact that they have been robbed. This is a weariness that will not cease until, in explanation of these instructions, the police give a better, and much better, reason than any they have yet offered. The much better reason may exist, but until it has been given the public is fully justified in thinking, as it does think, that the one purpose of these efforts to maintain secrecy with regard to crimes committed is that knowledge of police inefficiency may not be too widely spread or too definitely proved.

A Profit Easily Attained.

For all the many people who at one time or another have had experience in the starting and running of papers more or less like The Stars and Stripes, the financial success of that journalistic exponent of the American Expeditionary Force will be a cause of even more envy than wonder, and that is saying much. For such a paper to make any money at all in its first year has been almost unknown; for it to make $700,000 in a little more than a year—that verges on, if not into, the miraculous, and many, it is to be feared, will say that, as the age of even near-miracles is past, there must be something wrong about the claim of profits so quickly secured.

But the mystery is not very deep—no deeper than is the frequent turning by Government bookkeepers into profits of what for common folk would be deficits. The Stars and Stripes was not an amateur paper, and it was not conducted by amateurs. For its service trained newspaper men in large numbers were taken from the new armies, where they abounded, and they did their work not at the cost of the paper, but at that of the Government. They received their salaries as soldiers and nothing else—nothing else, that is, except the satisfaction of performing a fine task admirably.

It was magnificent, and it was modern war, but it was not the journalism that has to keep at least one eye on the relation of income to outgo.

To Ignore Is Not—the Remedy.

Unreasonable criticism of the effort made by the Board of Education to find out what the pupils in the public schools know about Bolshevism continues to be made, the fiercest of it, naturally, coming from the Teachers' Union. There is at least excuse, however, for asking a question suggested by a Times correspondent—the question whether it is not as important to find out how many of the pupils know nothing about Bolshevism, and why, if there are any of them, they have been left in ignorance of a subject so important.

It is true that the remedy for Bolshevist propaganda in the schools is not the taking of measures to prevent any discussion of Bolshevist doctrines, practices, and consequences. The teachers have a positive as well as a negative duty, and the danger is not that the pupils hear about the Bolsheviki, but that they either hear what is false or nothing at all. The two perils are about equal, probably, and the Board of Education should see to it that both are met. That there will be propaganda in some form is certain; there should be counter-propaganda, also.

A GREAT MEDICAL CENTRE.

Dr. Stewart Paton Says It Is Needed and Should Be in New York.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Today there is an opportunity, unique in the history of civilization, for the establishment in New York of a great medical school. Enemies far worse than the highly organized and efficient German Army menace the foundations of society. The deplorable conditions in Europe have increased the danger from epidemics from physical diseases. Even more insidious and more destructive than the ravages of a pestilence is the disorganizing influence of the various forms of nervousness and emotional instability which are sweeping over the world. Today the rapid spread of functional, mental, and nervous disorders has reached alarming proportions.

In order to make a successful attack upon these hostile forces there should be one great medical school in New York. Under the present conditions energy is dissipated, and inadequate opportunities are provided for training both medical students and physicians as the result of the short-sighted policy of trying to maintain several second-rate schools.

The first step essential in preparing a plan for a great medical school is to consult the younger men actually engaged in research, and to find out what they need in the way of hospital accommodations and laboratory facilities to make their work effective. Unfortunately we have many illustrations in this country of the demoralizing effect of putting educational institutions literally in charge of the architect, with the result that brains often have to be compressed to fit the building plan.

Another difficulty in the way of organizing a great medical school is the tendency to attach too much importance to local opinion. The conception of a school of medicine to be adequate to solve some of the great problems affecting the physical and mental welfare of humanity must be at least national in its scope, and this calls for not only the advice but the membership in the Faculty of representative scientific men from different parts of the country during the period of development.

The ultimate success of the school depends upon the early recognition of the truth that it is much easier to find the money than the brains to carry the plan into execution.

There can be no surer method of measuring the intelligence and determination of this nation to prepare adequate defenses against the real enemies of mankind than is revealed in the effort made to make New York the medical centre of the world. STEWART PATON.

New York, June 19, 1919.

IT HAPPENS ABOUT THIS TIME.

I'd like to sit in an easy chair
On the porch of some bungalow,
Covered with strands of green woodbine,
As the breezes softly blow,
And list to the song of the birds all day,
In the apple-trees near by,
The hum of the bees as they kiss the flowers,
And the whip-poor-will's sad cry.

I'd like to sit there the Summer long,
And rest, and read, and plan,
Far away from the city's rush
Which takes the best from man
And gives so little in return,
Of pleasure, and life, and gold—
Just sit and rock in my easy chair
Till the days again grow cold.

I'm tired of the struggle and humdrum life
That goes on, day by day,
So tonight I'll pack my old suitcase,
Tomorrow I'll go away.
But amid the joy this freedom brings
There comes a pang of pain.
The time is short that I'm far away—
Two weeks, and I'm back again!

FRANK DORRANCE HOPLEY.

SOUTH SLAV COMPLAINTS.

Charge Forceable Italianization in the Occupied Districts.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

According to news coming through Switzerland the Italian methods of forceful Italianization in the occupied provinces of Istria, Gorizia, and Trieste and adjoining part of Carniola are embittering the population of these provinces, which are compactly Slav with the exception of the coast towns on the western Adriatic shore. Only the mailed fist of the army of occupation can prevent a natural reaction.

Slav leaders, attorneys, teachers, and priests are deported and confined in Italy. The Slav municipalities have been dissolved, and in their stead Italian officials have been appointed, who, as "representatives" of the communities, are very busy sending broadcast addresses of loyalty to Italy without even the knowledge of the people concerned. This is sufficient for the Italian press to make a big fuss about the alleged enthusiasm of the Adriatic Slavs for Italian rule. No person of common sense believes this, of course; the danger of such machinations consists only in a possible self-deceit of the Italian public opinion by minimising the gravity of racial problems which are a new experience to Italy.

Croat teachers in purely Slav towns and villages, like Medudin, Krnica, Stonjan, &c., near Pola, have been expelled and the schools Italianized. Croat children, it is stated, have even been compelled in some places by Carabinieri to attend the Italian schools.

In the occupied Carniolian districts, where there is not even one Italian and the Italian language is unknown, the population has been compelled by the Italian military authorities to deliver all Slovene books and newspapers.

What kind of fruits such Prussian methods will bear everybody can easily understand.

JUGOSLAV INFORMATION BUREAU,
R. F. HLACHA.

New York, June 18, 1919.

Serbia's Fiume Claims.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Regarding Mr. Bottaro's letter on Serbia and Italy published in your today's issue, allow me to say only a few words here.

When the true, complete and authentic history of the present war is written and all the facts, secret as well as public, are brought out, the world will be better able to judge what each particular nation has done in the present great war. Therefore the writer will for the present time say nothing about the part his country has played.

But regarding the help, assistance, or the "saving" of my country, Serbia, as Mr. Bottaro expresses it, during the Albanian retreat. This is the most tragic episode in the whole war and one that is most touching to every Serbian's heart, for this "saving" of Serbia cost her, according to the official records, not less than 77,278 missing men who have never been heard from, besides the lives of thousands and thousands of weak and suffering women and children, who will never see their dear fatherland again.

But if some assistance was really rendered to my brothers at that time, and my country "saved," as Mr. Bottaro claims, is that a reason, or does this circumstance give Italy any right to try to strangle my country this time? For trying to take from Jugoslavia Fiume is tantamount to trying to strangle her, to kill her every nerve, to bury her alive.

And is this an act of justice, fair play, sympathy or consideration?

Even if Italy really had any constructive right to Fiume, which she has not, still Fiume should be given to the nation which has, according to universal recognition, borne proportionally the largest burden in the present war, which was a question of death or life for her.

But Italy will not give in. She has brushed aside every fair and honest suggestion; even the judgment of the impartial American delegation at the Peace Conference she will not recognize, and like Shylock in the memorable Shakespeare play, she insists on her pound of flesh from the Jugoslav body.

And let her have it! Only, she should never forget that justice, sooner or later, comes to assert itself, and in tearing the Jugoslav body this time, let her always bear in mind the destiny that finally overcame perpetrators of international injustices and crimes in the past. And as for Serbia, I will conclude with these words by Helen Lea Reed:

Serbia, thy soul shall live for ever,
Serbia, undaunted, is immortal.

D. M. PAVLOVICH,
Secretary Serbian National League.
New York, June 18, 1919.

PRESIDENT AND SENATE.

Showing That It Is Impossible to Please Everybody.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The exhibition of jealousy, narrow-mindedness, and stupidity that is now making by the Senate of the United States is a spectacle for gods and men. Here we have a President whose patient, untiring, and laborious effort for six months for ten hours a day has been devoted to trying to unravel the terrific tangle of European affairs, who has been acclaimed the world over (outside the Capitol at Washington) as the greatest statesman of his time, and who yet can receive nothing from one branch of his own Government but misconstruction, abuse, and opposition. Who would be an American statesman after this? one must ask.

Instead of criticising Mr. Wilson, those political pigmies should be thankful that they have a chief from whom they can learn something, and whom they should back up to the utmost of their ability in his tremendous task, instead of thwarting him at every turn, and thus delaying the peace for which the world longs, and thus playing directly into the hands of that infamous German Government whose delight at our Congressional wranglings must be unbounded. One is tempted to quote the Psalmist's apostrophe and cry:

"O ye fools! When will ye understand?"

When a man enters the hades of the White House as its chief he should remember Dante's injunction, "All ye who enter here, leave hope behind!" But through it all he goes steadfastly on, making no sign; and probably there are not half a dozen persons who know what he thinks of the

"Long-necked geese of the world
Who are ever hissing dispraise."

Saddest of all is the spectacle shown by the members of the Woman Suffrage Party, who have rewarded his advocacy of the Federal amendment with absolute ingratitude. For I have yet to see in any of the many periodicals that I have scanned the least approach to an acknowledgment of his kindness.

LAURA FAY SMITH.
New York, June 15, 1919.

The Next Drive.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

We have had Salvation Army Week and Boy Scout Week. Am I going too far when I suggest that we now celebrate Ladies' Week, during which weary women and girls might be allowed to occupy the seats in the subway while the men stand? MULIER.

New York, June 18, 1919.

THE TREATY IN THE SENATE.

Objections Raised to Various Criticisms Made Against the League Covenant.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It seems to me it is high time for us poor mortals, and incidentally voters, to raise our voices in holy protest against a Senate of the United States of which a number of the members, perhaps a majority, are clamoring to kill the whole "League of Nations" scheme, which is not yet entirely formulated in Paris, and at the same time the Peace Treaty with Germany. This treaty of peace with Germany, while it is a momentous act, one which, if it were not overshadowed by the still more momentous formulation of the League of Nations, would hold mankind breathless until it is signed and for many a day afterward, fades into proper insignificance beside its protecting brother, the League of Nations.

But what about these rumblings in our Senate in condemnation of what we know about the League of Nations? Is it all partisan politics? Does Mr. Knox mean exactly what he says when he holds that it is against our Constitution to enact a piece of legislation at this time, a reasonable parallel to which was enacted under his own sanction in the Roosevelt Administration? Yet Mr. Knox is no mean statesman. His original criticism of the first draft of the League scheme was masterly. It was, along with Mr. Root's criticism, the best and most constructive criticism we had. It contributed largely in bringing the League to its present form. And what does Mr. Root say? We, in this country, have come to look up to him as a great seer, a great final judge. Let him speak before it is too late. Is it necessary that every point in the Constitution of such a League shall satisfy us all before we touch it? Did every point in the Constitution of the United States satisfy all the signers? Yet they signed it, and we who know it love it.

Under Mr. Wilson's benign influence a new day is dawning. A new day of peace on earth, good-will toward men. Are we, one hundred and odd million of us in this country, to sit idly down and see a few score Senators turn the day back to night? If the constitution of the League is turned down in Washington, will the powers of the world ever come together again? If they will, when, and how? The less faith we as a nation have in the brotherhood of other nations, the surer is any league to fail. Is it not a fact that the objections of all the objectors are based on a lack of faith?

Amend the League after it is made, if necessary, and rest assured that, if an injustice is done by it, it can and will be amended. But, Senators, ratify it as it comes to you.

FLETCHER COLLINS.
Pittsburgh, June 16, 1919.

Source of Opposition.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It should be iterated and reiterated, that the man who runs may read, that the fundamental principle of the League covenant is not, as is still thought by many, the creation of a super-State, but the meeting together at stated times of equal sovereign States for the purpose of discussing and if possible agreeing on matters of common interest, some of them defined in the League covenant, but none of them binding any member State to any definite action except with its assent as a member of the Council or body of delegates, and except as it is specifically restricted by specific covenants, notably the covenant against aggressive war. The average man does not read the analytical articles that have been published. If he can be made to grasp this basic proposition, much of the misunderstanding and opposition to the covenant would, I believe, disappear.

R. R. R.

New York, June 16, 1919.

Article X.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A dangerous misconception has existed from the start in the minds of many Americans as to what is involved in Article X. of the covenant of the League of Nations, to which article, Senator Johnson says: "It is unthinkable that any American can subscribe."

The article says: "The members of the League undertake to respect and preserve as against external aggression the territorial integrity and political independence of all members of the League. In case of any such aggression the Council shall advise on the means by which this obligation shall be fulfilled."

This means simply and solely that external aggression must end. It does not mean that boundary lines existing today or existing whenever the aggression occurs must be maintained. Nothing exists in the covenant which provides for the maintenance of the status quo. The framers of the covenant had no such absurd notion that a growing, constantly changing world should be rigidly preserved as it exists when the treaty is signed. There are numerous ways in which changes can be made without aggression, by purchase, interchange or some kind of amicable arrangement, especially if preceded by removal of economic barriers. When Senator Johnson tragically asks, "Are ye ready, Americans, to send your sons and your son's sons to maintain and preserve for all time the present government of the little nations that we are setting up in all Europe?" he is conjuring up a ludicrous proposal never in the minds of the framers of the covenant.

Radicals and reactionaries alike have stumbled over this plain statement, and some of them wickedly, some of them ignorantly, read into it what is not there. Enormous consequences depend upon the immediate rectifying of this gross misunderstanding as to the article which is the backbone of the whole covenant.

LUCIA AMES MEAD.
Boston, June 17, 1919.

IS ENGLAND TO BLAME?

An Englishman's Questions for Americans on the Irish Problem.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As an English visitor to your country I feel it is very bad taste to interfere in any way in the domestic affairs of a great and friendly nation whose hospitality I am at the moment enjoying, but when I read so many untrue statements in the press, apparently from uninformed writers, assailing the honor of my country, I feel I need no apology to your readers for endeavoring to give them a small part of the English viewpoint of this momentous question.

I read a few days ago—not in The New York Times—a fearful list of atrocities alleged against England, which if they were true would indeed relegate my country back to barbarism, but, thank God, they are not true.

Unfortunately, the English character is such that we are slow to move, and we stand, perhaps, far too much indignity before we assert our rights, and frequently because no official action is taken to refute malicious charges the uninformed take it for granted that the charges are true.

Ireland under British rule is just as free as any other country in the world; we have laws for lawbreakers, exactly as you have in America; in fact, according to many Irish arguments, you have no right to prosecute your own bomb plotters and agitators against organized government if the Irish arguments used against England are correct.

Now with regard to the growing agitation in this country, official and otherwise, I make no comment, only to put to your readers a very pointed question:

What would be thought of England if we English commenced to tell the American people what they ought to do with the Philippines?

The British Government or people need have no fear of any investigation, American or otherwise, if it is impartial and unbiased; every thinking Englishman would be the first to welcome any legitimate inquiry, and if such inquiry could be held it is a million to one the result would be in favor of England.

Now, may I be allowed to put forward the only Irish point in the whole of the so-called Irish question before dealing with the English aspect of the controversy?

It should be well known, but for the benefit of the uninformed it must be restated, that there are in the north of Ireland five great counties, generally referred to as Ulster; the people of these counties represent the major part of the industry, wealth, and intelligence of Ireland; these people have a deep-rooted aversion to any attempt being made to force them to live under an Irish Government; they only wish to remain united with the British Empire and live under the British flag, and to a man they have sworn by a death vow that they will never be separated, but that they will fight to the death before they will submit to an Irish Government.

This is the crux of the Irish question, but is England in any way to blame for this condition? Yet the people in the south of Ireland would have an English Government force these loyal people to their death. Should England do that?

The natural solution would be to separate the country—allow the south of Ireland to have its own Government while allowing the north to remain in the United Kingdom. This solution has been repeatedly offered to the Irish Party, and no Englishman would object, but nothing short of forcing these loyal Ulstermen to live under an Irish Government will satisfy the Irish Party. This is the Irish problem, but is England to blame?

Now let me explain the great objection from the English point of view.

It is an incontrovertible fact that the resources of Ireland could not support an Irish Government for a longer period than six months, but to get over this difficulty the Irish Party quietly expect the English taxpayer to hand over every year from thirty to fifty million sterling to bolster up an otherwise bankrupt Government.

Now, has the already overburdened English taxpayer to have no say in this matter?

This is the sum total of the Irish question from an English point of view. No right-thinking Englishman would for a moment deny the Irish the right to govern themselves in their own way, but why should the English have to pay them to do it?

Premier Lloyd George did the greatest service to Ireland when he proposed the Irish Convention. He pointed out that the Irish Party had never suggested one ounce of constructive criticism, that England had never been able to suggest anything acceptable; therefore it was up to Ireland to have their own conference, suggest their own method, and work out their own salvation.

The Irishmen met; they signally failed to agree. Is England to blame for that? ENGLISHMAN.

New York, June 18, 1919.

EMPLOYED PROFESSIONALS.

Questions of Salary Now Being Worked Out for Them.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Compensation of employed professionals—engineers, chemists, physicists, doctors, and teachers—is being widely discussed. A real difficulty and a real danger are beginning to be perceived. Endeavors are being made to solve the problems. Organized labor has been so successful in forcing from Government and industry greatly increased pay that salaried men and women of many vocations are being strongly tempted to unite in some way with the American Federation of Labor.

A reasonable competence must be assured to professional men and women, including scientists and teachers, or our country will not long maintain its present eminence in any line, much less advance.

Of the importance of the services of its professional engineers in war, in industry, and in public works the nation has had unusual opportunities for learning during these past few years. Heretofore engineers have organized almost solely for consideration of technical subjects. Two years ago the Engineering Council was created by the four great national societies of civil, mining, mechanical, and electrical engineers to deal with questions of general interest to engineers and the public as the representative organization for the 200,000 professional engineers of the United States. In the performance of its functions during the war and since the armistice the Engineering Council has rendered services to the nation, the community, and the profession. Among the problems considered compensation, employment, and standing of engineers in governmental and corporate employment have received much active attention. During the war the names of 4,000 engineers, carefully selected, were furnished to the War, Navy, and other departments for a great variety of technical services. In January, 1919, when the City of New York without notice forced 350 of its subway construction engineers out of employment, the Engineering Council held a public hearing at the request of the Chairman and Chief Engineer of the Public Service Commission and of a number of engineering societies. Facts brought out were submitted to the City Government, the Governor, and many civic organizations. Other steps were taken to aid the reinstatement of these engineers for the public interest and safety. Partial success was achieved.

The Engineering Council also has a committee actively engaged upon the study and promotion of the proper classification and compensation of engineers. It is working as three sections, dealing with engineers in employment of (1) Federal Government, (2) the railroad system, (3) municipal and State Governments.

J. PARKE CHANNING,
Chairman Engineering Council.
New York, June 16, 1919.

HUGHES AND SMITH ASSAIL BOLSHEVISM

Governor and Ex-Governor Are Speakers at Cornell's Semi-Centennial.

FREEDOM'S FIGHT NOT WON

Justice Hughes Calls for Reign of Law Among Nations—Cornell Ace Thrills 5,000 in Stadium.

ITHACA, N. Y., June 20.—Five thousand alumni and friends of Cornell attended commemorative exercises, marking the fiftieth anniversary of the founding of Cornell University by Ezra Cornell, held this morning at Schoellkopf Field, the university stadium. The speakers included Governor Alfred E. Smith, former Governor and former Justice Charles E. Hughes, Chief Judge Frank H. Hiscock of the Court of Appeals, and President Jacob Gould Schurman. The exercises were opened with the firing of a salute of fifty guns by the university's field artillery unit.

The guests were thrilled with a spectacular aerial exhibition by Major James A. Meissner, '18, of Brooklyn, Cornell's flying ace, who executed loops and turns over the heads of a huge crowd in the stadium while the opening exercises were in progress. The city was extensively decorated for the semi-centennial events, which will end Monday with the annual commencement.

In his address, Governor Smith made a powerful plea against allowing the influence of Bolshevism to spread in New York State, and said nothing would be left undone to prevent a spread of the radical ideas which, he declared, were threatening the very foundation of the State. The radicals, he said, could have their choice—"education or the nightstick." He paid a tribute to the universities for bringing helpful individualists to the light.

"General O'Ryan has told me," Governor Smith said, "that the outstanding characteristic of the American soldier in France was that of individual intelligence. It is against a force in the State which is aiming at property and property rights, and even at the State itself, that this intelligence must work. There are two things that can be done with these ultra-radicals, but we would like to educate them and show them what the United States really means. But we may have to suppress them, and that will be the work of the State, in which it will not hesitate. Never in the past has there been such a need for education, and for Cornell."

Address of Ex-Justice Hughes.

Former Justice Hughes began his address by saying that this country emerged from the war "with many questions and few answers." He said, in part:

"The arms of the victorious nations representing the sentiment of liberty and the conscience of civilization have destroyed autocracy, but the difficulties of democracy have been multiplied. The great war brought to young manhood the most severe test.

"No conscription law could create courage or conscience or the leadership by which the potency of the hosts of democracy could be converted into a conquering army. The young men of America met this test from every walk of life.

"We shall miss one of the great lessons of the war if we fail to recognize that, with willingness to follow or to lead as the authority representing the power and decision of the nation should determine, the men trained in our colleges and universities went forth to battle for their country as simply and devotedly as brave men have ever risked their lives in the cause of liberty. They furnished a pattern of what the ideal citizens of democracy should be.

War Found Our Boys Unprepared.

"The American boy, like his nation, was not as well prepared as he might have been. It is true that he soon made amends by his keenness and alertness, but the defect should not go unremedied.

"With the world in ferment, we are appraising the steadying and conserving influences, and we look to the university for something more than the discharge of its primary and distinctive function in instruction. What aid may we expect to counteract the destructive aims of those who would wreck free government and enthrone the tyranny of class hatred?

"Our victory has preserved the opportunity to have democracy. But it remains for the testing days of peace to determine whether democracy itself can be preserved.

"Free speech is essential to a republic, but free speech, without the insistent demand by the community for fair speech, is the opportunity of rogues and demagogues.

"It has been said that our colleges and universities are breeding centres of dangerous doctrines and fomenters of unrest. Such extravagant assertions and unwarranted generalizations are most mischievous.

Progress by Ballots, Not by Bombs.

"But there can be no progress unless there is respect for the processes of orderly government. Against all those who counsel violence and anarchy, we stand united and resolute. Whatever our differences, we propose that they shall be determined by discussion and the ballot box and not by bombs.

"To the would-be destroyer of society, to every one who seeks to produce a reign of terror, to all the apostles of revolution, there is but one answer, and that is that they will be treated as a pestilence and their activities ended as swiftly as the power and processes of the nation will permit. We shall not for a moment tolerate those who attempt the life of the republic.

"The battle for free government is never completely won. It is an age-long struggle against foes without and more insidious and dangerous foes within. Now, with tyrants overthrown, and autocracy destroyed in its last citadel, we must fight anew.

"Democracy demands loyal acceptance of the determinations of the majority, but the majority to which it requires obedience is that of free citizens of equal political privilege.

"Democracy is the antithesis of class rule. It demands respect for its own institutions, as such. If they function imperfectly, strive for their improvement.

"They who would bring into contempt the essential tribunals of justice, who sow the seeds of scorn for the processes through which alone men can substitute law and order for brutishness and violence, are traitors to democracy itself and bring a curse upon their own house.

Hughes Sees United Nation.

"The war has brought us a fine sense of unity, but it may easily be impaired. The new opportunities of emancipated races have naturally led to the development among us of an intense race feeling manifested by organized racial groups. There is more need than ever for the gospel of Americanism which unites those of all races and creeds in a supreme love of country.

"The strong patriotic feeling heightened by the war should become the motive power of national endeavor, which should bring us into helpful co-operation for the reconstruction of a stricken world without injury to any of our national interests. We should be a people of one language and of one allegiance, unwilling to impair our strength, but glad to use it generously in the advancement and defense of civilization.

"As we must insist on justice at home, so our paramount international concern is not in organs expressing a temporary political expediency, but in the establishment of international justice—in agreement upon principles of international conduct and in provision for tribunals through which the interests of peace may be made secure under the reign of law.

"It is not the function of our universities to train partisans or propagandists, to support this or that political theory or foreign policy, but to send out men thoroughly trained, the foes of every sort of oppression, who know the significance of the victories that have been won, and who are loyal in every word and act to the institutions of freedom which have blessed them with opportunity."

Schurman and Hiscock Speak.

Speeches tracing the development of Cornell during the last half century were made by President Schurman and Judge Hiscock.

"We realize," said Judge Hiscock, "that the war was won not more by the heroic bravery of the men in the fighting line than by the labors of the engineer, the chemist, and the farmer. Without the others, neither could have been victorious. As the result of this experience, naturally, we may expect that the demand for instruction in scientific and vocational lines will increase. But this demand will never be allowed to crowd out that instruction and those influences which will develop good citizenship and a sane conception of democracy and representative Government.

"Germany has at once furnished us a lesson and a warning. The scientific training which she imposed upon her people gave them a technical excellence and superiority, but she did not teach her students the fundamentals of proper political and ethical conduct."

In his address, President Schurman said:

"The half century that marks the life of Cornell University has not only been a period of great, bloody and destructive wars. It has been characterized by amazing improvements in all the arts, conveniences, and comforts of life; it has witnessed the invention of new and quite miraculous methods of production, transportation, and communication; it has seen a mighty expansion of trade and commerce, both domestic and foreign; it has beheld a rapid and extensive multiplication of international contacts and intercourse, commercial and social alike; and it has felt the new throb of a common life pulsating among all the peoples that dwell on the face of the globe, for the great currents of the intellectual and material civilization of the modern world sweep even the remotest shores and fold every country within the circle of their wide embrace."

Professor Edward L. Nichols, retiring head of the Physics Department, was entertained at a dinner last night by the Faculty and alumni. He received a handsome silver service from his former students.

Many alumni meetings are being held as a part of the celebration. Nearly every class that has graduated from the university is represented at the reunions.

$1,000,000 GIFT TO CORNELL.

C. M. Schwab Said to be Donor of New Chemistry Building.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., June 20.—Cornell University received a generous "birthday present" in the announcement by President Schurman at a university dinner tonight that he had received funds for the erection of a new chemistry building. It is understood the gift may approximate $1,000,000.

President Schurman did not reveal the name of the donor, but the impression prevails here that he is Charles M. Schwab, the steel magnate, who is a member of the Cornell Board of Trustees.

The new chemistry building will replace Morse Hall, destroyed by fire several years ago, and will be the "finest of its kind in America," President Schurman said.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

Catholic Meeting
In Defense of the Faith in France
CARNEGIE HALL 57th Street & 7th Avenue
SUNDAY EVE. June 22nd at 8:00
Most Rev. Patrick J. Hayes, D. D.,
Archbishop of New York, will preside.
Rev. Francis P. Duffy,
Chaplain of 165th Regiment
and
Hon. Wm. P. Larkin, Supreme Director, K. of C.,
will speak
John McCormack will sing
Doors open 7:30 P. M. Sharp.
A limited number of tickets have been assigned all Pastors

SPECIAL MEETINGS
NEW YORK CITY TABERNACLE
44th St. & 8th Ave.
W. LEON TUCKER
Evangelist and Teacher
Sunday, 10:45 A. M., 3:45 P. M., 7:45 P. M.
Monday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, 3 P. M., 7:45 P. M.
PAUL RADER
Tuesday, 3 P. M. and 7:45 P. M.
Evening Subject
"THE APOSTASY AND THE PRESENT NEED"
SPLENDID MUSIC. EVERYBODY WELCOME. SEATS FREE.

ADMIRAL BENSON RETURNS FROM PARIS

Ranking Naval Officer Has Completed Work as Adviser at Peace Conference.

WILL RESUME POST HERE

Entitled by Rank to be Chief of Operations—Says League May Reduce Armaments.

Admiral William S. Benson the ranking officer of the navy and Chief of Operations of the Navy Department at Washington, arrived from France on the dreadnought Arkansas yesterday. Admiral Benson has been away eight months, acting as naval adviser to the American Peace Commissioners in Paris. With the four-starred pennant of Admiral Benson flying from her main truck, the Arkansas passed Quarantine early yesterday morning.

The dreadnought was escorted by the destroyers Nicholson, O'Brien, Dixon, and Winslow, which had met her 150 miles east of Sandy Hook. As the Arkansas passed the superdreadnought Pennsylvania, flagship of Admiral Mayo, the retiring Commander-in-Chief of the Atlantic Fleet, that vessel fired the Admiral's salute of seventeen guns, while officers and men stood at attention along the rails. The Arkansas anchored in the Hudson off 110th Street.

Shortly after the Arkansas reached her anchorage Admiral Mayo, with Admiral Rodman, who is to proceed to the Pacific as Commander-in-Chief of the new Pacific Fleet, and the division and ship commanders of the fleet now in the Hudson called on Admiral Benson.

Tells of Work Abroad.

"I am getting home after eight months and two days' absence in Europe," said Admiral Benson. "I went over in October of last year with Colonel House and was in time to aid in fixing the armistice terms signed by the Germans on Nov. 11 last. After that I was the naval adviser to the American Commissioners. The most interesting subjects of news I can think of are the League of Nations and naval aviation. If the League of Nations becomes a fact it will automatically reduce armaments, but you must emphasize the 'if.' That is about all that I can say about the League of Nations or the future policies of the American or other navies of the world. I firmly believe, however, that Mr. Wilson's ideas and plans can be brought to fruition. But keep in mind that I was in Paris as naval adviser, and things that touch on the political are out of my realm. Along political lines I do not wish to make any statements.

"As for naval aviation, that is a branch of the service that is certain to play an important part in any future war. I believe that we should go ahead developing the aviation arm of the navy seriously and enthusiastically. The navy's policy regarding aviation is to follow lines of proved knowledge, without being spectacular, and always keeping at the problem in hand."

Mrs. Benson Also Returns.

Returning with Admiral Benson was Mrs. Benson, who went over on the George Washington in the President's first party. Mrs. Benson is the first woman to take a long trip on an American warship.

"There was no particular reason why I should return on a man-of-war," said Admiral Benson. "When it was arranged that I was to come on the Arkansas I made arrangements to bring Mrs. Benson with me. There are 57,000 first-class passengers in Europe trying to get home, and for this reason we brought as many with us on the Arkansas as we could. Besides Mrs. Benson, we brought sixteen army officers and nine field clerks from Brest, and would have brought more if we could have accommodated them."

Admiral and Mrs. Benson left for Washington at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

The War Camp Community Service has made elaborate plans for the entertainment of the sailors with the ships of the Atlantic Fleet detachment now anchored in the North River. Tickets have been issued to every sailor for Steeplechase Park at Coney Island. Sailors will be taken about the city at the rate of 400 a day in the War Camp Community Service sight-seeing buses, and tickets for Broadway shows will be distributed at the rate of 250 a night. Special entertainments for the sailors will be given on the Madison Square Garden roof.

TO OFFER SPECIAL PRAYER.

Late Bishop Greer on Deathbed Approved Supplication.

In every Episcopal Church throughout the Diocese of New York tomorrow there will be delivered a prayer, approval and sanction of which was the last official act of the late Bishop David H. Greer, for the success of the Every Name Canvass recently launched by the Church. Bishop Greer entered enthusiastically into the campaign, the committee for the direction of which, including some of the most prominent business and professional men of New York, was appointed by him. In furtherance of the cause, he delegated Suffragan Bishop Charles Sumner Burch, to prepare a prayer which would be especially adapted to the movement. This prayer was approved by Bishop Greer as he lay on what proved to be his death bed in St. Luke's Hospital. The prayer is as follows:

"Stir up, we beseech Thee, Almighty God, the wills of Thy people throughout this diocese, that they may, with a spirit of true consecration, enter upon the united effort through the Every Name Campaign, to lengthen the cords and strengthen the stakes of Thy Kingdom here at home and throughout the world. Grant to the workers in full measure the help of Thy Holy Spirit: fire their hearts with purpose and zeal; sustain the efforts of Bishops and other Clergy and all the devoted men and women who shall engage in this worthy task, that they may be filled with a more real appreciation of their true fellowship in Christ and a true apprehension of the responsibility facing them to come closer to Thee and to each other in a common venture for Christ and His Church. We ask all in the name of Him who went about doing good to all men. Amen!"

FILE MRS. GREER'S WILL.

Provisions Similar to Those Made by the Late Bishop.

The will of Mrs. Caroline Greer, who died on June 17, a month after the death of her husband, Bishop David H. Greer, was filed for probate yesterday. The document shows that Mrs. Greer and her husband made mutual wills, under which she was to have his estate for life if he died before her, and he was to be the beneficiary if she predeceased him.

Each left $25,000 in securities to their daughter, Jean Greer, and divided the residuary estate among Miss Greer, her sister, Mrs. Mary Greer McLane, and her brothers, William and Lawrence Greer.

A Daughter to Mme. Telusanu.

Major L. D. Telusanu, Rumanian Military Attaché, and Mme. Telusanu, are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter on Tuesday at Atlantic City. Mme. Telusanu was formerly Miss Adele Humphrey of Philadelphia.

'BIG BILL' DEVERY DIES OF APOPLEXY

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

nent writ of prohibition in the courts restraining the board from trying him on the ground that the board was no bi-partisan.

He continued then in his old position until Jan. 7, 1898, when he was made an Inspector. This was within a week after a new board had taken office. For a month and a week he was detailed in the Borough of Brooklyn. On Feb. 14 he was appointed Deputy Chief of Police and assigned to the Borough of the Bronx. A few weeks later his assignment was changed to Manhattan.

On May 21, 1898, he was made Acting Chief of Police, and it is said that his first official act was to send out a notice to all boroughs announcing the retirement of Chief McCullagh and his own appointment. This was the short statement he made of the matter at the time:

"I have nothing to say now. I may say something later. I have just been notified of my appointment as Chief and I am going ahead to perform my duties."

Made Deputy Police Commissioner.

Mayor Van Wyck. on Feb. 2, 1901, dubbed him "the best Chief of Police New York ever had." Just twenty days later Devey was removed from office by act of the Legislature, passed over the Mayor's veto. This act abolished the position of Chief of Police.

On the same day he was removed as Chief of Police, he was appointed Deputy Police Commissioner by Police Commissioner Murphy. On Sept. 17, of that year, he was arrested on a warrant of Justice Jerome on charges of neglect of duty and oppression. He was found not guilty and discharged on Dec. 26, of the same year. This office he held for a short time.

Devery always claimed that he should have been retired on a pension, and after a lapse of ten years a bill was got through the Assembly granting to him a pension of $3,000 a year. The bill provided that he would receive nine years' accumulation. Mayor Gaynor vetoed the bill July 11, 1911, with this brief indorsement:

"The beneficiary of this bill lost his office as Chief of Police by legislation in 1901. His claim that he should be pensioned may have had some equity at that time, but he has hatched equity for more than ten years, and it has become stale."

His Characteristic Reply to Gaynor.

Devery, who was then running a real estate office in Far Rockaway, made the following statement:

"In view of the fact that Mayor Gaynor seen fit to veto my pension bill causes me no annoyance whatever, but both Houses of the Legislature put the Mayor in a position to right a wrong, which he failed to do. Nevertheless I thank the Mayor for the courtesy he extended to me in permitting me to call on him and state my case.

"I also thank the members of bot Houses of the Legislature (Senate and Assembly) for the honor they conferred on me in passing the bill granting me a pension."

Later in talking with a reporter for THE TIMES he said:

"After waitin' nine years for a Democratic Legislature to set you right, an' then to have a Democratic Mayor turn you down! It don't seem right. For more'n twenty years I paid in my little 2 per cent. of my salary every month as Captain an' Lieutenant, an' as everything from patrolman to Chief. I got somethin' comin' to me, an' I'm going to get it. If the State courts won't give me me rights, I guess the United States Courts will. This thing ain't through yet by a whole lot."

Turning again to the Mayor's memorandum, he said: "'Stale!' Stale!' Well, the Mayor may know more of them equity things than me. If I had equity ten years ago, it looks to me as if I had it now. There ain't no time set when equity becomes outlawed, so far as I ever heard. Perhaps I ain't so stale as some people may think I am. We'll see about that later on."

Under the emblem of the pump, Devery ran for Mayor of New York City in 1903 as an independent candidate. When he received only a few more than 2,200 votes out of 1,000 election districts in this city in the November election he declared that he was through with politics for all time. He declared there was a deal between Tammany and the Republicans to defeat him.

When asked in 1913 about the report that he was a candidate for postmaster of Far Rockaway, he said:

"I am not a candidate for postmaster of Far Rockaway. Let me see, that job pays $3,100 a year, if I am not mistaken. Now, kindly, get this down right: When it comes to handing out patronage, I don't want a ham sandwich. Take it from me, son, there is indeed nothing in that report. The story about me is like an airship that went up in the air and never came down. It must have gone clean to St. Petersville."

Two years later an effort was made to get him to run for Mayor of Far Rockaway, and in remarking that he wasn't eligible because one has to vote there for five consecutive years, he said:

"What they ought to do is to make me Chief of the New York Police Department again, pro, con or otherwise. There's no need for me to be on this extended vacation. I've got a gold shield that must have cost $100, and I'm all ready to jump in and clean the town up.

"I was never fired and never was brought up on charges. My office was just legislated out of existence. I'm Chief of Police of New York yet, only they ain't no such office any more."

His Philosophy of Life.

Devery's philosophy of success in life was summed as follows: "Take success in life as 100 per cent," he said. "My idea is that 75 per cent. of it is energy, 20 per cent. knowing how, and 10 per cent. luck. But luck ain't goin' to walk in and shake hands with any man."

When he was asked what he thought of the then Police Commissioner Woods, the former Chief said:

"Mr. Woods—he's a classy gentleman in every shape and form. If he had a man to handle the force for him, a man who pounded the pavement for twenty-four years, for instance, a uniformed man to handle the uniformed force, and he handled the executive and financial matters, he would be in clover, wouldn't he?

"Take a banker, broker, Admiral, General, Colonel, Captain, or any other classy gentleman, and put him in charge of that quasi-body of wild Indians which is the New York police force, and them quasi-Indians will pull wool over his eyes.

"Take McAdoo, General Greene, Partridge, and they was all fine gentlemen, but this bein' a quasi-military body, the police force of which we are speakin,' it is entirely different from a military body. Military bodies follow orders. Policemen need discretion.

"Classy gentleman as he is, if Mr. Woods now should have a heavy homicide break at night he would have to get his lieutenants and other officers around him for advice. What a heavy homicide needs is prompt action."

Ex-Chief Devery was very successful in his real estate undertakings and he was considered wealthy. On Feb. 18, 1902, he bought real estate through his agent, J. J. Byrne, valued at $377,800. In March of the same year he paid off a mortgage of $261,800.

He was proposed for membership in the Democratic Club by Croker on Sept. 26, 1901, and a year later he was elected Tammany leader in the Eleventh District.

His Remarks on His New Abode.

New York's "best chief" moved in the latter part of December, 1907, to his new $40,000 mansion at 574 West End Avenue, and had been at his new home only a week when he gave expression to some well-defined views he held relative to the section. He termed himself "house broke." He still thought of the people down in Twenty-eighth Street. "The people I have been looking after down there know where to find me," he said. "I've moved into a new home, but I'm the same Devery. I'm not going to lose my interest in the people who stood by me when I bought a reserved seat in the political game and Tammany Hall made me sit in the gallery.

"There is one thing I have noticed about this neighborhood that is different from my old camp down in Twenty-eighth Street," he continued. "There wasn't any race suicide down there. Most of the people were poor in money, but they were rich in kids. It was a stingy wife that didn't present her husband with half a dozen. Up around here there are not so many children and a whole lot more dogs. I never knew there were so many breeds of dogs as you can see along West End Avenue and on Riverside Drive." The former Chief then told of how they dressed the dogs in that neighborhood and declared that it made him "sore" to see a dog with sealskin pants on and to think of some boys he knew down on the west side who wouldn't have had any pants at all if their father hadn't thrown a pair into the discard once in a while because the seat was worn out.

One of the last times that the former Police Chief figured in the news of the city was in April, 1917, when he saved ten families from a burning tenement house at 238 West Thirtieth Street, the house being part of the real estate holdings of Devery. He was silent on his rescue work when questioned, but added: "I wish you'd say for me I'm mighty proud that the United States is waking up and going after Germany at last. We ought to have done it long ago."

Mr. Devery was born in this city sixty-five years ago. Surviving are his widow and two daughters, Mrs. Edward N. Frink and Mrs. Florence Oliver.

Mourned by Men of the Force.

The death of former Chief Devery was received with general regret in police circles. Announcement of the death was received at Police Headquarters, and word was flashed through all the precincts of the city to patrolmen, detectives, and officers. Expressions of regret were many.

One patrolman, who had been on a post at Twenty-eighth Street during the Devery administration, recalled how his former chief had on frequent occasions gone the rounds of the precincts, fraternizing with his men, and doing everything in his power to establish the most pleasant relations with those under his authority. The sentiment of this patrolman was echoed throughout the city by hundreds of patrolmen who had been in the department when Devery was Chief.

THE BIG TENT EVANGEL OPENS
110th Street (Cathedral Parkway) & Amsterdam Av.
39th SEASON
of this great Revival and Bible Conference Center under auspices of The Old Tent Evangel Committee of New York, June 29th to Sept. 8th
SPEAKERS OF WORLD-WIDE NOTE THIS SEASON
OPENING RALLIES—SUNDAY, JUNE 29, 4 & 8 P. M.
4 & 8 P. M.—Dr. John Ham of Atlanta, Georgia (Noted Southern Evangelist who will preach nightly thereafter for two weeks).
Other Noted Preachers Scheduled: Dr. A. C. Dixon, Spurgeon's Tabernacle, London, July 6th to 8th; Dr. Mark Mathews, Seattle; Dr. Len G. Broughton, Knoxville, Tenn.; Dr. Harry Ironside, England; Dr. W. P. Philpot, Hamilton, Canada.
3000 SEATS ALL FREE CHORUS CHOIR
Rev. G. W. McPHERSON, Superintendent, Yonkers, New York.
F. T. HOPKINS, Treasurer, 480 Lafayette St., N. Y. City.

BURLESON ANSWERS GALLIVAN ATTACK

Hints That Killing of Pneumatic Tube Service Contract Is Cause of Enmity.

REPRESENTATIVE REPLIES

Says Burleson's Response Shows Him "More Craven Coward Than I Described Him in My Speech."

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Postmaster General Burleson sent a letter today to Representative James P. Buchanan, in which he said that the attack made upon him yesterday by Representative Gallivan of Massachusetts might have been based upon the fact that he (Burleson) was responsible for the discontinuance of the pneumatic tube service. The letter read, in part:

"In reply to your telephone inquiry as to the reason for the hostile feeling of the gentleman from Massachusetts, Mr. Gallivan, toward the Postal Service, and particularly toward the Postmaster General, I beg leave to direct your attention to the fact that upon my recommendation the pneumatic tube service has been discontinued.

"For years this useless appliance was an incubus on the Postal Service, occasioning waste of millions of dollars of postal revenue. Every postal expert now agrees that the prediction of the late Mr. Justice Moody, made when he was a member of the House and at the time this bankrupt commercial concern was unloaded on the department, that it would 'ultimately prove a stain on the Postal Service' has been thoroughly verified. Representative Moody then stated that a prominent member of Congress, pending the adoption of this tube service by the Government, had been offered as a gift stock in this concern, and that the scheme to fasten it on the Postal Service had been 'conceived in sin and born of iniquity.'

"As stated above, on my recommendation this stain on the Postal Service was removed by the last Congress.

"I feel honored by the disapprobation of such a man. I would not ask you to waste your time in making reply to any statement he might make."

Mr. Burleson inclosed a memorandum in which it was stated that on January 15, 1917, a list of the stockholders of the American Pneumatic Service Company on June 10, 1916, was printed in the Record.

"It shows," the memorandum continues, "among the list of stockholders James A. Gallivan, address House Office Building, Washington D. C., and that he owned eighty shares."

Representative Gallivan in a statement tonight referred to the Postmaster General's reply as a "lying suggestion that I ever owned stock in any company which ever had any legislation before Congress when that legislation was up for consideration." He said Mr. Burleson's response "shows that he is even a more craven coward than I described him in my speech."

Engaged to Lieut. D. G. Morrison, Jr.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Clucker of Flushing, L. I., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Helen Clucker, to Lieutenant David G. Morrison, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Morrison, also of Flushing. Lieutenant Morrison has just returned after twenty months' service as Battalion Adjutant of the 318th Infantry of the 80th Division.

A Son to Mrs. Charles G. West, Jr.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles G. West, Jr., of Westbury, L. I., are being congratulated upon the birth of a son on Thursday at their Westbury home, Whitegate. It is their first son and third child. Mrs. West was Miss Madelaine Horne, a daughter of Mrs. E. M. Horne of New York Pittsburgh and Southampton.

LAFAYETTE HONORS GLASS.

Secretary of the Treasury Among Those Receiving Degrees.

EASTON, Penn., June 20.—At the eighty-fourth annual commencement of Lafayette College today, honorary degrees were awarded as follows:

Doctor of Laws, Carter G. Glass of Washington, Secretary of the Treasury; William I. Schaffer, Harrisburg, Attorney General of Pennsylvania, and Rev. R. Bruce Taylor, Kingston, Ont., principal of Queens University.

Doctor of Science, Lieut. Col. W. D. Bancroft, Ithaca, N. Y.; Dr. Frank Overton, Patchogue, N. Y.

Doctor of Divinity, Rev. Remsen Dubois Bird, San Anselmo, Cal.; Rev. Robert Reed Gailey, Peking, China.

There were seventy-two members in the graduating class.

HAYS FINDS WEST SATISFIED

Republican Chairman Says His Party Is Pleased with Congress.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Will H. Hays, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, who has arrived in Washington after a tour of the West, expressed the opinion today that the Republicans of the country were satisfied with what the Republicans had done since they came into control of Congress.

"I found everywhere that the Republicans are virile and eager for the campaigns that confront them, whether State or municipal," he said. "Everywhere there is a spirit of dissatisfaction with the socialistic trend of the present Administration and a condemnation of its autocratic methods. It is because of this revolt against autocracy and socialism that the plain people out West are satisfied with the record that the Republican Congress is making.

"There is appreciation everywhere of the fact that the Republicans are carrying out all the promises they made in the campaign and are fulfilling all expectations."

LAUNCH BOOM FOR LOWDEN.

Chicago Republicans Put Governor Forward for Presidency.

CHICAGO, June 20.—Governor Frank O. Lowden's candidacy for the Republican nomination for President was launched at the Hamilton Club in this city today.

In order to get around the inhibition in the club's by-laws that it shall not take sides in primary contests, the leading members of the big Republican organization formed the "Hamilton Club Lowden League."

After the election of officers and much oratory extolling Lowden's availability and fitness for the job, formal resolutions were adopted, sending the message to the nation, as they put it, that the Illinois Governor is the one man on which all factions of the party can unite.

RUMANIAN GOLD STOLEN.

Part of $400,000 Missing from Berlin Recovered in Bochum.

That about $400,000 in Rumanian gold was stolen, in addition to 20,000,000 marks in notes, from Julus Turt, in the Spandau suburb of Berlin, during the Spartacide riots in March is indicated by the following dispatch, found in the Volksstimme of Frankfort:

"BOCHUM, May 12.—Three persons went to the Reichsbank and asked to have 700,000 lei in Rumanian gold exchanged. It was brought out that this was part of the 2,000,000 lei in Rumanian gold stolen in Berlin some time ago. The three persons were arrested."

As told in a special cablegram sent to THE NEW YORK TIMES on April 28, the stolen Rumanian money was part of 30,000,000 lei brought to Germany by the German Economic Commission when Rumania was evacuated.

CELEBRATE 100 YEARS.

Series of Services at Church of the Sea and Land.

The first of a series of services that will terminate a week from Sunday, in commemoration of its one hundredth anniversary, was held last night in the Presbyterian Church of the Sea and Land, at Market and Henry Streets. The service consisted of prayers, congregational singing, and a sermon by the Rev. Carl Elmore of the Briarcliff Congregational Church. This service was in preparation for the Communion service on Sunday at which the Rev. Orrin G. Cocks, former pastor of the church, will officiate.

The centennial celebration service will take place on next Friday evening with the Rev. H. G. Mendenhall, Moderator of the Presbytery of New York, presiding. Among those expected to be present and make addresses are Governor Alfred E. Smith, the Rev. Charles H. Parkhurst, the Rev. Henry Sloane Coffin, and Robert E. oMran, President of the Board of Aldermen.

Today's Weddings.

Miss Dorothy Dryden, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Forrest F. Dryden, and Newcombe C. Baker of this city, will be married today at the country home of the bride's parents, in Bernardsville, N. J.

Edwin Sherwood Sunderland, a lawyer of this city, and Miss Agnes Allen Warner, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Allen Warner of Albany, are to be married today in the Congregational Church at Middlebury, Vt.

The wedding of Miss Helen D. Decker and Harold Leslie Kalt, son of Dr. and Mrs. Henry W. Kalt of this city, will be celebrated in the Presbyterian Church at Rye, N. Y. Miss Decker is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward P. Decker of Detroit.

Miss Mary R. Haskell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Haskell of New York, will become the bride of Henry Morgan Post today at Galilee, near Seabright, N. J., with a reception following at the Haskell country home at Red Bank.

General Crowder's Mother Very Ill.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., June 20.—The condition of Mrs. C. Weller Crowder, mother of Major General Enoch H. Crowder, who is seriously ill at the home of her daughter, Miss Nellie Crowder in Colorado Springs, was reported unchanged today and little hope was given for her recovery. Mrs. Crowder, who is 88 years of age, came here May 11 from the Crowder home at Kansas City, Mo. General Crowder has been summoned to her bedside.

Parker Vesie Lawrence.

Parker Vesie Lawrence, associated with his father, Malcolm R. Lawrence, in the law firm of Lawrence & Lawrence, in Manhattan, died on Tuesday of pneumonia in the Long Island College Hospital. Mr. Lawrence was born in the Nineteenth Ward of Brooklyn thirty-seven years ago and lived at 938 President Street, Brooklyn. He was educated at Adelphi Academy, Brooklyn, and St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H. He entered Harvard University and was graduated with the Class of 1903 and from the Harvard Law School with the Class of 1906. He was admitted to the bar in 1907. Mr. Lawrence was a member of the Montauk Club, the Harvard Club, the Lawyers' Club, and the New York Bar Association.

Dr. William H. Carroll.

Dr. William H. Carroll, founder of the Passaic General Hospital and St. Mary's Hospital, who was regarded as the dean of the medical fraternity of Passaic, N. J., died last night in the General Hospital there at the age of 58 years. Heart disease, superinduced by influenza a year ago, was the cause of his death.

Dies at Age of 105.

HARRISON, N. Y., June 20.—Antonio Simone, said to have been the oldest resident of Westchester County, died today in a little cabin in the Brentwood section, aged 105 years. He leaves a widow, aged 97, and a son, Vito, aged 65. Simone came here from Italy fifty years ago. He was conspicuous because of the large gold earings he wore constantly.

PRINCETON BOY A SUICIDE.

Son of Arthur L. Niles Found by Father with Bullet in His Head.

Arthur L. Niles, Jr., a Princeton undergraduate and formerly a member of the Naval Reserve, was found dead with a bullet in his head by his father last night at the home of the family, 315 West Eightieth Street.

Arthur L. Niles, the father, who is a member of the New York Stock Exchange, refused to make any statement, but it was learned that the family had become alarmed on failing to hear from the boy and that Mr. Niles had come from Monmouth Beach to investigate.

Dr. Homan of the County Medical Examiner's office said that he had been dead for three days.

Obituary Notes.

DAVID W. SYME, for nearly forty years a resident of Floral Park, L. I., and for two terms Village President of that place, died from heart disease on Thursday in his fifty-first year. Mr. Syme was formerly for many years with W. R. Grace & Co. in Manhattan. He was a Director of the Floral Park Bank for a number of years.

JOSEPH GARDINER POLLARD, one of the oldest manufacturers of contractors and plumbers' tools in Brooklyn, having succeeded his father in the business which was founded in 1837, died yesterday at his residence, 85 Hawthorne Street, Brooklyn, in his seventieth year. Mr. Pollard was a Trustee of the Lenox Road Baptist Church.

MIRON A. WARD, a retired musician and composer and formerly organist of several Episcopal churches in this city, died on Thursday at his home, 248 East Twenty-fifth Street, Flatbush, aged 71 years.

Mrs. ANNA CARROLL BROWN, active in Catholic benevolent societies in Brooklyn and President of the Ladies' Aid Society of St. Catherine's Hospital, died on Thursday at her home, 442 Bainbridge Street, Brooklyn. She was the widow of Thomas Brown.

GEORGE GILROY GORDON, Jr., 35 years old, a marine engineer, died at his home, 364 Sixth Avenue, Brooklyn, on Tuesday.

RONALD J. DRAKES, 23 years old, formerly employed by the New York Central, died yesterday at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Phineas Drakes, 393 Eighth Avenue.

Mrs. ELVIRA ROSE KINSLEY, widow of William J. Kinsley, the handwriting expert, died yesterday at her home at Montclair, N. J., at the age of 53 years. They were living at Nutley, N. J., when her husband died two years ago.

JOHN A. McQUILLEN, President of McQuillen & Chave, Inc., steamfitters, 532 West Twenty-second Street, died last night at St. Mary's Hospital, Passaic, N. J., of intestinal trouble. He was 60 years old and his home was at 69 Park Avenue, Passaic.

JOHN L. CONKLIN, long a leader in Republican politics in Passaic County, N. J., and for the last twelve years County Collector there, died of heart disease Thursday at the home of his son, Joseph M. Conklin, 322 East Thirtieth Street, Paterson, N. J., at the age of 71 years. He served in the civil war.

Mrs. SOPHIA C. DANAHY, mother of James Danahy of the editorial staff of The New York American, died Thursday at her home, 3,915 Broadway. She was born in East Pembroke, N. Y., and spent much of her life at Buffalo. She came to this city last November to be with her son.

Sister CATHARINE, S. H. C., (Catharine Schuyler Jones,) died Thursday at Resthaven, Mendon, Mass., in her ninety-first year. She was a daughter of the late Samuel Jones, Chancellor of New York.

Mrs. JULIA AIKMAN, wife of Walter Aikman, died at her home in Greenwich, Conn., last night, aged 88 years. Mrs. Aikman was born in New York City. Her husband, who is 91 years of age, is President of the Central Stamping Company of New York.

RALPH I. TOLLES, aged 65, former City Councilman and for several terms President of that body, died last night in Muhlenberg Hospital, Plainfield, N. J., following an operation. He was born at Naugatuck, Conn., and was for many years manager for Armour & Co.'s beef house in Plainfield.

Born.

BOBROW.—Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Bobrow, (nee Merblum,) announce the birth of a son, on June 19, at Sydenham Hospital.

HERMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. Edward Herman, (nee Amy Hauff,) 803 West 180th St., announce the birth of a son, born Friday, June 20, 1919.

Engaged.

MOSHEIM—GRABENHEIM.—Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Grabenheim annnounce the engagement of their daughter Ruth Mae to Mr. Ernest Mosheim.

Married.

BURROW—AHRENS.—On June 17, Church of the Mediator, Kingsbridge, Ernest M. Burrow to R. Adeline Ahrens.

SMITH—ALIBERT.—On May 27, at the Church of St. Laurent de Medoc, Gironde, France, Simone, daughter of M. and Mme. Marcel Alibert, to Leonard Bacon Smith of New York City.

Died.

AIGEN.—Maye Louise. CAMPBELL FUNERAL CHURCH services, 1,970 Broadway, Saturday, 11 A. M. Auspices Actors' Fund.

AIKMAN.—At Greenwich, Conn., June 20, 1919, Julia, wife of Walter M. Aikman, in her 89th year. Funeral services at her late residence, Stanwich Road, on Monday, June 23, at 12:30 P. M. Autos will meet train leaving Grand Central Station at 11:03 A. M.

BEIL.—On Friday, June 20, 1919, at his residence, 323 West 35th St., John Herman Beil, husband of Emma, (nee Faber.) Funeral services Sunday evening, 7 o'clock. Funeral private.

BENSON.—Entered into rest on June 20, 1919, Catherine Conroy, widow of Frank Benson. Funeral service at her late residence, 20 Maurice Av., Elmhurst, N. Y., on Sunday at 2:30 P. M. Interment in the family plot at Mt. Olivet Cemetery.

BOTZOW.—Entered into rest June 19, 1919, Hermann E. Botzow, beloved husband of Stephanie Dieckmann, in his 47th year. Funeral service at his late home, 110 Heywood Av., Orange, N. J., Saturday, June 21, at 5 o'clock.

BROWNE.—On Friday, June 20, 1919, at the Skene Sanitarium, William Henry Browne, in his 37th year, son of the late William Henry Browne and the late Catherine Flynn and brother of Katherine Browne Ryan, Joanna Browne Sefton, Mary E. Browne, and Maurice J. Browne. Funeral from his late residence, 155 Lafayette Av., Saturday, June 21, at 10 A. M. Requiem mass at Queen of All Saints' Church, Lafayette and Vanderbilt Avs., Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M. Interment at Valatie, N. Y. Kindly omit flowers. Prayers would be appreciated.

CAMPBELL.—Mary, on June 20, at 660 East 183d St., in her seventy-seventh year, for many years a faithful friend and assistant in the family of Miss Julia A. Tiemann.

CUMMINGS.—Harriet A., at her home, 61 Shaw Av., Union Course, on Wednesday, June 18, 1919. Services will be held at her late residence Saturday, June 21, at 3 P. M.

CUTTING.—On Thursday, June 19, at her residence, 24 East 67th St., Helen Suydam, beloved wife of R. Fulton Cutting, and daughter of the late Charles and Anne Schermerhorn Suydam. Funeral St. George's Church, 10 A. M., Saturday, June 21. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

DIEBER.—Adolph, on Friday, June 20, at his home, 119 West 119th St., beloved husband of Sally and the devoted father of Hannah, Joseph, Victoria, the late Jacob, Julia, Louis, Max, Paul, Regina, Eleanor, Lillian, Alex, and Martha. Funeral Sunday, June 22, 10 A. M., from his late residence.

DRAKE.—Ronald J., beloved husband of Fredia Horner and the oldest son of Phineas and Elizabeth Donovan. Funeral from the residence of his parents, 393 8th Av., on Monday, at 9 A. M., thence to St. Michael's Church, West 34th St., where a mass of requiem will be celebrated. Auto cortege.

DRYFOOS.—Suddenly, on Friday, June 20, 1919, at the Hotel Ashton, Carrie T. Dryfoos, widow of Abraham M. Dryfoos, in the 71st year of her age. Funeral services will be held in the chapel of Salem Fields Cemetery Sunday morning, June 22, at 11 o'clock.

Died.

EHRENBERG.—Philip, in his 70th year, beloved husband of Ida and devoted father of Sidney P. and Bertram, dear brother of Mrs. Herman Bacharach, and dear uncle of Mrs. Erwin Neuburger. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 1,035 Gipson Place, Far Rockaway, on Sunday, June 22, 1919, at 10 A. M. Interment at Beth-El Cemetery at 11 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

FARRELL.—Suddenly, at Fort Covington, N. Y., William J. Farrell, son of the late Richard and Mary Farrell, of 123 West 130th St. Notice of funeral hereafter.

FRANKLIN.—On Thursday, June 19, 1919, Amelia M. Franklin, (nee Kelly,) beloved wife of John B. Franklin, formerly of the First Ward, Manhattan. Funeral from her late residence, 40 Wyckoff St., Brooklyn, on Sunday, June 22, at 2 P. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

GREENTHAL.—Perry W., beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin F. Greenthal and dear brother of Rose, Pearl, and Tobella. Relatives and friends invited to attend the funeral Sunday at 2 P. M. from 201 West 121st St.

HAHN.—Joseph, in the 87th year of his age, beloved father of Myer, Morris, Clara, Simon, and Mrs. Abraham Bauman. Notice of funeral hereafter.

HALLOCK.—Elizabeth C. Hallock, widow of Thomas B. Hallock, at Highland Mills, N. Y., June 18. Funeral at Highland Mills, N. Y., Saturday, June 21, 2 P. M. Train leaves Jersey City 9 A. M., Erie Railroad.

HAYES.—At Sea Girt, N. J., June 19, Mrs. Mary Vanvalzah Hayes, widow of the late Alfred Hayes. Funeral services at First Presbyterian Church, Lewisburg, Penn., Sunday, June 22, at 3 P. M.

HERON.—On June 8, at his residence in Wooster, Ohio, suddenly, of pneumonia, the Rev. David A. Heron, D. D., son of the late Rev. E. S. Heron of Knoxville, Tenn., and beloved brother of Mrs. E. B. Sudbury. Interment at Maryville, Tenn.

JARRETT.—On Friday, June 20, in his 38th year, Arthur R. Jarrett, beloved husband of Sophie and father of Elenore. Funeral on Monday, June 23, at 2 P. M., from his late residence, 1,456 Oxford Av., near Rockaway Road, Ozone Park. Interment Evergreens Cemetery.

KAISER.—Eleanor. CAMPBELL FUNERAL CHURCH services, Broadway, 66th St., Saturday, 2 P. M.

KINSLEY.—On Friday, June 20, 1919, Elvira Rose Kinsley, widow of William J. Kinsley. Funeral from her late residence, 83 Central Av., Montclair, N. J., Monday, June 23, at 10:30 A. M. Interment private. Conveyances will meet train leaving New York on D., L. & W. Railroad at 9:10 A. M.

LEONARD.—Mary Palmer, wife of Ambrose Leonard of 324A New York Av., Brooklyn, passed quietly away at Huntington, Long Island, June 18, 1919. Services at Huntington, Long Island, Saturday, June 21, 1919, at 11 A. M. Interment at Greenwood Cemetery, Brooklyn.

McQUILLEN.—John A., Friday, June 20, at Passaic, N. J. Requiem mass at St. Nicholas's Church, Passaic, Monday, June 23, 9 A. M. Interment Holy Rood Cemetery, Morristown, N. J. Automobile cortege.

MACKEY.—Ella C., wife of William D. Mackey, at her residence, 490 Stratford Road, June 20, 1919. Funeral private.

MERRIMAN.—At her home, Watertown, Conn., on Friday, June 20, 1919, Mary A. Merriman, widow of Henry Merriman, in her eighty-third year. Funeral service will be held at her late home, Watertown, Conn., Sunday, June 22, at 2 o'clock. Burial private.

MOORE.—A. L., June 18, at 149 West 96th St. Funeral Monday, June 21. Friends or relatives may communicate with Mr. E. T. Cody, 275 9th Av. New Jersey papers please copy.

MUELLER.—Kathryn Sullivan. Lying in state CAMPBELL FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St.

NAUGHTON.—On Friday, June 20, Mary Naughton. Funeral from her late residence, 466 4th Av., on Monday, June 23, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to St. Stephen's Church, East 28th St. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

NEALE.—On Thursday, June 19, Rosa Millard Neale, widow of the late Dr. Francis C. Neale of Baltimore, Md., in the 90th year of her age. Interment at Baltimore on Saturday.

NILES.—Arthur L. Niles, Jr., suddenly, in the 22d year of his age. Funeral private.

PALMER.—At East Orange, N. J., June 19, 1919, Anna H., widow of Alexander H. Palmer. Funeral services at the residence of her son, A. Wheeler Palmer, 74 North Arlington Av., on Saturday, June 21, at 1 P. M.

RONK.—On Thursday, June 19, 1919, at Clifton Springs, N. Y., Phebe Thurber, beloved wife of Alfred Ronk. Services at the residence of her cousin, D. T. Ronk, 70 Halsey St., Brooklyn, Saturday, June 21, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

SCHENCK.—On Thursday, Elizabeth, beloved wife of Frederick Schenck and mother of Katherine Comrie, Lillian Pieper and Frederick Schenck, Jr. Services at her late residence, 413 West 35th St., on Saturday, June 21, at 8 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited. Funeral Sunday at 2 P. M.

SISTER CATHARINE, S. H. C., at Resthaven, Mendon, Mass., in her 91st year. Daughter of the late Samuel Jones, Chancellor of New York, and Catharine Schuyler, his wife. Interment at Poughkeepsie Rural Cemetery, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Saturday afternoon, June 21, on arrival of Boston train, due at 5:30 P. M.

STENHOUSE.—At Dover Plains, N. Y., on Friday, June 20, 1919, Robert Alen, aged 10 years, beloved son of James and Amy Stenhouse. Interment private at Kensico Cemetery.

STITZ.—Elizabeth, age 72 years, June 20, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Sydney K. Cohen. Burial in Boston at the convenience of the family. Boston papers please copy.

STOWELL.—Grace Leigh, beloved wife of Clarence W. Stowell, June 19, aged 33. Funeral, Christ Church, Ridgewood, N. J., 3 P. M., Saturday. Providence (R. I.) papers please copy.

SWAN.—On Friday, June 20, Emma Swan, widow of Joseph Swan, in her 81st year. Funeral services at her late residence, the Belnord, 86th St. and Broadway, Sunday morning at 10:30.

WEBB.—On Thursday, June 19, in his 80th year, Silas Daniel Webb. Funeral services at his late residence, 28 Remsen St., Brooklyn, on Sunday, June 22, at 3:30 P. M. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

WHEELER.—At 34 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, Albert Glenroy, beloved husband of Annie Marie Wheeler, in his 37th year. Notice of funeral service hereafter.

WILLIAMSON.—On Thursday, June 19, 1919, Marcia Harding Williamson. Funeral at her late residence, 238 Gates Av., on Saturday, 1 P. M. Friends invited. Interment in Vermont.

WOODBURY.—At New Rochelle, N. Y., on June 19, 1919, Louisiana R., wife of Dr. Frank Woodbury. Interment New Rochelle. Funeral private.

WUPPERMANN.—Sergeant Carlos S., died overseas in the service of the United States. Memorial services will be held Sunday, June 22, at 4 P. M., at Holy Trinity Church, 122d St. and Lenox Av.

In Memoriam

HASTINGS.—In loving memory of a beloved husband and dear father, James F. Hastings, who passed away June 21, 1918.

SMITH.—In loving remembrance of General George Moore Smith, who died June 21, 1915.

Unveiling.

DICKHEISER.—Unveiling of the monument to the memory of my dear wife and our beloved mother, Hattie Dickheiser, will take place on Sunday, June 22, 2:30 P. M., at Mt. Carmel Cemetery, (Temple Peni-El section.) Relatives and friends are invited. If rain, following Sunday.

PASNICK.—Memory of Charles Pasnick, beloved husband of Fannie Pasnick, died Feb. 28, 1918. Unveiling will take place Sunday, June 22, at Arlington Cemetery, 2 P. M.

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Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Fife, Col. J. D., to Ft. Myer.
Morse, Lt. Col. F. L., will proceed to Camp Dix as Sanitary Insp.
Silsby, Maj. D. H., assigned to the Commission on Training Camp Activities at Camp Grant.
Mangum, Maj. W. R., and O'Farrell, Capt. P. F., will report to Cmdg. Gen. at Camp Grant.
Marshall, Maj. T. R., will report to Cmdg. Gen. at Camp Dix.
Jarvis, Maj. N. S., will return to the retired list of the army.
McFaul, Capt. W. D., to Camp Dodge.
Pagan, Capt. A. E., will report to Cmdg. Off. of Walter Reed Hosp.
Butler, Capt. S., hon. discharged.
Cotton, Capt. R. W., will report by wire to Cmdg. Gen. of East. Dept.
Orbison, Capt. J. A., to Hosp. No. 42, at Spartanburg, S. C.
O'Connell, 1st Lt. E., to Kelly Field.
Stewart, 1st Lt. H. E., will report to Surg. Gen.
Nixon, 1st Lt. W. L., to Walter Reed Hosp., sick.
Lowry, 1st Lt. D., to Hosp. No. 41, at Fox Hills, S. I.

Infantry.

Lynch, Col. J. A., to Camp Taylor for assignment to 5th.
Chrisman, Col. E. R., detailed as Prof. of Mil. Science and Tactics at Univ. of Idaho.
Sorley, Col. L. S., to France.
Page, Lt. Col. J. H., Jr., to San Francisco as Asst. to Recruiting Officer, relieving Maj. J. D. Yost, retired.
Palmer, Lt. Col. I. J., 48th, detailed in Insp. Gen.'s Dept., Camp Jackson, as Camp Inspector.
Nichols, Lt. Col. O. C., hon. discharged as Lt. Col. only.
Twyman, Lt. Col. W., detailed as Prof. of Mil. Science and Tactics at the Western Kentucky State Normal School, at Bowling Green, Ky.
Boddie, Maj. S. P., to Charleston, S. C., under Director of Purchase, Storage and Traffic.
Lanphier, Maj. T. G., will report to Dir. of Air Service.
Bull, Maj. H. R., will report to Chief of Staff for duty in Mil. Intelligence Div.
Coykendall, Maj. H., to El Paso for Recruiting Service.
Drew, Capt. C. S., and Lapham, Capt. R. D., hon. discharged.
Sinkler, Capt. T. S., Jr., to France and return in time to resume his duties at the Mil. Academy on Aug. 20.
Rotan, Capt. G. R., to Camp Devens, sick.
Davis, 1st Lt. B. M., will report to Chief of Motor Transport Corps.
Deck, 1st Lt. F. W., 63d, to France.
Smith, 1st Lt. C. W., to Camp Holabird.
Swift, 1st Lt. L. W., to Camp Meade.
Lakin, 1st Lt. R. O., to Camp Grant, sick.
Hultzen, 1st Lt. L. S., transferred to Hosp. No. 3, at Colonia, Rahway, N. J., sick.

Quartermaster's Corps.

Garrett, Lt. Col. M. M., to Honolulu, as asst. to the Hawaiian Dept. Qm.
Flournoy, Capt. A. H., will assume duty as Const. Qm. for Hosp. No. 2 at Ft. Henry, and Hosp. No. 7, Roland Park, Baltimore, Md., with station at Washington.
Hockman, Capt. M. A., will report to the Chief of Const. Div.
Cederstrom, Capt. A. F. O., to Camp Merritt, as asst. to the Utilities Off.
Flournoy, Capt. A. H., will assume duty as Const. Qm. for Hosp. No. 10, Boston, and Hosp. No. 34, at Norfolk, Mass.
Gilmore, 1st Lt. L. N., to Hoboken.
Mease, 1st Lt. C. M., to Baltimore, in connection with closing const. accounts.
Mooney, 1st Lt. J. C., to Chicago, and report to the Zone Supply Off.

Ordnance Department.

Wise, Maj. S. W.; Grant, Maj. G. D.; Springer, Capt. W. P.; Gregory, Capt. H. McN.; Horn, 1st Lt. C. C., and Freed, 1st Lt. R. A., to Springfield Armory, Mass., in experimental dept.
Brussart, 1st Lt. A. G., to Aberdeen Prov. Ground.
Mathews, 1st Lt. E. G., from duty at the Manila General Ord. Depot, P. I., and will report at once to the Director of Purchase, Storage and Traffic.
Wall, 1st Lt. R. E., to the Aberdeen Proving Ground, as asst. to the Cmdg. Officer.

Air Service.

Gillop, Capt. H. M., and Reynolds, Capt. C. H., to Langley Field.
Jones, Capt. J. D., to Washington on temp. duty, thence to Hazelhurst Field.
Robinson, Capt. P. P., to Carruthers Field.
Wilcox, 1st Lt. J. M., hon. discharged.
Flake, 1st Lt. F. W., to Hazelhurst Field.
MacDonald, 1st Lt. R., and Hoover, 1st Lt. L. E., to Washington with the Mil. Intell. Div.
Kennedy, 1st Lt. R. J., to Phila. as asst. to the Zone Property Auditor.

Field Artillery.

Hackett, Col. H. B., 124th, to Hosp. No. 28, at Ft. Sheridan, sick.
Doyle, Col. F. C., to Wash., with the Motor Transport Corp.
Leach, Capt. W. W., appointed an Acting Qm. while on duty at the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas.
McComas, Capt. D. R., and Fox, 1st Lt. A. E., to Camp Meade, with Overseas Replacement Depot.
Stuts, 1st Lt. G. H., assigned to 82d F.A., at Ft. Bliss.

Engineers.

Grunow, Maj. W. R., to Camp Dodge for discharge.
Reid, Capt. M. B., will report to Cmdg. Gen. at Camp Lewis for discharge.
Carter, Capt. E. K., to Camp Funston for discharge.
Caufield, 1st Lt. L. J., to temp. duty in office of Col. A. Woods, Asst. to the Sec. of War.

Signal Corps.

Olsen, Lt.Col. H. O., to Ft. Houston.
Amthor, Capt. F. R., to Washington for temp. duty in office of Surg. Gen.
Flood, Capt. J. P., from Camp Dix to Kansas City, re recruiting ser.

Cavalry.

Henry, Lt.Col. J. B., Jr., 12th, detailed to Motor Transp. Corps at Wash.
Cramer, Maj. S. W., Jr., detailed as a member of the General Staff Corps.
Coulter, Maj. J. B., to Wash. in the Personnel Branch of Operations Div.
Converse, Capt. G. L., Jr., will report to Cmdg. Off. Presidio of San Francisco.

Miscellaneous.

Hanson, Col. J., Insp. Gen.'s Dept., to France.
Kimberly, Lt. Col. A., from asst. to Mil. Attache at Rome, to Washington and report to Adjt. Gen.
Jefferis, Maj. J. R., to Washington for temp. duty in office of surg.
Yost, Maj. J. D., ret., relieved from further active duty.
Barnett, Capt. J. H., Jr., 1st Batt., 159th Depot Brig., transferred to Hosp. No. 28 at Ft. Sheridan, sick.
Shearman, Capt. P. G., to Ft. Leavenworth Discip. Barracks, as personnel adjt.
Gibbs, Capt. W. D., Dental Corps, hon. discharged.
Preus, 1st Lt. W. C., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., from Copenhagen to Washington and report to Director of Military Intelligence for temp. duty and discharge.

Resignation.

Jernigan, W. P., Air Serv., as Temp. Major, and as Capt. of cav.
Rock, L. B., Inf., as Temp. Capt. and Prov. 2d Lt.
Finch, N. G., F. A., as Temp. Col. and Capt. Reg. Army.
Malone, R. J., C. A. C., as Temp. Capt. and Prov. 2d Lt.
Miller, W. J., C. A. C., as Temp. Capt. and Prov. 2d Lt.
Wilson, R. C., Philippine Scouts, as 1st Lt., for the good of the service.
Wheatley, D. E., Phil. Scouts, as 1st Lt., for the good of the service.
O'Donnell, H. F., C. A. C., as Temp. 1st Lt. and Prov. 2d Lt.
Noyes, L. I., C. A. C., as Temp. 1st Lt. and Prov. 2d Lt.
Friedman, M., Inf., as Prov. 1st Lt.

Leaves.

McMaster, Col. R. H., F. A., 1 month.
Magee, Col. J. C., M. C., 1 month.
Screws, Col. W. P., Inf., 15 days extension.
Lougry, Col. H. K., C. A. C., 14 days extension.
Page, Col. H., M. C., 14 days.
Mitchell, Col. H. E., Tank Corps, 1 month.
Lewis, Lt. Col. C. D., Jr., M. C., 1 month.
Berman, Maj. C. L., Qm. C., 10 days.
Cavanaugh, Maj. F. W., F. A., 2 months extension.
Miller, Capt. A. F., F. A., 15 days.
Myers, Capt. F. B., Inf., 10 days.
Reid, Capt. M. B., Engs., 15 days.
Leopold, Capt. L. S., Engs., 14 days extension.
Stotz, Capt. J. K., Inf., 10 days.
Carter, Capt. E. K., Engs., 15 days.
Webb, Capt. R. B., C. A. C., 15 days.
Sherrill, Capt. S. H., Cav., 15 days.
Ketchum, 1st Lt. E. P., Engs., 1 month.
Cole, 1st Lt. R. F., F. A., 14 days.
Nowlin, 1st Lt. J. C., Inf., 1 month extension.
MacArthur, 1st Lt. J. C., Inf., 15 days.
Chase, 1st Lt. C. R., Cav., 14 days.
Wood, 1st Lt. J. W., Air Serv., 1 month extension.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

Calhoun, Cmdr. W. L., to the Mississippi as gunnery off.
David, Capt. G. W., to the Antigone as eng. off.
McGlasson, Lt. Cmdr. A., to the Stevens.
Bodfish, Lt. H., to the Idaho.
Baska, Lt. A., to the Santa Teresa.
Frederickson, Lt. C. T., to the Dixie as division and supply off.
Bell, Lt. J. C., and Casey, Lt. W. R., to the Stevens.
Farrell, Lt. W. H., and Keller, Lt. J. C., to headquarters at London.
Zimmer, Lt. E. H., to Brest for assignment.
Rembert, Lt. A., to the Stevens.
Rault, Lt. J. M., to N. Y. as disbursing off. under D. S. N. O. T. S.

Marine Corps Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The Marine Corps issued the following orders today:

Little, Col. L. McC., to 1st Brig. at Haiti.
Bootes, Col. J. T., to Washington, D. C., upon arrival U. S.
Treadwell, Col. T. C., detached from 6th Brig. and to U. S.
Turner, Lt. Col. T. C., to 1st Brig. at Haiti.
Berry, Maj. J. S., to Washington for treatment.
Kennedy, Maj. S. B.; Muckleston, Maj. B. M., and James, Maj. W. C., to Marine Barracks at Quantico.
Messersmith, Maj. R. E., detailed as Assistant Paymaster.
Sinclair, Maj. C. G., to Wash. Marine Barracks, instead of Quantico.
King, Maj. C. A. E., to Naval Hosp. at Norfolk.
Lee, Maj. S. S., to Wakefield, Mass.
White, Maj. A. J., to 1st Brig. at Haiti.
Mills, Capt. E. B., to Marine detachment at Annapolis.
Bartol, Capt. L. W., and Hamilton, Capt. G. D., to duty in 1st Prov. Brig.
Baston, Capt. A. P., hon. discharged.
Zlisa, Capt. F. F., to 7th Regt. at Cuba.
Brewer, Capt. W. M., detached from 7th Regt. and assigned to 1st Regt. for transfer to U. S.
Kipness, Capt. D., and Mack, Capt. F. W., to M. P. O. at New York upon arrival in U. S.
Wallace, Capt. J. M., to Mare Island Marine Barracks instead of Quantico.
Wood, Capt. H. E., ordered to inactive duty.
Pierce, Capt. F. E., to 1st Brig. at Haiti.
Reed, Capt. F. B., to Quantico Marine Barracks.
Langford, Capt. I.; Murray, Capt. C. E., and Creecy, Capt. D. B., hon. discharged.
Rogers, Capt. W. O., and Jones, Capt. B. G., to Charleston, S. C., Marine Barracks upon arrival in U. S., hon. discharged.
Baylis, Capt. C. D., to Paris Island Marine Barracks.
Legore, Capt. H. W., to Quantico Marine Barracks upon arrival in U. S.
Wright, Capt. J. T., to marine detachment at American Legation in Peking, China.
Blake, Capt. P. E.; Lawson, Capt. C. T.; Simpson, Capt. R. M.; Thoma, Capt. C. G., and Gally, Capt. B. W., hon. discharged.
Thaxton, Capt. R. C., to Quantico Marine Barracks.
Hunter, Capt. J. E., Jr., and James, Capt. C. G., detached from 1st Brig. at Haiti, to United States.
Matthews, Capt. W. R., to Mare Island Marine Barracks.
Hyatt, Capt. J. O.; Smallman, Capt. C. I., and Williams, Capt. A. G., to home and await discharge.
Dougherty, Capt. H. F.; Davy, Capt. F. B.; Carruthers, 1st Lt. R. T., and Bowles, 1st Lt. S. S., hon. discharged.
Holljes, 1st Lt. H. J., retired.
Parsons, 1st Lt. M. V., order to inactive duty.
Buell, 1st Lt. G. P., to Wash. Marine Barracks.
Jones, 1st Lt. W. J.; Nourse, 1st Lt. L. B.; Kramer, 1st Lt. S. B., and Gault, 1st Lt. J. M., hon. discharged.
Johnson, 1st Lt. A. G., and Carrithers, 1st Lt. R. T., to M. P. O., New York, upon arrival in U. S.
Cooper, 1st Lt. A. C., to M. P. O., New York, upon arrival in U. S.
Hewitt, 1st Lt. T. L., ordered to inactive duty.
Bogardus, 1st Lt. J. J., to M. B., Charleston, S. C., upon arr. U. S.
Low, 1st Lt. K. B., hon. discharged.
Bogardus, 1st Lt. J. J.; Nelson, 1st Lt. E. B.; McKevitt, 1st Lt. J. P. H., and Herreid, 1st Lt. B. O., hon. discharged.
Spear, 1st Lt. F. L., and Compton, 1st Lt. G., detached from 1st Brig., Haiti, and will proceed to U. S.
Mott, 1st Lt. R. F., to home to await discharge.
Bates, 1st Lt. E. S., to 1st Regt. in Cuba.
Doran, 1st Lt. J. J., to home to await discharge.
Hockenberger, 1st Lt. P. R.; Herman, 1st Lt. S. S., and Apperson, 1st Lt. E. C., hon. discharged.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Transfers and assignments to take effect 8 A. M. June 21: Patrol. Joseph Cech, from 23d to 43d; Frank Szuminsky, from 38th to 101st.

Temporary assignment: Patrol. E. F. Burns, 38th, to Headquarters Div. of Transportation, assigned as chauffeur for 5 days, from 8 A. M. June 21.

Leaves of absence (without pay:) Patrol. W. A. Gagarty, 65th, for 1 day, from 12:01 A. M. June 22; A. W. Harriott, Traffic Div., Sub. B, for 1 day, from 8:30 A. M. July 4.

Fire Department.

Revocation of indefinite leaves of absence, to take effect 8 A. M. June 24, they having been honorably discharged from the army: Firemen (First Grade) J. J. Cummings, Eng. 201; J. A. Morgan, H. and L. 38.

Transfers, to take effect 8 A. M. June 21: Lieuts. Lawrence Kiefer, H. & L. 110, to Eng. 248; Peter Farrell, Eng. 248, to H. & L. 110; Engineer of Steamer P. J. Metzger, Jr., Eng. 277, to Eng. 286; Firemen (First Grade) M. J. Gannon, Eng. 64, to H. & L. 41; J. M. O'Brien, Eng. 76, to H. & L. 48; P. M. Sullivan, Eng. 217, to Eng. 230; O. R. Kutzke, Eng. 230, to Eng. 217.

The Civil Service.

City.

The following promotion lists are announced:

To assistant engineer, Grade B, Department of Deeds, Bureau of Engineering: Joseph Meehan, 81.50. Grade D, Department of Water Supply, Gas, and Electricity, office of chief engineer, Brooklyn: John Moloney, 86.38.

To attendant, Grade 1, Department of Education, Bureau of Supplies: Thomas Cannon, 82.

United States.

The commission announces that the prerequisite requirement for eligibility for appointment from the examination for traffic clerk for filling vacancies in the Inland Traffic Service of the Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department, Washington, D. C., and in the field, at $1,800 to $2,400 a year, and for which applications must be filed prior to the hour of closing business on July 15, has been amended to read as follows: Applicants must have had at least two years' railway experience, of which not less than one year must have been as a clerk in a general freight office or in a general or commercial agent's office, or the equivalent, (such as material experience in the office of a division, district, or terminal freight agent,) or of which at least six months was in the Inland Traffic Service. It also announces the elimination of the maximum age limit of 31 years for the examination for assistant investigator, for men and women, for filling vacancies in the Bureau of Efficiency, Washington, D. C., at salaries ranging from $1,500 to $2,400 a year, and for which applications must be filed prior to the hour of closing business on July 1. The paragraph containing age limitations has been amended to read as follows: Applicants must have reached their twenty-first birthday on the date of the examination. At the request of an appointing officer certification will be made of eligibles who are within reasonable age limits.

Education Notes.

The names of the following have been placed, as of June 2, upon the eligible list of persons licensed as first assistant teachers in high schools:

Accounting and Commercial Law—M. S. Lobenthal, Julia Richman H. S., 76.25; John Linker, Julia Richman, 72; M. B. Greenstein, Washington Irving, 71.

Biological Science—C. W. Hahn, Commerce, 72.

Elocution—E. M. Nightingale, Washington Irving, 76.38.

English—J. McD. Avent, Morris, 82.2; Elias Lieberman, Bushwick, 82.15; S. W. Patterson, De Witt Clinton, 81.55; M. F. McDonald, Bushwick, 75.15; E. Van B. Knickerbocker, Evander Childs, 75; C. R. Stapleton, Evander Childs, 72.8; B. M. Steigman, Stuyvesant, 70.75; J. F. Cashman, Erasmus Hall, 70.35; C. W. Raubicheck, Evander Childs, 68; R. K. Keyes, Girls', 85.9; M. V. Riblet, Bryant, 81.05; M. P. Eaton, Wadleigh, 80.6; M. A. Bessey, Bay Ridge, 77.85; H. E. Harding, Bay Ridge, 72.95; J. S. Taylor, Girls', 71.8.

Fine Arts—Morris Greenberg, Commercial, 76.1; Morris Klein, De Witt Clinton, 74.4; J. D. Cheney, Washington Irving, 86.4; A. L. Hamilton, Bay Ridge, 81.4.

History—Ludwig Kaphan, De Witt Clinton, 83.25; E. A. Colligan, Eastern District, 80.58; Philip Nanes, Bushwick, 79; W. L. Rice, Boys', 77.5; G. D. Luetscher, Jamaica, 76.5; J. L. Stockton, Wadleigh, 76; D. E. Smith, Morris, 75.25; E. W. Ames, 72.75.

Mathematics—Edward Fleischer, Bushwick, 73.5; N. N. Dickler, Bushwick, 43.25; C. A. Bergstresser, Boys', 71.25.

Physical Science—E. L. Dinsmore, Boys', 76.5.

Laurence A. Wilkins, Director of Modern Languages in the public schools, left yesterday for Los Angeles to deliver a course of lectures on Spanish and the modern languages at the Summer session of the University of Southern California.

The graduating exercises of the Commercial High School, Brooklyn, will be held at 8:15 P. M. on June 23. Diplomas will be presented by Associate Superintendent Tildsley. United States Senator Calder will make an address to the graduates on "High School Graduates and the Government."

The Board of Superintendents at its meeting yesterday made a number of nominations for positions in the elementary schools. It also examined a number of teachers whose services have not been marked as satisfactory by their Principals. Under the new education law increases of salary are given only to teachers whose services are satisfactory.

Estates Appraised.

MOLLER, ANN E., (May 28, 1917;) total estate, $63,464; real estate, the home at 32 West Thirty-seventh Street, $60,000; income due at time of death of testatrix from the estates of Peter Moller and Peter Moller, Jr., $3,464. Her son and daughter, Edwin C. N. Moller and S. Adelaide Moller, both of the Ritz-Carlton, $31,394 each.

REIGELMAN, ISAAC, (Sept. 5, 1918;) total estate, $107,035; cash, $4,955; personal, $25,015; stocks and bonds, $77,115. His wife, Bertha Reigelman of 106 West Eighty-seventh Street, receives personalty aggregating $1,552 and a life estate in $89,088, and his son, Harold Reigelman of 2 West Eighty-seventh Street, receives part of his mother's income during her life and at her death he receives the remaindier.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Conditions and general forecast:

Pressure is low over the Middle and Northern Plateau and nearly normal elsewhere, although with a falling tendency. There were local thunder showers in the Plains and Gulf States, the Central Valleys, the Lower Lake, and Southern Upper Lake regions, and quite general showers in New England and the Middle Atlantic States. In the South Atlantic States and from the Rocky Mountain region westward the weather was fair.

Temperatures were high for the season over all interior districts, except the Gulf States, and they were especially high in the Plateau region and the extreme Northwest. Local thunder showers are probable Saturday in Southern New England and the Middle Atlantic States. There will be no temperature changes of consequence.

Western New York.—Unsettled Sat.; Sun. probably fair, little change in temperature.

Eastern New York.—Partly cloudy Sat., probably showers extreme south portion; Sun. fair, little change in temperature.

New Jersey, Delaware.—Probably local showers Sat., Sun. fair, little change in temperature.

Eastern Pennsylvania. — Unsettled Sat., probably local showers; Sun. fair, little change in temperature.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1918.	1919.		1918.	1919.
3 A. M.	57	65	4 P. M.	65	79
6 A. M.	53	64	6 P. M.	61	70
9 A. M.	51	68	9 P. M.	57	67
12 M.	62	76	11 P. M.	56	66

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 72; for the corresponding date last year it was 60; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 70.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 56; at 8 P. M. it was 67. Maximum temperature, 82 degrees at 3:20 P. M.; minimum, 63 degrees at 4:20 P. M. Humidity, 90 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 95 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.07 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.97 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M. Friday.	Loss.
4:55—397 Pleasant Av.; C. Reilly	Slight
8:35—412 8 Av.; Duey Goon Ying	$200
8:50—2,127 3 Av.; (auto,) unknown	Slight
10:23—57 5 Av.; William Oliver	Unknown
11:10—101 W. 126 St.; John Egan	Unknown
11:45—323 E. 70 St.; Emma Sesse	Unknown
12:50—Canal and Front Sts., vacant lot; Woodrow Louis	$50
P. M.	
1:20—818 Greenwich St.; A. Bartel	None
4:10—124 Lex. Av.; N. Grossman	Slight
4:30—227 South St.; L. Koff	None
7:15—200 W. 47 St.; (auto,) M. S. Dean	Slight
7:00—1,831 Broadway; taxicab, S. Mathis	Trifling
7:20—12 E. 115 St.; S. Rosenthal	Trifling
8:40—53 Orchard St.; J. Levinsky	Trifling
9:10—60 Fulton St.; Star Blank Book Co.	Unknown
9:30—329 W. 121 St.; J. Landsman	No damage
10:10—3,115 Broadway; Mrs. Saig	Trifling

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 5:30 P. M. daily.

Hawaii, Shanghai City, and Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco) —SS Colombia	June 23
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, and specially addressed mail for Australia, (via San Francisco) —SS Moana	June 25
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and specially addressed mail for Australia, (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—SS Niagara	June 30
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia, and New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—SS Sonoma	July 3

Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, and Netherlands East Indies close at 5:30 P. M. daily. These mails are forwarded to the Pacific Coast for dispatch to destination at the best opportunity.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises 5:24 | Sun sets 8:31

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	1:45	2:31	8:16	8:54
Governors Island	1:42	2:31	8:22	9:20
Hell Gate	3:54	4:27	10:16	11:04

Arrived—Friday, June 20.

SS Imperator, Brest, June 12.
SS West Wauneke, Antwerp, June 3.
SS Arkansas, Brest, June 11.
SS Exeter City, Bristol, June 4.
SS Canopic, Genoa, May 24.
SS Sutherland, Portsmouth, June 6.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.		
Rochambeau	Havre	June 11
Saranac	Barry	May 14
Parthian	Fayal	May 29
Strinda	Antwerp	May 20
Wallowa	Bordeaux	May 21
Australia	London	May 24
Western Star	Barcelona	May 21
Roath	Havre	May 17
Regina	Barry	May 28
Lakeside	Teneriffe	May 30
Tennyson	Barbados	June 11
Arnoy	Barry	May 19
Rambler	Brest	May 21
West Hosokie	St. Nazaire	June 3
Vindelia	Barry	June 7
E. I. de Perez	Barcelona	June 5
Yaquina	St. Nazaire	June 7
Lake Pleasant	St. Nazaire	June 7
DUE TOMORROW.		
Aquitania	Southampton	June 14
Regina d'Italia	Marseilles	June 9
Mexican	St. Nazaire	June 10
Western Scout	St. Nazaire	June 6
DUE MONDAY.		
Patria	Marseilles	June 7
Hoven	Brest	June 10
DUE TUESDAY.		
Touraine	Havre	June 14
El Capitan	Galveston	June 18

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Lapland, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	
Espagne, Havre	8:30 A.M.	
Morro Castle, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
San Juan, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Atenas, Cristobal	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Santa Luisa, Cristobal	7:00 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
Liberator, Brest		12:00 M.
Hypathia, Cape Town	12:00 M.	
Santos, Buenos Aires	6:30 A.M.	
SAIL MONDAY.		
Plattsburg, Liverpool	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Olympia, Glasgow		12:00 M.
Calabria, Gibraltar		12:00 M.
Francesca, Naples	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Scranton, Brest		12:00 M.
Pr. Wilhelm II., Haiti	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
SAIL TUESDAY.		
Royal George, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Duca degli Abruzzi, Gibraltar, Naples, Genoa	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Great Northern, Brest		12:00 M.
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, Brest		12:00 M.
Manhattan, London		12:00 M.
Madonna, Marseilles		12:00 M.
Cuthbert, Para	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Zacapa, Kingston	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Dante Alighieri, Gibraltar	11:00 A.M.	

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Sofia, at Gallipoli, June 12.
SS Chinampa, at Savaona, June 12.
SS Inland, at Gothenburg, June 12.
SS Gymerick, at Gothenburg, June 17.
SS Aden, at La Pallice, June 15.
SS Aquitania, at Halifax, June 20.
SS Stockholm, at Gothenburg, June 15.

Sailed.

SS Belvedere, from Marseilles, June 16.
SS Santa Rosa, from Bordeaux, June 16.
SS Julia Luckenbach, from St. Nazaire, June 17.
SS Pastores, from St. Nazaire, June 17.
SS America, from Marseilles, June 16.
SS Procyon, from Havre, June 17.

Young America's Greatest Camp
Junior Plattsburg—On Lake Champlain
Under the direction of
MAJOR GENERAL JOHN F. O'RYAN,
27th Division, Superintendent of Military Training.
REAR ADMIRAL GEORGE B. RANSOM, U. S. N. (ret.)
Superintendent of Naval Training.
MAJOR HARVEY M. HOBBS,
United States Military Academy, West Point, Commandant.
JOHN P. DAVIES,
Curtiss Aeroplane and Motor Corporation, Superintendent of the Air Service.
CHARLES FRANCIS PARK,
Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Director of Technical Training.
OSCAR C. GALLAGHER, (Harvard,)
West Roxbury High School, Boston, Director of Academic Courses.
All land and water sports under the supervision of university, college and prep school coaches.
For boys and young men from 14 to 21 years of age.
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Lecture—a special discussion of "The Accountant as a Business Adviser," by Charles B. Couchman, C. P. A. (Mo.)—will be given at Pace Institute, Monday evening, June 23, 6 P. M. A limited number of tickets are available. Apply to Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

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SECRETARIAL SCHOOL
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Special new class Monday, June 23d, 7:15 P. M., Auditorium, West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St. Phone Educational Dept., Columbus 7920, for particulars.

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SUMMER CAMPS.

Camp Winnahke
An Ideal Camp for Girls on Lake Champlain. Where girls enjoy a thoroughly happy summer—swimming, canoeing, fishing, hiking, tennis, dancing, and singing around the camp fire; first aid; arts and crafts; basketry, etc. Good Companions—Good Care—Good Food—Good Health—Good Sport. References invariably required.
WM. H. BROWN, President, Berkeley-Irving School, New York, New York City, 311 West 83rd St.

CAMP NOTRE DAME
FOR GIRLS
Camden, Maine.
Ocean, lake, and mountain scenery. Season 6 weeks. Rate $135.00. For circular address
M. E. McManama,
337 Winter St., Fall River, Mass.

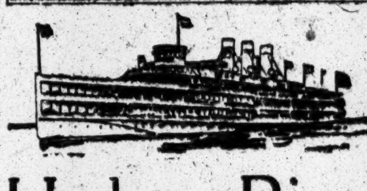
BOYS' SUMMER CAMP, opening July 6th, of the AMERICAN GUARD, BEAR MOUNTAIN, directly on the Hudson. Boating, swimming, athletic sports, finest cuisine. U. S. Army training and discipline. Ages 14 to 21. Wonderful summer's outing, $8.00 week. Parents can visit. Get application and particulars offices National Headquarters, 70 Wall Street.

INSTRUCTION—Dancing.

MODERN SOCIETY DANCING
taught by refined young lady. Hours 9 to 9. Classes in the evening. Doris J. Durling, 55 West 46th St. Telephone Bryant 3025.

CORRECTION
The Hudson River Day Line advertisement published on page 19 of The New York Times Friday, June 20, read:
On Sunday afternoon, June 21, steamer leaves Desbrosses St. 1:40 P. M., W. 42d St. 2:00 P. M., W. 129th St. 2:30 P. M., for Bear Mountain, West Point, Newburgh and return to 42d St.
This is incorrect—it should have read:
On SATURDAY afternoon, June 21, steamer leaves Desbrosses St. 1:40 P. M., W. 42d St. 2:00 P. M., W. 129th St. 2:30 P. M., for Bear Mountain, West Point, Newburgh and return to 42d St.

YOUR SUNDAY OUTING $1
SAIL THE HUDSON
Newburgh and Beacon, $1 } Round Trips
Poughkeepsie, $1.50 }
A swift, refreshing excursion with ample time for picnic, and parties ashore. Go up Mt. Beacon, visit Orange Lake Park, or see Washington's Headquarters at Newburgh.
Str. BENJ. B. ODELL
Good music. Fine restaurant. Lunch room. Leaves Franklin St. 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:30 A. M., rain or shine.
CENTRAL HUDSON LINE



Hudson River by Daylight
DAILY, INCLUDING SUNDAY
"Washington Irving," "Hendrick Hudson," "Robert Fulton," "Albany."
Direct Rail Connections to all points North, East and West. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted. Music. Restaurant.
Ideal one-day outings.
Leave Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 9:00; W. 129th St., 9:20; Yonkers, 9:50; stopping at †Bear Mountain, †Newburgh, †Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point (connecting daily with Ulster & Delaware R. R.), Catskill, Hudson and Albany.
Also steamer leaves Desbrosses St., 10:00 A. M.; W. 42d St., 10:20 A. M.; W. 129th St., 10:40 A. M.; Yonkers, 11:10 A. M., for †Bear Mountain, †West Point, (exc. Sunday), †Cornwall, †Newburgh and †Poughkeepsie. On June 21 and 22 this run will be made by Str. Washington Irving.
†Return steamer same day from points marked †.
On Saturday afternoon, June 21, steamer leaves Desbrosses St., 1:40 P. M.; W. 42d St., 2:00 P. M.; W. 129th St., 2:30 P. M., for Bear Mountain, West Point, Newburgh and return to 42d St.
Telephone: Canal 9300.
Hudson River Day Line
Desbrosses St. Pier New York

LONG ISLAND SOUND
Sunday Excursions
Where cool sea breezes are enjoyed. Enough time ashore for sightseeing. Good Music—Refreshments.
Steamer City of Lowell
To Bridgeport
Lv. Pier 40, N. R., Houston St., 10.00 A. M.
Lv. Pier 14, N. R., Fulton St., 10.15 A. M.
Round Trip Fare (incl. War Tax), $1.30
Steamer Richard Peck
To New Haven
Lv. Pier 28, E. R., Catharine St., 9:30 A. M.
Lv. Pier 70, E. R., 22nd St., 10.00 A. M.
Round Trip Fare (incl. War Tax), $1.70
Limited number of tickets on sale at Piers on days of excursions only.
United States Railroad Administration
New England Steamship Lines

BEAR MOUNTAIN
45 MILES UP THE HUDSON
SPECIAL TRIPS To-Day, June 21st
Morning Str. "Cetus" lvs. Battery 9. West 132d St., 9:30 A. M.
Afternoon Str. "GRAND REPUBLIC" Lvs. Battery, 1:30. W. 132d St., 2:00 P. M.
Weekdays Str. "GRAND REPUBLIC" Lvs. Battery, 9:00. West 132d St., 9:30 A. M.
Sundays Strs. "Highlander" and "Grand Republic."
Leave Battery, 9; West 132d St., 9:30 A. M.
Fare Weekdays 55c. Children 30c. Sundays 85c. Children 55c. (Including War Tax.) Round Trip.
MUSIC, REFRESHMENTS on BOARD
Bear Mt. Line. Tel. Bowling Green 7538.

Iron Steamboat Co
CONEY ISLAND
Schedule Subject to Change Without Notice
LEAVE WEST 129TH STREET:
9:40, 10:30, 11:15 A. M.; 12:15, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:15, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30 P. M.
LEAVE PIER 1, NORTH RIVER:
10:20, 11:15 A. M.; 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:00, 6:00, 6:40, 7:15, 8:15, 9:30.
LVE. STEEPLECHASE, CONEY ISLAND:
†11:25 A. M.; 12:25, 1:10, †2:10, 3:10, 3:55, 4:55, *5:25, 6:10, *7:10, 7:30, 8:25, 9:25, 10:30.
Trips marked * do not go to 129th St.
Trips marked † do not stop at Pier 1, N. R.
Telephone Rector 872.
SEE THE WARSHIPS
All Steamers to and from West 129th St.
PASS the PACIFIC FLEET
Now at Anchor in the North River.

A DELIGHTFUL DAYS OUTING
ORANGE LAKE PARK
NEWBURGH, N.Y.
THE PLAYGROUND of the HUDSON
accessible by all Hudson River Steamboats
NY OFFICE 25 W. 42nd ST.
Phone Vanderbilt 4527 for full Information

HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
NEW YORK-ALBANY-TROY
From Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., weekdays, 6 and 7 P. M.; Sundays and Holidays, 6 and 9 P. M. West 132d St., half hour later. Due Albany 6 o'clock following morning. Direct rail connections at Albany to all points north, east and west. Phone Canal 9000.
Express Freight Service. Autos Carried.
HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY

METROPOLITAN LINE
To BOSTON All the Way by Water. Always in Sight of Land.
Via CAPE COD CANAL
Daylight through the Canal both ways.
Leave Pier 18, Foot of Murray St., Daily (Sundays included) at 5:00 P. M. Fare $5.65.
Tickets and information at Wharf.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

DO YOU WISH TO VISIT the BATTLEFIELDS of FRANCE or the GRAVE of a RELATIVE or FRIEND? Two British officers arrange tours by car, arrange for guides if required, hotel accommodation, find where graves are situated, and photograph the same if required. Apply at once by letter and get priority in choice of dates for when visits are allowed by the authorities. Messrs. Arcett & Co., 66, Avenue Victor-Hugo, Paris. (XVIe) France.

U. S. Harbor Line Board will hold Public Hearing, 39 Whitehall Street, New York, Room 512, 11 A. M. June 26, 1919, on proposed extension of pierhead line between Piers 1 and 11, North River, Manhattan. Interested parties invited to attend and be heard.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.40
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $2.97
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.08 to $3.24.
Above prices include war tax.
Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River, Daily and Sunday at 5:30 P. M. Phone Spring 9491.

S. S. "MANDALAY"
Special Trips Sunday, June 22 Weather Permitting
To Atlantic Highlands, Fare 40c Each Way
Lv. Battery 9:30 A. M., 1:30 & 5 P. M.
Music. Dancing. MANDALAY LINE, Tel. Broad 170-3260
Daily Trips Begin Wednesday, June 25.

CUNARD
ANCHOR
Passenger and Freight Services.
NEW YORK to LIVERPOOL
Royal George ... June 24
Vestris ... June 25
Orduna ... July 5
Caronia ... July 5
Carmania ... July 12
Royal George ... July 26
Orduna ... Aug. 2
Caronia ... Aug. 9
Carmania ... Aug. 16
Royal George ... Aug. 30
NEW YORK to SOUTHAMPTON
Aquitania ... June 30
Mauretania ... July 11
Aquitania ... July 28
Mauretania ... Aug. 8
Aquitania ... Aug. 23
Mauretania ... Sept. 5
NEW YORK to GLASGOW
Olympia ... June 23
BOSTON to GLASGOW
Massilia ... July 12
NEW YORK to PLYMOUTH, HAVRE and LONDON
Saxonia ... July 17
21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
AMERICAN
PHILADELPHIA—LIVERPOOL
Haverford ... July 10
WHITE STAR
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
Lapland ... June 21 | Baltic ... July 1
Celtic ... July 5
N. Y.—AZORES—GIBRALTAR
NAPLES—GENOA
Canopic ... July 1
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE
NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM
via Falmouth & Boulogne-Sur-Mer
S. S. NEW AMSTERDAM ... July 2
S. S. NOORDAM ... July 16
S. S. ROTTERDAM ... Aug. 2
For Rates and Further Information Apply General Passenger Office, 24 State St., N. Y.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Express Postal Service
NEW YORK—FRANCE
WEEKLY DEPARTURES.
Company's Office, 19 State St., New York. Phone Bowling Green 7800.

NIAGARA TO THE SEA
The all-water route. For illustrated guide, address John F. Pierce, Dept. 102, Canada Steamship Lines, Montreal, Canada.

AGWI LINES Steamship service—Florida, the Carolinas, Cuba, Texas, California, Mexico, Porto Rico, Santo Domingo. Information, reservations, tickets. 489 Fifth Ave.

California
TOURS
FRANK TOURIST CO.,
398 B'way, 489 5th Av. Tel. 4530 Franklin.

New Jersey Central
C. R. R. of N. J.
EXCURSIONS
SUNDAYS
JUNE 22 and 29, 1919
LAKE HOPATCONG $1.50
(War Tax, 12c additional)
Leave West 23rd St., 8:20, Liberty St. 8:40 A. M., Jackson Ave., Jersey City, 8:58 A. M., Broad St., Newark, 8:43 A.M.
ATLANTIC CITY $2.50
(War Tax, 20c Additional)
Leave West 23rd St. 7:50, Liberty St. 8:00 A. M., Jackson Ave., Jersey City, 8:16 A. M., Broad St., Newark, 8:00 A.M.

RESORTS.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Burlington Hotel
431 Rooms with Bath, $2.50 to $5.00
WASHINGTON, D. C.
CANADA.
LOUR LODGE and COTTAGES
DIGBY, NOVA SCOTIA.
Write for Booklet P.
Golf, tennis, boating, bathing, fishing
CANADA—Muskoka Lakes.
Royal Muskoka
Get away to happiness—away to the nerve-resting, pine scented, sleep-giving air of the Muskoka Lakes. There you will find this Hotel, cheery rooms, good food, golf. Every room a fixed rate. Illustrated Booklet. Royal Muskoka Hotel P.O., Lake Rosseau, Ont.

NEW YORK.
THE REAL COUNTRY.
THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE,
Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.
45 minutes to 42d St.; capacity 150; $14 up; sleeping porches, private baths, dancing, tennis; swimming pool, fishing, saddle horses, instructor, Grill. Telephone White Plains 1165. Booklet.
GLENBURNIE INN
ON LAKE GEORGE
Distinctive Refinement and Comfort.
Golf, Tennis, Boating, Bathing.
Walton & Messener, Glenburnie, N.Y.
Mamakating Inn
Mamakating Park,
WURTSBORO, N. Y.
RATES $15 UP. INGA FEHD.
SHELTER ISLAND HEIGHTS, N.Y.
Summer Cottages for rent or sale, furnished; modern improvements; beautiful view of bay. Apply C. Wesley Smith. Tel. 4.
NEW YORK—Long Island.
The Hall Glen Cove Long Island
Within commuting distance of N. Y. C. Good train service. Attractive to those appreciating quiet, well-ordered home. Private beach. No mosquitoes. All modern improvements. References.
Booklet Free—Mgt. Gillan & Co.
ENTIRE BLOCK
OCEAN FRONT
Hotel Amer. Plan
Modern Private Baths.
PARK INN
ROCKAWAY PARK, L. I.
First Class a la Carte Restaurant
Moderate Prices
Orchestra, Dancing.
Opens June 28th.
L. WINTERFIELD, Prop.
PROSPECT HOUSE
Shelter Island Heights, L. I., N. Y.
Opens June 28th. Shore and Country.
All Sports. Acc. 300. Booklet B.
Special July 4th Week-end.
AMERICAN HOUSE,
Long Beach West, furnished rooms and restaurant. By day or week. All improvements. Moderate prices. A. Bogaards, Prop.
NEW YORK—Adirondacks.
PINE REST, ON LAKE GEORGE.
An ideal spot to spend your vacation; home cooking and good beds; raw boats free; rates $12.00, $14.00 and $16.00.
NEW JERSEY.
Hotel Beechwood
Summit, N. J.
Five minutes from depot. Easy commutation via D. L. & W. and Hudson Tubes. Misses Gillan & Edwards, also of Edgewood Inn, Greenwich, Conn.
OPEN ALL YEAR.
The Breakers
SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
Ocean front. Surf bathing, tennis, golf, saddle horses, music. Ideal family hotel. Exclusive clientele. Excellent table; good service. No mosquitoes. Ownership management.
LOUIS N. MOSS.
HATHAWAY INN
DEAL, N. J. Reconstructed, refurnished; Cuisine, Service, Music, first class; 50 suites with bath; running water, phone in every room; 18-hole golf course; tennis courts; ocean and pool bathing.
A MODERN A LA CARTE RESTAURANT for convenience of motorists. Ph. 2891 Deal.
FRANK J. LYNCH, Sec. and Treas.
ARTHUR J. O'KEEFFE, President.
JAMES H. O'DONNELL, Mgr.
FOREST HOUSE, BUDD LAKE, N. J.
FISHING, BATHING, BOATING, DANCING.
ONLY HOTEL ON LAKE FRONT.
Opens Decoration Day. Special rates for June.
J. BINGHAM. Phone Netcong 29-J.
CALIFORNIA LODGE, Lake Hopatcong. Different from anything, anywhere. Christian management; on lake shore; trolley terminal near; 8 minutes D., L. & W.; own dance hall, orchestra; near all churches; phone; rate $16. Beautifully illustrated booklet.
THE SHOREHAM
SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
Now Open. E. E. Spangenberg, Prop.
GREEN POND HOTEL, Green Pond, N. J. Elev. 1050 ft.; tennis, canoeing, fishing. Bungalows for rent. Exclusive clientele. Bklt.
NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.
The Ambassador
Atlantic City, N. J.
The Atlantic Coast's newest and most luxurious hotel—costing $4,000,000—now open to the public and catering to a select clientele. On the Board Walk, yet in the quiet Chelsea residential district. Dining room overlooks ocean—great terraces, spacious solariums, and ideal bathing facilities.
Direction of D. M. Linnard, President of the California Hotel Company, operating the famous group of exclusive hotels at Los Angeles, Pasadena, Santa Barbara, and San Francisco.
Marlborough-Blenheim
THE LEADING RESORT HOUSE OF THE WORLD
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
"THE NATION'S HEALTH SHOP"
HEALTH IS EFFICIENCY
A Germicide Climate and Clean Streets
No Dust, No Dirt. Innumerable Outdoor Recreations and Indoor Entertainments
Ownership Management Josiah White & Sons Co.
The Breakers
ATLANTIC CITY'S NEWEST FIREPROOF HOTEL
Along the Ocean Front. Unusually attractive at all seasons of the year. Luxurious lobbies; spacious verandas and sun parlors overlooking the ocean. Fresh and Sea water baths. Charming afternoon musicales and evening concerts. Garage.
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS.
$2.50 UP DAILY; $14 UP WKLY. AM. PLAN
ELBERON
& fireproof Annex. Tennessee Ave., near Beach. Cap. 400. Central; open surroundings; opp. Catholic and Protestant churches. Private baths.
Running Water in All Rooms
Excellent table; fresh vegetables. Windows screened. White service. Booklet. R. B. LUDY, M. D.
ROYAL PALACE
HOTEL AND COTTAGES
Massachusetts Ave. & Beach, ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
Concerts Afternoons and Evenings
NEAR ALL PIERS AND AMUSEMENTS
Capacity 600. Diet Kitchen.
Open All Year. S. Hanstein, Prop.
Hotel Rio Grande
NEW YORK AVE. ONE DOOR FROM BOARDWALK
Fireproof. Corner House. Centre of Amusement District. Special Rooms Rates $1. Elevator. Running Water in Rooms. Suites with Bath. Garage. M. M. McCALL, Owner-Prop.
HOTEL MERION — FIREPROOF,
Vermont Av. and the beach, near all attractions. Capacity 350. Homelike modern hotel. Superior table, elevator, private baths, running water in rooms, etc. Large grounds; extensive porches. Ownership management.
M. L. FARLEY.
THE WILTSHIRE
Virginia Av. and Beach. Ocean view. Capacity 350. Private baths, running water in rooms, elevator, etc. Amer. plan—$3.50 up daily; special weekly. Booklet. SAMUEL ELLIS.

NEW JERSEY—Asbury Park.
PLAZA HOTEL
and famous Grill on the Ocean Front.
ASBURY PARK, N. J.
Headquarters for Auto Tourists.
European Plan. Modern Garage.
The New Ocean Hotel
Finest European Hotel on the North Jersey Coast. Capacity 350.
H. GARDNER, Mgr.
THE LAFAYETTE
Exclusive patronage. Beautiful suites with baths. Also bachelor Apartments, tub, needle and shower baths. June to Oct. White service.
M. H. FROST & SON, Asbury Park, N. J.
HOTEL BRISTOL
Directly on the Ocean Front.
Banta & Hilyard, Owners and Props.
AUDITORIUM HOTEL,
Asbury Park, N. J., opposite New Monterey. Superior accommodations; ocean front; new management. M. L. WHITE.
HOTEL NEW YORK 4th Ave., near ocean. Capacity 150.
Excellent cuisine. G. M. GATTLE.
NEW ENGLAND.
"On the Edge of the Ocean"
Hotel Preston
AND COTTAGES
Beach Bluff, Mass.
Opens for Season June 21st.
Hotel Preston caters to a discriminating patronage who appreciate the comforts of a well appointed home combined with the equipment of a modern hotel. Long distance telephone in every room.
This combination and its superb location make Hotel Preston the "Ideal Resort Hotel."
Management of
J. A. SHERRARD,
Proprietor.
Edgewood Inn
Greenwich, Conn.
45 minutes from Grand Central Station
Under management of
MISSES GILLAN & EDWARDS.
Also Managers of The Beechwood, Summit, N. J.
PINE GROVE SPRINGS
ON THE SHORE OF LAKE SPOFFORD, N. H.
GOLF, TENNIS, FISHING, MOTORING, BOATING, DANCING.
UNPRETENTIOUS—ATTRACTIVE—WHOLESOME.
BRADBURY F. CUSHING, Manager.
N. Y. Booking Office: SPUR TRAVEL BUREAU, 425 FIFTH AVE.
TEL. VANDERBILT 274.
ELY COURT HOTEL
Greenwich, Connecticut.
45 minutes from New York.
On high ridge overlooking
Long Island Sound.
Bath with every double room.
VERMONT RESORTS
Free information booklets by writing HARRY A. BLACK, Sec. of State, Publicity Bureau, Montpelier, Vt.
PENNSYLVANIA.
BUCKWOOD INN
(FIREPROOF)
Shawnee-on-Delaware, Pennsylvania

A few furnished cottages and bungalows for rent by month or season. All located near Shawnee Country Club Golf course. Meals can be taken at Inn if desired.
CHAS. V. MURPHY, Manager
Enjoy the Beautiful Spring Season at
THE KITTATINNY
The Mountain Paradise,
The Leading Hotel of
DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.
Now open. Capacity 500. Every modern appointment and comfort. Steam heat. Log fires. Golf, Tennis, Trout Fishing, Canoeing, Daily Concerts, Nightly Dances. Exceptional Cuisine. American plan, also a la carte Restaurant. Garage. Booklet. Auto Maps and Terms on request. JOHN PURDY COPE.
BUENA VISTA HOTEL
Blue Ridge Mountains.
OPENS JUNE 26.
MOUNT PLEASANT HOUSE,
Mount Pocono, Pa.—Private baths; free garage. W. T. & H. M. LEECH.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY. —BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, Plaintiff, against NATIONAL SECURITIES CORPORATION, Defendant.

By virtue of a certain writ of execution to me directed and delivered, and duly issued after a judgment in favor of the plaintiff and against the defendant in the above-entitled action duly made and entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the 22nd day of March, 1919, I will expose to sale at Public Vendue on the 27th day of June, 1919, at twelve o'clock noon, (standard time,) at the rotunda of the County Court House of the County of New York, in City Hall Park, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan:

I. All property, debts, credits and effects and all rights and shares of stock, with all interest, profits and dividends thereon or therefrom, of National Securities Corporation in the possession or under the control of Guaranty Trust Company of New York, or which may come into the possession or under the control of Guaranty Trust Company of New York, including specifically all the right, title and interest of National Securities Corporation in and to the securities and cash held by Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Trustee under a certain Trust Agreement, dated July 1, 1914, securing Ten-Year Six Per Cent. Prior Lien Gold Notes, and the interest, profits and dividends thereon or therefrom, the right to redeem said securities and cash from the lien of said Trust Agreement, and all right, claims and demands which National Securities Corporation has or may hereafter have upon or under said Trust Agreement; the securities and cash now held by Guaranty Trust Company of New York as Trustee under said Trust Agreement being as follows:

(a)	4% Notes of Idaho Power Company, due July 1, 1924, for the aggregate principal amount of	$3,209,000.00
(b)	1,500 shares of Idaho Power Company 7% Cumulative Preferred Stock, par value	150,000.00
(c)	140,984 shares of Idaho Power Company Common Stock; par value	14,098,400.00
(d)	500 shares of the Capital Stock of Electric Investment Company; par value	50,000.00
(e)	Cash	304.42

II. All property, debts, credits and effects, and all rights and shares of stock, with all interest, profits and dividends thereon or therefrom, of National Securities Corporation in the possession or under the control of Electric Bond and Share Company, or which may come into the possession or under the control of Electric Bond and Share Company, including specifically all the right, title and interest of National Securities Corporation in and to 173 shares of preferred stock of Idaho Power Company, or the proceeds thereof, held by Electric Bond and Share Company under a certain agreement between National Securities Corporation and Electric Bond and Share Company dated November 30, 1918, and all payments made or to be made under said agreement, and all rights, claims and demands which National Securities Corporation has or may hereafter have upon or under said agreement.

III. All rights, title, interest and claim of National Securities Corporation to demand and receive from the United States Collector of Internal Revenue for the Second District of New York the sum of $218.75, with any accrued interest thereon, representing an excess payment of Federal Income Tax made by National Securities Corporation for the year 1917.

This sale is made pursuant to and in compliance with an order of the Supreme Court of the State of New York in the above-entitled action entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York and bearing date the 16th day of May, 1919, as resettled by further order of said Court entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York and bearing date the 29th day of May, 1919.

Dated New York, June 20, 1919.

DAVID H. KNOTT,
Sheriff of the County of New York.
JOHN J. MURRAY, Deputy Sheriff.

AHB

Balanced

The territory served by the subsidiaries of the Middle West Utilities Co. is so well diversified that the demand for power is well balanced. This means high earning power on the invested dollar, steadily maintained.

In a similar way the securities of these companies, deposited as collateral behind the Middle West Utilities Co. Three Year 6% Notes (due Sept. 1, 1921) provide for safety.

We particularly invite requests for free circular TM describing these Notes, to yield

7¼%

A.H. Bickmore & Co
111 BROADWAY, N.Y.

Oil.
Bids for Navy

Bids were opened by the Navy June 17th for the delivery of approximately 8,000,000 barrels of fuel oil. The Shipping Board has in operation 14 tank steamships, of about 125,000 dead weight tons. Those under construction aggregate 737,000 tons. All require fuel oil for operation. The significant fact attached to this programme for our own Navy and government-controlled shipping is that every great naval power is committed to the same policy.

J. R. Bridgeford & Co
111 Broadway New York
Telephone 2841 Rector

We have orders in

Republic Motor Truck Pfd.
Niles Bement Pond
Standard Screw
Manhattan Elec. Supply Co.
Northern Securities
Babcock & Wilcox
Am. Road Machinery
Pyrene Manufacturing Co.
Standard Coupler
Winchester Co. (All Issues)
Colombian Emerald Syn.
Aetna Explosives Pfd.
Peerless Motor Truck
Remington Typewriter
N. Y. Shipbuilding

Gwynne Bros.
Tel. Broad 3230 to 3235. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

Stern Bros.
7% Pfd. Stock

American Malt
Old Stock
Bought—Sold—Quoted

Merrill, Lynch & Co.
Trading Department
120 Broadway, New York
Phone Rector 6070.

We are in the market for

Hupp Motor
Preferred

Morton Lachenbruch & Co.
PHILADELPHIA Land Title Bldg. Tel. Spruce 381.
NEW YORK 42 Broad Street. Tel. Broad 7300.

Standard Oil
Stocks

Bought—Sold—Quoted

C. C. Kerr & Co.
2 Wall St., N. Y. 'Phone 6780 Rector

Amer. Malting Com.
Int'l & Gt. Nor. Corp.
Kirby Lumber Com. & Pfd.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y

Mercantile Bank of the Americas
An American Bank of Foreign Trade
New York, 44 Pine Street
Paris, 11 Blvd. Haussmann
Barcelona, Canada 2
Capital and Surplus $4,900,000.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Report That Germany Accepts Peace Treaty Sends Prices Up Rapidly.

For the first time this week yesterday's stock market appeared to respond to the advices from abroad concerning the peace negotiations. The early reports that the German National Assembly had voted to accept the Peace Treaty seemed to inspire Wall Street with new enthusiasm, and, despite the subsequent tentative denials of the acceptance, the market continued to move forward, exhibiting its greatest strength and activity in the closing hour, when practically all stocks were strong, and the industrial favorites were almost sensationally so. The industrials, of course, attracted most attention and were easily the more active, but the railroad shares were in better demand and at more favorable prices than at any time in several days. All in all, it was a better rounded market than the Street has been seeing of late, and certainly the tone was all that the most rampant bull could desire.

The share turnover was far under some of the recent big trading affairs. In this respect the market looked more active than it really was, taking it on the basis of a full five-hour day. While the advance was well distributed, trading went by fits and starts, with a dull period in the middle of the day and a good deal of activity crowded into the last hour. However, the total sales were well over 1,000,000 shares, a fact which causes the present sequence of big days to equal the record of "million share days" established in the Spring of 1901, which terminated with the "May 9 panic," when the sequence ran to 44.

In the foreign exchange market nothing of consequence happened until late in the day, when bills on Paris moved upward very sharply, advancing about 13 centimes in a few minutes. The early reports of German acceptance of the Peace Treaty had brought about a remarkably strong and prompt action in stock prices, but exchanges were listless until near the close, when the quick advance in francs occurred. Sterling and lire were dull and moved within narrow ranges. Sentimentally, the signing of the treaty should help these exchanges some, but it is a question as to just how much. In some quarters it has been felt that the sentimental influence would be pronounced, while elsewhere the opinion prevailed that it would take concrete developments to move rates substantially. Of the two opinions, the latter appears the more logical, although those who insisted that the stock market had "discounted" the signing yesterday were inclined to retract.

The trade reviews of the week were couched in no uncertain terms. "Activity in demand, strength of prices and optimism as to the outlook, stand out more clearly than at any previous date since the armistice," says Bradstreet's, and Dun's Review, in commenting on the situation, says: "Commercial advices are such as to leave no doubt as to their meaning, and questionings of the genuineness of the business revival steadily diminish as concrete evidences of progress multiply." The June daily average of bank clearings, as compiled by Dun's, shows a figure of $1,288,325,000, which is $134,500,000 greater than the daily average of May, the previous high record.

The rate for call money yesterday was never above 6 per cent. for mixed loans, and at the close had fallen to 5 per cent., with the industrial quotations fractionally higher. Unless the end of the month demand develops earlier than expected, it now appears probable that next week will see no upheaval, but, at the same time, bankers are inclined to be cautious in their predictions and do not attempt to minimize the June 30 and July 1 requirements, and the part they may play in altering the call money rate.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'L.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
High	6	High	6½
Low	5	Low	5½
Renewals	6	Renewals	6½
Last	5½	Last	6

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances....4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	6	Sixty days	6
Ninety days	6	Ninety days	6
Four months	6	Four months	6
Five months	6	Five months	6
Six months	6	Six months	6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days....4¼@4¼
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days....4⅜@4¼
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days....5½@5

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days....5¼
4 to 6 months....5¼@5½

Other Names.

4 to 6 months....5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.60⅝	$4.60⅝	$4.60⅝	—.00¼
Cables	4.61⅞	4.61¼	4.61¼	—.00¼
Francs—				
Demand	6.36	6.46	6.36	+.13½
Cables	6.34	6.44	6.34	+.13½

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.60⅝	$4.61¼
5.1813	Paris	6.36	6.34
5.1813	Belgium	6.78	6.70
	China—		
	Hongkong	83.50	83.60
	Shanghai	125.50	125.75
	Peking	133.00	133.25
40.20	Holland	39.0625	39.25
19.30	Greece	19.25	19.30
5.1813	Italy	8.07	8.05
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	40.00	40.25
	Calcutta	40.00	40.25
49.85	Japan—		
	Kobe	51.50	51.75
	Yokohama	51.50	51.75
19.30	Spain	19.96	20.08
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	49.50	49.75
26.80	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	25.80	26.00
	Christiania	25.10	25.30
	Copenhagen	23.80	24.00
	South America—		
42.44	Buenos Aires	43.25	43.375
32.44	Rio	28.125	28.25
5.1813	Switzerland	5.35	5.33
51.46	Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
	100 rubles	9.60	10.10
	500 rubles	9.50	10.00

The following exchange rates are quoted by the American Relief Administration for dealings in which it is the exclusive authorized agency:

	Kronen Per Dollar.
Germany	*12.65
Poland	*16.00
Austria	24.00
Jugoslavia	23.00
Czechoslovakia	15.50
Finland	†9.65
Rumania	‡9.35

*Marks per dollar. †Finmarks per dollar. ‡Lei to the dollar.

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
Nominal.		$4.57⅝	$4.56¼

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $826,022,421; balance, $90,011,734; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $417,905; Federal Reserve credit balance, $77,655,745.

Domestic Exchanges.

Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $28.4375.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 54½d; in New York, $1.11⅝; Mexican dollars, 80¼@84¼c.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Equitable Trust Company has been appointed trustee for the $16,000,000 debenture bond issue of the Allied Packers, Inc., which will shortly be publicly offered.

The Guaranty Trust Company has been appointed transfer agent of the stock of the White Eagle Oil and Refining Company.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, JUNE 20, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	1,273,150	578,400	611,800
Year to date	131,668,709	69,824,075	96,792,012

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
50	51	200	Adams Express	50	50	50	50	...
45	45¾	3,400	Advance Rumely	44¼	45½	44¼	45⅝	+⅜
73½	73¾	100	Advance Rumely pf	72¾	72¾	72¾	72¾	−1¼
91	92	2,300	Ajax Rubber	91⅝	93	91	91⅞	+1⅜
2	2⅛	1,100	Alaska Juneau	2	2	2	2	...
42½	43	1,100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	43	43½	42⅝	43	+⅛
95½	96	100	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	96	96	96	96	...
110	111	8,500	Am. Agricul. Chem	110⅝	112¼	110⅝	110⅞	−⅛
100	101	200	Am. Agri. Chem. pf	101	101	101	101	+1
86	87	2,200	Am. Beet Sugar	86	88¼	85¾	87⅝	+1⅜
..	..	200	Am. Bosch Magneto	98¼	98⅝	98½	98⅝	+⅝
56½	56¾	15,200	Am. Can	54⅞	57	54⅞	56⅝	+2½
110½	110¾	5,100	Am. Car & Fdry	110½	111¼	110	110¾	+1¼
62⅝	62½	6,600	Am. Cotton Oil	61¾	63½	61⅛	62⅝	+⅞
12¼	12⅝	200	Am. Druggists	12	12½	12	12½	...
83½	83½	2,600	Am. H. & Leather	82⅝	83½	82½	83½	+⅝
123½	124	1,200	Am. H. & L. pf	123	124½	123	124	+1½
65	66	2,200	Am. Ice	65	67	65	66	+2½
74	75	300	Am. Ice pf	75	75	74½	75	...
109	109¼	34,900	Am. International	102	109½	101½	109	+6¼
74⅝	75	8,000	Am. Linseed	71½	75	71½	74½	+3⅞
95	95½	300	Am. Linseed pf	95½	95⅝	95½	95½	+½
84¼	84½	4,100	Am. Locomotive	84½	84⅝	83⅝	84½	+⅝
81⅛	82	4,300	Am. Smelt. & Ref	81	82	81	81⅛	+⅛
118	120	100	Am. Snuff	121	121	121	121	...
41½	41⅝	11,900	Am. Steel F'dries	43	43	41½	41½	...
133⅝	134	2,800	Am. Sugar Ref	131½	134⅝	131½	133	+1½
114	114½	5,100	Am. Sumatra Tob	112⅝	115	112⅝	114½	+2¼
95	96	100	Am. Sumatra T. pf	96	96	96	96	...
106	106¼	1,400	Am. Tel. & Tel. x d	106	106¼	105⅞	106	+⅛
217	219	1,100	Am. Tobacco	218¾	220	218¾	218¾	+½
115	115½	1,400	Am. Woolen	113⅞	115½	113⅞	115	+1½
106½	108	100	Am. Woolen pf	107	107	107	107	+1
46½	46¼	800	Am. Writing P. pf	45½	46⅝	45½	46⅝	+⅝
22½	23	1,300	Am. Zinc, L. & S	22	22½	22	22½	+⅝
72¼	72¾	7,800	Anaconda Copper	71	72½	71	72½	+1½
1⅞	2⅛	1,800	Assets Realization	1⅞	2⅞	1⅞	2⅞	+½
52	53	800	Asso. Dry Goods	52	53	51¾	53	+1¼
99	100	2,000	Atch., Top. & S. F	99¼	99¾	99	99¼	+½
87⅝	87⅞	700	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	87¾	87⅞	87¾	87⅞	...
100¼	104	100	Atlantic Coast Line	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	−¼
177	178½	2,400	At., Gulf & West I	177	179	175	177	+3½
101⅝	102	27,400	Baldwin Loco	99⅝	102¼	99⅝	102	+3
105	111	200	Baldwin Loco. pf	109	109	109	109	...
50⅝	50⅞	3,000	Baltimore & Ohio	50	50⅝	50	50⅞	+⅝
136½	136¾	300	Barrett Co	136½	136½	136½	136½	+½
1½	1¾	500	Batopilas Mining	1⅝	1⅝	1½	1½	−½
88⅝	88½	14,400	Beth Steel, Class B	87⅞	89⅝	87¼	88½	+1½
..	..	200	Beth. Steel 7% pf	105½	105½	105½	105½	+½
111½	112	300	Beth. Steel 8% pf	112½	112½	111½	111½	−1½
22⅞	23	8,100	Booth Fisheries	22½	23⅝	22	22⅞	+⅝
84	..	100	Booth. Fish. 1st pf	84	84	84	84	...
28⅝	29¼	2,200	Brook. Rapid Tran	29	29⅝	28⅝	29¼	−⅛
99	101	100	Brookly Edison	99	99	99	99	...
89	92	100	Brook. Union Gas	89½	89½	89½	89½	+⅜
9	9¾	300	Bruns. Ter. & Ry. S	9	9¾	9	9¾	+⅝
83½	85	800	Butterick Co	84½	84½	83½	83½	−1
13½	13¼	3,200	Butte Cop. & Zinc	13	13½	13	13¼	...
28½	29	2,200	Butte & Superior	28	29¼	27⅞	28½	+⅛
45½	45¾	1,100	Caddo Cent. O. & R	45⅝	46	45½	45½	+½
69¼	69⅝	9,100	Cal. Packing	68⅝	69¾	68	69½	+½

Continued at Bottom of Columns Six and Seven.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Market Record Equaled.

With yesterday's turnover of more than 1,000,000 shares a stock market record made as far back as 1901 was equaled. There have now been forty-four consecutive million share days, the Saturday short sessions, of course, being eliminated. The present run started on April 21, and at times since then the trading has touched close to the 2,000,000-share mark. The prospect of Germany signing the Peace Treaty was a pronounced factor in yesterday's dealings. The entire list displayed strength, some of the recent favorites with the speculative following moving to new high levels. The advance was, however, orderly, without the sensational performances which have been in evidence during the recent past.

⁂

Interest Revived in the Rails.

While the industrial shares in yesterday's stock market received their full share of attention, one of the features of the day was the revival of interest in the rails, which, after a day of comparative dullness, firmed suddenly and closed with prices substantially higher. Not only were the majority of the high-priced railroad stocks in much better demand, but issues which have not been traded for several days became active and on limited transactions sold up. One instance of this sensitiveness was displayed by Colorado Southern, which on sales of fewer than 500 shares gained 3 points. St. Louis & San Francisco gained more than 2 points, Missouri Pacific closed with a net gain of 2⅜, New York Central was up ⅝ points, Reading the same, and Southern Pacific sold 1⅜ higher.

⁂

April Freight Ton Mileage.

Had it not been for the continued heavy passenger traffic on the railroads through April, the income showing for that month would have been much worse than it was, according to the Bureau of Railway News and Statistics. The bureau says the decrease in freight ton mileage for the month was 24.6 per cent., but because of the freight rate increases put in effect by Director General of Railroads McAdoo in 1918, the freight receipts showed an increase of not quite 1 per cent. over April, 1918. The bureau submits the following table of results in April for the last five years:

	Operating Revenue.*	Operating Expense.*	Income after taxes.*	Operating Ratio.
1919	$399,556	$354,755	$28,372	88.80
1918	380,583	289,087	75,962	75.94
1917	331,824	237,076	78,482	71.55
1916	289,827	196,567	80,266	67.82
1915	239,251	171,511	56,190	71.69

*000 omitted.

⁂

Virginia-Carolina Chemical Favored.

Virginia-Carolina Chemical attracted enough following yesterday to carry the stock up to 83¾, but profits proved too tempting for some holders and the closing price was a full point lower at 82¾. There were rumors that when the Directors meet for dividend action next week there may be an increase in the present rate. There were also reports of pool activity in the stock.

⁂

Corn Products a Feature.

Corn Products Refining, one of the issues which in past years has been a continued disappointment to those speculatively inclined, was one of the outstanding features in yesterday's trading. As one of the so-called food favorites the stock, on a turnover of considerably more than 55,000 shares, sold as high as 73½ after opening at 70. This gain was fairly well maintained, even when profit-taking sales came later in the afternoon, the issue closing at 72¼, with a net gain of more than 1½ points. Bullish talk on the stock embraced the report that the company was opening offices in Europe for a broad selling campaign.

⁂

Copper Price Higher.

Although there is a quite tone to the copper market, the price for the red metal continues to show firmness, even a slight advance being recorded yesterday when 17⅝ cents a pound was quoted for immdiate delivery. Apparently the factor of demand is not in itself influencing greatly the price of copper at the present time. The producers hold the reins and the price can be anything which they ask. There is undoubtedly an urgent need for copper in many industries, but the producers are able and willing to wait for the business to develop. At the same time there is a warning contained in the recent fractional advances that the price for the metal may be even higher for those who postpone purchases for any great length of time. August delivery is already on an 18-cent basis.

⁂

Auto Trade Busy.

An indication of the extent of the recovery made by the automobile companies in the transition from a war to a peace basis is shown in the productive figures of the Chandler Motor Car Company. The output of cars last week was 627, compared with sixty-five cars a week during the latter part of 1918. At the present rate of production the output for the year will be about 30,000 cars. The same degree of activity, it is said, exists with regard to other prominent automobile companies.

⁂

Tobacco Products Rights.

Contrary to the usual procedure when rights are listed on the big board, Tobacco Products rights yesterday persisted in advancing, whereas normally they would show a decline, due to realizing sales. The rights were even stronger than the stock, the gain for the day being 2⅜ points, while the stock advanced 2 points. The opening for the rights was at 13⅞. The high for the day was 16⅛ with a reaction at the close to 15⅞.

⁂

Bid and Asked Quotations.

A matter of a little difference of 150 points existed yesterday between the bid and asked quotations for Texas and Pacific Land Trust Certificates. The bid for even lots was 450 and the asked was 600. During yesterday's trading odd lots to the extent of 60 shares changed hands between 450 and the close of 470.

⁂

Maturities July 1.

Corporate maturities on July 1 next approximate $98,000,000, divided among industrial, public utility, and railroad companies. This compares with a total of nearly $50,000,000 on June 1 and $120,250,000 July 1, 1918. Of the coming maturities $25,000,000 are railroad bonds and notes, $54,350,000 are public utility issues, and approximately $18,000,000 are industrial. It is not considered probable that much new financing will be done, particularly for the railroads, as it is expected that several of these maturing issues will be extended.

⁂

American International.

American International Corporation shares were in active demand during the late trading yesterday. The advance of this issue has been fought to a moderate extent by the shorts, some of whom were evidently forced to cover when the stock became strong. While little tangible is known as to American International affairs, rumors have been afloat for some time regarding the benefit which the company was deriving from profitable investments in the market.

⁂

Texas & Pacific Soars.

There was lively bidding for Texas & Pacific Railway shares yesterday, this issue, with a gain of 8¼ points, being one of the foremost speculative favorites. The action of the stock savored strongly of pool operations, the gain of yesterday topping a substantial gain made the day before.

⁂

Interest in Royal Dutch.

Both classes of Royal Dutch stock moved forward easily yesterday, the New York shares gaining 5¼ points and the American shares 4⅞. The gain seemed to be predicated on a more favorable interpretation of the plan for increasing the capital of the company as related to the rights for the old stock. The subscription right applies to one new share for every four shares of old stock held.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, JUNE 20, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	$8,199,000	$7,244,000	$1,797,150
Year to date	1,548,102,989	705,630,500	488,795,600

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S Liberty 3½s, 1932-'47
20.... 99.38
75.... 99.40
17.... 99.32
87.... 99.30
1.... 99.28
5.... 99.30
80.... 99.32
95.... 99.34

$830,000
1st conv 4s, 1932-'47
21.... 95.00
1.... 94.90
5.... 95.00

$27,000
2d 4s, 1927-'42
120.... 94.00
27.... 94.00
5.... 94.04
80.... 94.00
90.... 94.04
20.... 94.06
1.... 94.00
20.... 94.08
24.... 94.10
2.... 94.00
40.... 94.10

$434,000
1st conv 4¼s, 1932-'47
4.... 95.30
8.... 95.32
30.... 95.30

$42,000
2d conv 4¼s, 1927-'42
57.... 94.16
10.... 94.18
34.... 94.20
½.... 94.22
1.... 94.18
5.... 94.24
57.... 94.18
61.... 94.16
2.... 94.18
35.... 94.20
4.... 94.14
15.... 94.20
2.... 94.18
18.... 94.14
60.... 94.16
20.... 94.18
2.... 94.14
1.... 94.18
4.... 94.14
90.... 94.16
2.... 94.14
2.... 94.18
4.... 94.14
25.... 94.18
2.... 94.14
50.... 94.18
6.... 94.16
37.... 94.18
9.... 94.14
10.... 94.18
20.... 94.16
2.... 94.14

$547,500
3d 4¼s, 1928
100.... 95.20
10.... 95.18
30.... 95.20
15.... 95.26
11.... 95.20
20.... 95.24
5.... 95.22
35.... 95.20
5.... 95.30
5.... 95.20
1.... 95.18

14.... 95.10
150.... 95.16
1.... 95.14
7.... 95.12
7.... 95.10
8.... 95.14
12.... 95.10
10.... 95.12
50.... 95.16

$1,362,000
4th 4¼s, 1933-'38
6.... 94.16
70.... 94.20
52.... 94.22
134.... 94.20
22.... 94.18
25.... 94.22
19.... 94.24
100.... 94.20
142.... 94.18
8.... 94.20
17.... 94.18
18.... 94.16
15.... 94.18
66.... 94.20
52.... 94.18
7.... 94.20
1.... 94.16
10.... 94.18
2.... 94.22
1.... 94.16
1.... 94.18
58.... 94.20
2.... 94.18
1.... 94.16
4.... 94.18
7.... 94.20
10.... 94.22
68.... 94.20
52.... 94.18
2.... 94.16
20.... 94.18
10.... 94.20
10.... 94.24
12.... 94.20
70.... 94.16
60.... 94.20
4.... 94.18
120.... 94.20
35.... 94.22
108.... 94.20
2.... 94.18
21.... 94.20
56.... 94.22
5.... 94.18
10.... 94.20
1.... 94.18
23.... 94.22
8.... 94.20
68.... 94.24
49.... 94.22
98.... 94.20
1.... 94.18
4.... 94.20
28.... 94.22
84.... 94.20
1.... 94.26
50.... 94.20

$1,921,000
Vic Lib Loan 3¾, 1922-'23
15....100.02
48....100.08
15....100.04
2....100.08
20....100.06
25....100.04
23....100.00

$148,000
4¾s, 1922-'23
35.... 99.98
8....100.00
82.... 99.96
5....100.00

C of Lyons 6s
3.... 99¼
C of Paris 6s
32.... 97¾
10.... 97⅞
1.... 97¾
Dom of Can 5s, 1921
1.... 98⅝
1926
1.... 97
1931
9.... 96⅛
3.... 98¼
3.... 98⅛
Rep of Cuba 5s of 1904
2.... 90½
Un King of Gt B & I 5½s,'19
25.... 99⅞
50.... 99¾
10.... 99⅞
10.... 99⅞
5½s, 1921
8.... 98⅝
5½s, 1937
10.... 99⅝
N Y City 4½s, 1964
2.... 97⅞
4½s, May,'57
1....102⅞
Nov, 1957
2....102¼
1963
3....102¼

Am Cot Oil 5s
2.... 88
Am Sm & Ref temp 1st 5s
2.... 89½
1.... 89
1.... 88⅞
10.... 88⅝
10.... 88⅝
Am Tel & Tel col 4s
1.... 85
col tr 5s
1.... 91⅝
3.... 91½
1.... 91⅝
5.... 91¼
conv 6s
2....103⅞
1....103⅝
1....103⅞
12....103⅝
Am Tob 6s
1....119
Arm & Co 4½s
3.... 87¼
1.... 87⅛
At, Top & S F gen 4s
1.... 81⅝
5½.... 81½
6.... 81⅝
1.... 82
conv 4s, 1960
10....100
adj 4s
3.... 74
stamped
2.... 74⅝
Atl Coast L gen unif 4½s
5.... 83⅝
Balt & Ohio gold 4s
13.... 75½
conv 4½s
1.... 78⅝
1.... 78⅛
1.... 78⅛

COLORADO & SOUTHERN.

Road's Report for 1918 Shows Decline in Net Income.

The report of the Colorado & Southern Railway for 1918 shows $1,376,371 net income after the deduction of war taxes and charges, which compares with $2,493,456 in the preceding year and is equal, after the deduction of first and second preferred dividends, to about $2.24 a share earned on the $31,000,000 common stock. In 1917 $5.85 was earned on the common.

After the deduction of operating expenses and war taxes from the road's Federal compensation, which amounted to $2,481,212, there was a net remaining which amounted to $2,421,211. This was compared in the corporate income account with $3,512,621, which was the 1917 operating income, less net equipment and joint facility rents. Other income, including lapover charges by the Federal Administration, was $1,457,681, making gross corporate income $3,878,892. From this was deducted interest, rents, and miscellaneous and overlap charges amounting to $2,502,521. Deducting also $680,000 for dividends left the road's surplus for the year $696,371. The surplus in 1917 amounted to $1,813,456.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Revenue receipts:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$12,380,308	$175,457,885
Internal Revenue— Income and excess profits taxes	550,859,730	2,597,947,551
Miscellaneous	75,478,860	1,240,061,008
Miscellaneous rev.	32,592,272	622,580,533
Total receipts	$671,311,172	$4,636,046,979
Excess of ord. disburements over ord. receipts	....	9,990,266,591
Excess total disb. over total rec'pts.	25,453,481	294,261,006
Excess of ord. receipts over ord. disbursements	253,000,526	....
Expenditures	418,310,646	14,626,313,571

To Close Mexican Rubber Factory.

Directors of the Intercontinental Rubber Company have decided to close the factory at Torreon, Mexico, for an indefinite period. It is stated that the influencing factors in the decision were the low level of prices for crude rubber and the conditions in Mexico which made supplies of raw material both precarious and costly.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argen. Gov.	5	May 15,'20	99	99⅝	6.75
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	99⅝	99⅞	5.00
Dom. of Can.	5	Apr., 1921	99⅝	98½	8.75
Dom. of Can.	5	Dec., 1925	96¾	97½	5.25
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	99⅝	100	5.00
Norway Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	99	100	6.00
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	98	99	5.90
Russian Govt.	6½	June, 1919	52	54	..
Do rubles	6½	Feb. 14,'21	49	50	..
Russian Govt.	5½	Dec., 1921	107	112	..
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1920	99½	100¼	5.40
War F. Corp.	5	Apr. 1920	99⅝	99⅞	5.00

Company Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
A. B. Mag. C.	7	Jan., 21-22	101	101¾	6.10
Am. Cot. Oil.	7	Sept., 1919	100¼	100⅝	4.80
Am. Cot. Oil.	5	Sept., 1919	99⅝	100	5.00
Am. Thread.	6	Dec., 1928	101½	102½	5.65
A. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	99⅞	100¼	5.90
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1919	100¼	100¾	5.25
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1920	101⅝	102¼	5.60
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1921	102⅝	103¼	5.60
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	103¼	103¾	5.80
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1923	103⅝	104	6.00
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	98⅛	98½	6.35
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July15,'19	100	100¼	5.56
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July15,'20	100¼	101	5.90
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July15,'21	101	101½	6.20
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July15,'22	101¼	102	6.25
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July15,'23	102	102½	6.30
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'24	101	101⅝	5.70
C. Argen. Ry.	6	Feb., 1927	91	93	7.15
Chi., B. & Q.	5	July19,'21	95¾	96	6.10
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1920	99¼	100	6.00
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1921	99½	100¼	5.95
C., R. I. & P.	6	Feb., 1922	98⅝	99¼	6.30
Con. G. & P. B.	7	Aug., 1922	100⅜	101¼	6.50
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	99¾	100¼	5.40
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	99⅞	100⅜	5.75
Cudahy P. Co.	7	July15,'23	102⅝	102¾	6.20
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	99¼	99⅝	5.40
Duq. Lt. C.	6	July, 1921	99⅞	100⅜	5.80
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	99	99⅝	5.50
Interbor. R. T.	7	Sep., 1921	89½	91	..
Laclede G. Co.	7	Jan., 1929	100	100⅜	5.70
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sep., 1919	99⅝	99⅞	5.25
Penn. Co	4½	June 5,'21	97⅜	97¾	5.85
Phila. Co.	6	Feb., 1922	97⅞	98⅝	6.65
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	100⅝	101¼	5.15
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	102	102⅝	5.60
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	102½	103	5.90
Pub. S. Corp.	7	Mar., 1922	96½	97¼	7.80
Roch. R. & L.	7	Sep., 1921	100	101	6.55
Shawing W.	6	Dec., 1919	105	107	..
Southern Ry.	6	Mar., 1922	99	99¼	6.35
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1921	100¾	101½	6.00
Swift & Co.	6	Aug. 15,'21	100¼	100⅝	5.60
United Lt. & Ry. Sec.	6	May, 1920	97	99	8.10
U. L. & R. sec.	7	Apr., 1923	97	99	7.70
W. E. & M.	6	Feb. 19,'20	100¼	100⅝	5.40
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep. 15,'22	92	93	8.15

Prices Firm on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, June 20.—Prices were firm on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes were quoted at 62 francs 80 centimes for cash; exchange on London, 29 francs 85 centimes; 5 per cent. loan, 88 francs 60 centimes. The dollar was quoted at from 6 francs 40 centimes to 6 francs 45½ centimes.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

Continued from Columns Three and Four.

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
161¾	162	12,800	United Cigar Stores	158½	162½	158	161¾	+4¼
123	124½	300	United Drug 2d pf	124	124	124	124	...
182½	183½	200	United Fruit x d	185	185	185	185	+2
12	12½	200	United Ry. Invest	11⅞	12	11⅞	12	+1
28	28½	800	United Ry. Inv. pf	25½	28	25½	28	+3
34¾	34⅞	6,300	U. S. C. I. P. & F	33⅛	35	33⅛	34¾	+1⅝
63	64½	500	U.S.C. I. P. & F. pf	63⅞	64¼	63⅞	64¼	+¾
80½	80¾	38,500	U S. Food Products	78½	81¼	78	80½	+3¼
151	151½	2,500	U. S. Indus. Alco	150½	152⅝	150½	150⅝	...
46	47	100	U. S. R. & Imp. Co	46¾	46¾	46¾	46¾	−⅛
124¾	125	28,800	U. S. Rubber	124¼	127½	123½	125	+2
67	67¾	500	U. S. Sm., R. & M	67½	67½	67¼	67¼	−½
107⅝	107¾	98,100	U. S. Steel	106⅝	107⅞	106⅜	107⅝	+1⅜
116¼	116⅝	550	U. S. Steel pf	116¼	116⅝	116¼	116½	−¼
87⅝	88⅛	2,900	Utah Copper	86½	88½	86½	88	+1
19	20	200	Utah Securities	19	19¾	19	19¾	+¾
82½	83⅛	14,800	Va.-Car. Chemical	81	83¾	80⅝	82¾	+2⅛
..	..	100	Va. Iron, Coal & C	66	66	66	66	...
..	..	100	Vulcan Detin. pf	64½	½	64½	64½	...
10½	10⅞	700	Wabash	10⅝	10¾	10⅝	10¾	+⅛
34½	35	100	Wabash pf. A	35	35	35	35	+¼
12⅝	12¾	2,500	Western Maryland	12⅛	12¾	12⅛	12½	+½
28¾	29	3,300	West. Md. 2d pf	25	29	25	29	+4
..	..	200	West. Un. Tel. x d	90⅝	90⅝	90½	90½	+1
124½	124¾	1,000	Westingh. Air B	123½	124½	123	124½	+1
56½	56⅞	4,300	Westingh. E. & M	56⅛	56⅞	56⅛	56⅝	+½
11	11½	400	Wheeling & L. E	11⅛	11⅛	11	11	−⅜
56½	57	500	White Motors	56¼	57	56¼	56⅞	−½
..	..	1,700	Do., rights	1⅝	1⅝	1½	1½	−⅛
95½	96	4,600	Wilson & Co	94½	96	94½	96	+2⅛
36	36¼	4,800	Willys-Overland	35⅝	36¼	35⅝	36¼	+⅝
78	80	300	Worthington Pump	80	80	79½	79½	+½

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FINANCIAL NOTICES.

BETHLEHEM STEEL CORPORATION

Notice of Redemption of Secured Serial Seven Per Cent. Gold Notes, Series B and Series C.

To each and every holder of the Secured Serial Seven Per Cent. Gold Notes, Series B and Series C, of Bethlehem Steel Corporation, issued under the Trust Indenture, dated July 15, 1918, between Bethlehem Steel Corporation, Bethlehem Steel Company, and Bankers Trust Company, as Trustee.

Notice is hereby given that Bethlehem Steel Corporation has elected to exercise its right to redeem, and will redeem and pay, on July 30, 1919, all of its Secured Serial Seven Per Cent. Gold Notes of Series B and Series C then outstanding and not previously exchanged, as provided in the Trust Indenture under which said Notes were issued, for Consolidated Mortgage Thirty-Year Sinking Fund Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds, Series A, of said Corporation; that interest on said Notes of Series B and Series C will cease on said redemption date, July 30, 1919; that the holders of said Notes of Series B and Series C are required on said redemption date to present them for redemption and payment to said Bethlehem Steel Corporation at the office of Bankers Trust Company, No. 16 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York; and that on presentation and surrender at said office as aforesaid of said Notes of said Series with all coupons maturing on and after January 15, 1920, they will be redeemed and paid, Notes of Series B at 100% of the principal amount thereof, and Notes of Series C at 100½% of the principal amount thereof, and in each case with interest accrued thereon to said redemption date.

Dated New York, June 18, 1919.
BETHLEHEM STEEL CORPORATION,
By E. B. HILL, Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS.

AMERICAN CYANAMID COMPANY.

The Directors of this Company have declared a dividend of 3 per cent. on its preferred stock, payable July 10, 1919, to stockholders of record as at the close of business on June 30, 1919. Stock transfer books will be closed from June 30 to July 11.
C. M. GRANT, Treasurer.

COTTON GOES HIGHER ON PEACE REPORTS

Prices for New Crop Months Run Into Highest Figures Seen This Season.

BUYERS ARE ENCOURAGED

Market Reacts Slightly in Afternoon, but Remains Well Above Previous Closing Figures.

The early reports that the German National Assembly had agreed to sign the Peace Treaty and that the German Government had fallen gave the cotton market further stimulus and sent prices for the new crop months into the highest figures seen this season, surpassing even the high records of May 26. July cotton, which rose to 32.75, was within 5 points of the May 26 high. These advances, which represented gains of 67 points for July and 75 to 84 points for the new crop months, were on top of Thursday's advance of 100 points or more and made the market look stronger than at any time since the reaction set in the end of last month.

The buying in yesterday's market was general. Local ring traders and local commission houses and Wall Street houses were conspicuous early in the day, and the South sent in buying orders, too. Foreign purchases were made for the account of Liverpool operators, and it was rumored around the ring that Japanese agents also were buying. Little was heard of other European demand, however, although the trade is still talking about the expanding export business.

Regarding the overseas trade, yesterday's clearances totaled 32,950 bales, making the full week's total 157,741 bales, the best so far this season. For the week the three great Southern ports—Galveston, New Orleans, and Savannah—all have done particularly well, while New York and Boston have contributed to the movement. In the trade yesterday it was reported that the Leviathan, which sailed for the other side yesterday, is now making its last voyage as a troopship and that she will be turned back into the merchant trade upon her return to this country in about three weeks. Cotton men took this to mean that the cotton forward movement will be quickened shortly.

The afternoon cable advices failed to bear out the early reports of German acceptance of the peace terms of the Allies, and then cotton prices reacted from their previous high levels. They remained well above Thursday's closing figures, though, and finished the day at net gains of 16 to 22 points for the new crop positions and 4 points up for July.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

COTTON.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
July	31.75	32.75	31.75	32.12@32.13	32.08
Oct.	31.50	32.46	31.50	31.88@31.90	31.67
Dec.	31.38	32.25	31.33	31.63@31.68	31.43
Jan.	31.26	32.07	31.20	31.48@31.50	31.26
March	31.10	31.89	31.00	31.26@31.30	31.05
May	31.00	31.49	30.90	31.16@31.20	30.85

The local market for spot cotton was quiet at 33.15c for middling upland, 45 points decline; sales, nil. Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 32.70c; New Orleans, 33c; Savannah, 32c; Augusta, 32.12c; Memphis, 32½c; Houston, 32.25c; Little Rock, 31.25c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	38,321	38,166	15,129
Exports	32,950	24,884	19,881
Exports, season	4,722,281	4,481,637	3,836,199
New York stocks	98,998	104,052	138,377
Port stocks	1,341,628	1,370,965	1,121,984
N. Y. arrivals	1,403	4,361	......

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was quiet at 19.82d for middling. Sales, 4,000 bales; American, 3,000; imports, 23,000; American 19,999. Futures opened steady, 20 to 39 points up, closed irregular, 42 to 58 points up from Thursday's final. June, 19.95d; July, 19.76d; Aug. 19.40d; Sept. 19.21d; Oct. 19.02d. Manchester: Yarn business fair, and cloth a good business.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.
Lead	5.20	..	5.15	..
Spelter	6.60	6.90	6.60	6.90
Antimony	..	8.50	..	8.50
Quicksilver	..	$95.00	..	$95.00
Aluminium	*32.00	33.00	*32.00	33.00
Iron, No. 2 X				
Silicon	..	31.90	..	31.90

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 17½c, 30 days; on Metal Exchange 17¾c for spot.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Thursday. £	s.	d.
Copper spot	86	7	6	84	5	0
Copper, futures	87	5	0	85	0	0
Tin, spot	242	15	0	243	0	0
Tin, futures	239	0	0	239	0	0
Spelter, spot	37	5	0	36	10	0
Spelter, futures	37	15	0	37	0	0
Lead, spot	22	15	0	22	17	6
Lead, futures	22	10	0	22	12	6

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
Air Reduction	$1	Q	July 15	June 30
Am. La France Fire Engine	2	Q	Aug. 15	Aug. 8
Do. pf.	1¾	Q	July 1	June 20
Charcoal Iron pf.	3	SA	July 1	June 20
City Investing pf.	1¾	Q	July 1	June 25
Com'wealth P. pf.	$1.75	Q	July 15	June 30
Harrisburg P.& L.pf	1½	Q	June 30	June 18
International Bank	3	SA	July 1	June 30
Int. Mer. Mar. pf.	3	SA	Aug. 1	July 15
J. R. Thompson	1½	Q	July 1	June 23
Do. pf.	1¾	Q	July 1	June 23
Mathieson Alkali pf	1¾	Q	July 1	June 20
Procter & Gamble p.	2	Q	July 15	June 25
U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf	1¾	Q	July 15	June 30
Un. Verde Ext.	50c	Q	Aug. 1	July 2
West. Penn. Power pf	1¾	Q	Aug. 1	July 21
West. Penn. Rys. pf	1½	Q	Sep. 15	Sep. 1
West. Penn Tr. & W. P. pf.	1½	Q	Aug. 15	Aug. 1

To Redeem Bethlehem Steel Notes.

The Bethlehem Steel Corporation has called for redemption, on July 30, all of the 7 per cent. gold notes of Series B and C not previously exchanged for consolidated mortgage, 30-year sinking fund, 6 per cent. gold bonds, Series A. The notes are part of an original issue of $50,000,000. The Series A, 7 per cent. notes to the amount of $7,500,000 mature on July 30, so that with the calling of the B and C issues the debt is reduced by $22,500,000, as the last two issues mentioned are for the same amount as Series A. This is without taking into account the conversion into the Series A bonds, no announcement being forthcoming as to the extent to which the privilege has been exercised.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.
Airplane	1	1¼
Am Oil	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bos Ely	1½	[illegible]
Bos Mon	80	81
Bohemia	[illegible]	2
Butte & L	20	25
Champion	3	[illegible]
Calaveras	8	8¼
Chief Con	3	[illegible]
Cortes	15	[illegible]
Con Cop	6⅜	7
Crystal	14	[illegible]
Crown Res	28	35
Marie E	[illegible]	[illegible]
Eagle B B	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fortuna	[illegible]	[illegible]
Houghton	1	1¼
Homa	36	38
La Rose	30	35
Iron Blos	35	45
Iron Cap	10¼	11
Jerome V	68	75
Majestic	24	26
Mex Met	14	18
Mojave T	15	20
New Balt	1¾	2¼
N L & Z	10	11
Nixon	22	25
Nev Doug	10	18
Onesco	75	100
Onondaga	30	50
Ranier	80	82
S W M	4¼	5
Seven Met	28	29
Texana	82	85
U V Exten	41¼	41¾
Victoria	1½	1¾
Yukon	80	100

THE GREAT FLIGHT.

Photograph of the Vickers-Vimy Land Biplane, which last week made the non-stop transatlantic flight, in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

C., B. & Q. EARNINGS DROP.

Corporate Account Shows Net Income of $22,792,499 for Year.

The corporate income account of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company contained in the annual report for 1918 shows a net income, after charges and taxes, amounting to $22,792,499. This was equivalent to $20.56 earned on the $110,839,100 capital stock, as compared with $26.53 earned on the same stock in the preceding year. The Federal income account covering the operation of the property for 1918 shows a net operating income amounting to $27,357,957. The Federal compensation amounted to $33,360,683, leaving a deficit for the Railroad Administration of $6,002,726. The Federal net operating income would have been equal to about $15.14 a share earned on the stock.

The balance sheet of the company shows a decrease in the cash item from $10,172,988, to $1,801,473, while loans and bills receivable increased to $5,053,993, from $4,085,740. An item in the balance sheet of U. S. Government deferred assets was for $69,646,309. This is offset to some extent by Government deferred liabilities amounting to $43,196,167 on the liability side of the sheet. Appropriated surplus increased in 1918 to $109,123,376, from $98,058,516 in 1917. The following items are from the combined corporate and federal income account for purposes of comparison.

	1918.	1917.
Operating revenue	$144,172,769	$122,342,707
Operating expense	112,173,978	78,632,343
Net revenue	31,998,791	43,710,364

Under the head of maintenance of way, expenditures amounting to $19,996,386 are set down in the consolidated statement, as compared with $12,984,569 in the preceding year. This would indicate that nearly $7,000,000 more was spent on maintenance on this carrier in 1918 than in the preceding year.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Thursday. Bid.
4½s July, 1967	102⅝	102⅞	102¼
4½s June, 1965	102⅝	102⅞	102¼
4½s Mar., 1963	102⅝	102⅞	102¼
4½s Nov., 1957	102⅝	102⅞	102¼
4½s May, 1957	102⅝	102⅞	102¼
4½s 1924-1932	4.45	4.35	4.45
4½s 1919-1923	4.45	4.35	4.45
4¼s Mar., 1960-65	97⅝	97⅞	97⅝
4¼s Mar., 1964	97⅝	97⅞	97⅝
4¼s Mar., 1962	97⅝	97⅞	97⅝
4¼s Mar., 1966	97⅝	97⅞	97⅝
4¼s Sept., 1960	97⅝	97⅞	97⅝
4s May, 1959	92⅝	93¼	92⅝
4s Nov., 1958	92⅝	93¼	92⅝
4s Nov., 1957	92⅝	93¼	92⅝
4s Nov., 1956	92½	92⅞	92¼
4s Nov., 1955	92¼	92⅞	92¼
4s Nov., 1936	94¼	95¼	94¼
3½s Nov., 1955	83	..	83
3½s Nov., 1954	83¼	84	83¼
3½s May, 1954	83¼	84	83

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Thursday. Bid.
4½s 1924-1931	4.50	4.40	4.50
4½s 1920-1923	4.55	4.40	4.55
4½s 1949-1963	4.50	4.37	4.50
3½s 1920-1939	4.50	4.37	4.50
3½s 1922-1929	4.50	4.37	4.50
3½s 1919-1921	4.60	4.37	4.60
3s 1940-1953	4.55	4.40	4.55
3s 1919-1925	4.60	4.45	4.60
3s 1926-1930	4.55	4.40	4.55

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
865	Cities Service	377	373	376	379
1,925	Cities Service pf.	79⅝	79¼	79¼	79⅝
$29,500	Cities Service deb. B 7s	139½	138½	138½	140½
48,000	Cities Service deb. C 7s	101½	100½	100½	101½

	Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Electric Power	15	17
Adiron Elec Power pf.	76	78
Am Gas & Electric	140	150
Am Gas & Electric pf.	41½	42½
Am Light & Traction	264	267
Am Light & Trac pf.	99	100
Am Power & Light	72	75
Am Power & Light pf.	74	77
Am Public Utilities	10½	15
Am Public Util pf.	38	42
Am W W & Electric	5½	7
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	61	63
Am W W & Elec partic	12	15
Carolina Power & Lt.	42	45
Colorado Power	25	27
Colorado Power pf.	100	105
Columbus Electric pf.	70	75
Com Pow, Ry & Lt.	29	31
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf.	64	65
Conn Power pf.	78	..
Consumers' Power pf.	83	86
Eastern Texas Electric	55	60
Eastern Texas pf.	78	..
El Paso Electric	93	96
Electric B & S pf.	92	95
Empire Dist Elec pf.	70	75
Federal Light & Trac.	12	15
Federal Light & Tr. pf.	48	50
Galveston-Houston Elec	15	17
Galveston-Hous El pf.	65	68
Miss River Power	11½	13¼
Miss River Power pf.	46	48¾
Northern Ohio Electric	20	22
Northern Ohio Elec pf	63¼	65
Northern Ont Lt & P	11	15
Nor Ont Lt & Pow pf.	58	63
Northern States Power	70	73
Northern States P pf.	90	92
Northern Texas Elec	52	55
Northern Tex Elec pf.	75	80
Pacific Gas & Electric	63⅝	64¼
Pacific Gas & Elec pf.	87½	89
Puget Sd T, Lt & P	15	16½
Puget Sd Tt, Lt & P pf	65	67
Ry & Light Sec pf.	82	87
Republic Ry & Light	18	20
Republic Ry & Light pf	58	60
Southern Cal Edison	87½	89¼
Southern Cal Edison pf.	100	103
Standard Gas & E Co.	32	34
Standard Gas & Elec pf	46	47
Tampa Electric	116	..
Tenn Ry, Lt & Power	6	6¾
Tenn Ry, Lt & Pow pf.	20	23
United Light & Rys	49	51
United Light & Rys pf.	74	75½
Western Power pf.	72½	74
Western Power pf.	72	74
West. Church & Kerr.	59	61
West. Church & K pf.	80	86

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am W W & E col 5s	65	68
Appalach Power 1st 5s	74	77
Arizona Power 6s, '33	83	86
Central P & L 6s, '46	85	92
Cir Gas & Elec 5s, '56	92	95
Cities Fuel & P 7s	99¼	100
Col G & E deb 5s, '27	77	82
Col Power 5s, '53	87	89
Conn Power 5s, '63	85	90
Dallas Electric 5s, '22	94	97
East Tex Elec col 5s	85	88
East Tex Elec 7s, '21	98½	99¼
El Paso Elec col 5s	86	92
Empire G & F 6s, '26	96¼	97
Empire Refining 6s	94	96
Gt West Power 5s, '46	85	86¼
Met Edison ref 5s, '22	90	93¼
Middle West U 6s, '25	90	95¼
Miss Riv Power 1st 5s	79½	81
Nor Ont Lt & Pow 6s	84	88
Nor States Pow 6s, '26	94	95½
Nor States Pow 5s, '41	89	90½
Pac Gas & El 6s, '31	88	95
Puget Sd Tr, L & P 7s	99¼	100¼
So Cal Edison 5s, '39	88½	90½
S W Power 5s, '43	81	84
Stand Gas & E 7s, '21	96	99
Twin S G & E 5s, '53	75	80
Un L & R 1st 5s, '32	87¼	88
Un L & R deb 5s, '26	86¼	90
Un Util cv 6s, '43	80	87
U S Pub Svc 6s, '27	85	90
Utah Securities 6s, '22	92	93

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
29	Am Candy	23¼	23	23¼
100	Atlantic Pet.	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
40	*Balt Tube	84	83⅞	84
19	Con Power	108	107½	108
600	Cosden	11	10⅞	11
20	Do pf.	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
1,200	Celestine Oil	135	130	130
10	Equipm't Tr	44	44	44
75	Elkhorn pf.	40	40	40
45	Md Casualty	94¾	94¾	94¾
140	†W B & A	29	29	29

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	A C L con 4s	81	81	81
1,000	Ches S S 5s	99¼	99¼	99¼
1,000	Con Pow 6s	101½	101½	101½
$3,000	Elkhorn 6s	99¾	99¾	99¾
10,000	Harr Cor 6s	6	6	6

*Ex dividend. †Cash.

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
60	Ahmeek	80	79	80
100	Algomah	75c	75c	75c
60	Allouez	42	41½	42
60	Anac	72	71½	72
130	Ariz Cml	14	14	14
360	Big Hart	11	10⅞	10⅞
200	Bingham	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
40	Butte & Sup	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞
200	Cal & Ariz	68⅛	67	67
5	Cal & Hecla	415	415	415
60	Centennial	16¼	16¼	16¼
275	Cop Range	50⅛	50	50⅛
1,600	Davis Daly	8⅞	7⅞	8⅞
1,450	East Butte	14⅞	14⅛	14⅞
10	Hancock	6	6	6
200	Helvetia	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
85	Isle Royale	35½	35	35½
150	Kerr Lake	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
200	Lake	5⅛	5	5
50	La Salle	8½	8½	8½
440	Mayfl'er O C	10⅝	10⅛	10⅝
150	Michigan	6⅝	6	6⅝
10	Mohawk	67½	67½	67½
50	New Idria	9	9	9
90	Nip	11¼	11¼	11⅛
1,335	N Cornelia	24⅛	24	24
295	North Butte	13⅛	13	13¼
92	Old Dom	41½	41	41½
10	Osceola	55	55	55
5	Quincy	69	69	69
100	Seneca	24	24	24
10	Shannon	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
750	Sup & Bos	3⅜	3⅛	3⅛
25	Tuolumne	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
10	U S Smelt'g	67¾	67¾	67¾
7	Do pf	49½	49½	49½
25	Utah Apex	3⅛	3	3
400	Utah Con	11⅛	10⅞	10⅞
10	Utah Copper	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝
840	Utah Metal	2⅞	2⅛	2⅞
100	Victoria	4	4	4
110	Wolverine	22	21	21

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
42	Boston & Al	136	136	136
25	Boston Elev	72¼	72¼	72¼
55	Boston & Me	32½	32¼	32½
115	Mass Elec	6¼	6	6¼
195	Do pf	15¼	15	15
35	N Y N H	30¼	30¼	30¼
6	West End	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞
56	Do pf	55½	55	55

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Am Agr	111¼	111¼	111¼
100	Do pf	101	100¾	100¾
250	Am Pneu Sv	1½	1½	1½
10	Am Sug pf	119	119	119
520	Am T & T	106¼	105¾	105¾
65	Am Wool pf	106¼	106	106¼
800	Booth	23½	23¼	23½
68	Cent'y Steel	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝
100	E St'hip pf	46	46	46
800	E Bos Land	6⅞	6¼	6½
5	Edison	157	157	157
1,575	Fairbanks	69¾	68	68⅝
320	Gorton	34	33⅞	34
210	Gray Davis	46½	45	46½
70	Int Port'l'd	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
825	Island Oil	8⅛	7⅝	8⅛
190	Libby	31	30¼	30¼
10	Loews	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
250	Mass Gas	79½	78⅞	79½
9	Do pf	67	67	67
83	N E Tel	94	93¾	94
675	Stewart	48⅞	47½	48½
275	Swift	135½	133¾	135
20	UDrug 2d pf	125	125	125
97	Un Fruit	183¾	183¼	183¼
3,700	Ventura	16½	16½	16½
1,700	Waldorf	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛
60	Walworth	21½	21½	21½

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	A.G.W.I. 5s	83	83	83
2,000	N. E. Tel 5s	92	91½	91½
$2,000	P Sugar 6s	103½	103½	103½
1,000	West Tel 5s	89	89	89

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Am Radia	305	305	305
20	Am Shipb'g	124	124	124
840	Armour pf.	103	102⅝	103
85	Booth Fish	23	22¼	23
480	Do pf	83½	82	83
10	Chi C & C pf	8½	8½	8½
440	Chi Pn Tool	79	77½	77½
25	Chi Title&T	212	212	212
165	Cudahy	118	117¼	118
261	Consum pf.	87	87	87
880	Cont Motors	9	8⅞	9
10	Deere&Co pf	100	100	100
120	Ill Brick	68	68	68
2,425	Libby	31¼	30¼	31¼
350	Lindsay Lt	21	20½	21
1,815	LindsayLt pf	10½	9⅞	10½
50	Mitchell	43	43	43
25	Page Wire	7	7	7
52	Quaker Oats	280	280	280
760	Repub Truck	57	53	56
90	Sears-Roe	206	205	206
160	Shaw	140	140	140
85	Stewart-W	100⅝	100	100⅝
11,830	Swift Int'l	61¼	58¼	61¼
1,095	Swift & Co	136	133¼	136
2,820	Swift rights	7	6⅞	7
200	Thompson	36½	36¼	36½
20	Do pf	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝
2,525	Union Carb	73	72	73
80	Wilson	94½	94½	94½

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	BoothFish 6s	94¼	94	94
1,000	Chi Rys 5s, Series B	59	59	59
$1,000	Swift & Co 1st 5s	98	98	98

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2	Am Gas	74	74	74
9	Corn Ex Bk	389	389	389
2,763	Elec Stor	85	84	85
470	Gen Asphalt	72¼	72¼	72¼
115	Ins Co N A	32½	32	32
20	Key Tel pf	49	49	49
620	L Sup Corp	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
170	Lehigh Nav	69½	68⅞	68⅞
15	North Cent	74	74	74
166	Penna R R	46½	46	46½
10	Penna Salt	81⅝	81⅝	81⅝
10	Penna Bank	294	294	294
22	P Co cum pf	35¼	35	35¼
485	Phila Elec	25½	25¼	25½
840	Phil R T t c	29½	29	29½
14	Phila Trac	69½	69	69½
400	Reading	88⅞	88	88⅞
10	So Pacific	106¼	106¼	106¼
250	Ton Belmont	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
100	Tenn Copper	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞
120	Union Trac	39	39	39
253	Un Gas Imp	69½	69	69
320	U S Steel	107⅝	107	107½
5	War'k I & S	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞
240	WCramp& S	145	143½	143½

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	A G & E 5s	85	85	85
2,000	Bald 1st 5s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
5,000	Cy Ph 4s,'41	96	96	96
1,000	P Co con 5s	87	87	87
$2,000	Ph El 1st 5s	96	96	96
1,000	Reading 4s	83½	83½	83½
10,000	Welsbach 5s	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞

PITTSBURGH.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Am Sewer P	25	25	25
85	Am W G M	87	86½	87
445	Ind Brew	5⅝	5½	5⅝
50	Mfrs L & H	55½	55½	55½
190	Nat Firepfg	9	9	9
425	Do pf	17⅞	16¼	16¼
210	Ohio Fuel O	28½	26	28¼
50	Ohio Fuel S	50½	50½	50½
100	PhilaCo6%pf	35	35	35
670	Pitts Brew	8⅝	8¼	8⅝
50	Do pf	18	18	18
3,000	Pitts Jerome	17c	17c	17c
1,450	Pitts O & G	16⅝	16	16⅝
8,996	Riv East Oil	4½	3⅞	4
1,925	Do pf	4½	4½	4½
811	Riv West Oil	20	19	20
242	Do pf	23	22	23
500	San Toy	10c	10c	10c
210	Un Nat Gas	130	130	130
141	West Air B	123¼	123	123
50	West Elec	56½	56½	56½

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$15,000	Ind Brew 6s	51	51	51
1,000	Monongahela Coal 6s	107	107	107

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Thursday. Bid.
Am Brass	228	233	230
Atlas Powder	145	148	145
Do pf.	90	92	90
Babcock & Wilcox	119	121	119
Bliss	325	375	350
Do pf.	65	75	65
Colt's Arms	55	60	55
Columbia Grapho	373	378	375
Do pf.	94½	95½	94½
Du Pont	304	310	304
Du Pont debs pf.	92	93¼	92
Hercules	225	*230	225
Do pf.	107	109	107
Ingersoll-Rand Co.	175	185	175
Do pf.	102	105	102
Niles-Bem't-Pond	122	125	120
Do pf.	95	100	95
Scovill Mfg	400	440	400
Standard Screw	380	395	390
Tex & P C & O	1800	1850	1800
Yale & Towne	245	255	245

*Ex dividend.

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Thursday. Bid.
Am Cigar	136	140	136
Do pf	90	94	90
Conley Foil	205	215	205
Geo W Helme Co.	157	165	157
Do pf.	106	111	106
J S Young	130	140	130
Do pf.	100	107	100
MacA & Forbes rts	173	177	194
Do pf.	95	100	95
I' R-M Tobacco	145	155	145
R J Reynolds, A.	410	435	410
Do B	375	390	375
Do pf.	111½	113¼	111½
Weyman-Bruton	169	173	169
Do pf.	106	111	106

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

There was active bidding for the leading issues during the last hour on the Consolidated Stock Exchange yesterday. Mexican Petroleum was advanced 5 points, Royal Dutch of New York 5¼, and Pan American Petroleum 2¼. American International Corporation stood out with an advance of 7¼ from its early low to 108⅝. The steels were strong throughout the session, United States Steel common moving up 1⅞, Crucible 3⅛, Republic Iron & Steel 1¼, and Bethlehem Steel B 1¼. United States Food Products gained 4 points, Corn Products 3, and Virginia & Carolina Chemical 2⅞. United Cigar Stores moved widest of the tobaccos, gaining 3¼ and entering new high ground for this year. Texas & Pacific was advanced 9⅝ to a new high level, while Missouri Pacific moved up 1⅞ and Reading 1⅞.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
530	Aja xRubber	93¼	93	93
200	Alaska Jun.	2	2	2
280	Allis-Chalm.	42¼	42¼	42¼
500	Am B Sugar	88¼	87	87
2,000	Am Can	57⅞	54¼	57
200	Am C & F	111½	110¾	110¾
370	Am Cot Oil	63⅝	62¼	63
200	Am Druggists	12½	12½	12½
250	Am H & L	33½	32⅞	33¼
525	Am Ice	66¼	64¾	65¾
3,925	Am Inter	108⅝	101¾	108⅝
280	Am Linseed	74½	72	74½
150	Am Loco	84¾	83¾	83¾
500	Am S & R	82¼	80¾	82¼
800	Am St Fds	42¼	41¼	41¼
280	Am Sugar	134⅝	134⅝	134⅝
680	Am Su Tob	114¾	114¾	114¾
210	Am T & T	105¾	105¾	105⅞
820	Am Zinc	22½	22½	22½
930	Anacon Cop	72¼	71⅝	72¼
150	A T & S F	99¾	99½	99¾
410	A G & W I	176⅝	176½	176⅝
8,560	Bald Loco	102	99½	101⅞
290	Balt & Ohio	50¾	50¼	50¾
200	Batopilas M	1¾	1¾	1¾
750	Beth St'l B	88½	87¼	88¼
350	Booth Fish	23¼	22⅞	23¼
230	B'klyn R T	29⅞	28⅞	29¼
200	Butte & Sup	28	28	28
210	Caddo Oil	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞
150	Cal Packing	68⅝	68⅝	68⅝
500	Cal Petrol	35½	35⅛	35¼
1,780	Cen Leather	104¾	102¼	104¾
150	Cerro de P	51½	51½	51½
455	Ches & Ohio	65¾	65¾	65¾
550	C M & St P	48⅝	48	48⅝
355	Do pf	69⅝	69⅝	69⅝
160	C R I & P	28⅛	28	28
250	Chile Copper	26½	25⅞	26¼
320	Chino Copper	45	44⅞	45
150	Columb Gas	55	55	55
260	Col F & I	47½	47⅛	47½
3,065	Corn Prod	73⅝	70⅝	72
1,060	Crucible St'l	93½	91	93¼
500	Cuba Cane S	35⅞	33⅞	34¾
330	Dome Mines	14	14	14
150	Erie	18	17⅞	17⅞
450	Do 1st pf	29⅛	28⅞	29¼
240	Gen Cigar	83⅞	83⅜	83⅞
135	Gen Motors	227	224	227
400	Goodrich Rub	80¼	78¼	78¼
330	Gt Nor pf	96	96	96
380	Gt Nor Ore	46½	46¼	46¼
110	Greene-Can	43	43	43
300	Inspir Cop	60	59	60
660	Int Mer Ma	50⅝	49⅛	50
585	Do pf	117⅛	117	117
120	Int Paper	56	56	56
150	Int Agricul	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝
160	Kan City So	22⅝	22	22
500	Kennec't Cop	39⅜	39¼	39⅜
260	Keyst'e Tire	105	104	105
110	Lee Rubber	33¼	33¼	33¼
3,310	Mex Petrol	185½	182	185
200	Miami Cop	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛
310	MidvaleSteel	51⅞	51⅞	51⅞
620	Mo, K & T	9½	9½	9½
150	Do pf	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝
4,680	Mo Pacific	33⅞	32¼	33⅞
150	Nat Enam	80	80	80
110	Nat Lead	78⅛	78⅛	78⅛
160	N Y Central	79⅝	79¼	79⅝
500	New Haven	31½	31¼	31¼
620	Ohio Cit Gas	57⅛	56¼	57⅛
2,880	Okla Oil	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
700	Pan Am P&T	96¼	94¼	96¼
500	Pennsylvania	46¼	46¼	46¼
500	Pere Marq	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝
440	Pierce-Arrow	61¼	60¼	61
700	Pierce Oil	24¼	23⅜	24¼
170	Pitts&W Va	41	40⅛	41
150	Ray Copper	24¼	23⅞	24
540	Reading	89	87⅛	89
400	Repub I & S	91¼	90¼	91¼
4,200	RoyDtch,NY	115¾	110½	115¾
3,500	Sinclair Oil	64¼	62⅜	64
950	South Pac	107⅝	105⅞	107¼
220	Southern Ry	30	30	30
2,240	Studebaker	104⅝	102⅞	104⅝
140	Stutz Motor	72½	72¼	72¼
580	Tenn Copper	14⅛	13⅞	14
20,160	Tex & Pac	65¾	56⅛	64¼
120	Third Av	24⅛	23⅞	24⅛
655	Tob Product	106¾	105	106
800	Union Pac	133⅞	132⅝	133⅝
670	U C Stores	162¼	158⅛	162¼
560	U S Cast I P	34⅞	33⅜	33¾
580	U S Ind Alc	152⅝	150	152
6,150	U S Rubber	127	123⅞	126
29,880	U S Steel	108⅛	106⅜	108
4,200	USFoodProd	81⅞	77⅝	80¼
220	Utah Cop	88⅞	86½	88¼
850	Va-Car Ch	83⅞	81	82½
180	Wabash	11	10¾	11
200	Wilson & Co	95⅞	94¼	95⅞
440	W'house El	57	56¼	56⅞
820	Willys-Over	36⅞	35⅞	36⅞

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
700	‡Aetna Expl	10	9⅝	9⅝
850	‡Air Reduc	56	55½	56
25,000	‡Allied Pack, Inc., w i	67	65	66½
12,000	‡Beth Motor	27¼	26⅝	27
7,800	‡Br-Am Ch	9⅝	8⅝	9⅝
100	Br.-Am Tob, registered	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝
1,600	Do coupon	23¼	23	23¼
200	Do rights	6	6	6
1,000	‡Butter Jud	30	28	30
1,600	‡Chalm Mot	10	9⅝	9⅝
300	‡C & A Ferry	7	7	7
4,500	‡ColonialTire	18	17	18
100	‡Con Cigar	70	70	70
5,000	‡Cont Candy	6⅞	6½	6⅝
200	‡Cramp Ship	145	144	145
800	‡Du P Ch pf	11⅛	10½	11
6,500	‡Farrell Coal	59	58	58⅞
3,000	‡Fisk R T, w i	35⅝	35	35¾
400	‡Gen Asph	72½	72	72½
1,000	‡Heyden Ch	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞
15,000	Hupp Mot C	12	11¼	11⅝
1,500	‡Hy P Brick	10¼	10	10
7,500	Inter Rub	29¼	25¾	26½
200	‡Kel-Sp Tire 2d pf, w i	105	105	105
1,500	Marc of Am	5	4⅞	5
300	‡Mar Parry	28¼	28	28¼
3,000	‡Nat A & C	*38¼	37	38
3,000	‡Nat C & I	77½	74½	77½
1,000	N A P & P	6¼	6	6¼
500	N Y Ship	47	45	46½
1,200	‡Pac G & E	64	63	64
3,000	Perfect T & R	1⅛	1	1⅛
6,000	‡Phil Morris	12½	12	12
900	‡Rem Typew	76	74½	75
3,600	‡Savold Tire	*60	59	59⅝
1,000	‡Savold N Y	54	52	54
700	‡Savold Ohio	31½	30½	31
5,000	‡S A G & P	14½	14	14¼
500	‡Stern B pf	105	104	105
3,000	Submar Bt, v t ctfs	17	16¼	17
1,500	‡Swift Inter	60⅛	58½	60
1,500	‡Tenn Rway	6½	6	6¼
15,000	Un Prof Sh	2⅞	2½	2⅝
3,000	‡Un Ret St, w i	82½	81½	82¼
5,000	U S St'ship	3	2⅞	3
100	‡WarrenBros	47½	47½	47½
620	Wayne Coal	3⅜	3⅛	3⅜
100	‡Weber & H	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞
500	World Film, v t ctfs	¼	¼	¼
1,500	‡ Do 2d pf	1¼	1¼	1¼

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	‡Ill Pipe L	185	185	185
10	‡PrairieO&G	740	740	740
100	‡Std Oil,N J	722	715	722

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	‡Allen Oil	4⅛	4	4
4,200	‡Allied Oil	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
3,200	‡Amal Roy	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
800	‡Barn't O&G	¼	¼	¼
1,100	‡Boone Oil	10¼	9⅞	9⅞
75,000	†‡Bost-Wyo	72	65	71
600	‡Burkn't-VO	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,000	‡Circle Oil	4⅞	4½	4⅝
200	‡Cities Serv, B T shares	38⅞	38⅞	38⅞
5000	‡Comwlth Pet	59⅝	58⅞	58⅞
4,200	Cont Ref	14	13⅞	14
2,000	‡Cos & Co	11⅛	10⅞	11
500	‡CurrmanPet	95	95	95
2,000	‡Elford Oil	⅝	½	½
600	‡Elk Basin	10	9⅞	10
1,100	‡Ertel Oil	7⅛	6½	6⅝
7,000	†‡Esmeralda	21	19	20
8,005	‡Federal Oil	3⅞	3¼	3¼
2,900	‡Glenrock Oil	6⅞	6½	6⅞
165	‡Gum Cove	119½	119	119
5,500	‡HomeOilRef, w i	24½	22	23⅞
800	‡Hous Oil	122	120	122
4,700	‡Hudson Oil	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,900	‡Int Petrol	30⅛	29½	30⅛
4,500	‡Invincible	37¼	37	37¼
25,000	‡Isl'd O & T	8⅛	7⅞	8¼
19,800	‡LanceCkRoy	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
35,700	‡Livingston	2½	2	2⅛
8,800	‡La O & R	45	39	45
200	‡McCoombs	1½	1½	1½
1,800	‡Man Petrol	1	⅞	1
700	‡MarlandRef	6⅛	6	6
800	‡Merritt Oil	28⅝	27⅝	28¼
2,000	Met Petrol	3¼	3⅛	3¼
410	‡Mex-Panuco	14½	*14	14½
1,000	‡Midw Ref	179	177	179
4,000	‡Mid States	2	1⅞	2
1,000	‡Midw-Texas	1¼	1⅛	1¼
6,000	‡Morton Pet of Me	4	3⅞	4
400	‡Nat Oil	4⅝	4½	4⅝
2,000	†‡Northw Oil	64	63	63
3,500	‡Ohio Ranger	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
10,000	†Omar O & G	55	50	53
600	‡Orient O&G	5	4⅞	5
15,000	‡OsageNation OilSynd,Inc	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,000	‡Pennok Oil	15½	15¼	15⅛
15,000	‡Pitts-Texas	12½	11⅞	12⅛
8,700	‡Prod & Ref	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝
1,000	‡Queen Oil	12	12	12
500	‡Rangeburn't	¼	¼	¼
2,000	‡Ranger Gulf	34½	32	34½
2,500	‡Ranger-Homer, (pros)	½	⅜	½
6,300	‡Rickard Tex	24½	23	24½
1,000	‡Rock, (pros)	½	¼	⅜
9,000	‡Royal Dutch Pet rights	19⅝	18⅞	19⅝
2,000	‡Ryan Petrol	5⅞	5⅝	5⅞
25,000	‡SaltCkProd	62½	59¼	61¼
1,100	SequoyahO&R	⅜	⅜	⅜
30,000	‡SinclairCon	59⅛	58⅞	59⅛
3,500	‡SinclairGulf	59	58⅜	58⅞
25,600	‡Southw Oil	60	55	55
2,100	‡South O & T	6⅛	6	6⅛
600	‡SouthwP&R	5⅛	5	5
3,900	‡Stanton Oil	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
5,500	‡Tex-Ranger	5	4⅞	4⅞
1,425	‡Texana O&R	⅝	⅝	⅝
600	‡Texas P & R	7⅞	7¾	7⅞
3,000	‡Texas Steer	⅝	½	⅝
2,500	‡Tri-State	1⅞	1¾	1⅞
20,000	†‡U Tex Pete	60	55	59
8,000	Vacuum O&G	1/16	1/16	1/16
200	‡Valverde Oil	7	7	7
1,400	‡VenturaCon	16⅝	16	16⅝
900	‡Victoria Oil, new stock	2½	2⅜	2½
200	‡Virky Texas	1	1	1
2,000	‡W States O & L, new	7¼	6⅝	7¼
800	‡Y Oil & Gas	⅝	⅝	⅝

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,800	†‡A M & M p	27	26	27
8,500	Ala-B Col M	1⅛	1 1/16	1⅛
4,500	Ala Mines C	1⅛	1 1/16	1⅛
700	Ala Z & C p	1	⅞	⅞
700	‡Allied Gold	1⅛	1 1/16	1⅛
560	‡AHMC w i	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,100	‡Am Mines	¾	⅝	¾
8,500	†‡Ariz Butte	67	62	66
1,200	†‡Ariz Silver	5/16	¼	5/16
1,000	‡Atlanta	4	4	4
300	‡Atl O & R	1 1/16	1 1/16	1 1/16
3,800	Big Ledge	⅝	⅝	⅝
16,500	†‡Bel Div p	58	52	53
7,200	†‡Bel Ext p	36	33	34
1,000	†‡Booth	9¼	9¼	9¼
800	Canada Cop	1⅞	1⅝	1⅞
6,700	†‡Caledonia	42	41	42
12,000	‡Candel Sil	1⅞	1 13/16	1⅞
2,900	‡Cascade Sil	1⅞	1¾	1⅞
7,500	Cashboy	9	8	8½
3,800	‡C S M & M	4¼	3⅞	4
5,000	Cons Cop M	7⅜	6⅞	7
1,200	Cres C Gold	4⅝	4¼	4⅝
1,000	†‡Div Char	5/16	5/16	5/16
1,500	†‡E C M Co	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
1,500	†‡Fortuna C	49	45	45
800	‡Golden G	3¼	3⅛	3⅛
3,500	†‡Gold Dev	14	14	14
3,500	†‡Goldfield C	18	16	17
3,200	‡Goldfield F	59	57	58
3,500	†‡G Zone D	77	74	77
1,000	†‡Hash'k D	13	13	13
850	Hecla Mining	5½	5¼	5⅜
1,200	†‡Jim Butler	33	32	32
5,000	†Jumbo Ex	11	10	10½
6,500	†‡K H M Co	42	42	42
22,000	†‡Knox Div	23	21	22
1,500	La Rose Ltd	⅜	5/16	⅜
4,000	†‡LibBDiv,p	14	12	14
5,000	†‡Lone Star	8	8	8
34,000	†‡MacNCMin	38	36	38
20,000	†‡MacN Min	89	78	79
900	Mason Val	3½	3¼	3¼
5,000	†McKin-Dar	64	62	62
1,700	‡Nat Tin	4¼	4⅛	4⅛
2,000	†‡Nev Div, p	10	10	10
2,000	‡Nixon Nev	25	22	25
400	‡OnondagaM	8¼	8	8¼
400	‡Ray Herc M	2⅝	2¼	2⅝
2,100	‡StCroixCM	⅝	⅝	⅝
2,500	Seneca Cop	25	22⅝	24½
750	‡Sil Dol M	1¼	1	1¼
1,800	†‡Sil K Div	25	25	25
8,500	Sil K of Ariz	1⅛	1 1/16	1
800	Stand Sil-L	1 1/16	1 1/16	1
5,500	†Stewart	26	25	26
12,000	†Suth Div	20	18	19
100	‡Tono Bel	3⅞	3⅝	3⅞
1,500	‡Tono Div	8¼	7⅞	8¼
400	Tono Ext	2⅝	2⅜	2½
5,200	Un M of Mex	8¼	8	8¼
1,500	†‡U S Con M	15½	15½	15½
6,400	‡Vic Div, p	45	42	42
5,000	‡Wash G Q	75	73	75
200	West E Con	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
1,000	‡White C M	17	17	17
1,500	‡Wilson S M	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$35,000	‡AmSum7s	114	113	114
4,000	‡AmT&T6s	100	100	100
1,000	‡Anacon 6s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
35,000	‡Gov of S 6s	99⅝	99½	99⅝
5,000	‡Ill Cen 5½s	97¼	97¼	97¼
5,000	‡Int R T 7s	90¼	90	90¼
13,000	‡Rus G 6½s	57¼	53	57¼
85,000	‡So Ry 6s	99½	99	99½

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

Note.—Thursday there were no sales of Am Honduras Mining at 1⅛; it should have been 1¼ to 1⅜, and 100 Consolidated Cigar sold at 72.

* * *

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Thursday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Ask.
Am-Brit Mfg.	4	5	4	5
Do pf.	45	50	45	50
Con Cigar pf.	85	87	85	87
Hock Val P.	10½	11	10½	11
Inter Motors	51	53	51	53
Do 2d pf.	63	63½	63	63½
Int Products	35	36	35	36
I Tob Gt Brit	15½	17	15½	17
JonesBrosTea	23	26	25	26
Lack Co Coal	15	18	15	18
L V Coal S	87	90	90	92
Manhat Shirt	32⅝	33½	32⅝	33½
Nat A & C pf.	86	88	86	88
Pearson Coal	2⅞	3	2⅞	3
Peer T & M.	37	39	37	39
Simpson Coal	6⅝	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞
Tob Prod	22	25	22	25
United Mots	46	48	46	48
Wright Mart.	5¼	5½	5¼	5½

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Thursday. Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil, Ltd.	24⅝	25	24½
Atlantic Refining	1345	1365	1330
Borne-Scrymser	490	510	490
Buckeye Pipe Line	101	103	101
Chesebrough Mfg.	300	320	300
Continental Oil	600	625	600
Crescent Pipe Line	35	38	35
Cumberland P L	190	210	200
Eureka Pipe Line	167	172	167
Galena Signal Oil	110	114	110
Do pf, new	107	112	107
Do pf, old	115	130	115
Illinois Pipe Line	182	187	180
Indiana Pipe Line	102	105	103
Int Pet Co, Ltd.	29	30	29
National Transit	22	23	22
New York Transit	180	185	183
Northern Pipe L.	108	112	108
Ohio Oil Co.	370	375	372
Penn-Mex Fuel	76	78	75
Prairie Oil & Gas	740	750	740
Prairie Pipe Line	290	295	288
Solar Refining	375	385	375
Southern Pipe L.	168	173	168
South Penn Oil	320	325	317
S W Penn Pipe L.	105	110	105
Stand Oil of Cal	272	275	273
Stand Oil of Ind.	765	775	770
Stand Oil of Kan.	600	615	600
Stand Oil of Ky.	440	450	440
Stand Oil of Neb.	540	560	540
Stand Oil of N J.	722	727	716
Stand Oil of N Y.	370	375	370
Stand Oil of Ohio	500	520	500
Swan & Finch	97	103	97
Union Tank Line	132	134	132
Vacuum Oil	440	445	435
Washington Oil	42	46	40

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	65.91	65.21	65.82	+.58
25 industrials	108.46	106.58	107.95	+1.37
50 stocks	87.18	85.89	86.88	+.97

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
June 19	86.90	85.61	85.91	-.28
June 18	86.69	85.00	86.19	+1.04
June 17	85.40	82.81	85.15	+2.33
June 16	84.54	82.55	82.82	-1.87
June 14	85.07	84.14	84.69	-.15
June 13	86.50	84.57	84.84	-1.81

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

June.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	89.50	June 6	82.55	June 16	86.88
1918	73.37	June 27	68.74	June 1	72.47
1917	84.45	June 13	81.11	June 20	82.31
1916	89.90	June 12	83.56	June 26	86.03
1915	78.25	June 22	66.48	June 1	70.41

*To date.

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	89.50	June 6	69.73	June 21	86.88
†1918	74.22	May 16	64.12	Jan. 15	71.85
Full Years.					
1918	80.16	Nov. 13	64.12	Jan. 15	73.89
1917	90.46	Jan. 4	57.48	Dec. 20	65.83
1916	101.52	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	58.90	Feb. 24	91.83

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	78.21	-.02	-.24	+1.56

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

June 19	78.23	-.10	June 11	78.56	-.04
June 18	78.33	+.08	June 10	78.60	-.16
June 17	78.25	+.01	June 9	78.76	-.19
June 16	78.24	-.03	June 7	78.45	+.13
June 14	78.27	-.05	June 6	78.32	-.14
June 13	78.32	-.07	June 5	78.46	+.04
June 12	78.39	-.17	June 4	78.42	-.05

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	79.05	June 2	76.00	Mar. 31	78.21
†1918	77.37	May 24	75.77	Apr. 5	76.65
Full Years.					
1918	83.36	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	78.78
1917	89.48	Jan. 20	74.24	Dec. 20	74.54
1916	89.18	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 29	88.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	$1.83¼	$1.80⅛	$1.81¼	$1.81	$1.44
Sept.	1.76⅛	1.73⅝	1.74¼	1.74⅝	....
Dec.	1.52⅝	1.50⅝	1.50⅝	1.50⅝	....

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	72	70⅝	70⅝	70⅝	72¾
Sept.	71½	69¾	69⅝	70	..
Dec.	72⅝	70⅝	70⅝	71¼	..

In the local cash market No. 1 was quoted at 82c; No. 2 white, 81½c; No. 3 white, 81c; No. 4 white, 80½c; ordinary clipped, 80@82c.

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
July	34.80	34.40	34.70	34.15	25.10
Sept.	34.55	34.20	34.55	33.90	25.27
Ribs—					
July	27.97	27.75	27.97	27.67	22.90
Sept.	28.15	27.90	28.10	27.70	23.37
Pork—					
July	51.20	51.15	51.20	50.75	42.45
Sept.	49.30	48.55	49.30	48.65	42.80

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Prev. Close.
January	21.25	21.25	20.95	20.25
March	21.15	20.35	20.83	20.15
May	21.05	20.25	20.73	20.05
July	22.00	21.25	21.65	20.95
September	21.75	21.15	21.55	20.90
October	.....	.....	21.36	20.70
December	21.35	20.50	21.00	20.30

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.
July	$1.52¼	$1.51½	$1.51¾
August	1.53	1.52¼	1.52¾

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 12,574 packages. Prices steady to firm for the finer grades of creamery but easy on other qualities. Much of the butter is showing defective quality and there will be a much smaller percentage of extras next week. Ladles and packing stock show no material change. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 52@52½c; extras, 92 score, 51¼@51½c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 49¼@51c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 47½@49c; lower grades, 46½@47c; unsalted, higher than extras, 54¼@55c; extras, 53½@54c; firsts, 51¼@53c; seconds, 49@51c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 50¼@51c; good to prime, 49@50c; common to fair, 46@48½c; renovated, firsts, 49@50c; lower grades, 46@48c; ladles, current make, firsts, 47@48c; seconds, 46c; lower grades, 44@45c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 46c; No. 2, 45c; lower grades, 41@44c.

EGGS.—21,037 cases. The tone of the market is steady to firm on high grades of eggs. Demand not quite so active on average and poor qualities, though asking prices sustained. Fresh gathered, extras, a dozen, 50@51c; storage packed, extra firsts, 49½c; firsts, 47@48½c; gathered, extra firsts, 47@49c; firsts, 44½@46½c; seconds and poorer, 37@44c; dirties, No. 1, 38@39c; No. 2 and poorer, 30@37c; checks, good to choice, dry, 36@37c; undergrades, 26@35c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 59@62c; fair to prime, 47@58c; gathered whites, common to prime, 47@58c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 46@57c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby, hennery browns, fancy, 52@54c; gathered brown anr mixed colors, graded, fancy, 49@51c; fair to prime, 44½@48½c.

EARNINGS.

Colorado & Southern, for the year ended Dec. 31:

	1918.	1917.	Changes.
Net	$2,421,211	*$3,512,621	$1,091,410
Gross income	3,878,892	4,858,018	979,116
Net income	1,376,371	2,493,456	1,117,085
Surplus	696,371	1,813,456	1,117,085

*Operating income less net equipment and joint facility rents.

THE CONDITION OF TRADE.

The trade reviews this week are more optimistic than they have been in some time. Both Dun's and Bradstreet's report a high degree of enthusiasm in trade and insist that the commercial revival has now reached very substantial proportions. In commenting on the situation of the last week, Dun's Review says, in part:

Commercial advices are such as to leave no doubt as to their meaning, and questionings of the genuineness of the business revival steadily diminish as concrete evidences of progress multiply. Much of the hesitation engendered by economic and political uncertainties has been dissipated, and the prevailing condition is no longer one of waiting for a clearer insight into the future, but rather of a confident embarking upon important commitments. Within recent weeks the change of sentiment has been sharply manifested and the reversal of purchasing policy which has resulted not alone demonstrates the pressure of consumptive requirements, but also reflects a wider acceptance of the belief that high prices are to continue, and that tardy buyers may later face a shortage of merchandise. Scarcity of supplies, in fact, is now a not uncommon feature, and many manufacturing interests, seeing order books already filled, are withdrawing salesmen from the road and are concentrating on making deliveries within the specified time limits.

Bradstreet's for the week says:

Activity in demand, strength of prices, and optimism as to the outlook stand out more clearly than at any previous date since the armistice. As to the first, it might be said that the list of things sought is a virtual roll call of the country's products, with articles of wearing apparel and luxuries most wanted, and the chief concern expressed being as to deliveries of goods, with prices to be paid a secondary matter. Even the great industrial lines that have hitherto lagged—iron, steel, and, to a lesser extent, coal—show buying increasing and output enlarging, with the view frequently expressed that the entry into the market of the railroads is the only thing lacking to put these great industries on a permanently higher basis. After early weakness, due to the rise in call money rates to the highest price in seven years, coupled with the showing by the associated banks of the Clearing House of the first deficit in required reserves reported since the Federal Reserve system was established, the stock market turned strong and regained a great deal of lost ground, with indications multiplying that the market is pluming itself for another flight.

Montreal Stock Quotations.

Special to The New York Times.

Montreal, Quebec, June 20. The market was quiet but firm. The principal quotations and sales were:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Close.
925	Breweries	135	134	134¾
100	Converters	56½	56	56½
25	Converters pf.	86	86	86
22	Detroit	105	105	105
150	Brazilian	59⅝	59½	59½
187	Brompton	61½	61½	61½
50	Can. Car	33	32⅝	33
50	Can. Car. pf.	91	91	91
50	Can. Cement	68½	68½	68½
93	Bell Tel.	119	118	119
187	Con. Smelters	30	29	30
5	Toronto Rail	41	41	41
360	Dom. Steel	65⅝	65	65⅝
57	Laurentide	226½	226	226½
10	Montreal Power	89	89	89
25	Quebec Railway	19	19	19
18	Riordan	125	125	125
1,415	Spanish River	32¼	31⅞	32¼
216	Spanish River pf.	106⅝	106	106½
1,100	Steel of Can.	70½	69¼	70½
10	St. Law. Flour	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝
85	Dom. Glass com	57	57	57
90	Wayagamack	49	47½	47½

6,297—Total shares sold.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.09
Andes	.21
Best & Belcher	.14
Bullion	.10
Caledonia	.20
Con. Virginia	1.50
Exchequer	.09
Gould & Curry	.06
Hale & Norcross	.15
Jacket	.03
Mexican	.40
Ophir	1.00
Potosi	.08
Savage	.15
Sierra Nevada	.08
Union Con.	.24

TONOPAH.

Cash Boy	.08
Great Western	.03
Jim Butler	.32
MacNamara	.78
MacNamara Cres	.36
Midway	.39
Monarch	.06
North Star	.08
Rescue	.20
Tonopah Exten	2.50
West End	1.72½
West Tonopah	.15

DIVIDE.

Allied	.12
Alto	.25
Annex	.08
Apex	.10
Belcher	.50
Belcher Exten	.32
Ben Hur	.14
Bevis	.07
Brogher	1.30
Butte	.05
Calumet	.04
Chariot	.08
Consolidated	.29
Divide City	.25
Divide Exten	1.82½
East Divide	.28
Eureka	.04
Florence	.25
Giant	.10
Gold Reef	.34
Gold Wedge	.05
Grimes	.22
Harmill	.15
Hasbrouck	.51
Hennessy	.25
High Divide	.14
Horseshoe	.18
Hull City	.05
Jims	.12
Junior	.08
Keystone	.10
Kernick	.16
Liberty	.05
Midway	.21
Myra	.23
Nevada	.10
North Divide	.06
Reno	.10
Revert	.48
Rosetta	.21
Royal	.16
Silver Divide	.21
Silver King	.21
Smuggler	.14
Sutherland	.17
Syndicate	.10
Toggery	.81
Thomson	.10
Tonopah Divide	8.25
Tonopah Dividend	.64
Verdi	.35
Victory	.38
Western	.11
Wilson	.05
Zone	.74

GOLDFIELD.

Atlanta	.04
Booth	.09
Consolidated	.16
Crackerjack	.04
Daisy	.03
Development	.12
Florence	.55
Fraction	.04
Great Bend	.03
Jumbo Extension	.11
Kewanas	.03
Lone Star	.09
Merger	.04
Silver Pick	.09
Spearhead	.06

OTHER DISTRICTS.

Como	.48
Fairview	.46
Manhattan Con.	.04
Mayflower	.05
Nevada Hills	.04
Packard	.23
Rochester	.18
Round Mountain	.38
Simon	2.30
Simon Extension	.02
White Caps	.17

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. For. Sec. 5s	99⅝	99⅞
Anglo-French 5s	97¼	97⅜
Argentine 5s	84	85
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	98⅝	98⅞
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	97	97½
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	98¼	98⅝
Chinese Government 5s	68½	69½
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	98⅝	101
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	91⅞	92¾
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	83½	84½
Dominican Republic 5s	91	..
City of Bordeaux 6s	99⅛	99⅝
City of Lyons 6s	99⅛	99⅝
City of Marseilles 6s	99⅛	99⅝
City of Paris 6s	97⅝	97⅞
Japanese 4½s	91⅝	91½
Japanese 4½s, second series	91	92
Japanese 4s	77	80
City of Tokio 5s	80½	81
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	99 11/16	99¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	98⅝	98⅝
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	99⅝	99⅝
United States of Mexico 5s	66½	71
United States of Mexico 4s	52	57
Russian Government 4s, 1894	20	..

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	99¼	99¾
2s, c, 1930	99¼	99¾
3s, r, 1946	89	92
3s, c, 1946	89	92
4s, r, 1925	106	106½
4s, c, 1925	106¼	106½
Pan 2s, r, 1936	98⅝	99½
Pan 2s, c, 1936	98⅝	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	98⅝	99½
Pan 2s, c, 1938	98⅝	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	89	92
Pan 3s, c, 1961	89	92
P I 4s, '34	90	96
P I 4s, '35	90	96
P I 4s, '36	90	96
Dist of C 3-65s	97	100

STOCKS.

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Alaska G.	3¼	3½
Alb & Sus.	..	185
Am B N.	40	45
Do pf.	46½	50
Am B Sug pf.	85	95
Am Br Sh, ex div.	91	95
Do pf, ex div	165	173
Am C pf.	104	106
Am C & F pf.	116⅝	117¼
Am Coal	45	..
Am Cot Oil pf.	91	93
Am Exp.	85	95
Am Lo pf.	107	109
Am M 1st pf.	60	61
Am Ship	114	142
Am Sm pf, A	92	94
Am S & R pf.	106½	107¼
Am Sn pf.	95	100
Am S Ref pf.	118	119
A, T & C.	59	63
Am T pf.	101¼	102
Am Z pf.	58	60
Ann Arbor	4	5
Do pf.	10	25
Asso D G 1st pf.	76	78
Do 2d pf.	70	73
Assoc Oil	89	92
A, B & A.	9	11
A, G & W I pf.	70	73
B & O pf.	56¼	56⅝
Barrett Co pf.	117½	118
B'ch Cr'k	30½	..
Beth Steel	87½	88¼
B R T cfs.	25½	25⅞
Brown Sh.	85	91
Do pf.	100¼	101
B, R & P.	60¼	64
Do pf.	96	..
Burns Bros	145	150
Do pf.	99⅝	115
Bush Ter.	85	100
Cal P pf.	114	118
Can So.	46	48
C R R of N J.	205	225
C & S A Tel	110	116
C'tain-teed, ex div.	40	43
Chi & Alt.	9½	11
Do pf.	13	15½
C & E Ill.	6	7
Do pf.	9	10
Chi Gt W.	9½	10
C & N W pf.	130	134
C, St P, M & Om.	73	77
Do pf.	105	115
C, C, C & St L.	52	52⅝
Do pf.	71	74
Cl & Pitts.	67½	80
Do spec.	38	..
Clu-P pf.	104¼	108
Col F pf.	103	125
C & S 1st pf.	56½	57
Do 2d pf.	46	52
Comp T R.	48	51
Cont Ins.	72⅝	75¾
Crex Carp.	54	58
C-Am Sug.	180	195
Do pf.	105	..
D & Co pf.	99	104
Del & H.	110	112
D & R G.	7½	8
Det Ed.	119	121
Det & M.	..	85
Det U Ry.	102½	..
D, S S & A	4¼	5
Do pf.	6	10
Em B pf.	95	97½
Elec S B.	83	85
Elk Horn C pf.	..	47
Erie 2d pf.	20⅝	21
Erie & P.	..	70
F M & S.	14½	15⅝
Do pf.	41⅝	43½
Fisher Bdy pf.	99¼	101
Gen Chem.	178	185
Do pf.	102½	104½
Gen Cig pf.	105	107
Granby C.	70	73
G, M & N.	9	12½
Do pf.	38	40
Gulf St Stl 1st pf.	98¾	98
Hartman	79½	80
Homestake, ex div.	85	97
Int H pf.	119	120
Int N pf.	93	99
Int P pf.	95	105
Do pf, s.	76	77
Int Salt	..	55
Iowa Cent.	4½	6
Isl C C.	47	..
K C Ft S & M pf.	59	65
Kan C So pf.	54½	55½
Kayser, (J.) ex div.	116	120
Do 1st pf	103	120
Kelly S T pf.	98½	100
Kelsey Wh	53	55
Do pf.	99	101
K & D M.	4	6
Do pf.	12	30
Kresge(SS)	135	160
Do pf.	105	115
Kress(S H)	76	80
Do pf, ex div	106¼	108¾
Lacl Gas.	65	69
L E & W.	10¼	11
Do pf.	21½	23
Ligg & M.	215	225
Do pf.	113	116
L-W B 1st pf.	104	106
Lorill'd Co pf.	110¼	112½
Louis & N.	117½	120
M'kay Cos.	72½	80
Do pf.	63½	64½
Man B'ch	½	2½
Marlin R.	70	80
Man Elev.	86½	87¾
Math Alk.	31	40
M Dep Sts pf.	106	110
M & P pf.	107	110
Mich Cent.	98	109
M, St P & S S M.	91	94
Do pf.	104	107
Do l l.	61	68
M Pl 1st pf	95	..
Mon Pow.	77	78
Mor & Es.	70½	..
N, C & St L.	116¼	120
Nat B pf.	117	120
Nat C & S.	80¼	81
Do pf.	106	110
Nat L pf.	108	110¼
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	17	25
N Y A B.	118¼	120
N Y, C & St L 1st pf.	68	70
Do 2d pf.	48	52
N Y, L & West	91⅝	..
Norf So.	17	18½
N & W pf.	76	78
Ohio F S.	50⅝	50⅞
Owens B pf, ex div.	95	..
Pac Coast.	40	48
Do 1st pf	70	100
Do 2d pf.	50	70
P T & Tel.	26	32
Do pf.	..	90
Pan-Am P & T pf.	165	168
Penn S S.	35	36½
Pett-Mull.	30	45
Do 1st pf	95	102
P, C, C & St L.	62	68
P, Ft W & C pf.	129⅝	139
P & W Va pf.	83½	84½
Pr Stl Car pf.	102	104¼
P S, N J.	82	86
R R Sec, I C stk c.	..	75
Ry Stl Spr pf.	107½	108⅝
Rdg 1st pf.	35	37¼
Do 2d pf.	37	38⅝
Rep I & S pf.	103½	105
St L S W.	20	20½
Do pf.	34	38
Savage A.	65	68
Seab A L.	9¼	9⅝
Do pf.	19⅝	20½
Shat Ariz.	14⅝	14⅞
S-S S & I pf.	92	95
So P R S.	160	175
Do pf.	110	118
St'd Mill.	132	144
Do pf.	90	94½
Studeb Co pf.	99⅞	100
Tide W O, ex div.	243	247
T, St L & West	3	6
Do ctfs.	5	6
Do pf.	17	..
Do pf c.	18	20
T C R T.	45	57
Do pf.	81	124
Und T pf.	110	120
U B & P.	85	90
U Pac pf.	73	73½
Un Cig Sts pf.	115	130
Un Drug.	122	124
Do 1st pf	53½	54
U S Exp.	26	29
U S Ind A pf.	106½	110
U S R 1st pf.	115	115½
U S Sm pf.	49¼	49⅝
Va-Car Ch pf.	113⅝	114⅝
Va R & P.	..	48
Wab pf, B.	22	24
Wells F.	66	68¼
West Pac.	22½	23
Do pf.	54	58
W E & M 1st pf.	70	75
W & L E pf.	22	24
W-Ov pf, ex div	94½	97
Wilson pf.	102	104
Wis Cent.	36	40
Woolworth	128	130
Do pf.	114¼	116½
Wor Pump pf, A, ex div	95½	99
Do pf, B, ex div.	75¾	77

Executor Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company

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Price 96½ and accrued interest.

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FINANCIAL NOTICES.

TO HOLDERS OF EMPIRE REFINING COMPANY

First Mortgage and Collateral Trust Ten Year Sinking Fund Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds

Dated February 1st, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that proposals are invited to be made to Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 140 Broadway, New York City, for the sale to the Sinking Fund provided for in the Indenture between the Company and Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated February 1st, 1917, of First Mortgage and Collateral Trust Ten Year Sinking Fund Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds of Empire Refining Company, dated February 1st, 1917, and secured by said Indenture, at prices not to exceed 104 per cent. of the principal of such bonds flat without interest. On or before August 1st, 1919, this Company will deposit with the Trustee sufficient funds to retire on that date, at a price not in excess of the principal amount thereof, plus a premium of four per cent. of said principal, bonds equal in aggregate face value to $500,000., and said fund is to be applied to the purchase or redemption of bonds of said issue at not to exceed the price above mentioned. All proposals should be securely sealed and marked "Proposals for Sale of Bonds to Sinking Fund Under Indenture of Empire Refining Company, dated February 1st, 1917," must be for all or any part of the bonds offered and must be received by the Trustee at or prior to three o'clock P. M. on June 24th, 1919.

Advices as to bonds accepted will be mailed on or before June 25th, 1919, by the Trustee.

Coupons due August 1st, 1919, should be detached from the accepted bonds and presented in the usual manner at the office or agency of the Company, 60 Wall Street, New York City.

Dated, June 19th, 1919.

EMPIRE REFINING COMPANY,
By FRANK W. FRUEAUFF,
Vice-President.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

To the Holders of First Mortgage Seven Per Cent. Serial Convertible Gold Bonds of The Amalgamated Sugar Company.

Pursuant to Article III of the trust deed, dated August 1, 1918, between The Amalgamated Sugar Company and Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank and William P. Kopf, as Trustees, securing the aforesaid bonds, the undersigned, as Corporate Trustee thereunder, hereby gives notice that said The Amalgamated Sugar Company has notified it that it desires and will be prepared to redeem on August 1, 1919, by paying one hundred and two and one-half per cent. (102½%) of the principal thereof, with accrued interest to said date of redemption, all of the aforesaid bonds of Series B, Series C, Series D and Series E now outstanding, maturing respectively August 1, 1920; August 1, 1921; August 1, 1922, and August 1, 1923. Upon and after August 1, 1919, and upon deposit with the undersigned of moneys sufficient to pay said bonds and the coupons for interest then to become due thereon, all interest on the bonds so called for redemption shall cease, and said bonds and coupons will be paid at the office of the undersigned in the City of Chicago, Illinois. Appropriate federal ownership certificates must accompany all coupons due and payable on or before August 1, 1919.

Dated, May 31, 1919.

CONTINENTAL AND COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK, Corporate Trustee,
By W. P. KOPF, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

The Importers and Traders National Bank of New York.

New York, June 20th, 1919.

A dividend of Twelve Per Cent. has today been declared by this bank, payable on the 1st day of July next. The transfer books will remain closed till that date.

E. P. TOWNSEND, Cashier.

U. S. INDUSTRIAL ALCOHOL CO.
PREFERRED DIVIDEND NO. 51.

The regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% upon the preferred capital stock of this Company has been declared, payable July 15, 1919, to preferred stockholders of record June 30, 1919. Transfer books will not be closed.

A. G. ROBINSON, Treasurer.

Dated June 19, 1919.

TELL OF BURNED EQUIPMENT

More Soldiers Assert They Saw Destruction in France.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Stories of wanton destruction of clothing and other army equipment, old and new, were recited today to the House Committee investigating war-time expenditures of the War Department by three members of Company L, 23d Engineers. Their testimony was largely along the line of that given yesterday by Sergeant C. B. Malcolm in opening the inquiry.

The witnesses, Corporal Charles W. Seymour of Chicago and Privates Thomas C. Johnson, Ontario, Ore., and W. T. Gardner, Portland, Ore., who were members of Malcolm's squad, were in charge of German prisoners working on a road between Souilly and Ippecourt, France, last March.

The witnesses said that the fire was extinguished as soon as they complained to their commanding officer of the destruction of the property. The equipment burned, they said, belonged to the Seventy-ninth Division, then preparing to return home.

CURB SILK HOSIERY IMPORTS

British to Authorize Only 50% of Quantity Admitted in 1916.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Temporary restrictions on the importation into Great Britain of silk hosiery and cotton hosiery containing 25 per cent. or more silk by weight were announced today by the British Embassy.

The licensing authorities in London, however, will authorize importations up to 50 per cent. of the quantities imported in 1916.

New York Railways Company

To Holders

First Real Estate and Refunding Mortgage 4% Bonds, due 1942:

The Court has announced that the interest due July 1, 1919, on the above-named bonds will not be paid. A large amount of bonds has already been deposited and the Committee urges all bondholders, who have not deposited, to do so immediately. United action is necessary in view of the certain default in the payment of interest.

The Committee wishes to call your attention to the fact that June 21, 1919, is the last date upon which the **Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Depositary,** will receive bonds for deposit under the Deposit Agreement dated March 7, 1919. Bonds will not be received after that date, except upon such conditions as the Committee may decide to impose. Certificates of Deposit representing deposited bonds are listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

HARRY BRONNER, Chairman,
WILLIAM A. DAY,
CASPAR W. MORRIS,
CHARLES A. PEABODY,
WILLIAM H. REMICK,
FREDERICK H. SHIPMAN,
HAROLD STANLEY,
Committee.

GEORGE L. BURR, Secretary,
140 Broadway
New York City.
J. P. COTTON, Counsel.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

"This issue is made under License of His Majesty's Treasury under Defense of the Realm Regulation 30F, dated the 28th April, 1919, but it must be distinctly understood that in granting such License the Treasury does not thereby take any responsibility for the financial soundness of the proposal or for the correctness of any of the statements made or opinions expressed with regard to it."

BRITISH-AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY, LIMITED

Notice to Holders of Share Warrants to Bearer for Ordinary Shares.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by Resolution of the Company passed on the nineteenth day of May 1919, it was resolved as follows:

RESOLUTION.

That of the rest of the unissued Ordinary Shares 2,131,773 shares shall be offered to the members on the register of Ordinary Shareholder on the Fifth day of June 1919 and the holders of Share Warrants to Bearer for Ordinary Shares on the same date in the proportion of one share for every three existing Ordinary Shares (ignoring shares which are not complete multiples of three and not allowing Registered Shares and Share Warrants to Bearer to be added together for the purpose of application or allotment) held by them at the price of £1 per share payable to one of the Bankers of the Company in London on the acceptance of the offer namely on the Fifteenth day of August 1919 and that such offer be made as to Registered Shareholders by notice specifying the numbers of shares to which the member is entitled and stating that if it is not accepted and payment made on or before the above-mentioned date it will deemed to be declined and as to holders of Share Warrants to Bearer for Ordinary Shares by such advertisement as the Directors shall deem advisable. Such advertisement shall state that holders of Share Warrants to Bearer for Ordinary Shares must in the first instance and on or before the Fifteenth day of August 1919 deposit with one of the Bankers in London an appropriate coupon (to be indicated by the Directors) as evidence of ownership Provided always that the dates in all or any of the before-mentioned cases may be extended to a later date in the absolute discretion of the Directors. Upon such deposits being made the Company shall be deemed to make to the depositor an offer of the number of shares to which he is entitled and the advertisement shall require the depositor in every case to forthwith sign a form of application for such shares which will be supplied for the purpose and to pay the sum of £1 in respect of each share applied for. If in any case a shareholder shall not signify his acceptance by payment of the said sum within the time specified or such extended time as may be fixed by the Directors as aforesaid the offer will be deemed to be declined and the Directors may dispose of all shares not applied and paid for within the prescribed time in response to such offers in such manner as they may consider expedient in the interests of the Company. The said Shares shall rank for dividend as from the Fifteenth day of August 1919 or such later date as payment with the consent of the Directors may be made therefor.

To enable holders of Share Warrants to Bearer for Ordinary Shares to subscribe for the new shares to which they are entitled, they must deposit on or before the fifteenth day of August 1919 Coupon No. 73 attached to each Warrant held by them at one of the undermentioned Banks, namely:

NATIONAL PROVINCIAL & UNION BANK OF ENGLAND LIMITED, Savoy Court, 90 & 97, Strand, London, W. C. 2.

LLOYDS BANK LIMITED, Westminster House, 7, Millbank, S. W. 1, or 72, Lombard Street, London, E. C. 3.

The LONDON JOINT CITY & MIDLAND BANK LIMITED, Wesleyan Hall, Westminster, S. W. 1.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, 32, Lombard Street, London, E. C. 3.

The COLONIAL BANK, 29, Gracechurch Street, London, E. C. 3.

Upon such deposit being made the Company shall be deemed to make to the depositor an offer of one Ordinary Share in respect of every three Ordinary Shares held by the depositor but not for numbers less than three and the depositor must forthwith sign an acceptance form and pay the sum of £1 for each share accepted.

Forms of application can be obtained from the Company's Office at Westminster House, 7, Millbank, S. W. 1, or the Company's Office at 511, Fifth Avenue, New York.

Coupons and applications must not be transmitted to the Company's Bankers through the post, but must be lodged personally or through a Banker. If any Coupon accompanied by an acceptance be not so deposited on or before the fifteenth day of August next or such later date as the Board may in any case allow, the offer shall be deemed to be declined and the right in respect of such Share Warrants to participate in the offer shall cease and determine, and the holder thereof shall have no claim in respect of this offer against the Company or any Directors thereof.

The new Shares when allotted will in due course be registered and may be exchanged later on if desired for Share Warrants to Bearer upon payment of the usual fee and stamp duty.

The new Shares will rank *pari passu* as from the date of payment therefor with the existing Ordinary Shares.

Registered Shares and Share Warrants to Bearer cannot be added together for application or allotment purposes.

BRITISH-AMERICAN
TOBACCO COMPANY LIMITED,
A. M. RICKARDS, Secretary.

Dated 14th June, 1919.
Westminster House, 7, Millbank, London, S. W. 1.

DIVIDENDS.

Office of The United Gas Improvement Co.
N. W. Corner Broad and Arch Streets.
Philadelphia, June 11, 1919.

The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of two per cent. ($1.00 per share), payable July 15, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 30, 1919. Checks will be mailed.

I. W. MORRIS, Treasurer.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF UNITED STATES TREASURY CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS OF SERIES V G, DATED FEB. 27, 1919, AND MATURING JULY 29, 1919.

All United States Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness of Series VG, dated Feb. 27, 1919, and maturing July 29, 1919, are hereby called for redemption on July 1, 1919, at par and accrued interest, pursuant to the provision for such redemption contained in the certificates. On July 1, 1919, interest on all certificates of said Series will cease to accrue. Holders of certificates of said Series shall nevertheless have the privilege of exchanging such certificates on or before July 1, 1919, at par with an adjustment of accrued interest for Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness of Series T 4, dated June 3, 1919, maturing Sept. 15, 1919.

CARTER GLASS,
Secretary of the Treasury.
June 20, 1919.

DIVIDENDS.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE COMPANY

Preferred Stock Dividend

A semi-annual dividend of three per cent. on the Preferred Stock has been declared by the Board of Directors, payable August 1st, 1919, to Stockholders of record at the close of business July 15th, 1919. Checks will be mailed.

H. G. PHILIPS, Treasurer.

To the Holders of Stock Trust Certificates for Preferred Stock of the INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE COMPANY

Notice is hereby given to holders of outstanding stock trust certificates for Preferred Stock of the International Mercantile Marine Company to present their certificates at the Agency of the Voting Trustees, 51 Newark Street, Hoboken, N. J., to be exchanged for definitive stock of the Company.

Pursuant to the foregoing notice the undersigned, as Agents for the Voting Trustees, will be prepared, on and after August 1st, 1919, to distribute the dividend of 3% to holders of Preferred Stock issued in exchange for Stock Trust Certificates who file mailing instructions with us.

THE NEW YORK TRUST CO.,
For Voting Trustees.
New York, June 21st, 1919.

THE MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK

of the City of New York.

FOUNDED 1803

June 20, 1919.

The Board of Directors has declared a semi-annual dividend of 4% on the capital stock of this bank payable July 1st, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 27th, 1919.

OWEN E. PAYNTER, Cashier.

232nd Consecutive Semi-Annual Dividend

Union Dime Savings Bank

40th Street and 6th Avenue.

An Interest Dividend (120th consecutive) has been declared at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT

per annum, credited July 1, 1919, and payable on and after Thursday, July 17, 1919, on all sums entitled thereto under the By-Laws. Money deposited on or before July 10, 1919, draws interest from July 1, 1919.

ALEX. P. W. KINNAN, President.
FRANCIS M. LEAKE, Treasurer.
FRANK F. HAZARD, Secretary.

SOUTH PORTO RICO SUGAR CO.
Dividend Scrip Certificates, Series A.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the dividend scrip certificates of this Company, Series A (issued on July 1st, 1918), will be redeemed on July 1st, 1919, at par and accrued interest to said date, at the office of Messrs. William Schall & Company, 45 William Street, New York City, and that said certificates will mature and become payable on said July 1st, 1919, and will cease to bear interest from and after said date.

By order of the Board of Directors.
F. A. DILLINGHAM, Secretary.

SOUTH PORTO RICO SUGAR CO.
Dividend Scrip Certificates, Series B and D.

The Board of Directors has adopted resolutions providing for the redemption of dividend scrip certificates of this Company, Series B and D (issued on October 1st, 1918, and April 1st, 1919, respectively), on October 1st, 1919, at par and accrued interest; and further providing that any holder of scrip certificates of either issue may at his option present the same at the office of Messrs. William Schall & Company, 45 William Street, New York City, between July 1st, 1919, and October 1st, 1919, for redemption at par and accrued interest to the date of such presentation.

By order of the Board of Directors.
F. A. DILLINGHAM, Secretary.

SOUTH PORTO RICO SUGAR CO.
Dividend Scrip Certificates, Series C.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the dividend scrip certificates of this Company, Series C (issued on December 31st, 1918), will be redeemed on July 1st, 1919, at par and accrued interest to said date, at the office of Messrs. William Schall & Company, 45 William Street, New York City, and that said certificates will mature and become payable on said July 1st, 1919, and will cease to bear interest from and after said date.

By order of the Board of Directors.
F. A. DILLINGHAM, Secretary.

Commercial Exchange Bank

330 Bowery, N. Y.

The Board of Directors has declared a semi-annual dividend of 10% on the capital stock of this bank, payable July 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 20, 1919. The transfer books will close June 20, 1919, and reopen July 1, 1919.

GEORGE KERN, CASHIER.
June 6, 1919.

DIVIDENDS.

June 12, 1919.
The Board of Directors of the

ELMIRA WATER, LIGHT AND RAILROAD COMPANY

Elmira, N. Y.,

has declared a dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) on the Seven Per Centum Cumulative First Preferred Stock of this Company, and a dividend of one and one-quarter per cent. (1¼%) on the Five Per Centum Cumulative Second Preferred Stock of this Company, payable June 30th, 1919, to stockholders of record June 16th, 1919.

C. A. KOLSTAD, Treasurer.

ELMIRA WATER, LIGHT AND RAILROAD COMPANY

The Board of Directors of the Elmira Water, Light and Railroad Company, having declared a dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. on the Seven Per Centum Cumulative First Preferred Stock of the Company, payable on June 30th, 1919, notice is hereby given that upon receipt of such dividend the Voting Trustees will pay to the respective holders of the stock trust certificates for such Seven Per Centum Cumulative First Preferred Stock an amount equal to the dividend of one and three-quarters per cent., such payment to be made on June 30th, 1919, to stockholders of record as of the close of business on June 16th, 1919.

Checks will be mailed by the Industrial Trust Company of Providence, R. I., the agent of the Voting Trustees.

J. J. BODELL,
LOUIS C. GERRY,
FREDERICK BODELL,
Voting Trustees.
Providence, R. I., June 12th, 1919.

EAST COAST FISHERIES CO.

7 Wall Street, New York
June 13, 1919.

DIVIDEND No. 6

The Board of Directors of this Company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the Preferred Stock, payable July 1, 1919, to stockholders of record June 25, 1919.

MARK W. NORMAN, Treasurer.

Livingston Oil Corporation

Tulsa, Oklahoma
June 17th, 1919.

A quarterly dividend of 3% has this day been declared on the stock of this company, payable July 1, 1919, to stockholders of record June 25, 1919.

Checks will be mailed.

Herman Livingston,
Treasurer.

D. C. HEATH & CO., BOSTON

Preferred Stock

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. has been declared by the Directors of this Corporation payable July 1, 1919, to preferred stockholders of record June 25, 1919. Checks will be mailed.

WINFIELD S. SMYTH, Treasurer.

THE NATIONAL PARK BANK OF NEW YORK.

June 20, 1919.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS has today declared a quarterly dividend of SIX PER CENT. upon the capital stock of this Bank, payable on and after July 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 20th, 1919.

ERNEST V. CONNOLLY, Cashier.

AMERICAN POWER & LIGHT CO.
71 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 39.

The regular quarterly dividend of 1½% on the Preferred Stock of the American Power & Light Company has been declared, payable July 1, 1919, to preferred stockholders of record at the close of business June 23, 1919.

WILLIAM REISER, Treasurer.

THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York

New York, June 20th, 1919.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of EIGHT PER CENT. payable on and after July 1st, 1919. The transfer books will remain closed from June 21st, 1919, until that date.

WM. E. CABLE, Jr., Cashier.

THE BANK OF AMERICA,

New York, June 17, 1919.

The Board of Directors have today declared a semi-annual dividend of fifteen (15) per cent., free of tax, payable July 1st, 1919, to stockholders of record of this date.

The transfer books will remain closed until July 3rd, 1919.

W. M. BENNET, Cashier.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the GEORGE R. MOND & CO., INCORPORATED, a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 17th day of June, 1919, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this seventeenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and nineteen.

[Seal of the Secretary of State.]

C. W. TAFT,
Second Deputy Secretary of State.

Any creditors having claims against this corporation will present such claims forthwith at the office of Larkin & Perry, No. 80 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF the District of Columbia, Washington, June 19, 1919.—Sealed proposals will be received at this office, Room 511, District Building, until 2 o'clock P. M., June 27, 1919, for furnishing and installing fixed and other laboratory equipment, Dunbar High School, 1st St., between N and O Sts, N. W., Washington, D. C. Specifications and form of proposal may be obtained at Room 427, District Building. Incomplete proposals may be rejected as informal. Proposals without specifications may be considered informal. The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all proposals. Telegraphic proposals will not be considered. Louis Brownlow, W. Gwynn Gardiner, Charles W. Kutz, Commissioners, D. C.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BEAVER Wanted.—Raritan 1273. Louis Rosenheim & Co., 119 West 24th St.

BROADCLOTH AND KERSEY Wanted.—Julliards 110 and 2002; all shades. Call Madison Square 3319, between 9-1.

CHARMEUSE Wanted.—All colors. Monarch Dress Co., 6-8 East 27th.

CHIFFON VELVETS Wanted.—Short ends, 1 to 3 yards; pieces or by the pound. B. L., 808 Times Downtown.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on better grade coats and suits; call all week. 4th floor, 48 West 25th St.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders. 31 West 31st St., 4th Floor.

CORDUROY Wanted.—High colors; wide wale. Phone Chelsea 3650.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Open to buy all kinds of cotton goods; also seconds and remnants; especially gray goods. C 256 Times Downtown.

COTTONBACK SATINS Wanted.—Fancies. Republic Textile Co., 22 West 32d St.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Three-thread. M. Kirschner & Sons, 162 East 33d.

CREPE METEOR Wanted.—Dark colors, for cash. D. Schustack & Co., 44 East 32d.

DRESSES Wanted.—Any quantity of georgettes, satins, crepe de chines, or voile dresses for cash. Phone Madison Square 3252; room 611, 384 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber placing stock orders on stouts in all materials. Call at once 11th floor, 54 West 25th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—500 colored voile dresses for cash. Miss Metropolis Dress Co., 155 West 23d St.; Farragut 596.

DRESSES Wanted.—Open for 10,000 cotton and silk dresses. 118 West 22d St., fifth floor.

GEORGETTE Wanted.—Georgenes and crepe de chine in the raw or finished; open for big quantity. D. D., 800 Times Downtown.

OXFORDS Wanted.—2117 Julliards. M. R. Silverman, 151 West 26th St. Farragut 3200.

POPLIN Wanted.—Susquehanna 171; open for quantity for spot cash at the right price. Madison Square 5814.

SATINS AND PEAU DE CYGNE Wanted.—Open for large quantity at a price. Sipkin & Gosschen, 15 East 26th.

SATINS AND PEAU DE CYGNE Wanted.—Open for large quantity at a price. Sipkin & Gosschen, 15 East 26th.

SATIN AND CHARMEUSE Wanted.—All colors. 6 West 32d, 14th floor.

SATINS Wanted.—5572 Cheneys, all colors, spot cash. Mad. Sq. 3611, Ext. 14.

SATINS Wanted.—Flesh, for cash. Ross & Gottlieb, 40 East 22d.

SERGES Wanted.—Pay highest cash prices for quanities of all brands and colors. Gramercy 588.

SERGES Wanted.—All wool navy, also silvertone, velour; ;must be reasonable; cash. Greeley 1544.

SERGES Wanted.—Highest prices paid, spot cash, for all kinds; any quantity. Gramercy 7059.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for 100 pieces of navy, 54289. I. A. Harris, 150 Madison Av.

SERGE Wanted.—Gabardine, Poiret twill and silvertones; cheap. Gotlieb, Greeley 1120.

SERGES Wanted.—Black and brown, for cash. D. Schustack, 44 East 32d.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Joels or similar 4314 Stevens, Suede cloth and 7726 Oxford; also suiting velours. Cash. Dave Rosengarten, 11 East 31st.

SILVERTONES AND TINSELTONE Wanted.—Holden Leonard's; also all kinds of tricotines for cash. Ben Ginsburg & Co., 49 West 24th. Chelsea 3465.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Holden Leonard's 718 tinseltone and 721 Chameleon, for cash. Telephone Greeley 2606.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Deland 9600. Louis Rosenheim & Co., 119 West 24th St.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—Meyers 246, Derys 1011, Mailhouses 1543. Telephone Gramercy 6552, before 10 A. M.

TRICOLETTES AND PAULETTES Wanted.—Immediate delivery, all colors. Monarch Dress, 6-8 East 27th.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Open to buy large quantity any make, also French serges, for cash. Sipkin & Gosschen, 15 East 26th.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Navy; can use a large quantity. International Dress, 138 West 25th St.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Open for 100 pieces 4718 Garfield; spot cash. Madison Square 634.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Navy, black, and brown, for cash. D. Schustack, 44 East 32d.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Any quantity, spot cash. Normana Dress, 279 5th Av.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—All makes; any quantity; for cash. Greeley 1544.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy, spot cash. Monarch Dress, 6-8 East 27th.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy; pay cash; any make. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

VELOURS Wanted.—4281, D100, 0360, navy only; quantity for cash. Zelento & Moskowitz, 1,372 Broadway.

VELOURS Wanted. — Lightweight; navy, brown and taupe only. Farragut 554.

VELOURS Wanted.—Open for light weights, all colors. Monarch Dress, 6-8 East 27th.

VENETIANS AND WHITE SATEENS Wanted.—First qualities or second; will pay spot cash. Phone Stuyvesant 5465.

VENETIANS Wanted.—36 inches, black and colors, below market price. Gotlieb, Greeley 1120.

WAISTS Wanted.—Big lots of cotton and Georgette at special prices; submit samples Saturday and Monday before 9:30. Associated Dry Goods Corp., 2 West 37th St.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BROADCLOTHS AND SERGES.—U. S. 235, 528, 519, 812, 0936, 7120, 7312, 7614, heavy and light weight velours, broadcloths and silvertones for immediate delivery. Boston Woolen Mills, 29 East 22d. Gramercy 4481.

BROADCLOTH, POPLIN. — Heavy weight velour and serge. Chelsea 9553.

CAPES, Coats, Dolmans.—Closing out; large assortment; immediate delivery. Potter & Schattman, 31 West 31st St.

CHILDREN'S COATS.—Fall line ready. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

CHINCHILLA.—Style 333, Hug Flagler grey ¾; Chinchilla $1.10 net. Farragut 9749.

COATS.—Children's plush coats, from 8 to 14; immediate delivery; $5 and up. A. Cohen, 34 West 27th.

COATS.—Fall line ready; working full speed. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS.—Straight line coats; immediate delivery. Potter & Schattman, 31 West 31st.

COATS.—Straight line, suits, 250, Spring; will close out cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Spring, dolmans, capes; will sacrifice. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Last Fall, 100; suits, last Fall; very cheap. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

COTTON GOODS of every description; also remnants and pound goods; jobs always on hand. Canal Cotton Goods Co., 346 Canal St. Canal 9215.

DRESSES.—New Fall line of serges, satins, taffeta, satin combinations; also flowered, plain and beaded georgettes, now ready for out-of-town jobbers; wonderful models; exceptional values; prices have gone up considerably, our prices same as last year, $5.50 to $16.75. Meyer Bosniak, 20 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Fall line for jobbing trade ready; we put in what others leave out, and its value; we are ready to prove it by the acid test of comparison; serges, satins, tricotines, georgettes, $5.50 to $22.50. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

DRESSES.—There are still many more beautiful Summer cottons and satins budding on our racks; come in and pick them off; $3.75 to $9.75; worth much more. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

DRESSES.—5,000 taffetas and satins on the racks, from $5.50 to $7.50; also big assortment of wash dresses for immediate delivery. Pan-American Dress Co., 12 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Daintiest flowered voile, unique styles, $4.75-$6.75; newest satins, serges, jerseys, tricotines, Georgettes, $7.75-$18.75; jobs. Feller, 30 West 32d St.

DRESSES.—5,000 to close out; large variety georgettes, printed georgettes, satins, crepe meteors, crepe de chines, taffetas, &c. Hattie Dress, 3 West 29th St.

DRESSES. — Ginghams, voiles, organdies; waists of every description; wash skirts; today's delivery cheap. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES.—5,000 wash on racks; immediate delivery; manufacturers and jobbers; $2 to $7.50. Queen Costume, 114 West 26th.

DRESSES, beaded georgette, satins, and crepe de chines; to close out. Simon, 334 5th Av.

DRESSES.—Girls' white graduation dresses; immediate shipment. Miss Metropolis Co., 153 West 23d. Farr. 596.

DRESSES.—Georgette, satins, silks, jerseys, wash dress; immediate delivery. Milton, 48-54 West 25th.

DRESSES.—Ladies' tricotine for immediate delivery, $16.75 and up. A. Cohen, 34 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Printed-Beaded Georgettes, satin, taffeta, to close out. Seid, 32 East 31st.

FIBRE SERGE.—Black, white, colored, 1,000 dozen; also printed. Himwich Hosiery Mills, 467 Broadway.

GRAY GOODS.—37½ inch 76-54, 34 inch 64-60. C 242 Times.

PLUSHES.—Peco, 125 pieces, immediate delivery, $4.40 net cash. P. H., 437 Times Downtown.

POLO CLOTH.—Camel's hair, Buckley & Cohen, range 500. Greeley 1544.

SERGES, Tricotines, Oxford, Velours, Panama, Cheviots.—Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 292.

Offerings to Buyers

SERGES.—All popular brands in stock for immediate delivery. American Piece Good Co., 315 4th Av. Gramercy 7058-7059.

SERGES AND PANAMA.—7301, 7614, 7120, 7512, 228, 230, and 1305. Farragut 5390.

SERGES.—7008 and 9056. Madison Square 6939.

TRICOTINES.—Good quality, in popular makes. Madison Square 1520. 1,170 B'way, Room 802.

VELOURS.—4281, 0360, 032, V14, V100; Broadcloths 315, Columbia H90. Israel Cummings & Bros., 28 West 25th St.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS.—We want tricotine dresses, any quantity, with your or our goods; call with samples at once. 4th floor, 20 West 27th.

CONTRACTORS on Silk Waists.—Steady work; good prices. Pansy Waist, 145 West 30th.

CONTRACTORS on voile and gingham dresses. M. D. Mirsky, 116 West 23d.

CONTRACTORS on good line of rompers. Joveshof & Co., 35 West 35th.

Allied Industries.

Will buy whole clothing factory equipment; machinery must be up to date; also odd lots of overall goods. Address Legman, X 181 Times Annex.

Help Wanted.

DESIGNER, (female,) experienced on kimonos and negligees. Nasrallah & Meena, 48 West 25th.

MODELS.—Size 16; large dress house. Leo Finkenberg, Inc., 31 East 31st.

SALESMEN, (3,) first class, to call upon manufacturers and large mercantile houses in New York City, Brooklyn, and Newark, N. J.; must be of good address and experienced in calling on the larger business interests, introducing tags, baggage checks, filing cards, and kindred articles on commission basis. Apply Metal Ilet Manufacturing Co., 237 Lafayette St., New York.

SALESMEN.—Traveling men for Western and Southern States to sell high-grade ladies' turn shoes; men with established trade only need apply; commission basis. X 170 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, well experienced in dresses and cloak trimmings; salary and commission. United Trimming and Notion Co., 64 West 21st St., first floor.

Situations Wanted.

SALESMAN, experienced and successful, desires to represent manufacturer of high-grade waists or dresses; territory Southern States; can produce profitable business. J. G., 3,525 Broadway.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday ....5¼@5½ p. c. for the best names
Thursday ....5¼@5½ p. c. for the best names
The quotations are for six months' paper.

⁂

No Chance to Mark Tickets.

Advances in the silverware line have come so fast that ticket marking hasn't had a chance to keep up with them. Salesmen for one of the representative houses, in getting at their selling figures, have to take out pad and pencil and do sums in percentage. The recent advance amounted to 15 per cent. In the jewelry lines the same situation prevails, and manufacturers state they see no end in sight to the upward tendency.

⁂

Big Order for Talcum Powder.

One of the largest export orders taken for toilet goods was reported yesterday. A buyer from Brazil purchased eight tons of talcum powder in tins. Foreign buyers state that the scarcity of toilet goods throughout the world has made this country the leader in their production. Reports from other South American representatives agree that the field for domestic manufactures of this sort is a very large one in their respective countries. Buyers from Australia, China, Denmark, and Japan have also been seeking toilet goods.

⁂

Hosiery Is Sold Up.

Marked shortages in certain hosiery have now developed into what is a general scarcity. There are very few mills that will take any additional business, and the rest of the trade is sold up several months in advance. Cotton goods have been cleaned out, and in silks the same situation prevails, although the silk end is giving the most trouble at present because of the insistent demand. Hosiery makers are not inclined to take the risk of orders at a future date because of the uncertainty in the raw material market.

⁂

Contrast in Dress Goods.

The policy which many houses in the dress goods line have adopted for the present situation seems to be to sell 50 per cent. of their production at a fairly profitable figure and then dispose of the rest at whatever they can get from buyers. The local selling agent for one mill organization was comparing this practice yesterday with the situation that existed a short time ago when, if an advance of 5 cents a yard was made, it would be a case of haggling with the buyer before it could be obtained. Advances of even a dollar a yard are by no means uncommon now.

⁂

Silk Makers Hesitant.

What might be described as a wave of hesitation has come over the silk market. The large factors in the trade are not willing to accept orders beyond a certain date because of the many uncertainties of the future. The price of raw silk and production that drags along are giving the silk men cause for thought and, despite the insistent demand and the premiums offered for merchandise, they have decided to take no chances with the future. To be caught with a stock of silk bought at the prevailing high prices and production costs higher than were figured on are not matters the trade regards lightly.

⁂

Gray Goods Again Active.

First hands were again active sellers in the local gray goods market yesterday, the deliveries ranging all the way from spot to the end of the year. For 38½-inch 64-60s, first 15½ and then 15¾ cents was paid. Sales of 39-inch 68-72s were put through at 18½ cents, but toward the close of the day bids of this figure did not bring goods out. Sellers were asking at least a quarter of a cent a yard more. For 39-inch 72-76s, 21 cents was paid. Sales of 38½-inch 60-48s were put through at 13½ cents. Not a great deal was done in sheetings, but good-sized sales of sateens and twills were made at full prices. In the fine-yarn end of the market, prices were firm on the basis of 25 cents for 40-inch 88-80, 8.50-yard combed lawns, which sold at that figure.

⁂

Buying Bargains as Usual.

Although reports from all branches of the retail trade indicate that consumers are buying better qualities of merchandise than ever before, executives of leading stores freely admit that bargain sales are patronized just as much as ever. "The only way I can explain it," said the manager of one store yesterday, "is the overpowering attraction a special sale has for a woman. If she were short of money she would be buying cheap 'regular' goods, but this is not the case. Incidentally, I can tell you that it is not only women of average means that the special sale attracts. Some of the best-known women in the city have given our sale the 'once over' this week and bought the stuff we have been offering. And, believe me, they are good judges of values."

⁂

Few White Costumes Seen.

Apropos of the recent assertion of a wholesaler of dress fabrics to the effect that the call for white goods has been relatively better from the smaller cities this season, a TIMES reporter yesterday made a survey, in an endeavor to see how local women stood on the matter of white garments for street wear. It was necessarily limited in scope, but on a journey across Forty-second Street, down Fifth Avenue to Thirty-fourth Street, across Thirty-fourth Street to Broadway, and up Broadway to Forty-second Street, made early in the afternoon, only six women of the many passed by the reporter were seen wearing white dresses or the combination of a white waist and white skirt. Only one of these women would come in the category of the "natty dressers." Another thing noted was the number of Summer furs slung over the forearm instead of worn around the neck.

⁂

Fur Buyers Getting Busier.

The apparent death of the movement in Congress aimed toward the immediate repeal of the so-called luxury taxes was held in the fur trade yesterday to be responsible for the increased buying of manufactured furs, both for August sales and for the regular Fall season, that has been noted here recently. So long as a prospect of an early repeal of the title containing the taxes existed, retailers were not keen about buying goods with the extra 10 per cent. tacked on to them, especially merchandise wanted for sale purposes. Now that the repeal movement has assumed at least a state of suspended animation their confidence has returned. One of the present features is said to be the demand for women's coats, in which Hudson seal is showing up strongly in spite of talk earlier in the season of a possible turning to something else with which to meet the popular demand.

⁂

Are Fabrics Prices Too High?

The contention of some of the retail buyers of dress fabrics that present prices on many lines are out of all proportion to the increase in manufacturing and raw material costs seems to be borne out in the charges made in certain quarters of the wholesale trade that this situation is due to too enthusiastic views on the part of selling agents. These men, it is charged, are constantly nagging the manufacturers, often against the best judgment of the latter, to squeeze the last cent possible out of the goods. As a rule they "get away with" their arguments. The attitude of the agents is not wholly unselfish, for selling on a commission basis, the more they get for the goods the more they make. But, as was pointed out yesterday, it is not they who will have to "stand the gaff" when the bubble bursts.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ARDMORE, Okla.—H. Baum, dry goods; 1,150 Broadway.
ALLENTOWN, Penn.—Hess Bros.; M. Hess, general mdse.; 225 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—K. Katz & Sons; M. Katz, clothing; Pennsylvania.
BALTIMORE—A. A. Brager; B. Frisch, groceries; McAlpin.
BALTIMORE—Abraham Bros.; H. Abraham, clothing, furn. goods; Herald Square.
BALTIMORE—Bonwit, Lennon Co.; Miss Mary E. Keiser, women's, misses' dresses; Penn.
BALTIMORE—L. Singer & Son; S. M. Singer, woolens; Pennsylvania.
BATAVIA, N. Y.—Stark, McAlpin & Co.; J. S. McAlpin, men's, boys' clothing; Park Avenue.
BOSTON—Gordon Mfg. Co.; H. Gordon, silk waists, dresses; Penn.
BOSTON—Jordan Marsh Co.; Miss C. McCool, dresses; 432 4th Av.
BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; Miss M. C. Cronin, infants' wear; 432 4th Av.
BUFFALO—R. Wolkind; L. R. Wolkind, general mdse.; Pennsylvania.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—Kleinhaus Co.; L. A. Wilson, men's clothing; Latham.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. Levy; men's hats; Hermitage.
BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; Mrs. M. Lensenhuber, jewelry; 2 W. 37th.
CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa—Welch-Cook Co.; H. J. Chambers, notions, white goods, gloves; 43 Leonard; Penn.
CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa—Clark-McDanel Co.; J. W. McDanel, work clothing, materials; Woodstock.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; H. S. Manchester, cloaks, suits; 1,107 B'dway.
CHICAGO—T. Bear; L. Afremon, misses', children's coats; 47 W. 34th.
CHICAGO—Gage Bros. & Co.; E. Barstow, untrimmed hats; 2 W. 37th; Bristol.
CHICAGO—Hubbard, Smith & Co.; F. E. Smith, notions; Somerset.
CHICAGO—Neuman & Sobel Co.; K. B. Sobel, coats, suits; Latham.
CHICAGO—Salk & Berman; J. Salk, furn. goods; McAlpin.
CHICAGO—Shop of Swelldom; I. E. Ferguson, men's, women's clothing; Grand.
CHICAGO—S. L. Platt; J. S. Rosenberg, women's petticoats; 1,182 Broadway.
CINCINNATI — Eggers, Sudhoff Co.; L. Eggers, all serge dresses; Room 509, 1,170 B'way.
CLEVELAND—May Co.; Miss P. Berger, coats, suits; Miss Kay, dresses; 2 W. 37th.
CLEVELAND—J. Anisfeld Co.; J. Braff, ready-to-wear; 15 E. 26th.
DALLAS—Schwartz & Landauer Co.; A. Marks, linens, laces, coats, suits, waists; Herald Square.
DANVILLE, Ill.—Schmitt & Leachman; Mr. Schmitt, dresses; 212 5th Av.
DETROIT—A. Krolik & Co.; I. Cohen, mfg. dept.; 377 Broadway.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; S. J. Dame, skirts; 225 5th Av.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; R. H. Schovner, wash goods, domestics; 225 5th Av.
DUBUQUE, Iowa—Rider Wallis D. G. Co.; J. W. Winall, mfr. department; 329 Broadway.
FORT WORTH, Texas—Monnig D. G. Co.; H. Hendrick, coats, hosiery, gloves, neckwear; W. R. Phenix, hosiery; 1,150 B'way; Bristol.
INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayres & Co.; Miss McEvoy, silverware; Miss Reed, muslin underwear, house dresses, negligees, corsets; 225 5th Av.
JONESBORO, Ark.—Chicago Millinery Store; C. Grossman, ready-to-wear; J. Grossman, coats, suits, millinery; 39 W. 32d.
KANSAS CITY—Smith, McCord, Townsend D. G. Co.; I. H. Smith, shirts, work clothing; 72 Leonard.
KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—Anderson, Dulin, Varnell Co.; F. G. Ramsey, dresses, catalogue; 1,150 Broadway.
LINCOLN, Neb.—Gold & Co.; W. Gold, millinery, women's ready-to-wear; 17 E. 22d.
LOS ANGELES—A. C. Fusenot; J. Roberts, domestics, blankets; 220 5th Av.; Breslin.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Kaufman-Strauss Co.; A. W. Lieber, boys' clothing; 220 5th Av.
MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; Mrs. L. Levy, corsets; 225 5th Av.
MINNEAPOLIS—L. S. Donaldson Co.; C. E. Sharon, notions, fancy goods, trimmings; 230 5th Av.; Marie Antoinette.
NEW ORLEANS—D. H. Holmes Co.; J. W. Gemmell, laces, trimmings; 19 E. 26th; Flanders.
PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg & Co.; Mrs. C. Arnold, children's, infants' wear; 1,261 B'way.
PHILADELPHIA—A. & B. Skirt Co.; J. H. Brown, skirts; Penn.
PHILADELPHIA—Reis & Smith Mfg. Co.; M. Smith, mohair silks; Penn.
PHOENIX, Ariz.—Goldberg Bros.; D. Goldberg, clothing, men's furn. goods; Commodore.
PITTSBURGH — Kunst & Small Co.; W. Small, trimmings; Pennsylvania.
PITTSFIELD, Mass.—Lipshutz Bros.; B. Lipshutz, ready-to-wear; Wallick.
PITTSFIELD, Mass.—Berkshire Mfg. Co.; G. W. Pease, piece goods; Commodore.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Caplin Bros.; H. Caplin, clothing; McAlpin.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Davis Bros.; H. Davis, clothing; Penn.
SAN FRANCISCO—Emporium; J. Kaufmann, men's, boys' clothing; 225 5th Av.; Penn.
SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y.—E. D. Starbuck & Co.; L. A. Norton, upholstery goods; G. D. Carr, dry goods; 404 4th Av.
SCHENECTADY, N. Y.—H. S. Barney Co.; Miss E. A. Ledger, house furn. goods; 404 4th Av.
SCRANTON, Penn.—Scranton D. G. Co.; H. D. Ehrlich, coats, suits, children's, infants' wear; 37 W. 26th.
SPRINGFIELD, Mo.—Keet & Rountree D. G. Co.; R. Peacher, dress goods, ready-to-wear; 72 Leonard.
ST. LOUIS—E. W. Magee Mfg. Co.; E. W. Magee, women's ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.
ST. LOUIS—Rice, Stix D. G. Co.; T. A. Hennigan, silk, cotton waists; 377 B'way.
ST. LOUIS — Paris Style Garment Co.; Mr. Hassell, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; M. J. Rashbaum, men's furn. goods, hats, underwear; 470 4th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Ely & Walker D. G. Co.; W. B. Rooney, shirtings; L. Tobin, curtains, draperies; 56 Worth.
ST. PAUL—The Golden Rule; Mrs. H. A. Welch, jobs silk, cotton waists, wash dresses; 1,261 Broadway.
SNYDER, Okla.—J. V. McClintle, dry goods; Pennsylvania.
UNION CITY, Penn.—J. L. Everett; general mdse.; Broadway Central.
WACO, Texas—Sachs Specialty Shop; H. Sachs, women's ready-to-wear, millinery; 25 W. 33d.
WILKES-BARRE, Penn. — L. Rosenthal, men's clothing; Pennsylvania.
YORK, Penn.—J. McLean & Sons; C. Chambers, dress goods, silks; 432 4th Av.
ZION CITY, Ill.—Zion City Dept. Store; A. D. McNeil, ready-to-wear, millinery; Bristol.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Harry I. Sternlicht and Mark B. Isaacs, who were formerly associated with Alexander H. Meyer, the United Mail Order House, Inc., and the Merchandise Reporting Company, Inc., are now President and Treasurer, respectively, of the Victoria Textile Mills, Inc., converters and mill agents, 6 West Thirty-second Street. Harry C. Katz is Secretary, and R. M. Schubert is in charge of the selling.

The first annual meeting of the Sweater and Knitted Textile Manufacturers' Association, Eastern District, will be held at the Bush Sales Building June 25, at 7:30 P. M. Officers will be elected and a general discussion of present conditions will take place.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

MOYSE & WOLSELEY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Armand Moyse and Enrique de G. Wolseley, known as Henry or Enrique Grossberger Wolseley, composing the firm of Moyse & Wolseley, manufacturers' selling agents of 1,265 Broadway and 132 Nassau Street, by these creditor;: Jacob Katz, $500; James Chirurg, $200, and Robert S. Bedell, $200. It was alleged that while insolvent they made preferential payment and are removing property from this city to South America.

MAX M. MEGUROWSKY, a laborer, of 121 Sherman Avenue has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $946 to John Shongut, and assets of $862, consisting of cash $2 and accounts $860.

PAMA COMPANY, INCORPORATED, canners, of 105 Hudson and at Stockton, Cal., has filed schedules showing liabilities of $60,937 and assets of $23,571, consisting of stock, $17,000; accounts, $6,533; cash in bank, $2, and cash on hand, $30. The majority of creditors are in Stockton and San Francisco. Among them are the Farmers and Merchants' National Bank of Stockton, $10,300; John Magee & Co., Newark, $16,698; P. Pastene & Co., $5,548, and H. B. H. Ripley, $5,868.

DAVID N. STOLLER, installment dealer at 48 East Broadway.—Judge A. N. Hand has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on April 18.

NATHAN FOX, dealer in furniture at 92 Avenue D.—Judge A. N. Hand has confirmed a composition with creditors at 20 cents on the dollar cash.

MEYER KRAWITZ, clothing dealer at 97 Hester Street.—Judge Mayer has granted a discharge from bankruptcy.

S. IRVING LUBASH, dealer in underwear at 486 Broadway.—Judge Hand has denied a discharge from bankruptcy.

Weekly Failure Report.

Bradstreet's reports 91 failures in the United States, against 94 for the previous week and 203, 232, 304, and 376 for the corresponding weeks of 1918 to 1915. The Middle States had 16, New England 10, Southern 27, Western 20, Northwestern 12, and Far Western 6. Canada had 11, against 9 for the preceding week. About 91 per cent. of the failures had less than $5,000 capital, and 6 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, June 20.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed in the United States District Court by Meyer Seloff, dealer in dry goods and shoes at Bridgeport, showing liabilities of $24,072, and assets of $3,200. The debts are largely New York accounts.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and over.

Automatic Scoreboard Co.—City of N. Y.	$1,089.08
Atlantic Distributing Corp.—Longacre Land Co.	1,425.88
Ames, Grenville P.—Commonwealth Hotel Const. Corp.	106.40
Blair, Walter—J. J. Berkowitz	181.65
Baier, Julius W.—B. E. Crosby	1,090.72
Bruman, Isidore and Samuel—F. Barris	2,322.33
Begen, Sadie M.—I. M. Pettus et al.	94,336.30
Borak, Max—A. Jacobs	328.32
Bell, Robert W.—A. H. Aseltine	571.70
Boylan, Hugh J.—Commonwealth Hotel Const. Corp.	119.70
Bell, Essie—Same	207.00
Berken, Samuel—Standard Oil Co. of N. Y.	1,304.15
Chace, Charles G.—J. Moore	200.00
Crosman, George, or George C. Sedley-Brown, or George C. Sedley—C. Blandy	277.41
Connelly, Michael J., and Walter C. S. McDonald—P. J. Murray	118.35
Crenshaw Engineering and Const. Co.—Cement Gum Co.	487.80
Clinedinst, Barnett E.—T. B. Love	8,926.28
Chubaroff, Albert L.; Frederick H. Kaiser, and Henry C. Zinnim—Progressive Savings and Loan Ass'n	149.60
Crawford, William F.—M. Lorinez	122.53
Downey Shipbuilding Corp.—Glens Falls Insurance Co.	482.80
Same—Firemen's Ins. Co., Newark	484.00
De Lorenzo, Filomena—L. De Lorenzo	880.82
Dancigar, Henry C.—J. I. Stahl	100.66
Esposito, Joseph—Commonwealth Hotel Const. Corp.	233.66
Ehrenfeld, David A.—Commonwealth Hotel Const. Corp.	107.30
Fitzpatrick, Lucy—S. L. Snyder Co.	370.00
Fenton, Henry C.—L. Goldin	571.70
Frey Sewing Machine Co.—New Style Corset Co.	465.85
Gramm-Bernstein, Sales Corp., and Chas. W. Moody—H. Jellinek	240.21
Greenberg, Irving—Commonwealth Hotel Const. Corp.	121.20
Goldfarb, Jacob—same	121.30
Gately, Curtis P.—same	107.76
Goldberg, Morris H.—same	120.15
Grun, Simon—H. L. Patterson	2,583.22
Galewski, Charles and David Rosenblum—C. A. Robinson	1,819.08
Garrett Eng. Co.—U. S. Asphalt Co.	278.71
Horton, James D.—E. H. Horton	128.37
Horn, Benjamin, City Marshal, &c.—Bishop, McCormick & Bishop	540.40
H. Hurwitz Co.—Utica Valve and Fixture Co.	677.20
Indian Head Auto Truck Service—M. Refflesetal	225.72
J. D. McQuade Co.—Cullen Barge Corp.	646.20
Jacobson, Frederick A.—Sinclair & Valentine Co.	337.71
Kirtland, Benjamin B.—Aleck Photos	420.30
Kroupnik, Philip—S. Hauseman, et al.	269.65
Klenert, William—Commonwealth Hotel Const. Corp.	204.30
Kantor, Sol.—M. Rentner, et al.	228.80
Kresner, Benjamin — Commonwealth Hotel Const. Corp.	120.60
Lakeside Fish Co.—Bay Port Fish Co.	1,414.12
Mestersky, Samuel and Morris Fink—S. Witkin	130.46
Murphy, Claudia Q.—I. Mindelson, et al.	471.80
Mills, Frank P.—Frederick Loeser & Co.	100.36
Moss, Herman H.—Commonwealth Hotel Const. Corp	561.70
Misthal, Joseph, and Henry Sussman—S. M. Barasch	330.19
Morris, Sigmund, and Max A. Hart—E. M. Shipp	181.70
Myers, Urvin—Musical Courier Co.	191.10
Meenan, Daniel L., Jr.—J. S. Baker	207.08
Marroruk Realty Corp.—Ball Realty Co.	1,195.77
Natasi, Joseph—Excelsior Brewing Co.	1,823.51
Nemelofsky, Alexander—G. Cebouckl	225.25
Nemelofsky, Alexander—V. Mishinak	335.75
Nemelofsky, Alexander, and Wasili Konrad, Treasurer—N. Sawicki	275.56
Orr, Frank—E. Freund	2,233.40
Ostrowe, Herman E. — Commonwealth Hotel Const. Corp	363.32
Pirece, Walter J.—W. Balis	1,104.30
Princess Pat Copper Co. — F. De Giacomo	1,056.69
Same—W. L. Cosgrove	848.70
Papi, Gennaro—Musical Courier Co.	223.28
Rice, Laurence J.—G. N. Charlock	3,706.49
Rosenstein, John—M. Cohen	570.10
Ralston, Wm. C.—F. Krug	1,109.70
Robichek, Rudolph—Interborough Lighting Fixture Co.	178.01
Riskin, David—Eastman Machine Co.	162.65
Rosenthal, Leo R.—M. Rosenthal, costs	398.87
Raymond, Harold M.; Wm. T. Starr, and Harry S. Weil—W. E. Lauer et al.	7,215.66
Schor, David — Commonwealth Hotel Const. Corp	250.70
Stolz, Louis — Commonwealth Hotel Const. Corp	119.70
Spurgeon, Thomas W.—Joseph Rodgers, Inc	105.20
Smith-Foley Motion Picture Co., Ltd.—C. Bruce	1,398.96
Sulver Crown Cork Products Corp.—State Ind. Com.	$180.00
Stout, Ralph—Newark Trust Co.	$909.47
Trell, Tony—People, &c.	$121.97
Union Talking Machine Co.—S. Klar, et al.	$450.41
Weinberg, Morris—Commonwealth Hotel Const. Corp.	$120.15
Wolfe, Lola A. L.—Abercrombie & Fitch Co.	$389.28
Wagner, Paul—B. Wagner	$675.00
Weiss, Isaac H.—J. P. Nolan et al.	$533.04
Welcomer, B. Toussant—E. H. Kluge Weaving Co.	$200.60
Wolpin, Harry, and Morris Gershin—C. Kaye	$6,745.87
Zimmerman, Fritz—H. F. Schelling	$1,175.56

In Bronx County.

Antes, Paula—Inter. Rap. Transit Co. et al.	$125.85
Bellotti, Anselimo — Bentley Garage, Inc.	$158.84
Beranti, Antonio, and Benny Picone—C. Galiana	$43.72
Boll, John—C. F. Garland	$217.72
Levy, Charles—C. F. Garland	$266.59
Sittenfeld, Herman—G. J. Schwarz	$96.48
Vogel, Joseph—D. L. Schwartz	$553.81

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date when the judgment was filed.

In New York County.

City of New York Ins. Co.—Schwartz Bros. Bottle Co.; April 26, 1919	$3,155.42
Continental Ins. Co.—Same; April 25, 1919	3,153.42
Niagara Fire Ins. Co.—Same; April 26, 1919	3,153.42
Millers' National Ins. Co. of Chicago.—Same; April 26, 1919	3,153.42
North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.—Same; April 26, 1919	2,640.84
Continental Ins. Co.—Same; April 26, 1919	3,153.42
Bailey, Oliver D.—W. C. Gehring; May 29, 1919	136.70
Erie RR. Co.—J. Kettell; June 3, 1919	114.10
Foster, Robert H. and Marc V. Reilly.—Globe & Rutgers Fire Ins. Co.; Jan. 24, 1919	1,486.18
Erie RR. Co.—J. Kettell; Nov. 7, 1918	107.35
Canton Art Metal Co.—W. W. Saperston; May 13, 1919	1,017.00
McGolrick, Paul A. and 429 4th Av. Corp.—M. Spitz; May 15, 1918	154.72
Talbot, Frank M.—E. J. Maleady; Jan. 26, 1918	1,790.34
Mountain Mill Paper Co.—Harper-Paper Co.; June 2, 1919	3,150.30
Richman, Louis L.—M. Felsen; June 5, 1919	500.00
L. M. Blumstein, Inc.—P. Musgrave; March 6, 1919	300.00
Koenigsberg, Abraham.—J. F. Harvey; March 26, 1919	2,224.35
Deane, Zoe M., Mary M. E., Louise A., Cyprian L. Zoe O.; also Camille Co. Power.—Irving Hat Co.; May 5, 1916	531.76
Carey, Thomas F.—M. C. Murphy; Jan. 15, 1919	1,080.81
Hames, Philip.—I. Friedman et al; April 8, 1919	295.10

In Bronx County.

Behan, Cornelius.—L. M. Scoville; April 29, 1919	$726.40
Doscher, Henry, J. Homer Hildreth and Herman Reiss as exrs.—W. Saler et al; Feb. 14, 1917	1,832.56

HOLDING LAND FOR STATE.

George D. Pratt Is Buyer of Property for Future "Cure" Resort.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., June 20.—George D. Pratt, State Conservation Commissioner, while visiting the State Mineral Springs reservation here today, announced that large tracts of land recently purchased at The Geysers, adjoining property already owned by the State, have been bought by him personally until such time as the State may be in a position financially to acquire deed to the land and provide for the construction of a large bath house and other essentials for a "cure" resort modeled after those of Europe.

The Commissioner said that such development of the State Reservation has been planned by the Conservation Department for some time and that in the absence of a State Association he had advanced the funds himself.

Purchase of the property, comprising many separate tracts, aggregating several hundred acres, has been quietly under way for some time. The State already maintains two bath houses on the reservation and a third will be completed early in July.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Established export company, with splendid connections Europe and Far East, desires associate with over $25,000 who understands exporting. A 545 Times Downtown.

Specialist to share physician's office; centrally located; desirable neighborhood. Telephone Lenox 1977, 9-11 A. M.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

WILL invest cash, experience, and ability; am seeking to connect with an ambitious man having an established business manufacturing women's wear or kindred lines, which, with my ability and connections, can help to develop a concern into a leader in its line; will invest a moderate amount of cash; nothing but a proposition of merit will be considered. S. H., 203 Times.

Willing to invest nominal capital and services in new or established business; have several years' business experience and wide acquaintance. C 253 Times.

Furniture man has $5,000 and credit, would like to connect with any going concern where unquestionable references can be exchanged. X 155 Times Annex.

Have $4,000 to invest; want partner with same amount; garage experience; for garage business. Brill 1,280 Webster Av.

Young man out of service desires connection with established business that requires capital and services. L 386 Times.

Wish connections with manufacturer or jobber; business experience and more capital. D. B., 201 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

EXPORT AND IMPORT.

WELL ESTABLISHED, SUCCESSFUL NEW EXPORT AND IMPORT FIRM WANTS ACTIVE PARTNER WITH $50,000-$100,000 ACTUAL CAPITAL AND VERY GOOD FINANCIAL BACKING. PRESENT PRINCIPAL IS MAN OF VERY LONG, SUCCESSFUL EXPERIENCE ABROAD, AND WOULD GO OVERSEAS TO PROMOTE BUSINESS WHILE PARTNER TAKES CARE OF NEW YORK ORGANIZATION. MANY AGENCIES ALREADY WORKING, AND WONDERFUL PROSPECTS FOR THE FUTURE. ADDRESS "O. H.," P. O. BOX 822, CITY HALL STATION, NEW YORK.

Successful manufacturing and sales corporation wants $10,000 to $15,000 additional capital to carry to completion the manufacture of goods already sold at a splendid profit; investor to assume an active or inactive part in the corporation and a one-third interest; money fully secured. L. H., 301 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

MANUFACTURERS — ATTENTION! — A Middle Western house, established over 22 years, of wide acquaintance among general merchandise, grocery, hardware, drug, and confectionery stores, is open to represent manufacturers seeking distribution for herbs, essences, and other commodities used in the soft drink line, as well as those manufacturing staples usually sold through grocers, hardware dealers, and general stores. Ample facilities available for storage purposes of firms desiring to establish a depot. A splendid opportunity for manufacturers wishing responsible Western representatives, possessing every facility needful in extending distribution and developing trade. Address V. K. Co., care of Times.

EDUCATED MAN OF ABILITY AND INITIATIVE TO ASSOCIATE HIMSELF WITH HIGH-GRADE HOUSE; WE REQUIRE NO CAPITAL, MUST BE WELL CONNECTED. G 202 TIMES.

Export, Argentina. — First-class representations desired; capable, reliable agent; can call on you middle July. Address A 340 Times.

Want party manufacturing or distributing Ford accessories to market necessary device. Inventor, B 32 Times.

Refined Englishwoman returning to England will execute commissions there. X 103 Times Annex.

FOR SALE.

CLARENDON HOTEL, HACKETTSTOWN, N. J.—About 54 miles from New York, direct route to the Delaware Water Gap; beautiful country; established non-license connection; good going business; lease at low rental, (renewal privilege;) fully equipped, furniture, linen, silver, steam heat, good water supply, 35 bedrooms, 6 baths, large yard; outbuildings pay half the rent; Blue Book and A. A. A. well advertised on roads; would suit good, reliable man and wife; asking price, $3,800, easy terms; good reasons for leaving; no agents. Full particulars, apply to Proprietor.

For Sale.—Long established first-class tailoring business in Boston. About 500 customers. Stock of goods worth about $14,000, fixtures about $2,000; good lease. Owner sells solely on account of ill-health and retires. Price $21,000, part cash. Address (letters only), Bates, Nay, Abbott & Dane, Attorneys, Tremont Building, Boston.

Highest type women's specialty shop for sale. Finest location in one of New England's largest cities, with numerous surrounding towns to draw from; excellent opportunity for some one with experience and $25,000 to invest; valuable lease. For interview address Box X 94 Times Annex.

Furnished-Room houses, $1,000, $2,000, $3,000, &c Write for particulars about the "Commonwealth" plan. J 550 Times Downtown.

Business and part of equipment, well-established motor trucking company; local and long distance work. T 158 Times.

Pawnshop est. 8 years; must sell on account of sickness, opportunity for right party. C 119 Times.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

South American employment; skilled or technical men; can reach 15,000 possible employers, Latin America, through our want columns; 5 cents word—minimum $1.50. Ingenieria Internacional, 475 Tenth Av., N. Y. C.

Nearlinen
British Manufacture
THE PERFECT LINEN SUBSTITUTE
SHIPLEY-HOLLINS CO. New York.

Auctions.

ON VIEW to Time of the
UNRESTRICTED PUBLIC SALE,
Today, June 21st
Beginning at 2 o'Clock P. M.
In the SECOND FLOOR SALESROOMS of
THE GRAHAM GALLERIES,
924-926 BROADWAY, N. Y. CITY.
ABOUT
200 Oil Paintings,
Furniture, Art Objects,
Bric a-Brac, etc.
Belonging to the Estate of the Late
Ruth McEnery Stuart
and to other Estates and Private Owners.
TO BE SOLD WITHOUT RESERVE
ROBERT C. GRAHAM, Auctioneer.
Offices 924-926 Broadway.
Telephone Gramercy 915.

Last Day of a June Sale of
SUPERB FURNISHINGS
BENJ. S. WISE, Auct'r.
Sells at the Wise Auction Bldg.,
428 Columbus Av. at 81st St. "L" Station.
from the
VAN ALLEN HOMESTEAD
To-Day (Sat.), at 2 P. M.
Wonderful Furnishings for the Bedroom, Living Room, Dining Room and Library; China, Glasware, Bronzes and Marble Statuary, Oil Paintings, Draperies, Lace Curtains, etc.

CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW

Baptist.

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH,
WEST 57TH ST., BET. 6TH AND 7TH AVS.
Rev. JOHN ROACH STRATON, D.D., Pastor
REV. GEORGE CHALMERS RICHMOND, D. D., WILL PREACH BOTH MORNING AND EVENING.
10:30—"IS CHRISTIANITY A REVOLUTIONARY RELIGION?"
12—SUNDAY SCHOOL AND ADULT BIBLE CLASS.
7:45 to 8—SPECIAL POPULAR SONG SERVICE, WITH PRECENTOR AND CORNETIST.
8:00—"THE GREATEST DAY IN THE HISTORY OF THE WORLD."
DR. STRATON WILL BE BACK IN HIS PULPIT NEXT SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH,
S. E. corner 92d St. and Amsterdam Av.
FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor.
11—"Discouragement and Its Cure."
8—Second in series on
"WHAT THE WAR PROVED."
"PRAYER BRINGS HELP."

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
4 to 8 West 46th Street.
Church closed until Sept. 21st.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH,
Broadway and 79th Street.
PASTOR, I. M. HALDEMAN, D. D.
Preaching 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. by
J. E. CONANT, D. D.,
of Chicago, Ill.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
MADISON AVENUE, COR. 31ST ST.
REV. HENRY F. ADAMS
WILL PREACH at 11 A. M. & 8 P. M.

MT. MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH.
5th Av., between 126th and 127th Sts.
JOHN HERMAN RANDALL.
11 A. M.—"THE CURE FOR VIOLENCE."

WADSWORTH AV. BAPTIST CHURCH,
179th-180th Sts., Rev. E. S. HOLLOWAY.
11—"The Broken Alabaster Box."
8—"When God Hears Our Prayers."

Christian Science

Services are held in the following
CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES,
Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Wednesdays, 8 P. M.
First Church—Central Park West & 96th St.
Second Church—Central Park West & 68th St.
Third Church—125th St. & Madison Av.
Fourth Church—178th St. & Ft. Wash. Av.
Fifth Church—Aeolian C. Hall, 34 W. 43d St.
Sixth Church—1,985 Anthony Av., Bronx.
Seventh Church—260 W. 83d St. 11 A. M. only.
Eighth Church—52 East 78th St.
Ninth Church—138 East 27th St.
Tenth Church—154 West 57th St.
Bedford Park Society—2,562 Briggs Av., on Sunday, 11 A. M. only.

Congregational

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
BROADWAY AND 56TH ST.
Rev. CHAS. E. JEFFERSON, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. ROBERT E. SPEER, D. D., at 1 and 8.

Disciples of Christ
(Christian

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH.
142 West 81st St.
Dr. Finis Idleman, Pastor, preaches at 10 A. M.
6-8 P. M., Soldiers' and Sailors' Supper.

Divine Science

FIRST CHURCH OF DIVINE SCIENCE.
Grand Ballroom, Waldorf-Astoria.
Service Sunday, 11 A. M. Speaker,
Rev. W. JOHN MURRAY, Pastor.
Subject: "FORGETTING YOURSELF."

Interdenominational

METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE,
Broadway, Corner 104th St.
11 and 8, Rev. JOSEPH W. KEMP.
Evening Subject—"Is There a Personal Devil? If so, Who Are Related to Him?"
MONDAY—At 8, Prayer Meeting.

Lutheran

THE CHURCH OF THE ADVENT,
Broadway at 93d Street.
Rev. Augustus Steimle, D. D., Pastor.
Morning services at 11 o'clock.

ST. JAMES'S LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Av. and 73d St.—Dr. Remensnyder at 11.

Methodist Episcopal

GRACE, W. 104TH, NEAR COLUMBUS.
11 A. M.—Dr. Harris, "What I Have Written." 7:45—Dr. Frederick Lynch, "Christianity and the League of Nations."

OLD JOHN STREET CHURCH.
(Mother Church of American Methodism.)
Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

MADISON AV. CHURCH, 60TH ST.
Dr. RALPH W. SOCKMAN, Pastor, at 11.
11—"Creation or Competition."
8—Rev. CARL S. WEIST.

METROPOLITAN TEMPLE, 14th St. & 7th Av.
REV. JOSEPH W. CHASEY, B. D., Minister.
Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

ST. ANDREW'S METHODIST CHURCH,
76th Street, near Columbus Avenue.
11 A. M.—DR. JAMES E. HOLMES,
"The Authority of Christ."

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH.
West End Av. and 86th St.,
REV. RAYMOND L. FORMAN, PASTOR.
11 A. M.—Topic: "What is that to Thee?"
8 P. M.—REV. H. S. CROSSETT.
Topic: "Taking Your Objective."
10 A. M.—Men's Forum. Special Discussion.

New Church
(Swedenborgian)

NEW CHURCH,
35th St., between Park and Lexington Avs.
Rev. JULIAN K. SMYTH, Pastor.
Service, 11 A. M.
The Pastor will preach. Subject:
"LITTLE ENEMIES."

New Thought

NEW THOUGHT CONVENTION
SUNDAY AFTERNOON AND EVENING
At 3:15 and 8:15.
FORTY-EIGHTH STREET THEATRE.
Under the auspicies of the
CHURCH OF LIFE AND JOY
Of New York and Washington, D. C.
Vital and inspiring speakers, including Dr. Julia Seton, Miss Villa Faulkner Page, Mr. Eugene Del Mar, Mr. Harry Gaze, Mrs. Laura Cannon, Miss Marian Dana, Miss Mary Allen, Mr. Pinneo, Miss Martin, and others.
Vocal selections by
Miss Maud Allen and Mme. Beatrice Goldie.
All Are Welcome.
No Sunday morning service at Hotel Astor.

LEAGUE FOR THE LARGER LIFE,
222 West 72d Street.
Sun. 9:45 A. M.—Truth Sunday School.
Uniting with the New Thought Convention, Afternoon and Evening, 48th St. Theatre.
Tues., 3:00 P. M.—Miss JULIE M. COOKE.
8:15 P. M.—Mr. EUGENE DEL MAR.
Music—Miss Janet Williams and Pupils.
Wed., 3:00 P. M.—Healing, Mrs. CANNON.
8:15 P. M.—"Color," MARY ALLEN.
Thurs., 3 P. M.—Healing, Mrs. C. B. Kendall.
Fri., 3:00 P. M.—Healing, Mrs. CANNON.

UNITY SOCIETY OF PRACTICAL CHRISTIANITY.
MRS. JENNIE H. CROFT
of the
Unity School of Christianity,
Kansas City, Missouri, Director.
Banquet Hall, Park Avenue Hotel.
Meeting, Sunday at 11.
Subject: "LOVE."

MISS VILLA FAULKNER PAGE.
Fellowship of the Life More Abundant.
Every Sunday, 11 A. M., Brooklyn Masonic Temple, cor. Clermont and Lafayette Avs., Brooklyn, N. Y. Subject, June 22nd,
"I SHALL BE SATISFIED."
MUSIC. ALL WELCOME.

New Civilization, New Thought Summer School, Dr. Julia Seton, Founder, Newburg, N. Y.—Sunday services 3 and 8 P. M. Routes, N. Y. Central R. R. to Beacon, with ferry to Newburg; West Shore R. R.; Hudson River Day Line Boat.

MRS CHAPIN—THE COMMODORE BALLROOM. Sundays, 11 o'clock.
"DEVELOPING PERSONALITY."
"The Wonderful Personality of Jesus."
All Welcome. Residence The Biltmore.

SWAMI ABHEDANANDA.—Classes held at Vedanta Ashrama, West Cornwall, Conn.

Presbyterian

BRICK CHURCH.
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh St.
Ministers William Pierson Merrill.
Theodore Ainsworth Greene.
DR. MERRILL preaches at 11.
NOONDAY SERVICE daily at 12:30.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Broadway and 114th Street.
Rev. W. Duncan Buchanan, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M.

Presbyterian

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 57th St.,
Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D.D., Pastor.
REV. DUBOIS S. MORRIS of Hwai Yeui, China, preaches at 11 A. M.

FIFTH AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
5th Avenue and 55th Street.
Rev. James Palmer, Ph. D., Associate Pastor.
Services at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
REV. CHARLES R. BROWN, D.D.,
Dean of Yale School of Religion,
will preach at both services.
Men's Class at 10.
Wednesday at 8:15 P. M., in the Chapel,
Capt. GYPSY PAT SMITH.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
Old First, University Place and Madison Square Foundation.
Rev. GEORGE G. MAHY, D. D., of Philadelphia, will preach at 11 A. M. in the University Place Church, corner 10th St., and will conduct the Lawn Service at 5th Av. and 11th St., at 8:30 P. M.
FIRST CHURCH EDIFICE CLOSED DURING ALTERATIONS.

FORT WASHINGTON,
Broadway, at 174th St.
DANIEL HOFMAN MARTIN, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M., Dr. GILBERT REID.
7:45 P. M., Dr. MARTIN PREACHES.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
West End Av. and 91st St.
EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M. Dr. Work preaches.

GREENWICH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
13th St., Between 6th and 7th Avs.
WILLIAM H. MATTHEWS, D. D., Pastor.
SERVICES AT 11 AND 8.

HARLEM-NEW YORK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
122nd St. and Mt. Morris Park West.
Rev. Frederick W. Evans, D.D., Pastor
11 A. M., "Our Divine Intercessors."
8 P. M., "Praying Men or Fainting Men?"

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Northeast Corner of 73d St.
Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

PARK AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Park Av. and 85th St.
CHILDREN'S DAY, 11 A. M.
Rev. JULIUS BEWER, Ph.D., 2 P. M.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 73d St.,
The Pastor, Rev. DANIEL RUSSELL, D. D.,
will preach at 11 A. M.

SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
96th St. and Central Park West.
Dr. ROBERT WATSON, Minister.
Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN
Amsterdam Av. at 105th St.
Dr. Jonathan C. Day preaches. 11, "New Voices in World of Democracy;" 8, "The Man Imperial."

WEST-PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
86th St. and Amsterdam Av.
Rev. ANTHONY H. EVANS, D. D., Pastor.
Dr. EVANS will preach 11 A. M.

Protestant Episcopal

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE,
Amsterdam Avenue and 111th Street.
8 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Preacher, Dean Robbins.
4 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. R. T. Henshaw.
Week-Day Services—Daily at 7:30 A. M.

ALL ANGELS, West End Av. and 81st.—Rev. S. DeLancey Townsend, D. D., Rector. Services, 8, 11 and 4 o'clock.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION.
5TH AVE. AND 10TH ST., NEW YORK
Rev. Percy Stickney Grant, Rector.
SERVICES SUNDAY, JUNE 22, 1919.
11 A. M., Morning Prayer and Sermon by the Rev. Dr. Grant.
Subject: "The Scholar and the Christian."
8 P. M., The Public Forum, Inc.
Subject: "The Problem of the Hour."
Speaker: The Rev. Irwin St. John Tucker of the Episcopal Church, Socialist author and lecturer, under sentence (appealed) of twenty years' imprisonment on charges of violating the Espionage Act in publishing literature designed to obstruct the draft. The main charges against Mr. Tucker were two pamphlets by him, published before the advent of America into the war and approved by Judge Rose of Baltimore, when submitted to the latter at the time the Espionage Law was passed. (See letter by Royal K. Tucker in the "Churchman" of May 31, 1919.)
9:15 P. M., Discussion, in the Church.

Summer Exhibition by Younger Artists—in the Parish House, 12 West 11th St., from June 16th to Oct. 15th. Under the auspices of the Art Department of the Woman's Federation.

ASCENSION, 5th Av. and 10th St.
Rev. Dr. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector.
11—"The Scholar and the Christian." (Rector.)
8—Forum: Irvin St. John Tucker, "The Problem of the Hour."

CALVARY CHURCH,
FOURTH AVENUE AND 21ST STREET.
8 A. M. Holy Communion.
11 A. M. Morning Prayer and Sermon (Rector.)
8 P. M. Illustrated Address (Rev. R. S. Brown) Subject: "A Visit to Paris."

CHRIST CHURCH—Founded 1793 A. D.
BROADWAY, AT 71ST ST.
The Rev. JOHN R. ATKINSON, Rector.
Services 8:30 and 11 A. M., 8 P. M.
Rev. J. W. BRADIN, Preacher.

GRACE CHURCH,
Broadway and 10th Street,
Rev. Charles Lewis Slattery, D. D., Rector.
Holy Communion .... 8 A. M.
Service and Sermon, (The Rector)..11 A. M.
Evensong (Rev. Charles Glenn Baird) 8 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION.
20th St. and 6th Av.
11 A. M.—Preacher, Rev. Dr. Mottet.
8 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. W. Frank Allen.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION,
Madison Av. and 35th St.
The Rev. HORACE PERCY SILVER, Rector.
8 A. M., Holy Communion.
11 A. M., Morning Prayer, Sermon by the REV. G. F. TAYLOR.
Anthem—Mendelssohn's "Oh, for the Wings of a Dove," Mme. Rider-Kelsey and chorus.
4 P. M., Choral Evensong with address.
Neyler's "God That Madest Earth and Heaven," Mr. James Price and chorus; Scott's "The Wings of the Morning," Mme Rider-Kelsey and Messrs. Price and Gunther.

CHAPEL OF THE INCARNATION,
240 East 31st St.
Rev. E. M. H. KNAPP, Vicar.
8 A. M., Holy Communion; 9:30 A. M., Sunday School; 11 A. M., Morning Service and Sermon; 4 P. M., Italian Service; 8 P. M., Evening Prayer and Sermon.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH,
PARK AV. AND 51ST ST.
Rev. LEIGHTON PARKS, D. D., Rector.
8:30 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11:00 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.
Preacher: Rev. PAUL G. FAVOR.
4:30 P. M.—Evensong. Special Music.
5:30 P. M.—Organ Recital.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH
is on 16th Street, East of 3d Avenue.
ALL SEATS ARE FREE.
Rev. KARL REILAND, D. D., Rector.
SUNDAY SERVICES,
8, 10, and 8.
MORNING SERVICE, 10 O'CLOCK.
Preacher, the Rector.
Please Note Early Hour of Morning Service During Summer.

SAINT IGNATIUS,
West End Ave. & 87th St.,
REV. WILLIAM PITT McCUNE, RECTOR.
Masses: 7, 8, 11.
Vespers and Benediction: 4.

ST. JAMES'S CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 71st St.,
Rev. FRANK WARFIELD CROWDER, Rector. 8 A. M., 11 A. M., (Rector.)
4 P. M., (Rev. GEORGE V. DICKEY.)

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH,
Convent Av. and West 141st St.
Rev. WILLIAM T. WALSH, Rector.
11—"A Great Soul."
8—"How Christ Helps the Distressed."

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN,
139 West 46th St. Low Masses 7:30, 9. High Mass and Sermon, (Rev S. P. Delany, D. D.,) 10:45. Evensong 4.

ST. MARY'S, Lawrence St., (128th and Amsterdam.)—Rev. FREDERIC W. GOODMAN, Rector, 8 and 11 A. M., 7:30 P. M.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH, 5th Av. & 53d St.
Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector.
8, 11, Rev. Floyd S. Leach, Ph. D.

TRINITY CHAPEL,
West 25th St., near Broadway.
8 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Holy Communion, Choral & Sermon.
4 P. M.—Evening Prayer.

TRINITY CHURCH,
Broadway and Wall St.
7, 8—Holy Communion.
10:30—Morning Prayer.
11:00—Holy Communion and Sermon.
3:30—Choral Evensong.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY,
334 West 57th Street.
Rev. Frederick Burgess, Jr., B. D., Rector.
8, 11 (Rector); 8 (Rev. Henry Smart, D.D.)

Protestant Episcopal

CHURCH OF THE TRANSFIGURATION,
1 East 29th St., Dr. HOUGHTON, Rector.
COMMUNIONS: 7, 8, and 9 o'clock A. M.
SERMON and EYRE'S Mass at 10:30 A. M.
OFFERTORIUM: "HYMN TO THE TRINITY," (Russian,) by Tschaikovsky.
POST COMMUNION: Gounod's "O SALUTARIS HOSTIA."
CHORAL EVENSONG (4 o'clock); PRELUDE (Violoncello) by Hans Kronold—"ROMANZE," (D'Ambrosio.)
ANTHEM: "In Humble Faith and Holy Love," by Garrett. (Quartet, Tenor solo, and Chorus.)
OFFERTORIUM: "EVENING AND MORNING," (Oakeley.) Full Chorus.
VOLONCELLO: MELODY, (Mlynarski.)
RECESSIONAL: "Daily, Daily Sing the Praises," (Clark.)
POSTLUDE: "ANDANTE," (Godard,)
'Cello and Organ accompaniment.

Reformed

COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF NEW YORK.
THE MIDDLE CHURCH
2d Av. and 7th St.
Rev. EDGAR FRANKLIN ROMIG, Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE CHURCH
5th Av. and 29th St.
Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D.D., Minister will preach.
11 A. M., "Waiting on God."
8 P. M., "What Do You Believe?"

THE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS.
5th Av. and 48th St.
MALCOLM JAMES MacLEOD, D.D.
Rev. ROBERT W. COURTNEY, Ministers
Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Mr. COURTNEY will preach at both services.

THE WEST END CHURCH.
West End Av. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D. D., Minister. Rev. J. FRED BERG, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M.

THE FORT WASHINGTON CHURCH,
Fort Washington Av. and 181st St.
Rev. IRVING H. BERG, D D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
All Seats Free.

GRACE REFORMED CHURCH, 7th Av. and 54th St.—Rev. J. R. DURYEE, D. D., Minister, will officiate. Services 11 o'clock.

HAMILTON GRANGE CHURCH
Convent and 149th, near Amsterdam Av.
Rev. JOHN A. DYKSTRA, 11 and 8.

REFORMED CHURCH IN HARLEM
Lenox Av. and 123d St.
Rev. EDGAR TILTON, Jr., D. D., Minister will preach at 11 A. M.

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Meetings 11 o'clock, 144 East 20th St., Manhattan; Lafayette & Washington Avs., Brooklyn.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS. Meetings for worship, 11 A. M., at 221 E. 15th St., Manhattan, & 110 Schermerhorn St., B'klyn.

Spiritualist

CHURCH OF DIVINE INSPIRATION,
Genealogical Hall,
226 West 58th St.
Services—Sundays at 8 P. M.
Fridays at 2:30.
Messagebearer next Sunday
Mrs. Sarah Holmes.

Theosophy

AT HOTEL MARIE ANTOINETTE,
Broadway, 67th St., Central Lodge, T. S.
Thursday, June 26, 8:30 P. M.
MR. R. L. STEWART,
"ANCIENT TRUTHS REDISCOVERED BY SCIENTISTS."
Public cordially invited.

AT 2,228 BROADWAY.
N. Y. LODGE, T. S., FOUNDED 1897.
Interna'l President, Mrs. ANNIE BESANT.
Every Tuesday, 8:15, Theosophical Lectures.
Public Cordially Invited. Lending Library.

Unitarian

THE COMMUNITY CHURCH OF N. Y.,
Park Av. and 34th St.
Church of the Messiah, (1839-1919.)
11 A. M.—HARVEY DEE BROWN.
Religion and Psychoanalysis, (4.)
"THE DREAM INTERPRETATION OF RELIGIOUS IDEALS."

UNITARIAN PREACHING, Church of the Saviour, Brooklyn, June 22, 11 A. M., Rev. CHAS. H. LYTLE. Pierpont St., Monroe Place, four minutes Borough Hall subway.

Y. M. C. A.

MR. HAROLD G. BLODGETT,
Editor "The Hardware Age,"
"Italy in the War."
West Side Y.M.C.A., 318 W. 57th St., 4 P.M.

Y. W. C. A.

CENTRAL BRANCH, Lexington Av., 53d St.
5 P. M.—MISS IDA M. BOWNE, Speaker.
8 P. M.—MR. HARRY KINPORTS, Speaker.

Other Services

BUSINESS CHURCH OF NEW YORK.
(Church of Silent Demand.)
HOTEL McALPIN, (Green Room,) 11:15.
THEODORE G. NORTHRUP,
The Business Man and Wonder of the 20th Century, and Dr. E. H. PRATT of Chicago.
Healing meeting, 10:30. Regular services, 11:15
MOST WONDERFUL MEETINGS.
Come and see for yourself, then you will know. Everybody welcome. Good music.

Vedanta Society, 50 West 67th.—Swami Bodhananda. "Philosophy of Action." 8 P. M.

BROOKLYN

Congregational

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, Orange Street.
Rev. NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS, Pastor.
11 A. M., "What Is the Bible? The Twentieth Century Man's View."
No Evening service.

Presbyterian

LAFAYETTE AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Corner South Oxford Street.
Services at 10:30 and 7:45.
Morning—The Rev. Frank L. Gosnell.
Evening—Holy Communion. Dr. Charles C. Albertson on "The Guided Life."—The last in a series of three sermons on "Life That Is Life Indeed."

"THE MASTER HATH NEED OF THEE."
If you have a vacant lot in Manhattan will you lend it to God this Summer by permitting a tent for evangelistic services to be pitched thereon? C 152 Times.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Forecast:
N. Car.—Fair Sat. and Sun., except occasional showers in extreme w.
S. Car.—Fair Sat. and probably Sun.
Ga.—Fair Sat.; Sun. partly cloudy, probably showers in w.
Fla.—Partly cloudy Sat., showers in extreme s.; Sun. showers.
Ala. and Miss.—Occasional showers Sat. and probably Sun.
Tenn.—Thunder showers Sat. and probably Sun.; little change in temp.
Ky., Ind., Mich.—Generally fair Sat. and Sun.; little change in temp.
Ohio—Partly cloudy Sat.; Sun probably fair, slightly warmer in n.
Ill., Iowa, Minn., S. Dak., and Neb.—Partly cloudy Sat. and Sun; thunder showers; not much change in temp.
N. Dak.—Partly cloudy Sat. and Sun.; thunder showers e. and c.; warmer Sat.
La. and Ark.—Sat. and Sun. cloudy, probably scattered showers.
Tex. and Okla.—Sat. and Sun. cloudy, probably showers.

Reward of $100

The New York Times will pay a reward of $100 for information effecting the arrest and conviction of any person obtaining money by means of a fraudulent advertisement in The New York Times.

FEDERAL CONTROL GOOD, SAYS ASHTON

Tells Railroad Men That Concentration Under Administration Benefited Nation at Large.

RETURN APPROVED BY ALL

But Will Find Owners Facing One of the Greatest Constructive Periods Ever Weathered.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 20.—Representatives of every big trunk line in the country concurred here today in the prediction of R. H. Ashton, President of the American Railroad Association, made before the mechanic sections of that organization, that the transportation systems, when returned to their owners on January 1 next, are "going to be up against one of the greatest constructive periods they ever have gone through."

Stating very frankly that he did not believe there is a dissenting voice on the question of the return of the lines, either from Congress, the people, the Administration, or from railroad men, President Ashton, who was the executive head of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad before he was made Regional Director for the Northeastern region under the Railroad Administration, insisted, nevertheless, that concentration under Government control was a very good thing for the nation at large under the existing circumstances.

"I am one of those who do not believe that in the future the selfish conditions which have prevailed in the past are going to continue in the railroad business or any other business of this country," was the message he left to the amalgamated railway bodies of the nation.

"I believe that the time has come when all men must work together, and I believe that the welding together of all the railroad associations into one big force is going to be to the advantage of all of us," was another conclusion shared by traffic and construction experts. "It was the Railroad Administration that held us together and said not only what must be done, but how we should do it," he declared. "We have made mistakes, lots of them. They made mistakes in all of the allied countries, but on the whole if it had not been for the centralized control of the Railroad Administration I doubt if we could have gotten through the job as well as we did. In fact, I know we could not have done so.

"I firmly believe that the day has come when individual idosyncracies and all that kind of thing, which cost considerable money when applied to railroads, and which in the end the public must pay for, will disappear, and I believe that the American Railroad Association, which war brought to pass, is going to tie this railroad system together and make a smooth working machine of it when the central direction, as represented in the Railroad Administration, lets go.

"I want you to know, speaking for railroad Presidents, that we are all traveling together, and that we must work out this problem together. There is no one man who is going to do it, but it is the hundreds and thousands of men who are thinking about practical railroad problems who are going to bring about the results which are so much to be desired."

Construction heads, who played a large part in solving congestion problems on eastern lines, referred today with pride to the statement of W. T. Tyler, Director of Operations of the Railroad Administration, that there has never been, so far as he knew, a discordant note in that organization. "Now that condition prevailed naturally, you might say, during the period of the war as a result of the patriotism of the members; but it has continued after the signing of the armistice in just exactly the same degree as it did before, and it still continues even when the minds of individual members very naturally are largely turning to the return of the railroads," said the Director. Mr. Tyler gave the construction men to understand that he is hopeful that before the roads are finally returned, there will be a complete organization of all the functions of the operation of the lines in one smooth working body.

Many leaders asserted today that the new combined association of all the railroad bodies affords the only agency in sight for effecting co-ordination under private control that will be essential if the best transportation results are to be forthcoming.

Dispatchers for Government Control

CHICAGO, June 20.—Unanimous indorsement of Government control of railroads was voted today by the 250 delegates to the National Association of Train Dispatchers. C. L. Darling, Secretary, explained that the organization thought some form of general control of all systems was necessary. "The Government control during the war has been fairly successful," he said. "We therefore believe that it should be continued, especially through the reconstruction period."

BANKERS GIVE SONS START.

Chicago Bond Firm Launched for Mitchell-Hutchins Heirs.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 20.—Founded by wealthy fathers for the benefit of their sons, the new firm of Mitchell, Hutchins & Company, representing families long identified with the Illinois Trust & Savings Bank, will engage in underwriting and distributing new issues of bonds and notes here.

Among the partners, it is understood, besides the Mitchell-Hutchins interests, are J. Ogden Armour, Chauncey Keep, William Wrigley, Jr.; H. M. Byllesby, Charles Garfield King, and W. E. Stanley. They have bought the preferred stock of the new concern.

William H. Mitchell is to be head of the company. James C. Hutchins, Jr., also actively identified with it, recently returned from service in France.

"We have organized the company in order to give the boys a start in life," said John J. Mitchell, President of the Illinois Trust, today.

SEND KOSHER MEAT ABROAD

Exercises Held in Celebration of Shipment to Galicia.

In celebration of the first shipment from this country of Kosher meat for the starving Jews of Galicia, exercises were held yesterday on board the steamship Ashburn, at Pier 33, East River. The ship will leave with a cargo of 500 tons of meat within a few days.

The shipment, which represents a value of $242,000, is made by the Joint Distribution Committee of American Funds for Jewish War Sufferers.

Among those who attended the exercises were Rabbi Nathan Krass, Rabbi M. S. Margolies, Rabbi S. G. Jaffe, Cantor Jacob Rosenblatt, and Albert Lucas, Secretary of the committee.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 20.—Sixty-two new incorporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $18,601,700, were chartered today. They include:

M. Archambault & Son, Cohoes, banking business, $5,000; M. and T. M. and L. Archambault, Cohoes.

The Allerdice Hide and Tallow Co., Saratoga Springs, $15,000; W. R. Vanderwerker, H. C. Todd, C. E. Allerdice, Saratoga Springs.

New Castle Leather Co., Manhattan, $4,850,000; A. C. Head, A. R. May, E. M. Ames, 515 West 156th St.

Landau Silk Underwear Co., Manhattan, $10,000; P. and T. Landau, L. Steinberg, 31 West 21st St.

Ruvo Del Monte, Manhattan, hotel and restaurant, $6,000; V. Farfone, D. M. Vasti, G. Ruggiero, 153 West 48th St.

Neuss Hesslein & Co., Manhattan, general trading business and make textiles, $10,000,000; E. J. Hessley, E. O. Beyer, J. Staudt, 68 East 80th St.

Greenwich Village Inn, Manhattan, hotel and restaurant, $25,000; B. Gallant, H. Meltzer, J. Jackson, 7 West 45th St.

The Very Spot, Newburg, women's wearing apparel, $10,000; R. and T. and A. Warshaw, 253 West 112th St.

Hoe Mfg. Corp., Poughkeepsie, structural iron work and general contracting, $50,000; R. Hoe, A. Gregory, M. G. Latimer, 265 Ocean Av., Brooklyn.

Interstate Mechanical Laboratories, Manhattan, tools and machinery, $75,000; L. Ovsiovitch, H. A. Stoddard, R. P. Kennard, 17 West 56th St.

Morrow Sales Corp., Manhattan, machinery, $25,000; M. E. Barnaby, R. H. Clarke, I. F. Browne, 209 West 102d St.

Armenia Restaurant and Importing Co., Manhattan, $5,000; M. F. Montgomery, F. S. Condit, R. Constantian, 521 West 111th St.

Bankers Credit Corp., Manhattan, stocks, bonds, realty, and insurance, $800,000; C. N. Field, H. J. Schumacher, F. R. Wood, 128 West 72d St.

A. C. Israel Co., Manhattan, coffee business, $1,000,000; A. C. Israel, H. L. Bloch, W. W. Clinch, 15 William St.

Fibre Drum Co., Manhattan, boxes, drums, and cartons, $6,000; H. Amerman, W. Hutchison, H. T. Beers, 233 Broadway.

Pennsylvania Lunch Co., Manhattan, $15,000; H. K. Rogalin, S. Levine, J. H. Rosenberg, 830 West 179th St.

American European Service Co., Manhattan, goods, wares, and merchandise, $10,000; E. G. Miller, F. A. Kirk, W. Edlin, 188 East Broadway.

Artmart Linen Co., Manhattan, $25,000; A. Rosenfeld, B. Fromm, S. Leopold, 106 East 81st.

Martinque Undergarment Co., Manhattan, women's wearing apparel, $15,000; B. and M. Aptheker, S. J. Covit, 1,846 55th St., Brooklyn.

Dudley's Iron Works, Richmond Hill, $20,000; W. C. Bates, H. Chandless, T. Dudley, 142 West 10th St.

The G. T. Novelty Co., Bronx, $10,000; J. Greber, J. and G. Tushak, 1,880 Hunt Av.

The Peoples Commercial Bureau, Brooklyn, stocks, bonds, and transportation tickets, $10,000; N. Hein, H. O. Falk, J. Leichtman, 822 Rodney St., Brooklyn.

Goldherm Realty Corp., Manhattan, $15,000; S. J. Herman, J. D. and J. D. Goldstein, 600 West 163d St.

The Artificial Leather Corp., Manhattan, $6,000; I. Margulies, J. Weintraub, J. Leshne, 480 East 172d St., Bronx.

Solar Film Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; S. Berghoffen, J. Salemene, M. Weeker, 1,088 Hoe Av.

Greene St. Associates, Inc., Manhattan, realty, $25,000; G. A. Boehm, R. Saxon, M. Cohen, 746 St. Nicholas Av.

Greenberg & Hailparn, Inc., Manhattan, clothing for men and women, $6,000; L. Greenberg, C. Hailparn, M. Seltlin, 1,801 Crotona Av.

East Side Poultry Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; J. Kastein, B. Steinberg, A. Kovats, 251 East Fourth St.

The Morse Magneto Clock Co., Manhattan, $25,000 E. F. Howard, A. G. and J. S. Morse, 222 Riverside Drive.

Harper Drug Co., Dunkirk, $12,000; R. W. Lennartz, M. A. and L. J. Kaminsky, Dunkirk.

Oakland Novelty Mfg. Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; J. Pschzola, F. Loderowski, S. Wishnew, 406 Pulaski St., Brooklyn.

Colonial Road Housing Corp., Brooklyn, $50,000; O. B. Lafreniere, W. H. Krafft, R. K. Jacobs, 100 Broadway.

George Gress, Inc., College Point, marble and tile fixtures, $10,000; G. Gress, C. W. Schnell, J. Barton, College Point.

Oscar M. Carter, Inc., Manhattan, tools, hardware, and agricultural implements, $50,000; A. P. Saas, R. C. Perlman, M. Berger, 600 Berch Terrace.

The K. Dry Goods Co., Manhattan, $10,000; A. Greenberg, M. Demarsky, L. Silverman, 15 East 108th St.

Metro Stationery Co., Manhattan, $7,000; L. Rose, I. Weltman, I. Lowenbraun, 116 Nassau St.

Banner Silk Knitting Mills, Manhattan, $500,000; J. E. Malino, J. C. Duke, B. B. Mead, 1,909 Washington Av.

W. Schedko, Inc., Manhattan, bakery and confectionery, $80,000; I. S. Chirurg, A. Jacoby, B. E. Singer, 27 Cedar St.

D. Salwen Co., Manhattan, hosiery, underwear, and knit goods, $100,000; S. Roth, H. Lipschutz, D. Salwen, 704 Broadway.

Chalfonte Tea Room, Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; P. Richlesa, J. A. Terr, A. Jacoby, 302 Broadway.

Comfort Dress Co., Manhattan, $10,000; M. Rothstein, J. Ritter, D. Greenbaum, 871 Driggs Av., Brooklyn.

O. K. Woodwork Co., Manhattan, general contracting, $10,000; J. and A. Elferman, M. Brecher, 1,370 Brook Av., Bronx.

E. T. Schenck Corp., Brooklyn, storage batteries and electrical machinery, $5,000; E. T. Schenck, S. W. Smith, E. A. Pollack, 60 Wall St.

Tanneh Sweets Corp., Manhattan, confectionery, $10,000; H. and N. and H. Koenigsberg, 1 East 106th St.

Johnson, Matthey & Co., Manhattan, assaying, refining, and metallurgical chemistry, $1,500,000; A. F. Keene, E. M. Sellon, P. D. Handy, 59 Cedar St.

Shur Products, Inc., Rochester, auto and motor vehicle merchandise, $10,000; C. S. Rauber, H. W. Hamilton, G. F. Barber, Rochester.

La Rowe Glove Co., Mayfield, Fulton County, $6,000; W. and I. and S. V. La Rowe, Mayfield.

Colmont Holding Corp., Brooklyn realty, $10,000; P. Cleary, J. A. Flanagan, F. C. Haven, 109 Sterling St., Brooklyn.

West Side Beef Co., Manhattan, $10,000; F. Wincenbach, H. Sancler, J. Ranzenhofer, 1,834 Broadway.

45 West 55th St. Corp., Manhattan, realty, $5,000; H. G. Wenzel, Jr., J. E. Carty, W. H. O'Neill, 46 Cedar St.

1,217-1,219-1,221 Madison Av. Corp., Manhattan, realty, $5,000; same as preceding.

J. A. Laporte Con. Co., Troy, $25,000; J. J. McGuigan, E. T. Corcoran, J. A Laporte, Albany.

Eldorado Steamship Co, Manhattan, $50,000; C. W. Hunter, E. Kollmyer, W. Martin, 1,576 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

110 William St. Corp., Manhattan, $10,000 to $2,010,000.

Thompson & Binger, Inc., Manhattan, $250,000 to $350,000.

Barton & Durstine Co., Manhattan, $130,000 to $175,000.

International Society Press Bureau, Inc., Manhattan, $500 to $10,000.

Silverman Bros., Manhattan, $7,500 to $30,000.

Dunning-Boschert Press Co., Syracuse, $200,000 to $300,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

The Independent Polish Salcons in Tadeusz Kosciuszko of North Tonawanda, N. Y., Inc., North Tonawanda, to Harmonia Singing Circle, Inc.

Schick & Taylor Co., Poughkeepsie, to Charles F. Schick Plumbing Co.

Credit Union of the Employes' Conference Committee, City of New York, Manhattan, to Municipal Credit Union.

AUTHORIZATIONS.

D. S. Stern Co., Cal., goods, wares, and merchandise, $100,000; rep., D. S., Stern, 13 Park Row.

Waldo Bros., Inc., Mass., contractors' supplies, $300,000; rep., J. Wray, 101 Park Av.

George W. Stiles Con. Co., Ill., $20,000; rep., G. W. Stiles, Niagara Falls.

DISSOLUTIONS.

New Castle Leather Co., Del.
Bankers' Credit Corp., Manhattan.
Richmor Realty Corp., Manhattan.
No. 4,230 Broadway Market Co., Manhattan.
Valhandcoal Co., Manhattan.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, June 20.—Charters filed:

Standard Mfg. Co., Newark, hardware, &c., $50,000; H. A. Black, J. Hilton, and A. F. McCabe, all of Newark.

Newark Sterling Co., Newark, novelties, $10,000; J. B. Beams of Newark, A. G. Beams of Nutley, and D. Fred Vogel of Belleville.

Security Warehouse Co., Newark, to operate warehouses, $50,000; W. L. Evans of Brooklyn and G. C. Killing and Fred J. Ward of Newark.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., June 20.—Charters filed:

Nortex Oil Corp., $2,000,000; W. F. O'Keefe, George G. Steigler, J. H. Dowdell of Wilmington.

The Steriotentograpp Co., to do a general manufacturing business, $600,000; E. E. Armour, A. R. Armour, F. M. Sherman, all of Kingman, Ariz.

Kenosage Oil Co., $500,000; T. L. Croteau, P. B. Drew, H. E. Knox of Wilmington.

Canton Pneumatic Compress, Inc., mechanical and electric engineers, $250,000; G. C. Plumb, M. Halstead, M. E. Nolan, all of New York.

Fidelity Gasoline Co., $100,000; Arthur Scott, J. H. Langsten, J. T. Torrence, all of Tusla, Okla.

The Mountain Co., securities of all kinds, $200,000; M. L. Horty, M. C. Kelly, S. L. Mackey of Wilmington.

B.-H. Shoe Co., $50,000; H. H. Bernstein, B. E. Hayes, B. Kilson, all of Pittsburgh.

American Road Plane, Inc., machinery of all kinds, $25,000; John L. Forsythe, Minus R. Duke, Francis L. Duke, all of Chicago, Ill.

Phila. Restaurant and Lunch Room Co., $50,000; F. R. Hansell, E. M. MacFarland, J. Vernon Pimm, local Philadelphia.

Progressive Investment Co., Inc., laundry, $25,000; Peter D. Morris, Herman Thompson, Washington, D. C.; Margaret L. Joyce, Garfield, D. C.

York Motors Sales Co., Inc., $20,000; Warren M. York, H. J. Reincke, Benjamin Barkhurst, all of Washington, D. C.

COMMODITIES PRICES.

In spite of the fact that the declines shown in Dun's list of wholesale commodities prices this week are outnumbered nearly three to one by the advances, the revisions in the foodstuffs are almost equally divided between the two. No market in the list showed very much of an excess one way or the other. There were 41 advances this week in 56 changes, compared with 38 upturns in 69 revisions last week.

The following list gives the minimum prices quoted on selected standard commodities this week. They are quoted to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for last week and the corresponding week a year ago:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Apples, com., bbl.	$6.00	$6.00	$3.50
Beans, m., c., 100 lbs.	11.75	11.75	13.00
Butter, cream, ex., lb.	.51½	.51½	.44½
Butter, S. D., c. to f., lb.	.46	.46	.36
Cabbage, per bbl.	1.50	2.25	1.50
Cheese, w. m., spl., lb.	.31	.31¼	.23¾
Codfish, Gd. B., 100 lbs.	13.00	13.00	11.00
Coffee, No. 7 Rio, lb.	.21⅞	.20½	.08⅝
Coffee, Santos No. 4, lb.	.26¼	.25¼	.10⅝
Eggs, nearby, doz.	.59	.58	.49
Eggs, West., 1sts, doz.	.44½	.43½	.35
Flour, patents, 196 lbs.	11.50	11.50	10.75
Onions, bag	5.00	6.00	2.00
Peas, Scotch, 100 lbs.	7.00	7.00	12.00
Potatoes, 100 lbs.	1.50	1.75	1.66
Rice, fancy head, lb.	.11¾	.11¼	.10
Sugar, fine gr., 100 lbs.	9.00	9.00	7.48
Tea, Formosa, fair, lb.	.22	.22	.29½
Tea, Japan, best, lb.	.50	.50	.40
Bacon, 140s down, lb.	.29½	.29⅛	.25⅛
Beef, live, 100 lbs.	10.85	10.75	12.00
Hams, big., in tcs., lb.	.34⅝	.34⅜	.27
Hogs, live, 100 lbs.	19.50	20.50	16.25
Lard, Mid. W., 100 lbs.	34.50	34.80	24.40
Pork, mess, bbl.	56.00	56.00	46.00
Sheep, live, 100 lbs.	11.50	10.25	10.50
Barley, malt., bu.	1.33	1.26	1.32
Corn, No. 3 yel., bu.	1.98	1.89¾	1.79¾
Hay, pr. Tim., 100 lbs.	2.35	2.35	1.60
Oats, No. 3 white, bu.	.80½	.79½	.86½
Rye, No. 2, bu.	1.66¼	1.63½	1.96
Wheat, No. 2 red, bu.	*2.37½	*2.37½	*2.27
Aluminium, pig, lb.	.33	.33	.33
Copper, electro, lb.	.17¾	.17¾	.23½
Iron, pig, No. 2X, ton	29.50	29.50	*34.25
Lead, lb.	.05¼	.05.4	.07.8
Spelter, lb.	.06.8	.06⅛	.08⅛
Steel, billets, Bess., ton	38.50	38.50	47.50
Tin, lb.	.72½	.72½	.90
Brown sheet., st'd., yd.	.22½	.22½	.28
Cloths, pr., 64x60, yd.	.15¾	.15½	.18¾
Hides, No. 1, lb.	.41	.40	.38
Hides, cows, lb.	.40	.40	.30
Leath., h'lock, lb.	.60	.57	.52
Leath., un. bks., t. r., lb.	.87	.87	.75
Rubber, up-riv., fine, lb.	.55½	.56½	.68
Silk, Ch., st. fil. 1st, lb.	9.25	8.60	7.60
Silk, Jap., fil. No. 1, Sinshiu, lb.	8.50	7.90	..

*Government maximums.

No change in flour prices took place this week in the local market, but both hams and bacon were higher here. At Chicago declines were shown by live hogs and Middle Western lard, with mess pork unchanged. Live beef, live sheep, and short ribs contributed the advances. The dairy products changes were fewer than for some time. No revisions in butter prices were listed, but the best cheese was slightly lower. Both nearby fancy and the best Western eggs moved up a cent a dozen, and now show quite liberal margins over the corresponding prices for 1918.

Save for rice, all of the changes in the vegetables were downward. Choice pea beans broke in price, and cabbage lost the gain of 75 cents a barrel it made last week. For the second week in succession potatoes dropped 25 cents a barrel. The biggest drop was $1 a bag in onions, but they are still held at $5 a bag against $2 at this time a year ago. Both the fresh and dried fruit lists were bare of changes for the first time in quite a while. Further advances took place in the basic Brazilian coffees, and low Japan tea also was higher. No changes were listed in the spices.

Corn, oats, rye, and malting barley all contributed advances to the grains list. Declines were lacking. The advances in the combined list for drugs, chemicals, dyestuffs, and oils outnumbered the declines by 12 to 4. Features included the strength of several varieties of oils, and the advances in Russian ergot, menthol in case lots, and Canadian fir balsam. The last-named went up $1 a gallon during the week, and all three of these commodities are considerably higher than last year's corresponding quotations on them.

No changes were shown in the leather list, but in the hides advances were recorded in five of the ten grades quoted on. These were No. 1 native packer, No. 1 country steers, No. 1 heavy cows, No. 1 buff hides, and No. 1 kips. The metal changes consisted only of a rise in lake copper and declines in spelter and lead. In the naval stores a rise in resin offset a drop in turpentine, after the latter had advanced steadily for some weeks. Raw silk prices were higher generally, and hemp and hops also were quoted higher. Crude rubber closed off.

In the textiles an active inquiry and a shortage of merchandise resulted in further advances in burlaps. In the colored cotton goods the only rise reported was in staple ginghams. Several constructions of gray cottons also gained ground as a result of the more active buying that took place during the closing days of the week. Silk and woolen prices also showed an upward tendency.

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

NEW YORK COUNTY.
Supreme Court.
APPELLATE DIVISION—FIRST DEPARTMENT—DECISIONS.

George Fuss, aplt., v. Compania Zamorense De Navigacione Societat Anonima, respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Peo. ex rel. General Chemical Co., respt., v. Jacob A. Cantor et al., as commrs. &c., aplts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Peo. ex rel. Max Perlstein, aplt., v. Reuben Shernoff, as Prest., &c., et al., respts.—Order affirmed, with costs No opinion. Order filed.

Henry J. Newman, respt., v. David S. Walton, et al., aplts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

The People, &c., respt., v. Benjamin Marden, aplt.—Judgment affirmed. No opinion. Order filed.

David Fitzgibbons, respt., v. Joseph H. Mayers, aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Mary Brutin, an inft. &c., respt., v. George W. Crawford, aplt.—Order reversed with costs and motion denied and verdict reinstated, and judgment ordered to be entered thereon with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Victor E. Meyer, indy., &c., respt., v. George S. Saltzman, et al., aplts.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

The People, &c., respt., vs. Isidor Koplitz, aplt. — Judgment affirmed. No opinion. (Smith, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Erminie Mullaney et al., as excx., &c., respts., vs. Century Steel Co. of America, aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Joseph P. Berone, respt., vs. Hyman Fish, aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Israel Schorr, respt., vs. N. Y. Rys. Co., aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Samuel Hausman, respt., vs. Margaret G. O'Connell, aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Louis Schwartzreich, respt., vs. Bauman Basch, Inc., aplt.—Determination affirmed with costs. No opinion. (Smith, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Walter Silber, aplt., vs. Grand Tool and Machine Works, Inc., respt.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. to abide event, on the ground that plaintiff made out a prima facie case and that it was error to dismiss the complaint. Order filed.

Emory J. Lipps, respt., vs. Louis A. Stirn et al., impld., &c., aplts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, with leave to defendant to withdraw demurrer and to answer on payment of costs in this court and at Special Term. No opinion. Order filed.

Joseph Saymon, respt., v. Meyer Barish, aplt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Myron D. Rosenthal, an inft., &c., respt. vs. Empire Carting Co., impld., &c., aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

David M. Rosenthal, respt. vs. Empire Carting Co., impld., &c., aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Myron D. Rosenthal, an inft., &c., respt. vs. N. Y. Rwys Co., impld., &c., aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

David M. Rosenthal, respt. vs. N. Y. Rwys Co., impld., &c., aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

In the matter of the City of N. Y., re Piers Old Nos. 8, 9, 10, and 11.—Order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Felix Isman, Inc., aplt. vs. August Heckscher, respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (Clarke, P. J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Herman H. Fajen, et al., aplts. vs. Hudson Transpor. Co., respt.—Determination affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Siegbert Lewin, respt. vs. Aaron Hecht, aplt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Harry J. Waas vs. George A. Loeffler, impld., &c.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Charles Smith vs. Edwin Duffey, as Commr. of Highways.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, without costs. Order filed.

Arthur Selwyn Brown vs. Superno Co.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, without costs. Order filed.

Patrick White v. Peter P. Cappell.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs, unless aplt. comply with terms stated in order. Order filed.

Joseph Senchuck, an inft., &c. v. William J. Fitzgerald.—Motion to dismiss granted, with costs. Order filed.

Rose Mulvey et al. as admrs., &c., v. Hotel Martinique.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Henry Ryder v. Trustees of Sailors Snug Harbor, et al.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

The People &c. v. Otto Bang.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied, with leave to renew motion unless aplt. comply with terms stated in order. Order filed.

Matter of Mary A. Secor, decd.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

People ex rel. Wm. W. Herman v. James A. Hamilton, indy., and as Commr., &c.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

People ex rel. Benjamin Ascher v. Robert Adamson, as Fire Commr., &c.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Anna Wolf v. The City of N. Y.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

J. & G. Lippmann v. Pennsylvania R. R. Co.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Adolph Goodstone v. Washington Mfg. Co.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Julius Fezenik v. J. P. Garage Co.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Emelia Ver-Eecke v. Greenwich Savings Bank.—Application denied with $10 costs. Order signed.

Max Winter v. Herzog Cloak and Suit Co.—Application granted. Order signed.

Charles Burke, Inc., v. Hanover Fire Ins. Co.—Application denied with $10 costs. Order signed.

William T. McDowell v. Starobin Electrical Supply Co.—Application granted. Order signed.

Samuel Bernstein et al. v. Samuel Rubin. Application denied with $10 costs. Order signed.

Lester C. Hebbard & Co., Inc., v. Arthur M. Blake.—Application denied with $10 costs. Order signed.

Louis Simon et al. v. Max Linden.—Application granted. Order signed.

Frederick L. Kane as receiver, &c., v. Joseph H. Parker.—Application denied with $10 costs. Order signed.

Arthur Traina v. Fiore Luchesi et al.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted with $10 costs unless appellant comply with terms stated in order. Order filed.

David Ansin v. Leo M. Cooper et al.—Motion granted. Order filed.

Matter of James S. Meng as executor, &c., of Henry Bischoff, deceased.—Motion granted. Order filed.

Matter of Elbert S. Boughton, an attorney.—Application of petitioner granted unless within five days respondent consents to an open commission. Leave now to serve cross-interrogatories denied. Settle order on notice.

Louis Casino, respondent, v. William R. Lawson, applt.—Order reversed with $10 costs and disbursements and motion denied with $10 costs. No opinion. Order filed.

SPECIAL TERM, PART II.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM, PART II.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—Standard Code Co.<Bishop—Eugene L. Bushe.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Central Sav. Bank<Weinhandler—M. Clarice Baright. Re Warren, (Geissenhainer)—Charles Putzel. Re Fulton Trust Co., (Downey)—William Allen.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Donnelly, J.—Adele O. Friedman<Abraham A. Lustig—Herbert J. Goodman.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—National Metal and Novelty Co., Inc.<Liberty Aeroil Burner, Inc.—Henry D. Merchant. Equitable Trust Co.<The New Theatre—John Brown. Alfred Meyers<Victoria Lash—Henry Brady.

BRONX COUNTY.
Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Finch, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 108, w s, 50 ft s of 65th St, 25.5x100; Hy. Ederle to John Ederle, 112 Amsterdam Av, ½ part and ½ of all liens; attorneys, Wendel, E. and R., 277 Broadway $100

CANAL ST, 362 s s, 97.1x19.2x irregular; Laura E. Walker to Leonard Weill, 155 West 103d St, mtg $7,500, all liens, June 19; attorneys, Arnstein & Levy, 128 Broadway $1

CATHEDRAL PARKWAY, 15-19, n s, 566.8 ft e of Lenox Av, 66.8x100; Public Square Realty Co. to Samuel A. Cassell, 1,695 Madison Av, mtg $91,000, all liens, June 11; attorney, A. H. Mittlemann, 347 Madison Av $100

CONVENT AV, 106-8, w s, 50 ft s of 133d St, 72x100; Mary C. McGuire et al to Millington Holding Co., 135 Broadway, mtg $55,000, all liens, June 19; attorney, Edward J. McGuire, 51 Chambers St....$100

COOPER ST, s s, 100 ft e of 204th St, 50x100, foreclosure June 10; Phoenix Ingraham, referee, to Grace N. Charlock, 232 Decatur St, Brooklyn $3,000

MADISON ST, 182 and 184, s s, 53.9x100, foreclosure May 13, 1919; Franklin H. Mills, referee, to 135 Broadway Holding Corp., 135 Broadway, May 15; attorneys, Bennett, W. & N., 2 Rector St....$27,000

MADISON AV, 1,042, w s, 69.2 ft n of 79th St, 25x33x irregular; James L. Van Sant to Edw. C. Parrish, 27 East 79th St, mtg $50,000, attorney, M. F. Johnson, 111 Broadway $100

MANHATTAN AV, 400 to 408, s e corner of 118th St, runs e 70x s 100.11x e 50x s 100.11 to n s of 117th St x w 120 to avenue x n 201.10 to beginning; L. Duncan Bulkeley to Quality Homes, 220 Broadway, mtg $230,000 and P. M. mtg $135,000, all liens, June 2; attorney, Meister Builders, 220 Broadway $100

ROOSEVELT ST, 76, e s, 23.9 ft n of Batavia St, 27x56.2 to s w s of New Chambers St, 68, x36.3x81.2; American Missionary Association to Nathan E. Bergen, 148 West 118th St, b. and s., c. a. g., June 11; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

WASHINGTON ST, s e corner of Hubert, 79.9x75x irregular; Percy R. Pyne to Samuel Weil, 272 Lenox Av, all liens, May 28; attorneys, Speir & B., 52 Wall St....$100

7TH AV, 126, w s, 54 ft s of 18th St, 27x100; Alice Bullowa et al., executors, &c., to Emilia M. Bullowa, 148 East 71st St, 1-12 part, mtg $12,000; address, 32 Broadway..$1

7TH ST, 106 West, s s, 19.6x102.2; Ada McNeil Bird to Richard H. Kingston, 41 Convent Av, 1-6 part, May 3; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

SAME PROPERTY; Cornelia R. Durgan et al. to same, ¼ part, all title, May 7; attorney, same $1

SAME PROPERTY; Emma Smith to same, 1-6 part, all title, b. and s. and c. a. g., all liens, May 12....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Rebecca May to same, all title, b. and s., June 17; attorney, same $1

SAME PROPERTY; Robert O'Neil, infant heir of Thomas R. McNeil, by David P. Meara, guardian, to same; 1-12 part, all title, June 19; attorney, same....$1,750

16TH ST, 431 West, n s, 25.2x92; Hencken Realty Co. to James S. Hannon, 345 West 14th St, mtg $4,500, all liens, June 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

45TH ST, s s, 516.8 ft w of 6th Av, 16.8x100.4; Jacob Selig et al, executors, &c., to Blanch E. Frank, 2,174 Broadway, mtg $29,000, ½ part, June 19; attorney, S. L. Frank, 1,790 Broadway $11,500

46TH ST, n s, 475 ft w of 11th Av, 50x100.5; 46th St, n s, 400 ft w of 11th Av, 50x100.5; 46th St, 633-35 West, 425 ft w of 11th Av, 50x100.5; Semaj Realty Co. to Standard Oil Co. of New York, 26 Broadway, all liens, June 4; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$100

53D ST, 55 East, n s, 15x100.5; John R. Dunlap to Joseph P. Hoguet, Hotel Gotham, 5th Av and 55th St, mtg $25,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

64TH ST, n s, 140 ft w of Lexington Av, 20x100.5; John S. Turnbull et al to S. Hinman Bird, 127 East 64th St, all liens, June 9; attorney, Louis B. Hasbrouck, 256 Broadway $100

71ST ST, 122 East, s s, 16.8x100.5; Charles A. Winter et al. to Richard A. Costello, 68 East 86th St, May 1; attorneys, Avery, T., F. & P., 220 Broadway....$100

75TH ST, 52 West, s s, 20x102.2; M. C. Maynicke to Katie M. Moran, 330 Lenox Av, mtg $22,000, all liens, June 16; attorney, I. Hyman, 119 Nassau St....$1

75TH ST, 106 WEST, s s, 19.6x102.2; George McNeil et al. to Richard T. Kingston, 41 Convent Av, 1-6 part, all title, May 6; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

79TH ST, 515-29 East, n s, 135x102.2; Edith Witt to Michael Goldsmith, 275 Peschine Av, Newark, N. J., mtg $16,000, Sept. 6, 1918; attorneys, Gettner, S. & A., 299 Broadway $100

80TH ST, 173 East, n s, 16.8x100; Tracy Hoppin to Rushton Peabody, Lydecker St, Elizabeth, N. J., June 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$1

106TH ST, 62 East, s s, 29.2x100.11, foreclosure May 1, 1919; Edw. D. Dowling to Ruth A. Bruce-Brown, 998 5th Av, June 18; attorneys, Wilson, B. & W., 48 Wall St.. $10,500

126TH ST, n s, 375 ft e of 8th Av, 16.8x99; Jos. H. McMahon, executor, &c, to Walter H. Yeo, 260 West 126th St, Feb. 17; attorney, Daniel Daly, 20 Nassau St......$7,200

168TH ST, 505 West, n s, 25x95; Jacob G. Fischer to Edw. A. Heinzer, 2,528 Broadway, ¼ part and subject to ½ mtg $15,000, June 20; attorneys, Bauerdorf & Taylor, 111 Broadway $100

183D ST, 554 West, s s, 18.9x104.11; Clara Dellac to Pota G. P. Lamont, 86 Wadsworth Av, and Afrodite Gans, 560 West 179th St, mtg $5,500, all liens, June 20; attorney, Joseph A. Brien, 1,402 Broadway..$1

Bronx.

ANTHONY AV, 2,072, e s, e 103.7x s 21.7x w 16x w 90.11 to av, w 25.1, to beg.; Mary A. Reilly to Benj. C. Curren, 1,986 Anthony Av, mtg $3,300, June 19; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

AVENUE C, e s, n part of Lot 288, map of Unionport, 50x105, and part of Lot 289; Peter Handibode, Inc., to Edward A. Schill, 860 Van Nest Av, mtg $5,000, Nov. 15, 1917; attorney, C. P. Hallock, 999 East 180th St....$100

AVENUE C, e s, s w corner of Lot 289, map of Unionport, 25x105, and part of Lot 288; Peter Handibode, Inc., to Edward A. Schill, 860 Van Nest Av, Nov. 15, 1917; attorney, C. P. Hallock, 999 East 180th St....$1

AVENUE B, s w corner of 6th St, Lot 107, map of Unionport, 108x205, also plot beginning 105 ft w of Avenue B at line between Lots 106-107x s 25 ft to a point 83 ft n of 5th St x w 100xn 25x e 100 to beginning; Peter Handibode, Inc., to Edward A. Schill, 860 Van Nest Av, Nov. 15, 1917; attorney, C. P. Hallock, 999 East 180th St.......$100

BARNES AV, 1,925 s s, 25x100; John D. Kunkel to Frank L. Eidmann, 1,925 Barnes Av, mtg $3,500, June 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $100

BECK ST, e s, n of 156th St, 25x100; Louis H. Schlessinger to Samuel Olishevsky, 789 Dawson St., mtg $7,925, June 16; attorneys, Ginzburg & P., 116 Nassau St.....$1

BECK ST, 665, n s, 33.4x125; Anna R. Cordes to Harry and Anna Bukerman, 1,076 1st Av, mtg $14,000, June 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

BELMONT AV, 2,164, e s, 24.2x167x24x168.1; Lucile Giacini to Louis Graziadei, 313 East 121st St., and another, mtg $6,600, June 19; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

BURNSIDE AV, s w corner of Harrison Av, w 75 to Old Croton Aqueduct x s 61.10x s 40.2x e 88.2 to Harrison Av x n 100 to beginning; Bavarian Realty Co. to Single Realty Co., 35 Nassau St, June 16; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway....$100

CASTLE HILL AV, n w corner of Westchester Av, 200x108; Peter Handibode, Inc., to Edwin A. Schill, 860 Van Nest Av, Nov. 15, 1917; attorney, C. P. Hallock, 999 East 180th St. $100

CROTONA AV, n e c 181st St, 67.4x65.7x 66.1x76.5; Chas. Ast to Nathan Berler, 47 Fort Washington Av, mtg $29,000, June 12; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

GRAND AV, s w of Burnside Av, n 171.9 x—, on curve to left 9.1x w 8.4 ft to e s Harrison Av x s 121.2x e to Grand Av x n 80.8 ft to beginning; Bavarian Realty Co., to Single Realty Co., 35 Nassau St, mtg $12,000, June 16; attorney, New York T. & M. Co., 135 Broadway....$100

LOTS 17 to 20, map of Green, Owen & Gelston; Peter Handibode, Inc., to Edward A. Schill, 860 Van Nest Av, mtg $2,000, Nov. 15, 1917; attorney, C. P. Hallock, 999 East 180th St....$1

OLINVILLE AV, 3,012, e s, 30x95.4x31.5x 104.6; Joseph Von Devetis, 3,013 Olinville Av, mtg $4,000, June 19; attorney, C. P. Hallock, 999 East 186th St....$100

TOWNSEND AV, e s, 100 ft n of Belmont St n 150 x e 100 x s 143 x s w 9.4 x w 93.19 to beginning; Rudolph T. Procario to John Montanna, 1,792 Bathgate Av, mtg $7,000, May 29; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

TREMONT AV, n s, lot 50, map Kingsland estate, 25x80x26.11x66.3; C. Donald Matthews to Ittelor Realty Co., 95 William St., mtg $5,000, June 16; attorney, Ittelor Realty Co., 95 William St....$100

UNIVERSITY AV, e s, 430 ft s of 188th St e 148.6 ft to Old Croton aqueduct, s 67.7 ft to Fordham Rd x w 111.4 ft x w & n 54.11 ft to av, x n 94.5 ft to beginning; Harriet E. DeFoe and another to 100 W. 142d St. Corporation, 135 Broadway, mtg $40,000, June 3; Attorney, New York T. M. Co., 135 Broadway....$100

WEBB AV, e s, 135 ft n 188th St, 30x138.2x 35.1x120; Mary S. Croxson to John H. Beckmann, 2,295 University Av, June 16; attorney, New York T. & M. Co., 135 Broadway....$1

WASHINGTON AV, 1,311, w s, 24x150; Edmund B. Child, Jr., to Barney Shapanka, 1,307 Washington Av, mtg $6,900, June 20; attorney, Joseph Hirschman, 1,475 Broadway....$100

WATSON AV, n s, 100 ft w of Pugsley Av, 100x103.7; North Bronx Realty Co. to Pilade Bertlen, London, England, June 16; attorney, B. Little, 56 Pine St....$1

WESTCHESTER AV, n s, 99 ft w of Glebe Av, 99x165; Peter Handebode, Inc., to Edward A. Schill, 860 Van Nest Av, mtg $8,500, Nov. 15, 1917; attorney, C. P. Hallock, 999 East 180th St....$100

WILKINS AV, n w c 170th St, 88x99.7x69.3x 107.5; Benenson Realty Co. to Young Holding Corpn., mtg $77,000, June 14; attorney, H. Young, 1,640 Anthony Av....$100

2D AV, s s, east half of Lot 402, map of Wakefield, 50x114; Alice M. Staker to Andrew Belli, 818 East 216th St, mtg $3,500, June 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

3D AV, n s, s ½ of Lot 62, map of Unionport, 100x108; Peter Handibode, Inc., to Edward A. Schill, 860 Van Nest Av, Nov. 15, 1917; attorney, C. P. Hallock, 999 East 180th St....$1

135TH ST, 617 East, n s, 40x100; Benenson Realty Co. to Maurice W. Feintuch, 1,567 Fulton Av, mtg $24,000, June 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

165TH ST, n s, 316.9 ft e of Boston Road, 17.6x100.5; Henry G. Koch to Eva Josephs, 813 East 179th St, Sept. 1, 1917; attorney, Eva Josephs, 653 East 165th St....$100

217TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of Paulding Av, 75x100; Emma C. Daily to Pilade Bertieri, London, England, May 22; attorney, B. Littell, 56 Pine St....$1

236TH ST, 242 East, s s, 25x100; Dara M. Schrenkeisen to Adolf Fallowitz, 512 East 240th St, mtg $3,000, June 11; attorney, Adolf Fallowitz, 512 East 240th St......$1

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.
Manhattan.

LEXINGTON AV, s e corner of 131st St, mtg $100,000; Hy. G. Ward, admr., to Hy. G. Ward, 1,018 Madison Av; attorneys, Everett, C. & B., 37 Wall St.; 4 assignments, int of....$61,000

MADISON ST, 240; Nathan Lamport and another to Metropolitan Savings Bank, 1-3 3d Av; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$10,000

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 580; Jacob H. Schiff and another to Samuel Siegler, 141 West 82d St.; attorneys, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs, 52 William St....$175,000

VANDEWATER ST, 18-22; 100th St, 208 East; Austin B. Fletcher and another, exrs., &c., Jackson S. Schultz to Kate C. Richardson, 301 West 106th St.; 2 assignments, $54,600

3D ST, 134 WEST, mtg $6,000; Richelieu Realty Co. to Sadye Goldman, 399 Kosciuski St, Brooklyn; attorneys, Gettnam, S. & A., 299 Broadway....$100

16TH ST, 404-6 East; 15th St, 405 East; 1st Av, 264-66; Robert McGill to Central Union Trust Co. of New York, 80 Broadway, trustee; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 3 assignments, each....$100

18TH ST, 134-36 West, mtg $3,000; Robert M. Littlejohn to Frances R. Moss, 602 West 137th St; attorney, Warren Leslie, 2 Rector St....$100

42D ST, 237-39 West, mtg $4,000; Mary E. Parrish to Morris R. Silverman, 905 West End Av; attorney, Jacob Gordon, 66 Broadway....$100

54TH ST, 154-56 East; First Universalist Mission Society of City of New York to Ella B. Van Beuren, 233 West 11th St, and another; attorneys, Pressinger & Newcombe, 60 Wall St....$17,000

94TH ST, 173 East, mtg $6,000; Hudson Trust Co. to Monterey Bldg. Co., 440 West 14th St.; attorneys, Holm, W. & S., 35 Nassau St....$100

117TH ST, 19-21 West, mtg $37,000; Albert F. Hagar, exr., to the International Committee of Y. M. C. A.; attorney, James M. Gray, 32 Court St, Brooklyn....$1

147TH ST, 537 West, mtg $10,500; William S. Weiss and another, trustees, to Jennie Rudman, 551 47th St, Brooklyn; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$6,000

Bronx.

GRAND BLVD. AND CONCOURSE, 2,480; Alfred Opdyke, admr, to Mary G. Quimby, 540 Park Av.; attorney, Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St....$1

SOUTHERN BLVD, w s, 77 ft n of Baretto St, 47x165; Simon Borg & Co. to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St.; attorney, Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St.$37,000

TIFFANY ST, 1,129; Jos. E. Rold, indiv., and as executor to Martha P. Schober, 2,956 North 13th, Philadelphia, Penn.; attorney, W. W. Hall, 2,006 5th Av....$1

163D ST, 723 East; Caroline Koch to Eliz. Ernst, 691 Eagle Av.; attorney, A. Schaefer & Son, 763 Courtlandt Av....$1,500

176TH ST, n w corner of Spuyten Duyvil and Port Morris RR. Co. 253.7x559.7x826.4x 506.3; Wm. H. Bonynge, Trustee, to Annie L. Morris, 850 Park Av.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$14,942.24

219TH ST, 128 East, or w ¼ of w ½ lot 499, map Wakefield; Sarah E. Buckhout, 321 East Tremont Av., to Anna E. Schmidt, 761 East 219th St.; attorney E. L. Brisach, 391 East 149th St....$5,000

MECHANICS' LIENS.
Manhattan.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 414; Howden Tile & Marble Co., Inc., against Leopold Weiss, owner and contractor....$475

8TH AV, 2,553; L. C. Webster & Son, Inc., against Isidore H. Kempner et al., owners; D. Kempner & Son, contractors....$5,324.06

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.
Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 2,600 to 2,610; A. Teichner against Jacob Ruppert Realty Corp. et al., April 2, 1919, by deposit....76.86

PARK ROW, 181 to 127; Feinberg & Feinberg, Inc., against De Witt Fox et al., June 7, 1919....$213.70

4TH AV, 429; Morris Spitz against Paul A. McGolrick et al., March 19, 1918....$138.15

SAME PROPERTY; Morris Spitz against Harry C. Hallenbeck et al., Feb. 19, 1918, $138.15

73D ST, 306 West; Reid, King & Co., Inc., against Maud Bertschmann et al., June 13, 1919 ....$922.35

LIS PENDENS.
Manhattan.

AUDUBON AV, n e corner of 177th St, 107.11 x100; Stella Schiff against Riverside Drive and 93d St. Corp. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Morrison & Schiff

REAL ESTATE FIELD

As a site for a permanent home in the financial district Post & Flagg, stock brokers, purchased the old loft buildings at 49 and 51 Broad Street from the Alliance Realty Company, Walter T. Rosen, President.

The property, which was acquired by the seller several weeks ago, has a frontage of 50.6 feet and an irregular depth, containing about 35,000 square feet. Post & Flagg will build at once a six-story building for their exclusive occupancy from plans by George B. Post, architect.

The site purchased by Post & Flagg is located just north of that recently acquired by the Seaboard National Bank at the northeast corner of Broad and Beaver Streets, where the bank is about to begin the demolition of buildings for the erection of its new home. It adjoins a larger plot at 43 to 47 Broad Street, bought last month by the Alliance Realty Company, abutting the Broad Exchange Building, which the same company owns. Frederick Southack and Alwyn Ball, Jr., negotiated the sale.

In the same section the Importers' and Exporters' Insurance Company of 17 South William Street has purchased as a site for a building for its exclusive use 47 and 49 Beaver Street, 32 by 100. Robert R. Rainey and the Charles F. Noyes Company were the brokers in the transaction.

Resale of West Street Plot.

The Broadway John Street Realty Company resold to the King Chemical Company the six-story building at 122 West Street and 87 Dey Street. It is understood that extensive improvements are to be made to the structure. Pease & Elliman negotiated the transaction.

Uptown Apartment Sales.

The Pierce Contracting Company, represented by Herman Graef, attorney, sold the five-story apartment house, 25 by 100, held at $40,000, at 260 West Ninety-ninth Street, 100 feet east of West End Avenue, to a purchaser who contemplates altering into small apartments. Nassoit & Lanning negotiated the sale.

Oppenheimer Brothers & Vieth sold the six-story elevator apartment house, on plot 100 by 118 by 129, at 720 West 181st Street, to L. Scheschter and others. The property faces Bennett Avenue and accommodates sixty families, paying an annual rental of about $23,000. It was held at $250,000 and was sold through J. Rosenbaum and I. Rosenthal.

Max N. Natanson purchased from the estate of Melvin E. Boas the southeast corner of 162d Street and Broadway, a six-story elevator apartment house, on plot 100 by 100, and having thirty-eight families and seven stores. This property has a rental of $35,000 and was held at $275,000. Samuel Kronsky was the broker. The buyer is the owner of the northeast corner of Broadway and 162d Street.

The Nehring Company has sold for a client to H. Eisenberg for investment the five-story new-law apartment house, on a plot 37.6 by 100, at 563 and 565 West 173d Street, renting for $7,000 and held at $45,000.

Irving Judis resold to the Wians Realty Corporation (J. Wiegan President) Convent Court, a six-story elevator apartment house, at the southwest corner of Convent Avenue and 149th Street, on a plot 100 by 100. The property is arranged for forty-two families, rents for $34,000, and was held at $250,000. It was acquired by the seller about three weeks ago from Max Marx. Louis Fine was the broker.

The Excelsior Savings Bank has sold the six-story elevator apartment house at 250 and 252 West 112th Street, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues, held at $85,000. The buyer is James Lago, private banker, who will hold the property for investment. The Duross Company and the Rowantree Schley Company were the brokers.

Ike Stein bought from a client of J. Friedus the six-story apartment house, 50 by 100, held at $62,000, at 250 and 252 West 146th Street. Abraham Leichter, attorney, represented the buyer. Negotiations for a resale are pending.

Private Dwellings.

Walter H. Knapp sold the four-story dwelling, on lot 16.9 by 92, at 217 East Nineteenth Street, to Moses Herzog, through Douglas L. Elliman & Co.

Joseph Haberman sold the three-story and basement dwelling, 16.8 by 100, at 248 East Sixty-first Street, through Joseph F. Seitz.

John D. Walton sold 226 West 137th Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 16 by 100, through John H. Pierce. The same broker sold for Delia F. Brennan, 240 West 137th Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 17.6 by 100. The buyers will occupy the premises.

Tenement Deals.

Edward H. Burger, lawyer and operator, purchased the five-story tenement with three stores at 1838 Madison Avenue, in an all cash transaction, subject only to a first mortgage held by the Title Company.

The two-story apartment houses at 341 to 345 East 120th Street, have been purchased by an operator. They cover a plot 75 by 100, between First and Second avenues, and are owned by Elizabeth L. Thomasson, Mary A. H. Glasson, and others, according to the ownership records.

Joseph F. Feist & Co. sold 527 West Fiftieth Street, a four-story flat, 25 by 100, for the Ridgeview Realty Co. to an investor.

Realty Notes.

J. Irving Walsh was the broker in the sale of the apartment house at 122 Waverley Place by John J. Long to Hal Marchbanks.

The Bronx Market.

The Ashton Holding Company, Inc., sold the six-story apartment house on plot 137 by 89, irregular, held at $90,000, at 999 Fremont Street, including the corner of Longfellow Avenue and West Farms Road, through Alexander Selkin, David Mintz, and Theo. Tenney.

Abraham Frank sold the property at 3,890 Third Avenue, near Claremont Parkway, to the Dub Realty Corporation through Fred Oppenheimer.

Henry Hunneke sold the one-family dwelling and garage, on plot 100 by 110, at the southeast corner of Crotona Park East, through Cameron, Voorhees & Floyd.

Thomas Conroy sold the three-story and basement dwelling at 51 Adrian Avenue, near 225th Street, on lot 33 by 100, to the Acre Realty Company through Fred Oppenheimer.

The Eberhart Building Company sold a five-story apartment house, 37.6 by 100, 2,093 Vyse Avenue, to Samuel Bernstein through Maurice Strunsky.

Martha Armbruster sold the two-story two-family frame dwelling on lot 25 by 100 by 24.1 by 111.7 at 1,417 Crotona Avenue to Harry Spooner. The seller was represented by the Title Guarantee and Trust Company and A. P. Fox represented the buyer. Fox & Fox were the brokers.

Clara M. Johnson sold the two-family dwelling at 726 East 239 Street to Ferdinand Leake through F. William Eggert.

The Henry Morgenthau Company has sold to the City of New York a plot having 230 feet frontage on Leggett Avenue, 280 feet on Southern Boulevard, and 280 feet on Fox Street, as a site for a school.

The Benenson Realty Company has purchased through Henry Schwelbert the four-story building, with stores, on a plot 28 by 75, at 408 Claremont Parkway.

Roman Catholic Church of St. Philip Neri, on the west side of Grand Concourse and Boulevard, opposite 202d Street, has purchased an adjoining lot, 25 by 112, irregular, from Edward Williams.

Brooklyn.

The Midwout Holding Corporation bought three sixteen-family apartments, 160 by 120, renting for over $27,000, at 1,004, 1,010, and 1,014 Eastern Parkway. The buyers were represented by Vogel & Marion, attorneys, and the brokers in the deal were George L. Long, Charles Smith, and Joseph T. Froehlich.

Dr. Joseph Monday bought the brick store and apartment building at 672 Franklin Avenue through Charles Partridge.

The four-story and basement brownstone dwelling on lot 20 by 100 at 258 Clinton Avenue was sold by the Bulkley & Horton Company for a Mr. Dougherty.

May Graham sold the two-family dwelling at 360 Sixteenth Street to Margaret Flynn through F. C. Sauter.

Meister Builders, Inc., sold 929 Sixtieth Street, a two-story two-family brick house on a plot 20 by 100, to a client for occupancy.

Realty Associates sold a two-story two-family dwelling on a lot 23.8 by 100 at 2,030 Eighty-fifth Street to Bessie Miller, a similar house at 2,014 Eighty-fifth Street to Irwin Stern through Leon Luft, and a two-story and basement dwelling, 23.8 by 100, at 145 Heyward Street, to K. Kreitzer through Morris Wolff. The same organization bought the southeast corner of Flatbush Avenue and Farragut Road, taking in 1,425 and 1,427 Flatbush Avenue, and 2,708 and 2,714 Farragut Road, three buildings containing stores and flats, having a frontage of 69 feet on Flatbush Avenue and 165 feet on Farragut Road. In part payment for this property it gave a plot 120 by 250 feet on the east side of Ocean Parkway, 120 feet north of Avenue P. This exchange was made by I. Weinbach and S. Welch Sons.

Queens Borough Sales.

Lytle J. Hunter sold the residence at 19 Franklin Place, Flushing, to Henry A. Wilmerding, through J. V. Graham.

Laura P. Grant sold the one-family dwelling, on a plot 28 by 127, at 200 Lincoln Street, Flushing, to Herman C. Bunn, through J. Albert Johntra.

I. Morris purchased from W. Tuthill a plot of an acre with 100 feet frontage on Lake Street and adjacent to the land of A. Wright at Jamaica. The seller was W. Tuthill.

C. Zerweck sold to A. Jones a plot, 74 by 184, at the southwest corner of the Merrick Road and the Springfield Road, Jamaica.

J. Van Vechten sold to A. Wells a plot, 50 by 100, on the west side of Hollis Avenue, north of Belleview Avenue, Jamaica.

J. Richter sold to C. Fetter a plot, 50 by 100, at the southeast corner of the Old South Road and the Windhorst plot, South Jamaica.

H. Rueben sold to B. Perlman a plot, 50 by 100, on the east side of Myrtle Avenue, north of Longview Street, Newtown.

Borough of Richmond.

August Peterson sold the residence at 2,127 Clove Avenue, Grassmere, to William C. Shrimpton, through Moffatt & Schwab. The same brokers, in conjunction with Ernest Cossman, sold for David Parks Fackler the cottage at St. Julian Place, Tompkinsville, to Max Finkelstein.

Charles Dickinson sold the residence at the corner of Manor Road and Potter Avenue, West New Brighton, to Captain Ira V. Chapman, through W. S. E. Hall.

Suburban Sales.

Mrs. F. B. Walker sold her residence at Hazelhurst Park, New Rochelle, N. Y., held at $20,000, to J. Holmes Butler through Prince & Ripley.

John Marr bought the property owned by Dr. Edward A. Crostic at 341 Highland Avenue, Mount Vernon, N. Y., through the Cooley Realty Company. The same brokers sold a plot of sixteen lots on the Boulevard and Elderwood Avenue, Pelham Heights, to George B. Swayne.

Miss Zelle Rolker sold her residence at Mountain Lakes, N. J., to E. H. Whiting.

H. Frankfort sold for James Craig to Mrs. Flora D. Wald his home, situated on the east side of Gipson Place, Far Rockaway, L. I.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

5th Av., e s, 99th to 100th Sts., for an eight-story hospital, 201.10x45; Mt. Sinai Hospital, owner; A. W. Brunner, 101 Park Av., architect; cost, $500,000.

36th St., 16 and 18 West; for an eleven-story mercantile building, 50x98.9; George Backer Construction Co., 11 East 55th St., owner; Sommerfeld & Steckler, 31 Union Square, architects; cost, $225,000.

Riverside Drive, n s, 150.8 ft. w of 158th St.; a six-story tenement, 190.11x80; North River Building Corporation, 117 West 119th St., owner; G. F. Pelham, 200 West 72d St., architect; cost, $175,000.

97th St., 1 to 7 East, nine-story tenement, 100x83.11; estate of Lloyd S. Bryce, Old Westbury, L. I., owner; Sharpe, Bready & Peterkin, Inc., 220 West 42d St., architects; cost, $400,000.

50th St, 540 and 542 West, for a two-story garage, 50x100.5; West 50th Street Garage, Inc., 412 West 38th St., owner; D. Wortman, 114 West 28th St., architect; cost, $18,000.

Tremont Av., n s, 346 ft. e of Lurting Av.; for a one-story brick garage, 22x22; Westchester Methodist Episcopal Church, the Rev. Alfred Faust, on premises, Rector, owners; M. W. Del Gaudio, 1,812 Gleason Av, architect; cost, $1,200.

Garrison Av., w s, 60 ft n of Hunts Point Road; for a one-story angle iron garage, 200x18; N. Y., N. H., & H. R. R. Co., on premises, owner; Vincent Volence, 852 Manida St., lessee; William Kurtzer, 1,385 Crotona Av., architect; cost, $$2,500.

Concord Av., e s, 100 ft. n of St. Mary's St.; for a one-story brick factory, 26.4x96; Jennie Simons, 2,139 Daly Av., owner; Moore & Landsiedel, 3d Av. and 148th St., architects; cost, $8,000.

University Av., w s, 87-66 ft. s of 183d St.; for two 2½-story brick dwellings, 21x35; William C. Bergen, 130 West 180th St., owner; Charles S. Clark, 441 Tremont Av., architect; total cost, $15,000.

Light St., n s, 314.89 ft. west of Dyer Av.; for two two-story hollow tile dwellings, 18.6 x38; Otto Johnson, 2,141 Prospect Av., owner; Oscar Lundberg, 3,920 Amundson Av., architect; cost, $8,000.

Alterations.

Items under $3,000 omitted.

Av. A, 6 to 10; to three five-story tenements and store; estate of B. R. Winthrop, 102 1st St., owner; C. B. Meyers, 1 Union Square, architect; cost, $8,000.

73d St., 157 West; to a four-story dwelling; Alicia Realty Co., 120 Broadway, owner; E. F. Capel, 512 5th Av., architect; cost, $10,000.

12th St, 42 West; to a four-story boarding house; M. and S. R. Taber, 12 Liberty St., owners; H. Corse, Jr., and G. P. Butler, 108 East 82d St., architects; cost, $10,000.

Broadway, s w corner 43d St.; to a four-story dwelling and store; B. C. Miller, owner; B. H. and C. N. Whinston, 2 Columbus Circle, architects; cost $9,500.

5th Av., 935; to a six-story dwelling; C. A. Wimpfheimer, 18 West 76th St., owner; Warren & Wetmore, 16 East 47th St., architects; cost, $5,500.

Broadway, 2,628 and 2,630; to a three-story restaurant, &c.; E. V. Lowe, 176 Broadway, owner; I. I. Rosenberg, 250 West 112th St., architect; cost, $10,000.

Madison Av., n e corner of 74th St.; to two four-story dwellings; C. A. and G. A. Fraser, 306 West 72d St., owners; C. B. Brun, 216 West 34th St., architect; cost, $11,000.

53d St., 127 and 129 West; to a five-story garage; T. G. Carvon, 125 West 53d St., owner; W. J. Russell, 73 West 46th St., architect; cost, $25,000.

39th St., 332 East; to a five-story tenement; L. B. Lee, 115 Broadway, owner; H. Regelman, 147 4th Av., architect; cost, $7,000.

Broadway, s e, corner 69th St.; to a twelve-story hotel; Spencer Arms Realty Corp., 220 West 98th St., owner; Gronenberg & Leuchtag, 303 5th Av., architects; cost, $9,850.

26th St, 457 West; to a five-story factory; John Trageser Steam Boiler Works, 447 West 26th St., owner; J. O. Whitenack, 231 West 18th St., architect; cost, $3,000.

Broad St, 54 to 60; to a five and four story restaurant, &c.; Macocka Realty Co., 352 5th Av., owner; Townsend, Steinle & Haskell, 1,329 Broadway, architects; cost, $3,000.

Broadway, 2,121 to 2,127; to a three-story store, &c.; T. B. Browning, 10 Cooper Square, owner; J. O. Whitenack, architect; cost, $20,000.

Worth St., 191 to 195; to a five-story factory; Worth Co., 21 Park Row, owner; J. O. Whitenack, architect; cost, $6,000.

29th St., 212 West; to a four-story stable and storage; S. Greenstein, 208 West 29th St., owner; H. J. Murick, 772 Broadway, architect; cost, $5,000.

4th St., 146 West; to a five-story tenement; A. D. Creveling, premises, owner; F. J. Keller, 99 Greenwich Av., architect; cost, $6,000.

80th St., 18 East; to a four-story dwelling; W. L. Fawcett, Baldwins, L. I., owner; F. L. S. Mayer, 6 West 47th St., architect; cost, $40,000.

57th St., 363 West; to a five-story tenement and store; H. C. Copeland, 240 West 101st St., owner; Sommerfeld & Steckler, 31 Union Square, architects; cost, $5,000.

5th Av., w s, 11th to 12th Sts.; to a one-story church; First Presbyterian Church in the City of New York, owner; G. Atterbury, 20 West 43d St., architect; cost, $40,000.

103d St., 12 West; to a five-story tenement; Estate F. G. Reaske, 18 West 103d St., owner; M. J. Harrison, World Building, architect; cost, $5,000.

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACT.

53D ST, 55 East; Henry C. Frick loans Joseph P. Hoguet; to make alterations; two payments $32,500

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 3,438, s e c 140th St., cor str.; Milton M. Silverman, as agent, and ano, to Harry K. Klipstein, 3,440 Broadway; 5 years from May 1, 1919..............$1,800

DELANCEY ST, s s, from w s of Lewis St. to e s of Cannon St, under Williamsburgh Bridge; 196.3x95.8, the land; lessee to construct building; City of New York to Max Grober, 1,024 Halsey St, Brooklyn, 10 years from Jan. 10, 1919; 10 years renew; Atty. M. A. Babinviotch, 230 Grand St....$4,010

RIVINGTON ST, 62, store, basement, subcellar, and yard; Lizzie Cassell (Zneh) to Isidor Geltman, 62 Rivington St, and another, 10 years, from May 1, 1921; attorney, Charles Weinblatt, 320 Broadway....$1,320

7TH AV., 2,332 s w c, 137th South, str.; Lillian Dean to E. C. Pewtress Laundry; 3 years from June 1, 1919; Atty. Samuel Wasserman, 51 Chambers St..........$900

7TH AV., 456 w s, all; Ada M. Hurff to Wm. E. Lynn, 4,800 N. Broad St., Philadelphia, Pa.; 10 years from Oct. 1, 1919; Atty. Edw. J. West, 31 Nassau St.; excess taxes, etc. $3,000

14TH ST, 146-148 East, s s, all; Leon Schinasi to Milton Hirschfeld, 148 East 14th St, 11 years, from May 1, 1920; attorneys, Hoffman & F., 31 Nassau St........$75,000

23D ST, 27-33 West, all; Caroline H. Johnston to Loeb & Schoenfeld Co, 10 years, from Feb. 1, 1915; attorney, Arthur K. Kuhn, 120 Broadway....$42,000 and $47,000

33D ST, 143-153 West, all; Robert E. Smith to Krim Realty Corporation, 426 West 14th St, from July 15, 1919, to May 1, 1940, 21 years, renewal; attorney, Benjamin Weiss, 271 Broadway....................Gold, $20,750

33D ST, 141 West, all; Union Mortgage Co to same, 21 years, from May 1, 1919; attorney, same............................$6,000

36TH ST, 130 W., str.; Laura A. Evans to Peter Gregoris, 120 W. 36th St., et al, 4 years from Sept. 1, 1919..........$1,200

61ST ST., 10 E, all; M. Taylor Pyne, Jr., to 47 East 61st St. Co., 48 E. 61st St.; 5½ years from Sept. 1, 1919; Atty. W. J. Seaman, 20 Exchange Place............$6,500

Bronx.

PROSPECT AV., 872-4, store No. 2; Louis Fleischmann to A. Sibber & Son, 5 years, Sept. 1, 1919; attorney, S. Spring, 553 Courtlandt Av.......................$2,800

PROSPECT AV, 983, store, &c; Zarland Realty Co. to Geo. T. Higgins, 831 East 163d St, 4 years, from Feb. 1, 1921; attorney, M. Thierer, 529 Courtlandt Av. $2,700

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

CONVENT AV, 106-8, w s, 72x100, P. M., June 19; Millington Holding Co. to Mary C. McGuire and another, 10 years, 6 p. c., mtg $55,000.........................$22,000

PEARL ST, 112, s s, 23.8x70.3x22 in rear, and on w s 32.3 x w 1.3 x n 38.6 to beginning, May 27; Morris Krim to Simon Kashman, 1,471 Wilkins Av, Bronx, due and mtg as per bond; attorney, Benjamin Weiss, 271 Broadway $5,600

ROOSEVELT ST, 76, e s, 23.9 ft n of Batavia St, 27x56.2 to s w s of New Chambers St, (68,) x 36.2x81.2, P. M., June 11; Nathan E. Bergen to American Missionary Association, 287 4th Av, due June 19, 1922; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $20,000

8TH AV, 654, e s, 49.9 ft s of 42d St, 245x55, June 20; John D. Huncke to Franklin Savings Bank, 656 8th Av, 3 years; attorney, Wilson M. Powell, 7 Wall St..$25,000

53D ST, 55 East, n s, 15x100.5, P. M. to extent of $17,500 and building loan, June 11; Joseph P. Hoguet to Henry C. Frick, 7,200 Penn Av, Pittsburgh, Penn., 2 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $32,500

67TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of West End Av, runs w 200 x s 100.5 x e 160 x s 100.5 to n s 66th St, x e 40 x n 200.10 to beginning, April 1; Commonwealth Ice Co. of N. Y. to Seaboard National Bank, 18 Broadway, as trustee for bondholders, 10 years, 6 per cent.; attorney, Edward A. Alexander, 165 Broadway; gold bonds...............$300,000

75TH ST, 108 West, s s, 19.6x102.2, P. M., June 19; Richard H. Kingston to Isabella A. Cochran, 120 West 12th St, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......................$15,000

75TH ST, 52 West, s s, 20x102.2, P. M., June 16; Katie M. Moran to Minnie C. Maywicke, 1,327 Madison Av, 5 years, 5¼ per cent.; attorney, Carl S. Petrosch, 27 Cedar St..............................$18,000

SAME PROPERTY, P. M., June 16; same to same, 4 years, 6 per cent., prior mtg $18,000; attorney, same $4,000

9TH AV, 865-7, w s, 25 ft n of 56th St, 50.5x75, June 20; Percie Realty Co. to Margaret Besler, 2 years, 6 per cent., prior mtg $80,000; attorneys, Levisohn & Niver, 13 Astor Pl. $4,000

80TH ST, n s, 183.4 ft w of 3d Av, 16.8x100.8, P. M., June 20; Rushton Peabody to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due and mtg as per bond......$10,000

126TH ST, n s, 375 ft e of 8th Av, 16.8x99.11, June 19; Walter H. Yeo to Joseph H. McMahon, 472 West 142d St, executor, &c., due Feb. 17, 1922; attorney, Daniel Daly, 20 Nassau St..............................$5,000

129TH ST, 116-20 West, s s, 75x99.11, June 20; Henry C. Boykin to Atlantic Finance Corp., 192 Broadway, 6 months, 6 per cent., prior mtg $65,000; attorney, S. A. Singerman, 192 Broadway $2,500

168TH ST, 505 West, n s, 25x95, ½ part, P. M., June 20; Edw. A. Heinger to Elizabeth Fischer, 114 West 88th St, 3 years, interest as per bond, subject to ½ prior mtg $15,000; attorneys, Bauerdorf & Taylor, 111 Broadway $3,500

183D ST, 554 West, s s, 18.9x104.11, P. M., June 20; Pota G. P. Lamont and another to Clara Dellos, 554 West 183 St, due July 1, 1922, 6 per cent.; attorney, H. A. View, 320 Broadway $5,500

Bronx.

BECK ST, 665, n s, 33.4x125; Harry Beckerman, 1,076 1st Av, to Anna R. Cordes, 661 Beck, prior mtg $14,000, June 1, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, A. & H. Block, 99 Nassau St...........................$4,000

BECK ST, e s, 425 ft n of 156th St, 25x100; Samuel Olishevsky to Louis H. Schlesinger, 778 Beck St, prior mtg $7,925, June 16, 4 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Samuel Wacht, Jr., 170 Broadway.......................$1,300

BURNSIDE AV, s w corner Grand Av, 171.9 x irregular; same to same, prior mtg $12,000, June 16, 1 yr, 6 p. c.; attorney, same $13,500

BURNSIDE AV, s w corner Harrison Av, 75x61.10x irregular; Single Realty Co. to New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway, June 16, due Oct. 8, 1920, 6 p. c.; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway..................$6,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Bavarian Realty Co., 30 East 42d, prior mtg $6,000, June 16, 1 yr, 6 p. c.; attorney, same..........$5,500

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, n w s, 197 ft n e of 183d St, 50x179, to Creston Av; Marie C. Mullins to Harry B. Finn, 358 West 123d, prior mtg $11,750, June 16, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. F. Couch, 271 Broadway...................$1,780

LOTS 112 B to 1126; M. L. Spencer and Elizabeth Williams to Albert W. Riedniger, 3,648 Barnes Av, June 19, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. W. Schwartz, 3,477 White Plains Av..............................$1,200

MARTHA AV, s w corner 236th St, 100x27.4; John H. Gratacap to John Bussing, Jr., 205 East Lincoln Av, Mt. Vernon, N. Y., June 12, 3 yrs, 6 p. c.; attorney, W. B. Dixon, Tuckahoe, N. Y.........................$3,500

OLINVILLE AV, 3,012, e s, 30x97.4x irregular; Lucy Devitis to Joseph Von Rehder, 811 East 230th St, June 19, installs 6 p. c.; attorney, C. P. Hallock, 999 East 180th St $2,200

SIMPSON ST, 980, w s, 42x107.4; Rosa Rosenbaum to Adrienne C. Soldin, Glen Rock, N. J., May 24, due May 1, 1921, 6 p. c.; attorney, S. Soldin, 1 Union Square..$4,000

TOWNSEND AV, e s, 100 ft n of Belmont St, 150x100x irregular; John Montana to Rudolph T. Procario, 295 Pleasant Av, prior mtg $7,000, May 29, 2 yrs, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.......................$3,500

UNIVERSITY AV, e s, 430 ft s of 188th St, 94.5x54.11x irregular to Fordhad Rd, 100 West; 42d St. Corp. to Harriet E. Devoe, 59 Park Av, and another, June 3, 3 yrs, 5½ p. c.; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.......$40.000

WASHINGTON AV, 1,311, w s, 24x150; Barney Shapanka to Edmund B. Child, Jr., 601 East 169th St, June 20, 5 yrs; attorney, C. P. Hallock, 999 East 180th St.....$6,900

WEBB AV, e s, 135 ft n of 188th St, 30x138.2; John H. Beckmann to Mary S. Croxson, 106 Pierrepont St, Brooklyn, June 16, 2 yrs, 6 p. c.; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway...$9,000

135TH ST, 617 East, n s, 40x100; Maurice W. Feintuch to Benenson Realty Co., 509 Willis Av, prior mtg $24,000, June 19, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $3,000

236TH ST, 242 East, s s, 25x100; Adolf Fallowitz to Dora Schrenkeisen, 29 Fletcher Av, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.;; attorney L. Eickwort, 29 Fletcher Av, Mt. Vernon, N. Y...................................$1,100

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Absolute Auction

TO-DAY

on premises at 1:30 P.M., Rain or shine

140 EXTRA LARGE BUILDING PLOTS

WHITE PLAINS

ON GREEN RIDGE AVE.

Grand View, Long View, Davis, Lexington and Smith Avs.

70% on Mortgage for 3 years at 5%.

Chauncey B. Griffen & Co.

Real Estate Auctioneers

18 East 41st St., N. Y. C.

WHITE PLAINS LARCHMONT

Convenient trains leaving Grand Central Station TO-DAY, 8:50, 9:35, 10:35, 11, 11:35 A. M.; 12:30, 12:55, 1:22, 1:48, 2:13 P. M. Buses will meet all the trains and take people direct to the property.

By DIRECTION OF THE RIGHT HON. LORD CARBERY.

PROVINCE OF MUNSTER

COUNTY CORK, IRELAND.

Five miles from Clonakilty Station, on a branch line of the Cork, Bandon, and South Coast Railway, and 40 miles from Cork.

THE MARINE RESIDENTIAL ESTATE of

CASTLE FREKE

comprising an area of about

1,100 ACRES,

divided approximately between Grounds and Woods about 300 acres. Arable and Pasture Land about 500 acres, and rough land near the Foreshore about 300 acres.

The Estate is situate nearly midway between Kinsale and Cape Clear, and has a coast line of 2½ miles.

The Castle is a fine building occupying a bold situation and commanding magnificent views over the Atlantic. The main part was partly rebuilt about eight years ago and the whole thoroughly modernized in all respects, with bathrooms, central heating and electric light, while the offices are complete, and the gardens and grounds inexpensive to maintain.

The Home Farm is well equipped, the engine in connection with the electric light installation driving also the Farm machinery.

The Estate is well timbered, no trees having been cut or sold during the war.

Good Wildfowl Shooting. Excellent Yachting and Fishing Facilities.

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New eight room houses, all improvements, with room for garage and vegetable garden; easy terms. 'Phone Fordham—1291.

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Exclusive Sale of Best

FLATBUSH HOMES.

Building Lots and Apartment House properties. Two-family houses, $7,500 to $20,000. Six-room cottage, steam, electricity; price $5,250; big bargain.

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$1,000 Lots at $675.

25 lots, near Flatbush Ave.; sold ten years ago for $25,000; trust company mortgage $400 per lot. Owner will sacrifice for cash above mortgage.

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YOU NEED A HOME

Send for particulars of our cozy 7-room Brick Homes; glass and screen inclosed porches; ready to occupy; on Brooklyn subway, 30 minutes from Times Square, 8 minutes from beaches. 5c. fare.

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FOREST HILLS, L. I.

Fifteen Minutes From Penn. Station.

10 Houses for Sale.

Ready for Occupancy as Follows:

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Houses Built to Order.

EASY TERMS.

Cord Meyer Development Co.

62 William Street, New York City.

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13 Minutes from Penn. Station.

Kew Gardens Construction Co. is

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SPECIALISTS IN

WESTCHESTER, NEARBY CONNECTICUT AND NORTH SHORE, L. I., PROPERTIES—INSURANCE.

Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

TIME WAS NEVER MORE OPPORTUNE than now to select your home site and build your own home. Let me show you how you can own your own home in attractive surroundings, with all city improvements, at Larchmont, within a few minutes' walk of the station and 40 minutes of New York.

SYLVESTER FROHOCK,

1 Madison Av., N.Y. City. Tel. 2577 Gramercy.

N-E-W R-O-C-H-E-L-L-E

Owner bought a larger home, offers his present white shingle house of 9 rooms and 2 baths. Enclosed glass porch. Fine trees and garden; all improvements; in perfect condition; possession in 18 days for $11,500.

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INSPECT OUR NEW

CHESTER HILL, CORNER PRIMROSE & SUMMIT AVENUES, MT. VERNON, N. Y. CAN BE SEEN SUNDAY AFTERNOON.

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LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Distinctive home of 8 rooms and 3 baths, now being built. Finest materials and workmanship. Large living room and fireplace. Will complete to suit purchaser's ideas. On large corner plot, overlooking the water; three blocks from station at

MALBA ON-THE-SOUND

26 minutes from Penna. Station at 7th Ave. and 33rd St., N. Y. Frequent electric trains; all-year homes, now in course of erection. Plans may be altered to suit. Choice plots with water view. Reasonable prices. Convenient terms. A restricted community for those who love both the water and the rolling country. Boating, bathing, golf, tennis, country club. Booklet sent upon request.

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ISLIP, L. I.

Beautiful estate, "The Maples," 12 acres, 5 minutes walk station, extensive maple shaded lawns, vegetable garden planted; garage for three cars; greenhouse; bowling alley, wrought-iron entrance gate building; house 14 rooms, 3 baths; newly painted, repaired, decorated; heated, city gas, water, electricity. Land and improvements cost $60,000; sell for half. Rental for season, furnished, considered. Brokers protected.

JOHN ALEXANDER, Owner,

15 Broad Street, New York.

Bungalows for Sale

Long Beach, West End.

5 Rooms—Wiring and Plumbing.

$1,950—Easy Terms

SUNSET BUNGALOW COMPANY,

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Office on Property. Phone Long Beach 228

FREEPORT BARGAIN

Seven rooms and bath, reception hall, vestibule, laundry and large pantry; extra lavatory; bedrooms in white enamel, rosewood doors; steam heat, electric and gas, coal and gas ranges; copper boiler; screens for windows and veranda; fine garden, fruit trees all kinds, strawberry bed, rhubarb, gooseberries, currants, grapevines, flowers and shrubbery; garage for two cars; chicken house; plot 50x200; price $8,000; mortgage $3,500 at 6%, due March 28, 1922; $3,000 cash, balance monthly; everything in A1 condition.

GEORGE E. WHEELER,

15 Railroad Avenue

Phone 438 Freeport, L. I.

FREEPORT BUNGALOWS

5 Rooms $2750—6 Rooms $3500.

Stucco bungalow, all improvements, steam heat, plot 100x100, $4500; houses, $4500 and up; best locations; also water fronts.

GEORGE E. WHEELER,

15 Railroad Ave., Freeport, L. I.

Phone 438. Opposite Depot.

LONG BEACH BUNGALOWS

While they last, 15 new bungalows, near ocean; modern improvements; furnished; reasonable. Thos. J. Walsh, West End.

OWNER FORCED TO SELL

her beautiful home, perfect condition, for $6,000, 7 rooms, bath and butler's pantry; all improvements; sleeping porch; 3 car garage; plot 50x228. OWNER, 31-A Railroad Ave., Freeport, L. I.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Locate Your Home at Westholme

In the West End Section of beautiful Long Beach. Fully improved with sewers, sidewalks, water, electricity and gas. Splendid surf and still water bathing, fishing and boating.

$1250 to $1600

for lots 40x50 feet. Guaranteed Titles. Liberal discount for cash or convenient terms. Homes built to your own plans within 30 days,

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Come Down Sunday

Bring the family. Mr. J. W. Ryckman, Company representative, on the property daily and Sunday.

Shore Bungalows, Inc.,

130 West 42nd Street,

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Phone Bryant 9860 or [illegible] Long Beach

WANTED: Desirable concessionaire for Club House, Lunch Room, Tennis Courts, etc., etc. Unusual opportunity. Apply immediately to J. W. Ryckman.

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Exceptional Opportunity

Beautiful residence at Elberon, N. J., in excellent condition, completely furnished, 150 feet ocean frontage, 450 feet in depth, having private shore front and ocean bath houses. Contains 18 rooms, 8 bathrooms, steam heat, hardwood finish and modern throughout. Garage with living quarters. Opposite residence of George N. Pullman and a few hundred feet from Lewisohn, Hurd and Brokaw homes. Valued at $70,000, but owner will sell at great sacrifice. Apply Alpern & Company, Raritan Building, Perth Amboy, N. J.

THE LUCKY MAN

has purchased one of the homes for his wife and children

AT ROSELLE PARK, N. J.

which are offered with all improvements at low prices and easy terms; 40 minutes from Liberty St. on the Jersey Central. Commutation 11c. daily. Trains every hour on the hour week days; Sunday 9, 10, 1, 2, 2:30 and 3 P. M.

Wendell Buckley, 612 Chestnut St., Tel. 4189 Roselle, or 261 Broadway, N. Y., Tel. 5526 Barclay.

$500 for Summer of 1919

HIGH IN THE JERSEY HILLS.

Ten rooms, two baths, exclusive residential section; rights to beautiful lakes; wonderful views; 800 ft. elevation; no mosquitoes; 1 hour to N. Y. C. express, only a few minutes' walk; fully furnished. F. G. ELLIS, Mountain Lakes, N. J. Tel. 230-M Boonton.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.

Attractive 7-room home, sleeping porch, tile bath, open fireplace, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, steam heat, gas, electricity; sewer, all improvements; paved street; near station and school; superior neighborhood; 28 minutes N. Y. City; 8c commutation; $6,900; $1,000 cash; balance monthly.

John A. Baldwin

80 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

Telephone John 5047.

TENAFLY, N. J.

About 12 acres, wonderful grounds, stone Mansion, outbuildings; brook running through property; price $75,000 to settle estate.

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of groves, mountain springs; residence, improvements; 25-mile vista, unequaled! Asa Francis Smith, Temple Bar, Brooklyn. Phone 1280 Main.

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complete, hundreds of acres, highly improved; modern 22-room house; old trees, drives and gardens. For further particulars

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"BONNIE-BRAE"—Estate Henry Clews—30 Acres.

8 Master's Rooms, 8 Baths.

For sale or to let. Price on request.

6 Servants' Rooms; extra rooms in outbuildings.

Garage, &c. Telephone 7510 Hanover, or Own Broker.

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Storage or Warehouse,

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129 to 137 West 18th St.

Five story extra heavy construction; large elevator, sprinkler system.

Immediate possession.

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WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

WILL BUY OR LEASE

High grade office space

6,000 sq. ft.

South of Chambers Street.

J 672 Times Downtown.

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

WAR PLANTS FOR SALE

Two large new plants at Newark, N. J.; sprinkled; railroad sidings; ideal labor conditions and transit facilities.

WALTER BAKER CO. 758 Broad Street, Newark, N. J.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

The Roger-Morris

NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENTS

160th St. and Edgecombe Ave.

Overlooking Harlem River.

5 up-to-date outside rooms.

EXTRA SERVANTS' ROOM IF NEEDED.

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272 E. 199th St.

Beautiful 6-room apartment; all improvements, including telephone in apartment; fifth floor, $60 per month. Inquire on premises.

CITY HOUSES—For Sale or To Let.

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Four-story old brick building for sale to wreck, 41 Mott St. Victor Hoo, 11 Mott St.

Queens.

Hollis.—7-room house, sleeping porch, conservatory, big pantry, closets, &c.; garage; corner plot, 100x100; best neighborhood; 6 minutes to L. I. R. R. Station; $6,750. Apply Owner, evenings, 112 Grand Av., Jamaica. Phone 405J Jamaica.

CITY HOUSES—For Sale or To Let.

City Houses Wanted.

Wish to purchase rooming house in or about the 80s; 18 to 55 rooms. Reply B. L. Ingalls, 42 West 68th St., N. Y.

Will lease, with option of buying, seven or eight-room house; Pelham section; state full particulars. A [illegible] Times.

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Westchester County.

At Mount Vernon, perfect home; sleeping porch, sun parlor, steam heated garage; every improvement; ready for inspection; $7,000 to $12,000. Office, 704 South 5th Av., 3 blocks north of Dyre Av. Station, Westchester and Boston Railroad.

Gem, cozy, modern house for sale; none better; hollow tile stucco; garage to match; best street on Chester Hill; worth a peep. Write Edward Reynaud, Mount Vernon, N. Y., or phone 2133.

Mount Vernon, best section, near station; 28 min. 42d St.; will rent in modern private house 2 bedrooms and sitting room, $65 month, or separately; suitable 2 or 3 gentlemen. Phone 148W.

Attractive, modern house, 11 rooms, for sale, in northern residential section of Yonkers; deep lot with garden; ample room for garage. Telephone 874 Yonkers.

Scarsdale.—Modern house, 8 rooms, 2 baths, finished attic; all improvements; near station; bargain. R 21 Times.

Long Island.

PORT WASHINGTON. — DELIGHTFULLY SECLUDED, QUIET COUNTRY HOME, 36 MINUTES OUT, 8 ROOMS, TWO BATHS; EVERY CONVENIENCE; FOUR MINUTES WALK TO BATHING BEACH; IDEAL FOR YOUNG CHILDREN; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION; CASH $3,300; MORTGAGE $8,200; FURNITURE $500. 19 HUNTINGTON ROAD. TELEPHONE 16.

BELLE HARBOR, L. I.

For Sale.—Ideal seashore cottage, 45 minutes from Broadway; living room 18x40; open fireplace; large dining room, six master bedrooms; garage, 2 cars; fully furnished; possession immediate; near ocean; Beach 126th St.; price $15,000. E. R. Vollmer, owner, 293 Broadway, N. Y.

FREEPORT BARGAINS.

Houses from $2,500 up; mostly all latest improvements; easy terms; large lots, garage, chicken houses, fruit and shrubbery; convenant to depot and boating, bathing and fishing; 50 minutes New York. DRTELL & GATTER, opposite depot.

Edgemere, sublet beautiful large stucco house on ocean block, near station; fine furniture; 6 bedrooms, 3 fine baths; large first floor rooms; sanitary kitchen; 3 months from June 15; rented for $2,400; will take $1,800. Apply Fred'k W. Avery Co., agent. Phone 481 Far Rockaway.

Gentleman's spacious residence on hill at waters' edge, north shore Long Island, within 40 minutes of Penn. Station; reasonable rent for season or will sell on easy terms. G. E. Kirby, 807 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 2480 Greenpoint.

Bayside.—For sale, practically new clapboard house; plot 40x100; 7 rooms, bath, breakfast porch, fireplace, parquet floors, hardwood trim, electricity, gas; 6 minutes to station; easy terms. H. D. Lewis, 47 West 34th St. Greeley 6896.

"Plandome."—Is there a man loving nature's own rare rest spots that would want an artistic petite home? Unfurnished, $17,000; furnished, $20,000; 35 minutes from N. Y. C. and Penn. elec. Write "Retreat," 1,229 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

Cedarhurst Park, L. I.—For sale, house, 10 rooms, 2 baths; on corner 100x100; garage, large porch, steam heat. Miller, Cedarhurst Park, L. I. Phone 1059 Far Rockaway.

Bayside, Flushing.—Beautiful 7-room and bath cottage, with garage, on plot 50 by 100; Bayside Boulevard near water. Price $8,000; easy terms. Apply owner, M. Morgenthau, Jr., 206 Broadway, New York.

Country house for rent, Cedarhurst, L. I.; beautiful nine-room house; nice grounds; well furnished; near station; 2½ months, $750. Phone Far Rockaway 2203.

Long Beach.—Attractive new 9-room house, enar ocean; sleeping porches, bath, electricity, fireplace; furnished or unfurnished; other bungalows. E. G. Zimmer, West End.

Connecticut.

Cottage, located north of Stamford, for sale or rent; five rooms, unfurnished, and garage, including one-half acre of land, containing plenty of fruit trees, good lawns and garden grounds; located on high elevation, with good view of surrounding country; rental price for the season, $450; selling price, $6,000. For further particulars, address owner, V 13 Times.

New Jersey.

Ideal Home for Sale.—25 minutes from New York City; seven and eight room houses, all the very latest and modern improvements; hot-water heat, gas, electricity, parquet floors, beamed ceilings, paneled walls, tiled bathroom, butler's pantry, telephone, &c; easy terms. For further particulars address Owner, Louis Friedman, 419 Teaneck Road, Ridgefield Park, N. J.

For Sale.—Seven-room semi-bungalow, all improvements, wide veranda, open terrace commanding charming view Ramapo Valley; pure air and water; three-quarters acre improved land; trees, hedges, flowers, fruit; inclosed, private, safe; express trains, 45 minutes to New York; no incumbrances. Address Home, Box 73, Mahwah, N. J.

RUTHERBORD'S BEST BARGAIN, $5,500. Detached stucco home; 3 rooms, hall, 1st floor; 3 rooms, bath, 2nd floor; finished room in attic; gas, electric, steam heat; plot 50x100; 7 minutes' walk main station. On Rutherford's widest street; $1,000 cash, bal. mrtge. Van Winkle Co., Rutherford.

$1,500 CASH will secure 7-room country house on half- acre plot under cultivation with fruit and shade trees; the balance, $2,000, on easy terms; 70 minutes from Pennsylvania Station, New York. R 23 Times.

To rent for July, furnished house, six large rooms, 11 miles from city; attractive location; excellent garden; country life, with city conveniences. For particulars phone Englewood 979-W.

My new 6-room house; desirable, convenient; bargain; positively every modern improvement. Henschel, 89 6th St., Ridgefield Park, N. J. Telephones 1481J Hackensack, 3823 Cortlandt (New York.)

Great Bargain.—6 rooms, bath, all improvements, modern dwelling; half hour out, Erie; $3,500; terms arranged. W. Butscher, 154 Nassau St. Tel. 3806 Beekman.

Bargain.—5 rooms, bath, bungalow, all improvements, decorated. Large plot, $3,000; terms arranged. Half hour out Erie. Butscher, 154 Nassau St. Tel. 3806 Beekman.

Miscellaneous.

For sale, Richmond, 5-room house; attic, porch, improvements; corner lot, 100x100, on hill side; southern exposure; exceptional location for bird lover; shrubbery, fruit trees, roses. Johnson. Tel. New Dorp 794.

Country Houses Wanted.

Furnished house wanted on Long Island, between Hewlitt's and Far Rockaway, from July 1 to September, containing four or five bedrooms and two baths; state price. G 872 Times Annex.

Wanted, in suburbs, 1-family house or lower part of two-family; rent $30-$40 month; within hour of downtown New York. Phone Midwood 4782.

Wanted—A twelve-room house in the Forest Hill or Kew Gardens section. Noah Clark, Inc., 837 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

Brooklyn.

At Manhattan Beach, furnished houses and bungalows; 5-13 rooms; every convenience; from $500 up. Inquire owner, Mrs. Bob Vernon, 124 Exeter St. Telephone 2666 Coney Island.

Westchester County.

PELHAM MANOR.

Residence fully furnished for two months or more; ten rooms, sleeping porches, Summer dining room, billiard room, bowling alley, acre garden, abundance fruit, vegetables, flowers, charming woodland surroundings, adjacent to golf links and New York Atletic Club, Travers Island; rent $500 monthly. Apply Longley, Pelham Manor. Telephone Pelham 1833.

For Rent.—Six room cottage, furnished, for July and August, Riverview Manor, Hastings-on-Hudson; wonderful view of river and Palisades; high and cool; all housekeeping conveniences; 40 minutes from Grand Central; $125 per month. Seymour L. Smith, 3 Division Drive, Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y.

Bronxville, Lawrence Park West.—Old English house, 4 master bedrooms, sleeping porch; garage, acre grounds, for rent to Sept. 15. Roeser. Tel. Bronxville 595.

Long Island.

Sea Gate, L. I.—One, two, or three large, airy, beautiful, nicely furnished rooms, kitchenette, in private house; all improvements; 3 minutes walk to beach. Phone Coney Island 3526-W Bernstein.

Kew Gardens.—Furnished home of ten rooms, two baths, sun and sleeping porches, billiard room; vegetable and flower garden. To rent for July and August. References required. Telephone Richmond Hill 39.

Forest Hills.—Furnished home; 8 rooms, 2 baths, porches; corner; southern exposure; double garage; July to Sept. 15; references required. Phone Forest Hills 6743. $600 season.

GREAT NECK HOUSE, FURNISHED, eight rooms, two baths; near station; corner house, big shade trees; $225 month. Tel. 116 Great Neck, or 464 Circle.

Just completed newly furnished cottages for the season; screened sleeping porches; new modern conveniences. M. Deffley, California St. and Ocean View, Long Beach, West.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

Queens.

Teacher's furnished cottage, 7 rooms, near woods; large lawn, shade, garden, flowers; screened porch; sleeping balcony; $100 month, July, August. Telephone Richmond Hill 228-R.

Seven attractive rooms, bath; commuting distance; beautiful grounds; adults only; $70 monthly. Mrs. Fennebresque, Floral Park, L. I.

Babylon.—Immediate possession, 12 rooms, 3 baths, garage, garden; $800 season; $1,500 year; also for sale. Murray Hill 560. Mrs. Sutton.

At Freeport.—Furnished house, 9 large, airy rooms, bath, and extra toilet; on fine corner plot in attractive residential section. Clarke, 244 South Bayview Av., Freeport.

Seven-room, beautifully furnished bungalow among pines; bathing, fishing; season $350. Wall, 100 West 106th. Phone Academy 2220.

Long Beach (West).—Bungalow, artistically and completely furnished. Bennett. Phone 4820 Worth.

New Jersey.

Ocean View Apartments.—Beautiful large, light 7 rooms, furnished to suit, 648-650 Ocean Av., West End, Long Branch, N. J.; block from ocean; best location on the seashore; terms reasonable; representatives on premises all this week. Write Owner, C 194 Times.

Monmouth Beach, N. J.—Shore lands between Shrewsbury River and ocean; 2 furnished cottages for rent; lots for sale for bungalow sites; beautiful location; must be seen to be appreciated. Apply Jas. Bradley, Jr., 200 5th Av. Tel. 4124 Gramercy, or premises.

Hyde Park, East Orange.—Quiet, restricted, residential section; furnished house from July 1; eight rooms, bath, electricity, screened porch, shade, garage; lease six months, $75. J. H. Payne, 19 Wilcox Place, East Orange. Phone Orange 1548-J.

At Short Hills, N. J.—July-August, 11-room house, near station, sleeping porch, Summer house, garage, large veranda; 32 minutes on Lackawanna; $200 month. Phone 71-J, Short Hills.

Leonia, 236 Christie Heights.—Colonial house, 4 bedrooms, 3 screen porches, garden, chickens; July and August, $75 per month. F. B. Jillson. Phone 608-W Leonia.

Grantwood, N. J.—For rent, July and August, furnished house, 8 rooms; all conveniences; lawn, trees; 45 minutes Times Square; $100 month. 19 Oakdene Av.

Lake Hopatcong, Sister Island.—Large stone bungalow, 9 rooms and bath, with boathouse, for season, $350; without, $300. Inquire Hough, 115 West 104th St.

North Asbury Park, 1,408 Park Av.—For rent, furnished 9 rooms, 2 baths; 3 blocks from beach; all conveniences; overlooking Sunset Lake; no children.

Montrose section, Orange; ten rooms, two baths; shade, lawn, &c.; July to October. Address X 194 Times Annex.

Avon, 29 Woodland Av., (near ocean.)—14 rooms; garage. Telephone 2890 Beekman.

Connecticut.

Will rent, furnished, to desirable family, own suburban home, Sound Beach; hour out; 8 rooms, 2 baths; garage, garden; best references essential. Rawson. Phone 1200 Vanderbilt, or 296 Sound Beach.

New York State.

For Rent.—Camp on Lake Placid, including cottage and boat house, land &c.; beautifully located, overlooking the lake; near Lake Placid, N. Y., in the Adirondacks. This camp is completely furnished and equipped with all modern conveniences, including electric light and gasoline launch. Full information will be supplied on inquiry to Duryee & Co., Inc., Saranac Lake, N. Y.

Massachusetts.

Rent season, cottage at Siasconset, Island of Nantucket, 10 rooms, 2 baths, completely furnished. Particulars address A. C. Manning, 124 Bruce Av., Yonkers, N. Y.

New Hampshire.—Ideally situated, handsomely furnished Colonial house, facing lake; fishing, boating, bathing; fine old trees; big porches; 2 baths; 6 fireplaces; garage, stable, boat. Telephone 9117 Cathedral. Write Apt 1-E, 610 West 111th St.

Summer Homes Wanted—Furnished.

Wanted to rent, within commuting distance of New York City, near the water, (lake or seashore,) for July and August, furnished house, four master bedrooms, with sleeping porches, two baths, living and dining rooms. Communicate with full particulars, Box G 886 Times Annex.

Bungalow, plain furnished; near Port Chester preferred; no children; particulars. W 268 Times.

Cottage, 12 rooms; private bathing; tennis court. W 280 Times.

Small bungalow, furnished, for season; two adults; state price. W 260 Times.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Wanted.—$45,000 first mortgage and $5,000 second wanted; no brokers. A 843 Times.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale.—By an estate, a six-story, 48-family elevator apartment on the heights, right on the Hudson River; can be bought for $47,000 cash; principals only. D 663 Times Downtown.

Private dwelling for sale; 11 rooms, 3 baths, butler's pantry, foyer hall; suitable for professional man. 474 West 143d St., near Amsterdam Av. Caretaker.

76 West 102d St.—Five-story, ten-family apartment; 6-7 rooms, bath, steam heat, hot water; 30x100; renting $3 960. Inquire store, 286 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

FIFTH AV. CORNER.

20 STORY OFFICE BUILDING, FULLY RENTED; EXCELLENT INVESTMENT. FRANK L. FISHER CO., 50 EAST 42D ST.

Business compels me to sell my beautiful three-story and basement dwelling, west side, in the 80's. Woolens, Box J. B. 1441 Times.

Brooklyn.

BARGAINS IN FLATBUSH.

Up-to-date 2-families and bungalows in finest sections of Flatbush; neighborhoods unsurpassed; $7,000 to $50,000. H. R. Bailey Bros., 1,516 Flatbush Av. Kenmore 6238.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

High-class residence, black and white stucco, with garage; 18 minutes Herald Square; hardwood finish throughout; open fireplace; hot water heat; special plumbing; 10 rooms, 2 baths; large grounds (planted); porte cochree; ideal spot on hill (wooded); possession; terms. Call and see owner on premises. Villa D'Art, (white house,) North 26th St., near State, Broadway, Flushing.

Attractive home, beautiful trees and shrubbery, about two acres; 14 rooms, 3 baths; parquet floors; every improvement; garage for 4 cars; property convenient to station. Kissam Bros. Company, Queens, N. Y. Phone 6150 Hollis.

Good chance to promote; 47 acres at Flushing; macadam road, running water, electricity, and gas. Kissam Bros. Company, Queens, N. Y. Phone 6150 Hollis.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

FLATBUSH AND BROOKLYN APARTMENTS.—Great opportunity; 6 to 40 family; choice location; $12,000 to $250,000. H. R. Bailey Bros., 1,516 Flatbush Av. Kenmore 6238.

TO SETTLE ESTATE

7 choice plots must be sold immediately. Sacrifice. Owner, Mrs. Bob Vernon, 124 Exeter St., Manhattan Beach. Telephone 2666 Coney Island.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

CONNECTICUT SHORE.

Beautiful Elizabethan house, brick and timbered stucco, thoroughly up-to-date, 12 large rooms, 3 baths, 2 extra toilets, maid's, dining room, sleeping porch, gas and electricity; garden; bathing; tennis and golf near by; 5 minutes to Stamford Station. T. J. GOOD, 187 Main St., Stamford, Conn. Tel. Murray Hill 9826.

An unfurnished House, in Rye, having 4 bedrooms, 2 baths, all improvements; high ground; 70x500; near the railroad station. Rent, $1,200 yearly, for lease 2 or 3 years. Address Chas. S. Faulkner, Rye, N. Y. Tel., Rye 123.

"Move right in"; bargain; at Flushing, one large house and plot; one medium sized house and plot in good neighborhood; both unoccupied now; investigate; satisfy yourself. Particulars Box 103, Flushing, N. Y.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

OLD HOMESTEAD

One of the few opportunities left to acquire an old homestead in quaint old Wilton, Conn. Commuting distance, near depot, macadam road, 72-acre farm, 23-room farmhouse, 5 fireplaces, meadowland, pastures and woodland. Value of either land, timber or buildings sufficient to cover asking price. Splendid investment. Cash, $4,200. Mortgages, $7,800. W. H. Guthrie, Norwalk, Conn. Telephone 1379.

Fine Residence, Long Hill, Conn.—20 minutes from Bridgeport Station; 4 minutes from Long Hill Station. 10 rooms, two baths, electric lights, four-car garage, chicken houses, fruit trees, &c.; everything in O. K. shape. Lot 200x400. Price, $15,000 cash if sold at once. W. T. Hartwell, Howland Dry Goods Co., Bridgeport, Conn.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale.—Eleven (11) room house and garage with 8½ acres on south country road between Patchogue and Bellport. Apply L. W. Gammon on premises or 5 Nassau St., New York.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Building Wanted.—Must be suitable for airplane factory and have adjacent flying field; must be near New York City; give full particulars. Address V 9 Times.

FARMS.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

Farm for sale, north of Stamford; also acreage adjoining property; can be procured in lots of 85 acres or four parcels of 12, 13, 15, and 45 acres; high location and splendid view of the sound and the surrounding country; good hard roads from station; original farm of 45 acres has nicely laid out grounds and contains all improvements, being one of the fine old estates of that section; the same can be purchased with buildings or without; all small parcels are without buildings. For further particulars address owner, V 14 Times.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

ONE STORY BUILDINGS, ALL LIGHT. High ceiling, 50x90, new wood floor; immediate possession; ideal scenic studio, or any purpose; also rear two-story building, 2,200 feet. Harlem Roofing, 17 East 137th. Telephone 1920 Harlem.

Lower West Side.—4-story and basement loft building, 25x100; floors will carry 100 lbs.; will alter to suit; will lease for long time. Apply Wolins & Bull, 214 Fulton St. Phone 521 Cortland.

One-story brick building, 75x100, steam heat, suitable for all manufacturing purposes; situated in Long Island City. Inquire William Klein, 65 Broadway, Long Island City; phone Astoria 1096.

OFFICES.—2,500 SQ. FT. IN GOOD BUILDING NEAR GRAND CENTRAL; RENT $4,000. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 307 MADISON AV.

Basement to let, 25x100; cement floor; sprinkled. Apply Sloane & Moller, 316 East 65th St.

Mail privileges, $3; excellent service; telephone attendant. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

Lofts, 534 East 20th St., 2d and 3d floors; elevator; 33x184. Apply Estate John U. Brookman, 165 Broadway.

DESK ROOM, $35 month; no other expense. Room 339, 30 Church St.

Rent, part office or desk room. Room 917, 1,123 Broadway, 25th St.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

SUITE OF TWO OR THREE WELL FURNISHED OFFICES ON FIFTH AVENUE, BETWEEN THIRTY-FOURTH AND FIFTIETH STREETS, OR ON FORTY-SECOND STREET, EAST OF BROADWAY. H 736 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

LOFT WANTED SUITABLE FOR FUR DYEING FACTORY; 18,000 TO 20,000 SQUARE FEET; SUBMIT PROPOSITIONS. MAX GUTSCHNEIDER, 108 WEST 11TH ST.

Loft about 3,000 square feet, with improvements; freight elevator to take up crates 6 feet 6 inches by 3 feet. Hudson Metal Bed Co., 116 West 39th St.

Wanted, light loft, with light, steam, and, if possible, power for light manufacturing purposes. Telephone or write Nortiega, Del Valle & Co., 327 Broadway. Worth 9223.

A REPAIR SHOP IN THE WATSON CLUB GARAGE, 58 EAST 88TH; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MECHANIC.

Wanted, an office, furnished or unfurnished, in good location. G 373 Times.

Garage wanted, west side preferred; give full particulars first letter. B 27 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

5TH AV., 43.—Apartment to sublet for summer months; cool, airy, wonderful view, 8th floor; 10 rooms, 3 baths; furnished, including china and linen. Telephone Stuyvesant 1975.

30TH ST., Corner Lexington Av., (163.)—Apartment hotel exclusively for women; corner suite, parlor, bedroom and bath, beautifully furnished. $17 weekly up; Summer rates. Hotel Rutledge. Tel. 6160 Mad. Sq.

30TH ST., (Madison Av.)—Three rooms, bath, kitchenette; cool and attractive; elevator service; electric light. Mad. Sq. 5898.

31ST, 157 EAST.—Comfortably furnished 4 room apartment; all improvements; references required; $16 per week. Call evenings. Dardis.

49TH, 19 EAST.—Artistic apartment; 2 rooms, bath, and kitchenette; July and August. Pandjiris.

54TH, 78 EAST.—Smartly furnished three large, light, cool, airy rooms, bath, kitchenette; piano; July 1-October. Plaza 9056.

82D ST., 129 EAST.—Attractively furnished apartment, six rooms, two master's bedrooms, one master's bath and one maid's room and bath, until Oct. 1 for special price. Apply Superintendent on premises, or Douglas L. Elliman, 414 Madison Av., New York City.

86TH, 64 EAST.—Newly furnished four-room apartment until Oct. 1st; less than rent. See Superintendent.

87TH, 56 EAST.—Six rooms, southern exsure; high-class people only; from July 1 until Sept. 15. Phone 442 Lenox. R. Fuguet.

ATTENTION!—Apartments, furnished, 2 and 3 rooms and bath, $15 weekly up; full hotel service; one block from subway. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St., or Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th.

GRAMERCY PARK.—Very convenient, attractive, clean, large rooms; bath; kitchen with excellent service; north-south breeze; rental reduced to immediate desirable tenant. Gramercy 6193.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 1,244.—For July-August, 3-room apartment; piano; modern improvements; 167th St. station, Jerome Av.; $50 per month; responsible couple only. Apt. 56.

LAFAYETTE ST., 428.—Studio apartment until November, two large rooms, private balcony, bath, kitchenette, high ceiling, completely furnished; conveniently located; inducement. Telephone Spring 9282. Hill.

LARGE one-room apartment, kitchenette, bath, piano; comfortably furnished; $50 a month until Oct. 1. Apply 6C., Superintendent, 141 East 44th. Murray Hill 8595.

LEXINGTON AV., 146.—Furnished rooms for refined people; references requested.

MADISON AV., 1,245, (90th.)—Select location; July and August, 5 beautiful outside rooms; elevator apartment; $75 month. Sampson.

MADISON AV., 529.—Handsomely furnished, large room, kitchenette, bath, phone, sublet $65.

MADISON AV., 529, (54th.)—Handsomely furnished apartment; bath, phone, kitchenette; sublease, $65.

40 EAST 51ST STREET.

Attractively furnished one-, two-, three-room apartments, by month or year; meals.

Furnished—West Side.

10TH, 32 WEST.—Two rooms, bath, and kitchen; entire floor; July 1-Sept. 15. Nestler. Telephone Stuyvesant 86.

19TH, 340 WEST.—Four rooms, elegantly furnished; all improvements. Apply to janitor.

42D ST., 228 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished bachelor apartments, consisting of parlor, bedroom, and bath; $21 per week up; full hotel service.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

47TH, 112 WEST.—Completely furnished bachelor apartment, two and three rooms, bath, $80 to $100; Summer concessions.

PAYSON McL. MERRILL CO., INC.,

9 East 44th St. Tel. Murray Hill 8300.

47TH, 58 WEST.—Hotel Patterson, one, two, and three rooms and bath suites to sublet at greatly reduced summer rates. Meals, optional.

49TH ST., 104 WEST.—Two-room suite, living room, sunny bedroom, tiled bath; $3 daily; Summer leases. Hotel Maryland.

50TH ST., 44 WEST.—To sublet, furnished apartment.

51ST ST., 34 WEST.—Attractive front apartment, two rooms, bath, kitchenette; maid service; Summer prices; seen 10 to 6.

51ST, 245 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Two, 4 rooms, housekeeping apartments; elevator, maid service.

52D ST., 57 W.—Newly furnished apartment. Atkinson, Circle 4080.

54TH ST., at Broadway, Hotel Albemarle.—Furnished apartment for rent, 2 rooms and bath, $25 a week; 4 rooms and bath, $35 a week; special monthly rates.

55TH ST., 347, (7-D.)—Handsomely furnished, cool apartment of two rooms, bath, and kitchenette, until Oct. 1. Apply phone Vanderbilt 4826, or the Superintendent.

55TH ST., corner 7th Av.—The Regal, a modern elevator apt. house, newly furnished, hotel service; one and two rooms with bath, $70-$150; references required.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Hotel Thorndyke.)—Exceptionally attractive two-room suite, with private bath; full hotel service; special weekly, monthly rate.

56TH ST., 351 WEST.—Sublet apartment 2 rooms, kitchenette; rent $125. Apply after 10, Apartment 7-E.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

57TH ST., 340 WEST.
TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 184.
$18 WEEKLY AND UP.
Two, three room suites, private bath; modern improvements; elevator; neatly furnished; maid service; references absolutely required; owner managing.

57TH, 180 WEST.—Furnished fully, 2 rooms, bath, and kitchenette; piano and luxurious furnishings; elevator. Tough, Circle 990.

58TH, 158 WEST.—Three beautiful, airy rooms; kitchen, bath; complete for housekeeping; unexcelled location; reduced rental July to October or longer. Apply Superintendent.

58TH, 47 WEST.—Charmingly furnished 2-room kitchenette apartment; sacrifice $100; exclusive.

58TH ST., 5 WEST, (Hotel Plaza Annex.)—Large sunny living room, bedroom, bath, maid service and linen; $100 per month.

69TH. (Broadway, Spencer Arms.)—Three large rooms and bath; southwestern exposure; tenth floor; beautifully furnished; for July, August; rent $110. Apt. 101.

72D ST., 301 WEST.—Palatial suite; 3 rooms and bath; southern exposure. Telephone.

74TH, 103 WEST.—Choice suites, bath, kitchenette; small rooms; convenient location; Summer rate.

77TH, 106 WEST.—Exceptional suite, 2 rooms, bath; electricity; piano; light housekeeping; reasonable.

78TH ST., 229 WEST.—In new, cool building, 5 rooms, 2 baths, beautifully furnished, reasonable rent Summer months. Apt. 83.

79TH ST., 201 WEST, (Hotel Lucerne.)—Attractive, cool corner apartment, two rooms and bath; Summer months. Inquire mornings. Apt. 1008.

80'S, WEST END.—5 rooms, exquisitely furnished, to October or longer; bargain. Columbus 3974.

81ST, 204 WEST, Apt. 3-D.—Exclusively furnished 3 rooms, bath; housekeeping; high-class elevator apartment; $100 . month Schuyler 7297.

81ST, 204 WEST.—Cool, attractively furnished 3-room housekeeping apartment; immediate possession. Burnell.

84TH ST., 308 WEST.—Large apartment, 8 rooms, 2 baths, near Riverside.

85TH, 332 WEST.—Cool, attractively furnished 5 room apartment, sublet until Oct.; reasonable. Telephone Schuyler 8265, Apt. 13.

87TH, 176 WEST.—Desirable 4-room apartment; reasonable. Apartment 2D. Phone Schuyler 2336.

87TH, 323 WEST, (Riverside). — One-two large rooms, adjoining bath; kitchenette; $40-$55.

89TH, 47 WEST.—Three large, beautifully furnished rooms, kitchen, and bath; can't be equaled in the city; lease or monthly; adults; references.

90'S. DRIVE.—Attractive 4 rooms, seventh floor, front, $90. Phone Columbus 1277.

90S, (Riverside Drive.)—Six rooms, 2 baths, $115. Particulars phone Riverside 3766.

91ST ST., 27 WEST.—High-class furnished apartments, 1 and 2 rooms with bath; maid service; $25-$80.

93D ST. AND CENTRAL PARK WEST, 333, (twelfth floor.)—Eight outside rooms and two baths, highly furnished, including linen, china, silver, baby grand; unobstructive view all sides; $350 monthly Summer; concessions, longer period. Supt., Riverside 3521.

94TH ST., 180 W.—All light five-room apartment, nicely furnished, refined. Knodel.

95TH ST., 311 WEST.—Attractive five-room elevator apartment to October. Apt. 63.

99TH, 244 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Light, cool 7-room furnished elevator apartment, all conveniences, to sublet June 24 to Oct. 1. Apartment 54. 1557 Riverside.

100 CENTRAL PARK SOUTH.
Beautifully furnished small apartment, overlooking Park; $200 month. Phone mornings, before 11, 4134 Circle, or inquire Superintendent.

100TH, 313 WEST.—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, July, October or longer; high-class, converted, private house; electricity, gas for cooking; private phone included; furnished; $65; unfurnished, $60.

100TH, 258 WEST. — Charming one, two rooms, kitchenette suites; cool, quiet; service.

108TH, 211 WEST, near Broadway.—Five rooms, handsomely furnished; bath, electricity, phone; southeastern exposure; piano; $80. Macabrey.

112TH, 612 WEST.—7 rooms and bath, from July 1 to Sept. 25; second floor front; view of Drive; references. Apply mornings, Cathedral 6433.

113TH, (near Broadway.)—Two rooms, bath; electric lights; maid service; rent $70; three rooms, bath, furnished or unfurnished; suitable doctor or dentist. B. A. McEntee, 546 West 113th. Telephone Cathedral 7483.

114TH, 425 WEST. — Excellently furnished four-room apartment near Columbia University; rent $70; sublet Summer. Rubin.

115TH, 610 WEST.—Completely furnished 3-room kitchenette apartment; light, cool. 93-A.

121ST, 527 WEST.—Small, delightfully cool and attractive apartment; Summer rates. Mrs. Finch.

121ST, 414 WEST.—Newly furnished 4-room apartment, front, high-class; piano; 3 months or longer. Apt. 43.

127TH, 600 WEST. — Attractively furnished apartment, 2 bedrooms, living room, kitchen; spotless; $65.

148TH, 563 WEST.—Four charming outside rooms; elevator; housekeeping; $50. Apartment 61.

161ST, 654 WEST.—Apartment 2C, 4 sunny outside rooms, attractively furnished; rent to Oct. 1, $85 monthly; dependable references required. Telephone Aud. 9600, Apt. 2C, or Davic, Schuyler 2139.

111TH ST. 532 W.—Four sunny rooms to sublet. Telephone 6250 Cathedral.

112TH ST., 508 WEST.—Bungalow on roof, nine-story elevator apartment; light, airy; excellent transportation; immediate occupancy. Superintendent.

114TH ST., 600 WEST, (Apt. 3.)—High-class apartment, furnished; three rooms, kitchenette and bath; piano, books; $95; long or short lease. Inspection Saturday and Sunday.

118TH ST., 210 W.—(Hotel Cecil)—Very desirable suite, two rooms with private bath; full hotel service; special weekly, monthly rates.

123D, 547 W.—Five rooms, southern exposure, elevator service, electric light; July, August, $65 monthly. Inquire Apt. 24.

127TH, 619 WEST.—Five attractive rooms; near Drive; until October 1st. Apt. 20.

150TH ST., 610 WEST, Apt. 3E.—Four rooms, nicely furnished; piano, telephone, shower, elevator; hall service; one door from Drive.

160TH, 665 WEST.—Attractively furnished four rooms, near Hudson; rent reasonable. See Superintendent.

168TH, 601 WEST.—Seven rooms, two baths; southeastern exposure; overlooking Hudson; $125. Ellsworth.

187TH ST., 757 W.—Four outside rooms, shower, telephone, electricity, reasonable. Apt. 55.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED.—For Summer bargain opportunities in apartments consult Wickliffe Gray, apartment specialist, 260 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

APARTMENT.—Hotel Ansonia, attractively furnished two rooms and bath, overlooking Hudson. Tel. Col. 3320. Ext. 17-10.

Attractive Apartments. Hotel Conveniences
At Apartment Rates. Inspection Invited.
THE CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY,
110th St., between Amsterdam & Columbus Av. Fully furnished Apartment rented monthly. 2 Rooms with kitchenette & bath, $55-$60. 3 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $70 up. Telephone Academy 613 for further information. Linen and maid service if desired. Two blocks east of Broadway Subway, near 6th and 9th Av. "L." Reference essential.

ATTRACTIVE APARTMENT and Roof Garden.—Artistically furnished, new, 2 rooms, bath, and kitchenette, by New York decorator; near 5th Av.; centrally located. Murray Hill 7450.

BROADWAY, 2,465, (91st, Subway).—Attractively furnished six extra large rooms; elevator apartment; silver, linen; complete, $100. Engel.

BROADWAY, (101st St.)—3 rooms, kitchen, bath; immediate possession; $75. Phone Vanderbilt 2367.

CAPITOL, 107 West 109th; Academy 1611. Two to six rooms; elevator, non-elevator, $40 to $75 monthly; also weekly rates. MAIN OFFICE, 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1647. Open Sundays and evenings.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 302.—Two handsome rooms, with bath, for July and August; restaurant in building. Apply Mrs. Rouvant, Apt. 7-D.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d, Col 1077.

DESIRABLE APARTMENTS.—Two to eight rooms, located in the best sections of the west side. For full particulars apply Thomas J. O'Reilly, Broadway at 109th St.

ELEGANTLY FURNISHED 4-room high-class elevator apartment; telephone; reasonable. Riverside 2867.

FT. WASHINGTON AV., 415.—Light, airy, well furnished corner apartment; eight rooms, two baths; elevator; July-August. Apply on premises.

HAVEN AV., 79, (corner 170th.)—Handsomely furnished in mahogany, 4 room front apartment, overlooking Hudson River; will rent to desirable party if taken at once for $75 monthly. Apply Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468.—Apartment to sublet for Summer; river view; six rooms, two baths; reasonable. Bluh, 3684 Morningside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 884.—Furnished 6-room apartment, 2 baths, from July 1 to Sept. 1; 3 rooms facing the river; adults only. Apt. 4-G. Phone Audubon 9600.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 420, (Corner 114th St.) —For Summer, 8-room furnished apartment, 3 baths; all outside rooms; piano, Victrola; magnificent river view from balcony (seating 6 persons) and all rooms; references required. Phone Morningside 7404 Saturday, 3-4 P. M., Sunday morning 9-11.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 640.—Four large front rooms; linen, silver; bargain. See Superintendent.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 772, (corner 149th St.) —Six rooms; elevator; most attractive; sacrifice; $65.

SUMMER RATES.
Apartments of from two to five rooms, with or without kitchen, completely furnished; maid service, gas, electricity, kitchen equipment, linen, &c., included, $2 to $5 a day, $12 to $30 a week, $50 to $150 a month, in the heart of the best residential section of New York City; restaurant of quality. Hotel Schuyler Arms, 307-311 West 98th St.; Subway to 96th St., two blocks up and one block west.

Three, four and five-room apartments furnished, rent reasonable. J. S. Maxwell, 3,422 Broadway, corner 139th St.

TWO front rooms, kitchenette, in private apartment, $60. Morningside 2806, Party M.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 83.—Three rooms, kitchen, bath, two months, $75 a month.

WEST END AVE., 788, 96TH ST.—Five outside rooms, furnished, sublet; $75.

Furnished—Richmond.

The Willows, Huguenot Park, Staten Island, on Beach.—1, 2, 3-room suites, furnished, unfurnished; for season or longer; light housekeeping privileges; parquet floors, tile bath, running water, electricity; porches; bathing, fishing. Telephone 1028 Tottenville. References.

WILL RENT my 5-room apartment, 2-family house, fine location in Staten Island, to party willing to buy my furniture, including piano; will accept securities; rent $35. Phone Tompkinsville 1614.

Furnished—New Jersey.

Six-room apartment, July-August, at Weehawken, N. J., $50. Address Pond, 510 Park Av.

Unfurnished—East Side.

12TH, 5 EAST.—4 rooms, connecting, private bath, electricity, kitchenette, and single rooms.

17TH, 210 EAST.—High-class 5-room apartment, all improvements; adjacent to Stuyvesant Park.

55TH, EAST, (Park Av.)—Large ground floor suite for doctor's offices; reasonable rent; splendid location. Plaza 7313.

87TH, 56 EAST.—Highest type apartment, 6 rooms; suitable for doctor; $1,500.

87TH ST.—51 EAST.—6 rooms, electric light, all improvements; $65.

89TH, 22 EAST.—2-4-room elevator apartments.

182D ST., 546 EAST.
Four-room apartments, modern, $34-$35;
all improvements.
183D St., 3d Av., "L" station.
See ROBINSON.

A TWO-ROOM and bath apartment, $65; new, modern, maid service included. 46 4th Av., between 31st and 32d Sts. Apply Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., 12 East 44th St. Telephone Murray Hill 1100.

PARK AV, 945.—5 rooms, bath, steam heat; $55.

Unfurnished—West Side.

5TH AV., 29.
High-class housekeeping apartments.
STUDIO, 9 WEST 9TH ST.
Bachelor apartment, 54 West 11th St.

51ST, 215 WEST.—All outside 5 rooms, apartment, bargain to Oct. 1 or longer, $125. Circle 4666.

55TH ST., 105 WEST.
A few desirable apartments to lease from Oct. 1, two, four, and five rooms; $1,200, $1,300, and $2,500. Inquire Superintendent.

69TH, 245 WEST, (the New West End.)—2-room apartment, bath, kitchenette; latest improvements; complete housekeeping; $60.

93D ST., 137 WEST.—Three rooms and bath; excellent maid service, telephone, electricity free; no additional charge; will exchange for six-room apartment, concessions; $1,200 rental.

106TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside.)—2 large rooms, overlooking Drive, kitchenette, $125 month.

113TH, 611 WEST.—Six large rooms, unfurnished; immediate possession; $100. Inquire Supt.

143D 500 WEST.—6 and 7 large high-class rooms. Decorate suit. Reasonable.

161ST ST., (Between Washington Av. and Riverside Drive.)—6 rooms. Inquire Hudson View Construction Co., 900 Riverside Drive, corner 161st St. Telephone Audubon 4657.

164TH, 559 WEST.—4, 5, 6, and 7 rooms; high-class elevator apartments; immediate possession or Oct. 1. Apply on premises.

180TH, 854 WEST.—7 rooms, 2 baths; $1,060; elevator apartment.

181ST ST., WEST.—Sublet, four large, beautifully arranged rooms; elevator; immediate possession. Apartment 5-E, 90 Pinehurst Av.

184TH ST., 607 WEST.—Sublet beautiful, light, airy apartment, seven rooms and bath, all outside rooms, from July 1 to Oct. 1; $67.50 per month; can be leased from Oct. 1 at $76 per month. Apply on premises.

APARTMENT.—Four rooms, bath, kitchen, open four sides, most desirable on Washington Heights. Rent $51 Telephone Franklin 3270

MUST SACRIFICE at once very attractive apartment of 8 all-light, large rooms; high-class apartment building, conveniently located. Apply 237 West 74th St., between Broadway and West End Av.

NORTHERN AV, 1-5-9, (177th to 178th St.)—Facing Hudson; 3, 4, 5, 6 rooms; some apartments from July 1, others from Oct. 1; rents, $480 to $900.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE NO. 490, near 120th ST.—Elegant apartment to rent in beautiful building in choicest section of Riverside Drive; five large light rooms and large foyer used as music room; two baths; wonderful view from all windows; can deliver possession at once; rent $1,750. Apartment 32A, eleventh floor; inspection invited; 'phone Morningside 7110.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 860, (158th St.)—Spacious 4 and 6-room apartments, ready for occupancy now or Oct. 1.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 930.—6-room elevator apartment, sublet; occupancy July 1. Apply Apt. 48. Tel. Audubon 4333.

WEST END AV., 567, (near 87th.)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, first floor, $105; second floor, $100; ground floor, $75 each; entire floor fronting avenue; newly decorated; large, light; immediate possession; lease; also entrance floor near 72d, $85; suitable physician. Schuyler 3068.

127 WEST 70TH ST.
A few desirable suites of 2 rooms, bath, serving pantry; rental, $900 to $1,300.
L. J. PHILLIPS & CO., 148 WEST 72D ST.
Telephone Columbus 1833.

622 WEST 141ST ST.
4 and 5 Rooms, $900 to $1,050.
Immediate Possession.
Apply on Premises.

Unfurnished—Westchester County.

Beautiful apartments, five rooms; porches; $65. Van Ness, 506 South Broadway, Yonkers.

Unfurnished—New Jersey.

For Rent, Jersey City Heights.—Delightfully cool outside 5-room apartment; elevator service. Phone 2016 Montgomery.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Young married couple desire three or four room apartment in East Orange or vicinity for immediate occupancy or in the near future; state rental. X 114 Times Annex.

Furnished.

Two or three top rooms, furnished or unfurnished; must be very light, cool, and quiet; between 30th and 60th Sts.; state rent, size. &c Room 1001, 52 Broadway. Phone Broad 4479.

Wanted Sept. 1st, indefinitely, well furnished five or six rooms and bath between 72d and 90th Sts., on or near Riverside Drive. L 297 Times.

Lady wishes to share apartment with lady; references. Address L. W., Box 235, Times Downtown.

Unfurnished.

Wanted to lease Sept. 15, 3 or 5 rooms, unfurnished, kitchenette, with or without motel service, between Park and 6th Avs., 45th and 60th Sts., rent $1,800 to $2,400; references. Write Lane, 148 Columbus Av.

Wanted from October or sooner, unfurnished, modern seven or eight rooms, three baths, corner preferred, west side, below 100th St. Phone Schuyler 3582.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

80TH ST., (Corner Lexington Av., 163.)—Exclusively for women; $7 weekly and up, with use of bath; $12 weekly and up, with private bath; cozy, cool, comfortable; service unexcelled; Summer rates. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH, 124 EAST.—Elegant large, cool rooms, private bath; telephone; refined, homelike surroundings.

36TH ST., 12 EAST.—Large, newly furnished room and bath; also small room. Mrs. Warren Patrick.

GRAMERCY PARK, (145 East 21st.)—Top floor room for two; park privileges; references.

HOTEL GRAMERCY.
Lexington Avenue, at Twenty-fourth Street.
A NEW HOTEL FOR MEN.
Pleasant, comfortably furnished rooms, with bath or running water and every convenience.
Rates, $5-$12 weekly; $1-$2 daily.

IN THE 50S, near Madison Av.—One or two nicely furnished rooms, with bath, in private house. Telephone Plaza 9490.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds, tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

LEXINGTON AV, 515.—Beautiful room with connecting bath; elevator apartment; private telephone;; gentlemen only; references required. Levitow.

MADISON AV., 785, (67th.)—Attractive suites one, two rooms, private baths; front, back parlor; newly decorated; electricity; gentlemen.

MADISON AV., 182, (34th.)—Large room, bath, light housekeeping, gas, electricity free, $65 monthly; 4 months. Roust.

MADISON AV, 118.—Single and double furnished rooms for business people; Summer rates; references exchanged.

West Side.

11TH ST., 237 WEST.—Breezy single room; kitchen privileges; dainty apartment. Henry.

12TH, (22 7th Av.)—Attractive, large room; continuous hot water; gentlemen; reasonable; references.

22D, 350 WEST.—Beautiful 2-room suites, attractive rooms, select; references.

47TH, 29 WEST.—Cool, well furnished rooms in excellent neighborhood; Summer rates; references. Bryant 6296.

47TH ST., 27 WEST.—Two-room suite, high class; other rooms.

49TH ST., 47 WEST.—Comfortable rooms, private baths, electricity, southern exposure, elevator; references.

52D ST., 57 WEST.—Large room and bath. Atkinson. Circle 4080.

55TH ST., 49 WEST.—Exceptionally large, well-furnished room, private bath; also small room; Summer rates; gentlemen; references.

56TH, 324 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished rooms, with or without bath; telephone; references.

56TH, 50 WEST.—Attractive large room, all conveniences; clean house.

57TH ST., (near 5th Av.)—Splendid location, beautifully furnished room, for business person only; references required. Plaza 8971.

66TH ST., 65, (cor. Central Park West.)—Large room, facing park; all conveniences; alcove, running water. Rivera.

66TH, 151 WEST.—French family will dispose cool and comfortable rooms, bath; with or without board. Vincent.

68TH ST., 16 WEST.—Attractive room in charming house, for exclusive people only.

68TH, 67 WEST.—Beautiful, large, cool, front room, private bath; private house.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Elegant large room; piano; private bath; clean; comfortable.

69TH, 50 WEST.—Attractively furnished double room, running water, electricity; also basement front.

69TH, 20 WEST.—Exceptionally comfortable, large room, electricity, every convenience.

70TH, 40 WEST.—LARGE, HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; PRIVATE BATH, LAVATORY; ELECTRICITY; SUMMER RATES.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Exclusive rooms; gentlemen; modern conveniences; see to appreciate; references.

70TH, 215 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; single, twin beds, private bath; gentlemen.

70TH, 220 WEST.—Attractive room, running water, phone, electricity; also parlor bedroom.

71ST, 221 WEST.—Cool, medium room, adjoining bath; every convenience; good service.

71ST, 303 WEST.—Desirable airy rooms; exclusive house; electricity; shower baths; gentlemen; references.

71ST ST., 124 WEST.—Double room, with private bath, for rent; other rooms.

72D, 244 WEST.—Beautiful, large, cool rooms, with running water or private bath; elevator; Summer rates; references.

73D ST., WEST.—Cool, quiet, double room, with private bath. Special Summer rates; large private residence; elevator; electric light; complete service; immaculately clean. Phone Columbus 6153.

73D ST., WEST.—Light, airy, single room, near bath, $7 a week; large private residence; elevator, electric light; immaculately clean. Phone Columbus 6153.

73D, 269 WEST.—Large double room, second floor; private bath; kitchenette privilege; $14.

73D, 164 WEST.—Large, airy rooms, electricity, running water, telephone; select house.

73D, 154 WEST, (B'way.)—Cool, attractive rooms, private baths, electricity; references.

73D, 240 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, running water, adjoining bath; also small room; $3; references.

73D, 136 WEST.—Attractive, large room, bath; other rooms. Phone Col. 4135.

73D, 140 WEST.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED SINGLE FRONT ROOM, $5.

74TH ST., 144 WEST.—Attractive rooms, with bath, electricity; references.

75TH, 2 WEST.—EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, ADJOINING BATH; ELECTRICITY, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE, $9; MEDIUM, $7.

75TH, 47 WEST.—Elegantly furnished house, bath; also parlor suitable for physician; electricity; conveniences.

75TH, 55 WEST.—Elegant double, single rooms, bath; kitchenette privileges; electricity; telephone; rates.

75TH ST., 102 WEST.—Large outside room; double windows; elevator; $8; private family. Morris.

75TH, 259 WEST.—Comfortable double and single rooms, for gentlemen only.

75TH, 138 WEST.—Medium room, $7; small, $4; electricity; exclusive; business men.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Immaculately clean, medium, small room, adjoining bath; electricity; references.

76TH ST., 115 WEST.—Elegant parlor, suitable two doctors; newly opened house; other rooms.

76TH, 251 WEST.—Two rooms; private bath; continuous hot water; private house; electricity.

76TH, 112 WEST, near Park.—Newly furnished rooms; electricity; $5, $8, $10. Telephone.

76TH, 305 WEST.—Exceptional rooms, with or without private bath; electricity; private house.

76TH, 116 WEST, near Park.—Newly furnished house; electricity; rooms, $5, $8, $10.

76TH, 119 WEST.—Back parlor, running water, bath. Tel. Schuyler 5352.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Large, comfortable, front room; all conveniences; gentlemen; references; reasonable.

77TH, 106 WEST.—Exceptional suite, two large rooms, bath; electricity; piano; light housekeeping.

77TH, 123 WEST.—Two connecting rooms; private bath; electricity; telephone; on first floor.

77TH, 160 WEST.—Large, front room, twin beds; single room; gentlemen; references.

78TH, 115 WEST.—Large front rooms, beautifully furnished, with bath, in refined home; electricity, phone; gentlemen.

78TH, 256 WEST.—Usual house for usual people; usual prices; one large room to sublet, with piano, electricity.

78TH, 107 WEST.—Large front room, running water; private home; reasonable.

78TH, 134 WEST.—Attractive 1, 2, 3 rooms, with, without kitchenette privileges.

79TH, 218 WEST.—Large room, running water, adjoining bath; electricity and telephone.

81ST, 29 WEST.—Facing parks, large breezy room, four windows, porch; southern exposure; private bath, electricity, maid service; breakfast; modern home; Summer rates. Schuyler 10063.

82D, 118 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room, private bath, with dressing room; private house.

82D, 319 WEST, (Riverside.)—Large, beautifully furnished front rooms; also smaller rooms.

84TH, 305 WEST.—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE, ELECTRICITY, BATH; REASONABLE.

85TH, 30 WEST, (Near Central Park.)—Splendid, large room; private bath; electricity.

85TH, 101 WEST, Apt 5, 2d floor.—High-class house; attractive rooms.

86TH, 124 WEST.—Sublet, July, August, September, completely furnished large front room, bath and kitchenette privileges; $100 monthly, including maid service. Phone afternoons, Schuyler 4545.

86TH ST.—Near the Drive; furnished bedrooms and bathrooms. Single or en suite for gentlemen. Reasonable rates. Schuyler 5710.

86TH, 55 WEST.—Exclusive house, beautiful back parlor, private bath, lavatory, electricity, telephone.

86TH, 125 WEST.—Large front room; private bath; electricity; suitable for two.

87TH, 48 WEST.—LARGE, HANDSOMELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE, BATH; ELECTRICITY; REASONABLE.

87TH, 201 WEST.—Attractively furnished outside rooms, single, en suite; elevator, restaurant.

88TH ST., 323 WEST.—Nicely furnished front room; all improvements; gentlemen or business women.

88TH, 344 WEST, (Riverside.)—Comfortably furnished rooms; all conveniences; references.

88TH, 215 WEST.—Large attractive room; desirable location; Apartment 2B; $15.

89TH, 55 WEST.—Furnished large connecting rooms; all conveniences; other rooms; private.

90TH, 123 WEST.—Two adjoining rooms; sunny, comfortable; one flight; gentleman. Reinhold.

90TH, 27 WEST.—Elegant, large room, running water; telephone, electricity; private house.

92D, 288 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Attractive cool outside room in elevator apartment. Grubbs.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

92D, 312 WEST.—Exceptionally large, beautifully furnished room, bath; private residence; references.

92D, 50 WEST.—Large, small, newly furnished rooms; all conveniences; Summer rates.

93D ST., (676 West End Av.)—Two superior rooms, bath adjoining; exclusive; for business gentlemen, with breakfast.

93D, 259 WEST.—Beautiful floor; private house; all conveniences; will separate; other rooms; Summer rates; near subway.

93D, 254 WEST.—Single room, running water, electricity. Phone Riverside 9170.

93D, 115 WEST.—Large front room, alcove; running water; bath on floor.

94TH, (696 West End Av.)—Attractively furnished large room, bath, phone, electricity, private house.

95TH, 172 WEST.—Nicely furnished large and small rooms; suitable for two; electricity, telephone; near L, subway express station.

97TH ST., 255 WEST.—Two attractive front rooms; kitchen privileges. Mitchel.

101ST, 211 WEST, (Apt. 51.)—Four rooms; southern exposure; near bath; 5th floor; elevator. Call before 11 or after 6:30. Phone Riverside 7550.

102D, 303 WEST.—Large room, private, refined house; near Riverside Drive; references.

103D, 2 WEST.—Clean, cool room, facing park, $6; phone, bath. Robinson.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; private residence; gentlemen only; reference required.

107TH, 322 WEST, (overlooking Riverside.)—Handsome residence, 3 spacious, airy rooms, bath, beautifully furnished; also double rooms; moderate.

107TH, 258 WEST.—Large housekeeping room, $10; references; private house; near Broadway.

110TH, 501 WEST.—Two large, airy, clean rooms with lavatory; attractively furnished, in high-class apartment, near subway and elevated; references; $8 and $10. Apt. 29.

110TH, 501 WEST.—Apartment 1A; large beautifully furnished rooms; centrally located.

113TH, 541 WEST.—Desirable, large front room; also one smaller. Apt. 3.

115TH, 403 WEST.—Unusual fine Summer room; business people; reasonable. Apartment 43.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Well-furnished, large room, near Columbia; elevator; telephone. Apt. 41.

120TH ST., 371 WEST.—Large corner room facing park; also small room. McKenna.

121ST ST., 501 WEST, (Morningside Heights.) —Cool, attractive location; near dining rooms, restaurants, tennis courts, Riverside Park and Columbia University; artistically furnished rooms, all exposures, one to five windows; some suitable for three persons; some with alcove; some with kitchen; $5 to $15 weekly; showers; sitting room; dancing; attractive social life; references required; Broadway subway, elevated, surface, Riverside bus. Hostesses: Mrs. Young, Miss Williams. Telephone Morningside 4886.

121ST, 527 WEST.—Cool and attractively furnished rooms, opposite Teachers' College; single, $4.25-$8; double, $8-$10. Mrs. Finch.

121ST, 523 West.—Three very attractive rooms; light, cool; housekeeping suite. Apt. 61.

135TH, 630 WEST.—Pleasant home; front room; business couple or gentlemen; board; bus, subway; elevator apartment. Apt. 1.

137TH, 609 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large, light room; $3.50; high-class elevator. Apartment 34.

143D, 501 WEST.—Large front room; exclusive use of kitchen. Apt. 27.

168TH, 601 WEST, (Broadway.)—Small, large rooms; single, en suite; overlooking Hudson; subway. Ellsworth.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222, (94th.)—Parlor and bedroom suite, beautifully furnished; also large room, with private bath; exclusive apartment. Apt. 61.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222, (94th,) Apt. 31.—Rooms, private bath, suite; newly furnished.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (148th.) — Beautiful front room, private bath. Phone Audubon 6804; 4E.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 78, (corner 80th.)—Delightful rooms, single or en suite, overlooking water.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 320, (cor. 104th St.)—Rooms, with bath, single or in suites.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 1,265, (174th.)—Large outside room; phone, bath adjoining; suitable business couple. Phone St. Nicholas 4376.

WEST END AV., 354, (77th St.)—One large room, $12; one small room, $3; every home convenience; reference.

WEST END AV, 826, (100th.)—Exclusive bachelor; accommodations; with, without bath; references.

WEST END AV., 237, (71st St.)—Handsome suite or single room; quiet American home.

WEST END, 818 (100th.)—Rooms $4 to $12; conveniences. Telephone Riverside 4909.

WEST END AV., 265.—Large front room; private bath; telephone.

WEST END AV., 896.—Large, airy front, bath, $10 weekly. Phone 2697 Academy.

WEST END AV., 344.—Select house, cool, double room, twin beds; bath, electricity.

Long Island.

ARVERNE, L. I.—Large, cool room; two gentlemen or couple; with refined Hebrew family. 7 South Beach 67th St.

Furnished Rooms. For gentlemen only. By week or season. Half block from Jamaica Bay, two from ocean; private family. A. E. Brant, 73 No. Grove Av., Rockaway Beach.

HUDSON HOUSE, FAR ROCKAWAY.
Desirable, clean rooms; 5 minutes from station; on beach; select clientele. Far Rockaway 3873. Clarke, corner Central Av.

SEA GATE, L. I.—Neatly furnished room with small private family; adults only. Call up C. I. 1132 before 10 A. M. or between 7-8 P. M.

Suite and single rooms in Sea Gate. Mrs. Blum, Coney Island 3544.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

Ground floor outside corner suite, suitable physician; always physician's corner. C 145 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

30TH, cor. Lexington Av., (163.) — Single rooms with meals, $14 weekly up; good home cooking; hotel service, elevator, telephone; women exclusively; Summer rates. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone 6160 Madison Sq.

MADISON AV., 213, (36th.)—Rooms, attractive, large and small; table excellent.

West Side.

69TH, 105 WEST. — Large room, private bath; smaller room adjoining bath; references.

70TH, 23 WEST.—For the Summer season, large and small rooms, bath adjoining; refined Jewish surroundings; excellent cuisine; table boarders. Mrs. Newburg.

72D ST., 228 WEST.—Elevator, electricity, steam heat; table guests; subway. Columbus 1045.

72D, 212 WEST.—Private baths; electricity; table board. Columbus 6396.

72D, 267 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; excellent table; table guests.

73D, 302 WEST.—Attractive double rooms, suite; private baths; home cooking; references.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Rooms, private baths; electricity; parlor dining room; table guests.

75TH ST., 56 WEST.—Room with bath, double, single rooms; electricity; references.

75TH ST., 18 WEST.—Double and single rooms; all improvements; excellent board.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (wide, parked street.) —Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Large and small rooms; old-established house; reasonable terms.

80TH, 143 WEST.—Comfortable, medium front room adjoining bath; electricity; homelike; reference.

82D, 39 WEST.—Large front; also small rooms; newly furnished; parquet floors; electricity; parlor; dining room; excellent table; references.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

92D, 60 WEST.—Two connecting rooms, running water, and meals for two, $28 up; single, $13; Summer rates.

BROADWAY, (245 West 104th). — Attractive rooms, excellent table; homelike. Academy 2792. Jantzen.

54 WEST 54TH ST.
Large and small rooms; references.

Richmond.

119 St. Mark's Place, St. George.—Very large attractive room, overlooking harbor, in private family, for couple or two men. Board optional. 'Phone, Tompkinsville 309R.

BOARD WANTED.

Board wanted for girl 4 years old; refined family. Breen, 120 West 127th St.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Long Island.

Far Rockaway, 507 Central Av., Rice's Cottages, newly furnished; is ready to accommodate guests; Jewish family. Phone Far Rockaway 2325.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Westchester County.

Midland Inn, Bronxville, N. Y.—Open June-September; dormitory of large rooms, with running hot and cold water, shower baths, and all conveniences; reserved for gentlemen. W. I. Metcalf, Manager. Phone 257 Bronxville.

Airy double room, wholesome meals; two adults; private cottage. New Rochelle 2629J.

RESTHAVEN.—Invalids and elderly persons; beautiful location; $10 up weekly. 594 North Broadway, Yonkers, Phone 1964 Yonkers.

Staten Island.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
Charming Family House of High Standard;
20 Min. Delightful Sail Downtown N. Y.
Lovely Furnished, Excellent Chef & Service,
Parlors, Porches, Lawns, Water View;
Weekly, $17 Up. Capacity 75. Booklet.
Ten Years Under One Management.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

New Jersey.

Teacher offers parents splendid opportunity give daughters 6-14 wonderful vacation at her country home near beach at Asbury Park. Maclevy, 1,207 Grand Av., Asbury Park, N. J.

Bradley Beach, N. J.—Villa Pauline, 408 Burlington Av., first-class accommodations, homelike cooking; rates reasonable. Richard Ritter.

The Elms, Montclair, N. J.—Attractive vacancies, with reduced rates, for Summer months. 271 Claremont Av. Phone 3878.

Maple Hill Health Resort, Madison, N. J. Specialists nervous and rheumatic diseases; booklet.

Miscellaneous.

Woodleigh offers excellent facilities for modern country life, vacation, rest or good home; abundance of good food; supervision of trained nurse; also farm; cottages for families; mountains, woods, river; booklet; $9 to $15. Woodleigh, Towanda, Penn.

Country home for your children this Summer; terms reasonable. 500, 147 Nassau.

Country Board Wanted.

Young business woman desires room and board, seashore or country, refined family, 45 minutes train from New York; time, July 15-Dec. 15; references exchanged; state details. 465 West 152d, Apt. 4.

Wanted, country board at boarding house or small hotel by father, mother and seven-year-old daughter; within commuting distance; highest references. G 873 Times Annex.

Overseas soldier, board on farm, account health; near New York; refined people; no boarding place. Casper, 927 Putnam, Brooklyn.

Country home wanted, for children; give attractions, terms. E. B. 84 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, rapid, accurate, wishes position as beginner; not Saturday. C 233 Times.

COMPANION.—Young lady wishes position as companion to lady traveling, to England preferred. A., 608 Columbus Av.

COOK.—Lady wishes to highly recommend first-class cook and waitress; both English; 5 years' reference; wages $75 and $55. Write Powers, 46 Neptune Av., New Rochelle, or telephone 161.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Situation wanted by honest widow, with one or two persons. Malnati, 362 West 45th.

HOUSEKEEPER, working, capable cook, seeks position from June 30; prefers business people. G 883 Times Annex.

MANICURIST position wanted by young lady experienced in shampooing and scalp treatment. X 105 Times Annex.

MANICURIST. — Experienced young lady wants position; resident work desired. E., 3,431 Broadway.

MASSEUSE.—Licensed, treat ladies. Houseman, 101 West 100th St., Apt. 208. (The Cathedral Plaza.)

MASSEUSE, licensed, facial. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J. Tel. Market 8275.

NURSE, companion, to lady; town or country; references exchanged. D 1069 Times Harlem.

NURSE, companion for invalid lady; town or country; references exchanged. D 1070 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—Beginner, 17; $10 to start. R. B., 115 East Houston St.; Orchard 8277.

STENOGRAPHER, GENERAL OFFICE ASSISTANT; EXPERIENCED; $18. N 107 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER TYPIST.—Accurate, neat, reliable. Dorothy W. Baer, 202 West 116th St. Morningside 1480.

STENOGRAPHER. — High school graduate; neat appearance; good grammarian; salary $15. D 1249 Times Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER desires position in country for Summer; mountains preferred. A 589 Times Downtown.

TEACHER, licensed, age 24, refined, will take charge of 1 or 2 children in exchange for board in country and small remuneration. H 726 Times Downtown.

TEACHER, tutor or library assistant wishes position either for Summer or year round; best references. X 135 Times Annex.

TYPIST wishes typewriting at home; manuscripts, legal work, &c., neatly and accurately done. Reilly, 571 West 175th St.

Employment Agencies.

COLORED HELP, city, country; references. Hope Agency. Call 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT,
competent executive, several years' general cost and manufacturing experience, now filling responsible position, but wish connection with assured future depending on merit; investigation invited. H 648 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systematized; arrangements firms without bookkeepers; statements, investigations, tax reports; reasonable. Greene, 12 West 27th. Telephone Chelsea 3954.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened and closed, systems installed, periodic audits made, bookkeeping arrangement, tax reports. O'Donnell, 252 West 68th St.; 7261 Columbus.

ACCOUNTANT. — Arrangements firms without bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly; books opened; systems; tax reports. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT, reliable service, books opened, audited, systems; special bookkeeping accommodations small firms; reasonable. Alpert-Barst. Murray Hill 1191.

ACCOUNTANT, (37,) thoroughly experienced, competent to take full charge credits. A 334 Times.

ADVERTISING.—Young man, 23, 2 years' successful advertising experience; write copy, handle detail; want advertising agency position; capable, creative, energetic worker. C 243 Times.

AUDITOR-ACCOUNTANT, 35; highest references; available now; salary $5,000. A 344 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 19; thoroughly experienced; knowledge of accounting; references; $18. N. C. 256 Times Downtown.

CAMP COUNCILLOR.—Councillor at boys' Summer camp; capable man. C 257 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, thoroughly experienced, very highly recommended, able mechanic, strictly temperate, neat and pleasing personality, desires position, city or country; reasonable salary. Telephone Greeley 4955.

CHAUFFEUR.—Reserve Ensign, U. S. N. R. F., who is going to complete work in college, wishes position in the country for the Summer; New York chauffeur's license; any work considered. W 256 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, (30,) maried, wishes position city or country; has taken mechanics course at Y. M. C. A. school; honorably discharged U. S. Army. Peterson, 139 East 74th St.

CHAUFFEUR, 26; just discharged from navy; 7 years' experience; best make cars; city; country; own repairs. Riverside 5225.

CHAUFFEUR.—Good experienced man; careful driver; excellent references; neat, temperate, reliable; Cadillac preferred. Eby, Circle 1560.

CHAUFFEUR, private, 6 years' experience; good references. A. S., 206 West 140th, Apt. 16.

CHAUFFEUR-GARDENER wishes position with private family; five years' experience. John Black, 342 East 77th.

CHAUFFEUR wants position with family needing first-class, A1 mechanic. A 338 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Experienced, wishes private position; best references. Costigan, 172 West End Av.

EXECUTIVE, 31 years of age, just discharged from army, desires position in real estate department of reliable trust company; nine years' experience selling, renting, and maintenance of properties; formerly connected with largest realty development company in South; best of references. C 173 Times.

EXECUTIVE ACCOUNTANT.
High-class man open for engagement; can go anywhere and would prefer to be away from New York City; if you are in search of an unusual man who is not afraid of hard work. H 710 Times Downtown.

JAPANESE.—Long experienced steward, wishes position; yacht. C 259 Times.

MAN, capable, with automobile, wants situation as salesman for country; will place advertising and samples in country towns; references; salary or commission. D 1078 Times Harlem.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, young man, bright, quick, neat appearance, desires position. A 355 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

PHOTOGRAPHER, (38,) single, desires position as salesman in photo supply store; experienced photographer; understands photographic supplies thoroughly; honorable discharge from army; salary optional with employer. A 352 Times.

SALESMAN.
HIGH-POWERED TRAVELING SALESMAN WISHES TO CONNECT WITH FIRST-CLASS HOUSE ONLY; ANY LINE; BEST REFERENCES. D 1079 TIMES HARLEM.

SALESMAN.—EX-ARMY OFFICER, MARRIED, AGE 32, OPEN FOR CONNECTION WITH RELIABLE CONCERN; 12 YEARS' BUSINESS EXPERIENCE AS EXECUTIVE AND SALESMAN. L 384 TIMES.

SALESMAN, experienced, desires good connection, any line; salaried proposition preferred. W 247 Times.

SALESMAN, 26, experienced, hard worker, good personality, desires position, reliable concern; best references. J. T., Times 210.

SALESMAN, EXPERIENCED, COLLEGE MAN, DESIRES POSITION. H 698 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 12 years' experience, seeks high-class connection; $25. D 1065 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 26, well-educated, Pace student, 6 years' business experience manufacturing, railroading, publishing, and shipyard work; good stenographer and typewriter, bookkeeper; executive ability, wishes position with future. E 786 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 20; thoroughly competent; three years' experience; reference. J 664 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT wishes position; long experience; reference. W 220 Times.

TUTOR OR COMPANION, COLLEGE GRADUATE, THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED, DESIRES SUMMER POSITION, PREFERABLY OUT OF TOWN. C 221 TIMES.

YOUNG COLLEGE MAN desires position in or out of town. W 258 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (23,) discharged soldier, five years' institutional purchasing and steward experience, able typist and correspondent, thorough knowledge office routine and able to assume responsibility, best references, desires position with reliable firm. B 21 Times.

YOUNG MAN, thoroughly familiar with England and France, university training, would like to represent manufacturing concern on commission basis; knowledge of French. C 250 Times.

YOUNG MAN, discharged from army, wishes position; high school graduate. T 169 Times.

YOUNG MAN, salesman, bookkeeper, stenographer, seeks position. Room 19, 78 Ave. B.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) high school graduate, desires position; salary $12.00. A 573 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, three years' experience order clerk; can operate typewriter and switchboard. Box 39, 1,515 3d Av.

Employment Agencies.

CARICATURIST, pen and pencil artist; quick, clear work; Mexican or South American types, art models, fashions, &c.; open for engagement; $30. "Artist," The Beers Agency, Flatiron Building, New York. Gramercy 5030.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ARTIFICIAL FLOWER WORKERS; also work given out. Moss, 5 Bond St.

ASSEMBLERS.
GIRLS TO DO LIGHT ASSEMBLING,
BENCH WORK.
APPLY BIJUR MOTOR APPLIANCE CO.,
15TH AND GARDEN STS., HOBOKEN, N. J.

BILLING CLERK on Elliott-Fisher machine; state age and salary desired; export and import concern. H 735 Times Downtown.

BILL CLERK on Underwood machine; must be experienced. Arrow Novelty Co., 108 East 16th St.

BOOKKEEPER for export and import firm; thorough knowledge of bookkeeping and at least 3 years' experience handling complete set of books and trial balance essential. Apply Saturday until 1 P. M., Rockhill & Victor, 22 Cliff St., New York. Take subway to Fulton St., and Broadway, walk down to Cliff St.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST, experienced, full knowledge of control accounts and invoice register, export and import business; send brief application stating experience and salary wanted. X 174 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, DOUBLE ENTRY, $20-$22 TO START. CALL SATURDAY, 9 A. M., INTERNATIONAL AUDIT CO., 2 RECTOR ST.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER and typist; experienced controlling accounts, clothing line experience preferred; A1 credentials. Goldsmith & Goldsmith, 777 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, to assist busy executive; must be thoroughly conversant with all accounting details and able to operate typewriter. V 73 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, by manufacturing firm; must be experienced. T. M. James & Co., 20 West 22d.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.
Opportunity for bright beginner. Call 125 East 23d St., Room 65.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST, experienced in steam and electric material; state salary. V 59 Times.

BUYER.
THE HECHT CO. OF WASHINGTON, D. C., requires the services of a high-grade Infants', Girls', and Misses' Wear Buyer. The salary to start is extremely liberal, and the future is based entirely on the development due to the efforts of the individual.

Only a thoroughly experienced woman would be considered. Address your application, stating previous experience, to H. H. Levi, care of The Hecht Co.

CASHIERS
Apply Superintendent's office, 8th floor,
James McCreery & Co.,
35th St. Employees' Entrance.

CASHIER required to assist generally in front office, downtown hotel; easy hours; one with previous hotel experience preferred. Apply Manager, 4 East 28th St.

CLERKS.—Wanted, in the office of a large corporation, a number of clerks, between the ages of 16 and 20; experience unnecessary; some high school training desirable but not essential; hours 9 to 5 and Saturday half-holiday throughout the year; salary $10 per week to start. If you desire a position with a future, write, stating age, education, &c., to Box 861 Times Downtown.

CLERKS.
GIRLS, OVER 16 YEARS OF AGE, WHO ARE ACCURATE AND CAREFUL, TO DO FILING IN OUR CUSTOMERS' FILES AND GENERAL CLERICAL WORK IN OUR AUDITING DEPARTMENT; GOOD PAY TO START; OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT.
CALL AT ONCE.
CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 Washington St.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

CLERK wanted; refined and educated young lady for clerical work; exceptional opportunities; business experience unnecessary. C 261 Times.

COOK, refined, reliable, also cleaning small apartment; exceptionally good home for appreciative person; mountains for Summer. Audubon 9699.

COUPLE. — EXPERIENCED COOK AND BUTLER, FOR SUMMER RESIDENCE ON LONG ISLAND; BEST WAGES. APPLY RITZ-CARLTON HOTEL, SUITE 228.

DEMONSTRATORS for Aladdin Dye Soap in large department stores; salary $12. Apply 621 Broadway, Room 524, 10-12 A. M.

DESIGNER.—Skirt designer wanted who can supply us by mail with original and exclusive designs of novelty skirts; remuneration by month or for separate designs, whichever is suitable. Address replies in confidence to "" Reputable House," X 161 Times Annex.

DESIGNER capable of producing a first-class line of smocks and middies; those who have had similar position need apply; excellent opportunity. Lonsdale Middy Blouse Co., 24 Boerum St., Brooklyn.

DESIGNER, experienced on kimonos and negligees. Nasrallah & Meena, 48 West 25th St.

DRESSMAKER, by day; best wages paid and best references required. Telephone Madison Square 2060.

DRESSMAKER wanted, experienced and a quick worker, to do alterations at home. Call morning, Columbus 8680.

ELEVATOR OPERATOR for downtown hotel, experienced; steady position; $12.50 per week. Apply Manager, 4 East 28th St.

HELP WANTED—Female.

FILE CLERK.—Experience essential; must be competent assume charge, also operate small swithchboard; state qualifications, religion and salary expected. J 649 Times Downtown.

FILE CLERK.—Young lady; Christian firm; experience necessary; salary $20; K 498 Times Downtown.

GIRLS! GIRLS!
HIGHEST WAGES
$10 A WEEK TO START
MESSENGERS AND STOCK GIRLS.
BEST & CO.,
5TH AV. AT 35TH ST.

Only girls over 16 employed; trained in retail selling for jobs higher up; quick promotion.

Store hours 9 to 5 P. M.; closed all day Saturday, June 28, and every Saturday in July and August.

Employment Entrance, 7 West 35th St.

GIRLS about 16, helpers sample department wholesale house. Address P. O. Box 139, Madison Square, New York.

GIRLS (5) for light factory work. The Strauch Co., 41 Greene St.

GOVERNESS, English or French; take entire charge boy of 5; assist two older girls; must be experienced; competent, cheerful disposition; seashore for Summer months. W. C. B., Box 967, Wilmington, Del.

LEARNERS over 16 for light, pleasant factory hand work; eleven dollars to start; rapid advancement; steady work. Charles E. Weyand & Co., 22 Howard St.

LUNCH ROOM POSITIONS
With New York Telephone Company for several capable young women. Opportunity to learn this work. Appointment in charge of girls' lunch rooms when qualified. Answer by letter only to Room 1,651, 15 Dey St., New York, stating age, education and experience, if any.

MANAGER.—Experienced woman as manager in a busy dyeing and cleaning shop; one that has had experience in meeting high-class trade; good handwriting and neatness essential; only letters giving full information as to experience and salary considered. A 327 Times.

MARCEL HAIR-WAVER, experienced, wanted; also who understands children's hair cutting. Borden's Hair Shop, 538 Cookman Av., Asbury Park, N. J.

MODELS.
SIZE 18.
High-class dress house; unusual opportunity offered to stylish young ladies of pleasing personality and neat appearance; highest salary; longest season.
MACK, KANNER & MILIUS,
136 MADISON AV., COR. 31ST.

MODELS,
SIZE 16; LARGE DRESS HOUSE.
LEO FINKENBERG, INC.,
31 E. 31ST.

MODELS
for high class millinery showroom; must have good appearance; experience not necessary; yearly position or season work.
J. M. HYLAND, 6 WEST 57TH.

MODEL, SIZE 16,
for dresses; must have fair knowledge of bookkeeping. Call at
HATTIE DRESS,
3 WEST 29TH ST.

MODELS, sizes 16 and 36, for showroom of wholesale dress house. Apply all week J. S. Becker, 22 West 32d.

MODEL, experienced, for dresses, size 16. Rosenbaum & Mandel, 286 5th Av.

NURSE.—Intelligent woman to care for two girls; ages 3 and 4 years; references required; good salary. Phone Mrs. Herck, Riverside 8483.

PHOTOGRAPHIC INSPECTOR. — Finishing house desires high-grade woman for inspection department who is capable of spotting and examining amateur and photographic prints and enlargements; no one need apply unless thoroughly competent; state salary and experience; applications will be treated strictly confidential. V 71 Times.

PORTUGUESE STENOGRAPHER wanted by export house; state experience and salary desired. J 661 Times Downtown.

POWER PRESS OPERATORS.
MUST HAVE EXPERIENCE.
APPLY BIJUR MOTOR APPLIANCE CO.,
15TH AND GARDEN STS., HOBOKEN, N. J.

RIBBON TIERS on stationery boxes; pleasant conditions; highest pay; steady all year. Charles E. Weyand & Co., 22 Howard St.

SALESLADY, smart-looking, refined personality; A1 position; $30 week salary, commission; silks; exceptional opportunity; permanent. De Luxe, 1,482 Broadway.

SALESLADY, experienced, for downtown bakery; good hours, good salary. H. B. Cushman & Co., 49 Church St.

SALESWOMEN.
One of the largest publishing houses in the East, starting a big magazine campaign, want experienced house-to-house workers; gauaranteed salary $20 a week; carfare, commission; no magazine experience necessary; we teach you the business by actual demonstration; good chance for hustlers to become crew managers. Apply before 9:30 A. M.,
Mr. Holtz,
326 Hudson St., New York.

SALESWOMAN, intelligent, with pleasing personality, who will appreciate that good, hard, honest work will mean success; a good solicitor preferred; office appliance; salary. Call Room 1508, 277 Broadway.

SECRETARY.—Permanent position, interesting, high-class work; stenography-typewriting, pleasant atmosphere; excellent opportunity. T 156 Times.

SPANISH STENOGRAPHER wanted by export house; state experience and salary desired. J 660 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN REQUIRES A STENOGRAPHER CAPABLE OF TAKING RAPID DICTATION AND TURNING OUT ACCURATE TRANSCRIPTION; STATE QUALIFICATIONS AND SALARY DESIRED. V 41 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER
Must be competent for a position in bank; state age, schooling and experience; liberal remuneration, bonuses and lunches. K 526 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS. — Wanted, experienced female stenographers, also typists; high school graduates preferred; when replying state age, experience, and salary desired. Address O. R., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, N. Y. City.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, wanted; good, permanent position for right party; prefer resident of Bronx; answer, stating fully your experience, give age, salary you have been earning, and name references. X 115 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST.
Some knowledge of bookkeeping; young lady, quiet disposition, 18 to 23 years of age, resident of Brooklyn; state qualifications, salary expected, &c. E. G., 208 Broadway, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER by large furniture manufacturing concern; only efficient stenographer with several years' experience will be considered; state salary. Address O. G., 262 Grand St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Dry goods commission house desires young lady stenographer, preferably with export experience, but, however, not essential; give references and salary expected. A 551 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Splendid opening for stenographer with business training, in large real estate office; position permanent if work satisfactory. Address, giving references, V 57 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Wanted, an experienced law stenographer in Wall Street law office; state qualifications; salary $20. A 543 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, CLERK AND TYPIST.
Large insurance company, downtown, has the above vacancies; write, stating salary, age, and experience. H 677 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly capable; must have at least four years' experience; rapid and accurate; good compensation. Republic Textile Co., 22 West 32d St.

STENOGRAPHER, rapid, experienced; steady position with advancement; state all particulars, salary expectation; large wholesale house. V 63 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Consideration only to rapid, accurate worker, with patent law office training; state experience fully; also age and salary desired. T 159 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER, by large corporation, accustomed to use of good English, over 20 years old; salary $18; chances for advancement good. Reply typewritten, S P 200

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced, one, able to compose letters and take care of office work; permanent position. Apply Advance Rubber Co., 960 8th Av., Cor. 57th.

STENOGRAPHER—Wanted, Spanish English stenographer. Location, Houston, Texas. Apply, Standard Rice Co., 19 Leonard St. Franklin 5,309.

STENOGRAPHER
and office assistant; must be very accurate at figures; bright beginner may apply; salary $12. A. Taina & Co., 148 West 23d St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; state full qualifications and salary expected; high school education preferred. A. N. 273 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, with at least five years' experience; must be rapid and accurate; salary $18 start. H 719 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER.
Opportunity for bright beginner. Call 125 East 23rd St., Room 65.

STENOGRAPHERS-TYPISTS wanted, experienced, by Christian firm. K 509 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Substitute, one or two weeks, $18. Phone Bryant 5310, extension 96.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; state experience and salary expected. M K 22 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, by large corporation; good salary; good chance for advancement; permanent. N 114 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, for retail furniture house; state experience, salary expected. L B 1,400 Times, Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER for Spanish and English correspondence; export business; permanent position. A 534 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, neat, refined, capable. United States Rubber Co., 1,790 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, assist in office work and switchboard; $10 to start. W 245 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced; chance for advancement. K 502 Times Downtown.

SUPERVISOR OF GIRLS—WOMAN OF MATURER YEARS AND EXPERIENCE, CAPABLE OF MANAGING LARGE GROUPS OF GIRLS. APPLY, STATING REFERENCES AND SALARY WANTED, TO JEWISH ORPHAN ASYLUM, CLEVELAND, O.

STOCK GIRLS TO LEARN STOCK IN FINE UNDERWEAR ESTABLISHMENT; GOOD WAGES; CLOSED HOLIDAYS, SATURDAYS, JULY AND AUGUST, WITH FULL PAY. BRAND, 3 EAST 46TH ST.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, Monitor switchboard, central office experience. Bon... "B" Import Co., 222 4th Av.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR wanted for Hotel Aberdeen; hotel experience preferred; salary $12 weekly. 17 West 32d St.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR; experienced; relief alternate Sundays. Apply Manager, Allerton House Co., 143 East 39th St.

TYPIST for billing and general office work; some experience necessary; desirable position for one who is willing and careful in her work; pleasant surroundings. Apply by letter only to H. Ridgways Tea, 60 Warren St.

TYPISTS.
Several fast operators can earn $15-$20 weekly; also beginners. See Miss Abramowitz, 3d floor, 21 West 22d.

TYPIST.—Speedy, accurate, no shorthand. Call Saturday forenoon. Sophus Berendsen, Inc., 11 East 30th St.

TYPIST.—Knowledge of stenography preferred, but not essential; high wages paid at start. Write K X 1,358 Broadway.

YOUNG LADY.—Assistant bookkeeper and ledger clerk; expert on the comptometer; knowledge typewriting and Elliott Fisher billing machine; good position. Address, stating age and full particulars, W. S. 88 Times.

YOUNG LADY, with office experience, on card index and stock records, filing, &c.; one with knowledge of typewriting preferred; salary $15. A 570 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY for filing and clerical work; experience unnecessary. Call 225 Lexington Av., city.

YOUNG WOMEN, 35 OR UNDER, BY NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY FOR GENERAL WORK IN LUNCH ROOMS; PERMANENT POSITIONS; WAGES $12 TO START; PROSPECT FOR ADVANCEMENT. APPLY 58 WEST HOUSTON ST., NEW YORK CITY, OR 81 WILLOUGHBY ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

YOUNG WOMEN.—An excellent opportunity for young women to learn map coloring; congenial and permanent work; salary to start, $12. Apply by mail or in person. Underwriters' Map Association, 227 Fulton St.

Instruction.

COMPLETE SECRETARIAL COURSE, also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists, day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1858). Broadway at 72d St.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST.
INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN
EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE.
115 BROADWAY, (Near Wall St.)
ABSOLUTELY NO CHARGE UNTIL WE SECURE YOU A POSITION.

Call today before 1 P. M. and avoid the Monday rush. You will probably start to work the first of the week.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE
200 BROADWAY, ROOM 507.

Stenographers, bookkeeper	$25 to $30
Switchboard, typist	15 to 18
Elliott-Fisher operator	20 to 22

NUMEROUS OTHER POSITIONS.

159TH, 428 EAST.—Four rooms, furnished apartment; telephone; all modern conveniences; for season, $40 per month. Inquire Worm.

153D, 431 EAST.—Large furnished room; convenient to subway and "L."

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT—OFFICE MANAGER, FOR A PROMINENT NEW YORK HOTEL; MUST BE GOOD EXECUTIVE AND CAPABLE OF DIRECTING THE WORK OF THE ACCOUNTING DEPARTMENT WITHOUT SUPERVISION. APPLICATIONS WILL BE HELD IN STRICT CONFIDENCE; ACCOUNTANTS WITH EXPERIENCE IN FIRST-CLASS HOTELS ONLY NEED APPLY; STATE EXPERIENCE FULLY AND GIVE TELEPHONE NUMBER IF POSSIBLE. A 339 TIMES.

ACCOUNTANT.
WANTED.—AN ACCOUNTANT WITH UNIVERSITY TRAINING AND SEVERAL YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN THE FIELD AS AN ACCOUNTANT IN THE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY, AS PERMANENT AUDITOR FOR A LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN IN WORCESTER, MASSACHUSETTS. PLEASE GIVE AGE, PARTICULARS CONCERNING EDUCATION AND EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES, AND SALARY EXPECTED. ADDRESS X 182 TIMES ANNEX.

ADVERTISING.—Good advertising salesmen equipped by experience and knowledge to sell advertising for high class monthly magazine, and for newspaper; write for appointment, giving age, experience, salary desired. X 143 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING MANAGER wanted for large fruit product manufacturing concern; an excellent opportunity for a man of wide experience and live ideas. Write Dept. "D," P. O. Box 1166, Tampa, Fla.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN, first class, wanted at once; permanent position; good salary and working conditions; men competent to complete working drawings from sketches. X 144 Times Annex.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN, country house work. Call Room 3, Butler Bldg., Jamaica.

ART ADVERTISING SOLICITOR.—Man acquainted with advertising agents preferred; salary and commission. Full information call Room 710, 1,416 Broadway.

ARTIST of ability for general art work in advertising agency; one with copy experience preferred; write full particulars. X 176 Times Annex.

ARTIST.—First-class air brush artist and mechanical retoucher; steady position. Bingham Engraving Co., 454 Broadway.

ASSEMBLERS.
EXPERIENCED AND INEXPERIENCED.
APPLY BIJUR MOTOR APPLIANCE CO., 15TH AND GARDEN ST. HOBOKEN, N. J.

ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT in up-to-date garment factory in Detroit, Michigan. State experience had and salary expected. Apply Box X 178 Times Annex.

Classified Advertising Rates

The New York Times

Count six words to an agate line. (Minimum space two lines.)	Per Agate Line.
Agents Wanted (Sunday 55c)	50c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	47c
Automobile Exchange (Sunday 55c)	50c
Boarders and Board Wanted	40c
Country Board	45c
Employment Agencies (Sunday 55c)	50c
For Sale (Sunday 55c)	50c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted	40c
Help Wanted	40c
Lost and Found (Sunday 55c)	50c
Mortgage Loans (Sunday 55c)	50c
Real Estate and Houses to Let	47c
Situations Wanted	35c
	Per Word.
Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 15c)	10c
Buyers' Wants	10c

Reward of $100 will be paid by The New York Times for information effecting the arrest and conviction of any person obtaining money by means of a fraudulent advertisement in The New York Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ASSISTANT, YOUNG, TO ENGINEER EXECUTIVE OF LARGE FOREIGN-GOING STEAMSHIP CORPORATION; MUST BE THOROUGHLY CONVERSANT WITH MARINE ENGINES AND BOILERS, SURVEYING, ESTIMATING REPAIRS, AND GENERAL MAINTENANCE; GOOD SALARY AND OPPORTUNITY; REPLY, GIVING FULL PARTICULARS. X 148 TIMES ANNEX.

ASSISTANT ENTRY CLERK in a woolen jobbing house. Apply with full particulars, C 223 Times.

AUTOMOBILE BODY BUILDERS FOR NEW AND REPAIR WORK ON HIGH-GRADE COMMERCIAL BODIES. TO EXPERIENCED MEN WE CAN OFFER STEADY WORK AT GOOD WAGES. 48-HOUR SHOP. APPLY TO GARAGE SUPERINTENDENT, LOOSE-WILES BISCUIT CO., LONG ISLAND CITY.

AUTOMATIC SCREW MACHINE OPERATORS AND SETUP MEN.

EXPERIENCED ON CLEVELAND AND BROWN AND SHAFT MACHINE.

APPLY BIJUR MOTOR APPLIANCE CO. 15TH AND GARDEN ST., HOBOKEN, N. J.

AUTOMOBILE MECHANICS, first-class; good wages; must be men of experience; thorough knowledge of the business; references required. Standard Truck Corp., 520 West 87th St.

BILLING MACHINE CLERK, also enter charges from caller. Address Billing, Box 139, Madison Square, New York.

BOOKKEEPER, EXPERIENCED, GENERAL LEDGER AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS; STEADY POSITION AND OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. CALL AT ONCE, 7TH FLOOR, 48 WEST 4TH ST.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST, experienced, full knowledge of control accounts and invoice register, export and import business; send brief application, stating experience and salary wanted. X 169 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, (25,) thorough double entry, for exceptional opportunity with public accountant; state experience and salary expected. W 260 Times.

BOOKKEEPERS' assistant, young man, good penman, with knowledge stenography. Address, stating salary, P. O. Box 99, Grand Central Station.

BOOKBINDERS, experienced on flexible leather and cloth loose leaf work. Horne, 541 Pearl St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Trial balance; good at figures; reference; $20 to start. W 246 Times.

BOYS, 15-18, ELEMENTARY OR HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES; PERMANENT POSITIONS, WITH LARGE CONCERN, FINANCIAL DISTRICT; UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT; SHORT HOURS; $10 WEEKLY; JUNE GRADUATES WRITE FOR INTERVIEW; CONFIDENTIAL. A 547 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY wanted by large manufacturing concern for office and errands; must come from good family and furnish first-class reference; state salary; advancement certain. Box R P, 104 East 14th.

BOYS.—Unusual opportunity for advancement with a large financial concern offered to boys between 15 and 18; elementary or high school graduates preferred; permanent positions. J 556 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—Openings for two good boys in the office of a large publisher on or about July 1. Apply, stating age, education, experience, if any, and salary required. L 390 Times.

BOY wanted in the office of a manufacturing concern, aged about 16 years; address in own handwriting, stating age, salary expected, &c. H 755 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted by large corporation for mail desk. Apply with references, after 9 A. M., Pathe Exchange, Inc., 1,600 Broadway.

BOY, 16, in automobile supply store; good education, references required. Apply 9 A. M., 253 West 47th St.

BOY, 16 or 17, for office and clerical work with importing house. Apply in own handwriting. V 55 Times.

BOYS, strong, do light porter work. Address Strong, Box 139, Madison Square.

BUSHELMAN, experienced on men's clothing. M. Lambert, 39 Cortlandt St.

'CELLO PLAYER for Summer engagement at mountain resort. H. Porter, 620 North 25th St., Philadelphia, Penn.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced driver-mechanic for Mercer car; good salary; references. W 271 Times.

CHAUFFEUR with mechanical experience with Studebaker car. Call 542 5th Av. Room 103.

COOK.—Second cook for small private yacht; wages about $65. Apply first floor, after 10:30, 260 West 42d St.

COUPLE.—EXPERIENCED COOK AND BUTLER FOR SUMMER RESIDENCE ON LONG ISLAND; BEST WAGES. APPLY RITZ-CARLTON HOTEL, SUITE 228.

CUTTERS.

Experienced men's shirt cutters for out-of-town shirt factories, large cities; advantageous living position and opportunity for good pay; steady work and bonus system. Call Sunday from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. at Broadway Central Hotel, Room 654.

DECORATOR.—Interior decorator of experience, who can sell, cut, hang, and estimate on draperies and drapery materials, will find a good position open with Braunstein-Blatt Co., Atlantic City, N. J. Address Superintendent, stating experience, reference, and salary required.

DICTATING OPERATOR.—Boy or young man; state salary; Christian firm. X 193 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMEN.—Large firm of architects and engineers running hundred men requires experienced high-grade architectural designers and draftsmen; send account of experience, samples of work, salary required, and reporting date in first letter; permanent work under best conditions. Smith, Hinchman & Grylls, Washington Arcade Building, Detroit, Mich.

DRAUGHTSMAN, detailer on layout, man for die casting preferred; state experience, training and salary expected. Draughtsman, 247 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMEN, (2,) on structural steel work in Havana, Cuba; state age, salary, experience, reference, &c. K 512 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN with automobile experience; state experience and give phone no. Address Box X 151 Times Annex.

DRILL PRESS OPERATORS;

APPLY BIJUR MOTOR APPLIANCE CO., 15TH AND GARDEN STS., HOBOKEN, N. J.

ELECTRICAL.—Young man wanted to call on electrical dealers and contractors in New York and vicinity; one with a wide acquaintance preferred; salary $20 to begin with prompt increase when earned. J 668 Times Downtown.

ELECTRICIAN.—Young man for repairing farm lighting plants, consisting of gas engines, generators and batteries, involving out of town service work; state age, occupation, experience in full, education and salary expected. K 503 Times Downtown.

EMPLOYMENT INTERVIEWER. — Experienced; must be of good education, even temperament and experienced in the manufacturing end of a large industrial corporation; applicant must not be over 35 years of age, and must be thoroughly conversant with blue prints, automatic, pressing and milling operations; state age, qualifications and salary expected. X 182 Times Annex.

ENTRY CLERK, take charges from caller. Address Caller, Box 139, Madison Square. J 673 Times Downtown.

EXPORT.

AMBITIOUS, EXPERIENCED YOUNG MAN FOR EXPORT DEPARTMENT OF DRY GOODS FIRM, ESTABLISHED 22 YEARS, SPEAKING ENGLISH, FRENCH AND SPANISH FLUENTLY; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT PARTY; SALARY AND INTEREST IN DEPARTMENT RESULT. APPLY "NOTIONS," BOX 300, ROOM 405, 110 WEST 34TH ST.

FILE CLERK, state experience, qualification, salary desired, &c. A 500 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

FACTORY SUPERINTENDENT Wanted.—A new large fruit product manufacturing concern is looking for an A No. 1 factory superintendent; man who has had experience in jelly and fruit preserving plants will be given preference; man must have real ability, good habits, and pleasing personality; an excellent proposition for the right man; give reference and salary expected. Write Dept. "A," P. O. Box 1166, Tampa, Fla.

FOOD CHECKER and receiving clerk; references required; one speaking French preferred. Henri, 69 West 44th St.

FOREMAN WANTED.

CAPABLE FOREMAN FOR CABINET, STAIR AND FINISHING MILL; MUST BE ABLE TO LAY OUT WORK AND READ PLANS; WRITE, STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND WHERE LAST EMPLOYED.

THE ELY LUMBER CO., HOLYOKE, MASS.

FOOTMAN.—Good second man, must be experienced and come well recommended; permanent position; no agencies. V 42 Times.

GRINDERS HANDS

ON PRODUCTION WORK; THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED ON NORTON HORIZONTAL GRINDERS; ACCURATE WORK.

APPLY BIJUR MOTOR APPLIANCE CO., 15TH AND GARDEN STS., HOBOKEN, N. J.

HELPERS AND LABORERS wanted for steel shipyard; also helpers for bending floor. Greenport Ship Co., Inc., Greenport, Suffolk Co., N. Y.

HOTEL AUDITOR.

Large out-of-town hotel desires the service of an experienced hotel auditor; state experience, reference, and salary expected. Apply Box X 185 Times Annex.

JAMES McCREERY & CO.,

require a number of

SALESMEN

for

MEN'S AND BOYS'

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Apply Superintendent's Office, 8th Floor, 35th St. Employes' Entrance.

JEWELER WANTED; HIGH-CLASS MAN ON FINE PLATINUM JEWELRY; GOOD WAGES, STEADY WORK. CALL CARTIER, 2 EAST 52D ST.

LABORERS wanted for structural steel shop. Apply Harris Structural Steel Co., Newmarket, N. J.

LABORATORY MAN wanted; permanent position; good salary; excellent opportunity for good man. Address Richmond Dental Laboratory, 601 Chamber of Commerce Bldg., P. O. Box 1598, Richmond, Va.

LATHE HANDS

ON PRODUCTION WORK.

APPLY BIJUR MOTOR APPLIANCE CO., 15TH AND GARDEN STS., HOBOKEN, N. J.

LETTER DRAFTSMEN, experienced. Apply Employment Office, Mergenthaler Linotype Co., Park Av. and Hall St., Brooklyn.

PACKER, expert packing dry goods. Address Packer, Box 139 Madison Square, New York.

PATTERNMAKER AND CUTTER, EXPERIENCED. VICTOIRE WAIST CO., 11TH FLOOR, 151 WEST 19TH.

PORTUGUESE STENOGRAPHER wanted by export house; state experience and salary desired. J 659 Times Downtown.

MACHINISTS; FIRST-CLASS MEN DESIRED; POSITIONS OUT OF TOWN; COMPETENT, TRUSTWORTHY MEN; PLACING SHOP ON OPEN BASIS; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, REFERENCE, WAGES. K 513 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN, with not less than 5 years' experience in laying out, checking, or designing; prefer men with experience on electrical apparatus, (switches, circuit breakers, controllers, and motors;) can also use several good detailers; good opportunity and steady employment for right men; state age, experience, and salary expected. Address Chief Clerk, Engineering Dept., Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Company, East Pittsburgh, Penn.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN, experienced on steam valve, pressure gauge, piping or plumbers' supply work for out of town position. W 242 Times.

MEN WANTED.

ASSEMBLERS,

AUTOMATIC SCREW MACHINE OPERATORS AND SET-UP MEN,

DRILL PRESS OPERATORS,

HAND SCREW MACHINE OPERATORS AND SET-UP MEN,

LATHE HANDS,

MACHINE GRINDERS,

MILLING MACHINE OPERATORS,

POWER PUNCH PRESS OPERATORS.

Apply BIJUR MOTOR APPLIANCE CO., 15th and Garden Sts., Hoboken, N. J.

MEN Wanted.—Two good, reliable, sober men with references, to work on farm at Sanatorium Gabriels, Gabriels, N. Y.; wages $50 per month and board.

MILLING MACHINE OPERATOR.

APPLY BIJUR MOTOR APPLIANCE CO., 15TH AND GARDEN ST., HOBOKEN, N. J.

MODELS,

SIZE 16; LARGE DRESS HOUSE.

LEO FINKBERG, INC., 31 EAST 31ST.

MOLDERS; FIRST-CLASS MEN DESIRED; POSITIONS OUT OF TOWN; COMPETENT, TRUSTWORTHY MEN; PLACING SHOP ON OPEN BASIS; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, REFERENCE, WAGES. K 514 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

OFFICE ASSISTANT wanted; must be good penman, capable simple bookkeeping; $75 per month and meals. W 250 Times.

OFFICE BOY, knowledge of Spanish preferred. Apply Room 209, 82 Wall St.

PHOTOGRAPHER.—Wanted, good all around man for dark room work; salary $25 a week. Binger Co., 53 West 23d St.

PIANOS, fly finisher. Horace Waters & Co., 7 West 139th.

POWER PRESS OPERATORS;

MUST HAVE SOME EXPERIENCE.

APPLY BIJUR MOTOR APPLIANCE CO., 15TH AND GARDEN ST., HOBOKEN, N. J.

REPORTER on credits, experienced; give full particulars. K 507 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.

One of the largest publishing houses in the East, starting a big magazine campaign, want experienced house-to-house workers; guaranteed salary $20 a week, carfare, commission; no magazine experience necessary; we teach you the business by actual demonstration; good chance for hustlers to become crew managers.

Apply before 9:30 A. M.

Mr. Holtz,
326 Hudson St., N. Y.

SALESMEN

Opening for two real live salesmen with progressive house selling tools, hardware, and supplies to factories and machine shops. Must have a large acquaintanceship among buyers of this material within radius of 75 miles of New York City. Commission basis with drawing account. Write stating age and experience. J 611 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN WANTED.—If you have a car and wish to make $150-$200 per week traveling through Vermont selling a new library equipment for schools, call and see Mr. Foster, 2 West 45th St., Room 603. Advance and commission. Vand. 202.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMAN wanted who owns own automobile, to cover Pennsylvania and Ohio, line fancy leather goods, men's belts, and infants' shoes; experience with these lines not essential, but must be a hard worker and willing to work small towns; must be able to furnish best of references; commission and drawing account; for the man that desires to establish himself with a staple line permanently this is an unusual opportunity. C 226 Times.

SALESMAN. — OPPORTUNITY TO CONNECT WITH LARGE CORRUGATED BOX CONCERN; ONLY THOSE WHO HAVE BEEN IN THE CORRUGATED LINE NEED APPLY; EXPLAIN PAST EXPERIENCE; SALARY AND COMMISSION; ALL CORRESPONDENCE WILL BE KEPT CONFIDENTIAL AND LETTERS RETURNED IF REQUESTED. X 152 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMEN, (3,) first class, to call upon manufacturers and large mercantile houses in New York City, Brooklyn, and Newark, N. J.; must be of good address and experienced in calling on the larger business interests, introducing tags, baggage checks, filing cards, and kindred articles on commission basis. Apply Metal Ilet Manufacturing Co., 237 Lafayette St., New York.

SALESMEN wanted; factory rebuilt tires are in great demand; attractive proposition submitted upon application; requires an automobile; estimated commissions about $100 weekly to start; territory assigned men who can produce; only hustlers need apply. Call in person, Eastern Rubber Works, Inc., 213 West 40th St., New York.

SALESMEN (4) with Ford cars, to sell music rolls, to work in metropolitan district; salary and commission; will pay for upkeep, gas, oil, insurance, tires, &c.; excellent chances for advancement in largest organization of the kind in the country. Apply by letter, C. W. Wing, 612 St. Nicholas Av., New York.

SALESMAN.—Experienced wholesale man wanted for low-priced, high-grade passenger cars, trucks, and delivery wagons; must know territory from Trenton to Albany and furnish best of references; salary and bonus; should net right man at least $10,000 per annum. V 31 Times.

SALESMEN of high calibre to sell Carbona fire extinguishers for full factory equipment on an exceptionally liberal commission basis. Call afternoons between 4 and 5 o'clock, Carbona Products Co., 302 West 26th St.

SALESMEN.—An opportunity is offered a few men to permanently associate with a reliable investment underwriting house; if your income is less than $100 per week in commissions, call at once; leads furnished; good office co-operation but no advances. Suite 69, 375 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

SALESMEN.—An opportunity is offered a few men to permanently associate with a reliable investment underwriting house; if your income is less than $100 per week, in commissions, call at once; leads furnished, good office co-operation, but no advances. Suite 69, 375 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

SALESMEN OR BROKERS wanted, to sell fibre shipping cases and folding boxes; state age, experience, section traveled, references and compensation expected. X 192 Times Annex.

SALESMEN, (2,) EXPERIENCED IN RETAIL SILK, WOOLEN, LACE, AND TAILORS' SUPPLIES STORES; GOOD PAY. GEORGE SHAPIRO, 2,997 3D AV. PHONE 2355 MELROSE.

SALESMEN, traveling men, for Western and Southern States, to sell high-grade ladies' turn shoes; men with established trade only need apply; commission basis. X 170 Times Annex.

SALESMAN having knowledge wholesale cardboard paper business, acquainted with printing and stationery trade; salaried position; Christian concern. J 670 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN—CLOTHING, THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED; GOOD SALARY. WALLACH BROS., BROADWAY & 29TH.

SALESMAN.—Fancy feathers man with established trade; good proposition for right party; also side line; commission basis. F. F., 800 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN to sell motor trucks on commission basis to start; experience unnecessary. Apply 2d floor, Morton W. Smith Co., 136 West 52d St.

SALESMAN wanted for groceries, acquainted with retail grocers in Brooklyn and Long Island; commission basis. Call all morning, 391 Fulton St., Brooklyn, Room 11.

SALESMAN, well experienced in dresses and cloak trimmings; salary and commission. United Trimming and Notion Co., 64 West 21st St., first floor.

SALESMAN, well experienced in dresses and cloak trimmings; salary and commission. United Trimming and Notion Co., 64 West 21st St., first floor.

SALESMAN to sell shipping room specialty; good commission; liberal drawing account. K 499 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced automobile tires, wanted; all replies strictly confidential; salary or commission. V 56 Times.

SCREW MACHINE OPERATORS AND SETUP MEN.

EXPERIENCED ON WARNER-SWASEY.

APPLY BIJUR MOTOR APPLIANCE CO., 15TH AND GARDEN ST., HOBOKEN, N. J.

SECURITY SALESMEN.—An opportunity of exceptional merit is offered to several men of education and selling ability to connect with an institution of vast national importance; permanent position and ample compensation on commission for the conscientious and thorough workers; can use several men of this calibre. Call 10-12, 220 B'way, suite 1015.

SET-UP MAN,

THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH SETTING UP AND OPERATING THREAD MILLERS, GEAR SHAPERS, AND HOBBERS.

APPLY BIJUR MOTOR APPLIANCE CO., 15TH & GARDEN STS., HOBOKEN, N. J.

SHOW CARD WRITER.

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO., 34TH STREET WEST,

Require an experienced SHOW CARD WRITER.

Permanent position at good salary. Apply Supt.'s Office.

SOLICITORS, experienced, wanted to sell the new "Pabst," which, after July 1st, will take the place of the present Pabst beverages; can be sold under the new prohibition law by grocers, restaurants, lunch and soda stands, soda fountains, drug stores, etc., without any license whatsoever; liberal commission arrangement; great opportunity to the right men who are acquainted in above mentioned lines. Call personally at office of Pabst Brewing Co., 606 West 49th St.

SOUTH AMERICA.

EXPORT HOUSE WANTS TRAVELERS HAVING THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND LANGUAGES; PAST SUCCESS MUST BE PROVEN AND APPLICANTS MUST STAND CLOSE INVESTIGATION; STATE DETAILS AND CONDITIONS. H 702 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SPANISH STENOGRAPHER wanted by export house; state experience and salary desired. J 658 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—YOUNG MAN FAMILIAR WITH UNDERWOOD MACHINE, AND WITH GENERAL OFFICE EXPERIENCE; STATE AGE, RELIGION, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY. K 495 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, understanding secretarial work and follow up methods; knowledge of building and bookkeeping preferred; write stating experience and salary expected. Room 1009, 68 William St., New York.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish and English; good correspondent. Apply by letter only, stating full details, giving age, education, references, and salary, to receive consideration. The Ivoryloid Co., 200 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish-English, with export experience; should be fluent in both languages and be capable of turning out neat work rapidly; state experience, reference. V 51 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Opening for bright young man to learn real estate business; wages $15 to start. Apply, stating experience if any, to Alert, H 738 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Must be used to clerical work, quick and accurate at figures; no clock watchers; give full details. K 520 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; Spanish-English stenographer; location, Houston, Texas. Apply Standard Rice Co., 19 Leonard St. Franklin 5309.

STENOGRAPHER and typist wanted; call or write, stating experience and salary expected, T. & M. Schaefer Brewing Co., South 9th St. and Kent Av., Brooklyn.

STOCK CLERK.

Young man, experienced, silk and trimmings, neat and accurate at figures; references. Apply between 9 and 12 A. M. Kayanee Waist Co., 20 West 33d.

STOCK SALESMEN, experienced, to sell over phone; large salary and commission to producers. V 19 Times.

TIMEKEEPER and departmental clerk wanted by a progressive and growing company located in the Bronx; must be experienced in handling foreman and production records as well as time of workmen by means of cost recorders; opportunity for advancement; working hours, 7:30 to 12 noon, 12:30 P. M. to 5 P. M.; Saturdays until 12 noon; state salary expected. Write D. P. C., 1,[illegible] Broadway.

HELP WANTED—Male.

TRUCK SALESMAN in Brooklyn for well-known popular ¾ to 3½ ton motor truck, with immediate delivery assured; high-grade man, preferably with previous experience, will be offered attractive commission. 1,078 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

TYPIST and file clerk, intelligent and accurate. Apply American Jobbers' Supply Co., 1,122 Woolworth Bldg.

WATCHMAN, first-class man, salary no object; good references required. George Nockin's Sons, 239 8th Av.

YOUNG MAN.—Ladies' ready-to-wear store, located in the best business section in Brooklyn, requires live wire; must have recent and thorough experience in salesmanship and window trimming in this line; do not apply unless you can show references proving this. Call Saturday, between 2-3 P. M., Fulde, Traube & Co., 103 5th Av., N. Y.

YOUNG MAN wanted, 16 to 18, as general office assistant; $10 per week to start. Apply Kelley-Clarke Co., Inc., 100 Hudson St.

YOUNG MAN, stenographer and typist; must have reference. Apply all day, S. Strauss & Co., 127 West 26th St.

YOUNG MAN in retail fruit store; advancement; references. Write H. D., 252 Times.

YOUNG MEN BETWEEN THE AGES OF 17 AND 20, AMBITIOUS, MECHANICALLY INCLINED, BY LARGE CONCERN; GOOD CHANCE FOR RAPID ADVANCEMENT AS ABILITY IS SHOWN; STATE AGE AND EDUCATION. ADDRESS H 634 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUTHS, 16, learn mercantile business, starting stock clerk. Address Stock, Box 139, Madison Square, New York.

Instruction.

ARE YOU IN THE RIGHT POSITION? Thousands are holding positions to which they are not suited—they do not know their own capabilities. A character analysis will determine your qualifications and tell you in what vocation you will achieve the greatest success and happiness. Character readings by appointment. Call, write, or phone Chelsea 4054 for Booklet K. Merton Institute, 96 5th Av., at 15th St., New York.

AUTO—PLAZA AUTO SCHOOL, THE SCHOOL OF EFFICIENCY, S. W. COR. 59TH ST., MADISON AV. TELEPHONE PLAZA 9812. Instructions in driving and repairing. VULCANIZING AND BATTERY WORK. SPECIAL INSTRUCTION FOR LADIES. P. A. Dunn, General Manager and Instructor.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

AUTOMOBILE.—A skilled mechanic in automobile engine construction and operation, to teach in a technical school. Apply by letter to Principal, 36 Stuyvesant St., New York City.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

SUMMER ACCOUNTANCY CLASSES now forming, day or early evening sessions; write for informative booklet, "Your Market Value" and bulletin 25. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

Employment Agencies.

PARK ROW PLACEMENT BUREAU, 3 Park Row.

TO BE FILLED TODAY: Ledger clerk, experienced, rapid poster, $18-$20; stock clerks, Christian houses, $15; stenographer, excellent opportunity, $20; clerk, with knowledge of typing, apt at figures, $20-$25; typist and office assistant, $16-$20; order clerk, good penman and correspondent, $75 month; office assistants, $10-$12.

NO REGISTRATION FEE.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE.

115 BROADWAY, (Near Wall St.)

C. P. HASSON, Pres. J. J. McLAUGHLIN, Genl. Mgr.

Call today before 1 P. M. and avoid the Monday rush. You will probably start work the first of the week.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; age 25; good future; $25. David Agency, 17 West 42d St.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

A COMPLETE STOCK OF RECONSTRUCTED PIERCE-ARROWS AVAILABLE FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY

Series 4, 1918, 48 h. p. 7-pass. touring.
Series 4, 1917, 66 h. p. 7-pass. touring.
Series 4, 1917, 48 h. p. 7-pass. touring.
Series 4, 1917, 38 h. p. limousine landaulet.
Series 3, 66 h. p. 7-pass. touring.
Series 3, 48 h. p. 7-pass. touring.
Series 3, 48 h. p. 5-pass. touring.
Series 3, 48 h. p. limousine.
Series 3, 38 h. p. 5-pass. touring.
Series 3, 38 h. p. limousine.
Series 3, 38 h. p. sedan.
Series 3, 38 h. p. roadster.

PIERCE-ARROW USED CAR EXCHANGE, 1,765 Broadway. Tel. 157 Circle. Evenings until 7. G. R. Ruckert, Pres.

AN OPPORTUNITY To secure a good car for Immediate delivery.

1918 Model 57 4-pass. Cadillac Victoria.
1917 Model 55 7-pass. Cadillac Limousine.

NEWARK BRANCH
DETROIT CADILLAC MOTOR CAR CO.,
536 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
Tel. Mulberry 3240. Used Car Dept.

AUSTRIAN DAIMLER, 4-passenger.
BIDDLE brougham, 1917, collapsible.
CADILLAC 1917, 4 and 7 passenger.
CADILLAC, Series 57 limousine.
MARMON 1917 chummy roadster.
HUDSON 1917, 4-pass. speedster.
DISBROW SPECIAL, 1918 speedster.
STUTZ 1917 4 and 6 pass.
ALEXANDER G. HARRIS, 1,700 Broadway. Circle 1582.

BENZ TOURING CAR, wire wheels, self-starter, double Sharp's magneto, guaranteed for six months; will sacrifice for reasonable offer. W K 804 Times Downtown.

BIDDLE 1918 ROADSTER.
BIDDLE 1917 ROADSTER.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 VICTORIA.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 TOURING, 7-PASS.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 LIMOUSINE.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 4-PASS.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 TOWN CAR.
CADILLAC TYPE 55 ROADSTER.
CADILLAC TYPE 55 7-PASS.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 SEDAN.
MARMON 1919 7-PASS. TOUR.
MERCER 1918-9 SPORTING 4-PASS.
MERCER 1917 TOURING 4-PASS.
PACKARD 1918 FLEETWOOD TOWN CAR.
STEARNS 1918 LIGHT SPORTING 4.
STUTZ 1918 BULLDOG, 4 and 6 PASS.
STUTZ 1917 16-VALVE SPEEDSTER.

SCHOONMAKER & JACOD, 1,700 Broadway. Circle 2185.

BRETEY, LOUIS, 303-5-7 West 59th St. Columbus 270.
PACKARD, 1918, 3-35 Fleetwood Broughtam.
PACKARD 1917, 2-25, Touring.
PACKARD 1918, 3-35 Limousine.
PACKARD 1917, 2-35 Touring.
PACKARD 1917, 2-35, Touring, 7-Pass.
PACKARD 1916, 1-25, runabout; wire wheels.
PACKARD 1916, 1-25, Special Limousine.
HUDSON 1918 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1916 TOURING.
AUBURN SEDAN, 7-Passenger.
BUICK 1918 Touring; like new.
CHANDLER 1918, TOURING.
FIAT 1915 Little Town Car.
RENAULT 1914 Touring, 7-passenger.

BUICK 1918 Touring, E 45 model, 5-passenger; E 49, 7-passenger. Marr, 210 West 76th St.

BURRELLE'S AUTO SHOW of RECONSTRUCTED MOTOR CARS. WE ISSUE A WRITTEN GUARANTEE For Four Months With Every Car.

CRANE SIMPLEX 4-PASS. SPORT
CADILLAC 1919 AMESBURY BROUGHAM.
CADILLAC 1919 PHAETON 4-PASS.
CADILLAC 1919 ROADSTER.
CADILLAC 1919 7-PASS. TOURING.
CADILLAC 1918 7-PASS. TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 7-PASS. TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
CADILLAC 1917 2-PASS. ROADSTER.
DANIELS 1919 COUPE.
DANIELS 1917 7-PASS. TOURING.
MARMON SUBURBAN SEDAN, NEW.
PACKARD 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
PACKARD 1918 3-35, IMPERIAL.
PIERCE-ARROW, Limousine, "38," Series 4.
PIERCE 1916 "38" TOURING.
FRANKLIN 1919 CHUMMY.
HUDSON 1919 CABRIOLET.
ROAMER 1919 Duesenberg Town Car.
MERCEDES-KNIGHT 4-PASS. SPORT.
MERCER 1914 SPECIAL SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1918 SPORTING FOUR.
AUSTRIAN DAIMLER, SPORT.
LANCIA 1918 SPECIAL, 4-PASS.
LANCIA 1917 SEDAN.
LANCIA 1917 Special Collaps. Brougham.
LANCIA 1917 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
FIAT SEDAN. Latest importation.
FIAT 4-PASS. FLEETWOOD. Latest imp.
FIAT 1918 LIMOUSINE.
PHIANNA 1919 TOURING, NEW.
CHALMERS 1919 TOURING.
PAIGE 1918 SPECIAL TOURING.
MANY OTHERS. OPEN EVENINGS.
1,[illegible] B'way. Entire Bldg. Formerly Iceland.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

BUICK roadster, light six, almost new; good rubber; new spare; $875, no less. Phone Dr. Eddy, Montclair 913.

BUICK coupe, 1918; like new, mechanically perfect; price, $1,850. Write Jordan, 2,471 Davidson Av., near Fordham Road.

BUICK 1918 (E-45) 5-passenger touring. Smith, 154 West 124th. Morningside 151.

BUICK six runabout; Nash, 1919, 4-passenger; (today.) Harris, 139 East 31st.

BUICK little six touring; almost new; $850. Wiener, 217 West 48th, garage.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

CADILLAC 1919 runabout; little mileage.
CADILLAC 1917 roadster; splendid condition.
FRANKLIN 1918 (late) roadster.
MERCER 1912 speedster, $750.
PACKARD 1918 Judkin sedan; almost new.
PACKARD 1918 7-passenger; almost new.
PACKARD 1917 4-passenger chummy.
PIERCE-ARROW 1915 38 lim., 2 bodies.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917 5-pass., prac. new.
STUTZ 1917 4-pass. touring.
STUTZ 1917, 16-valve Bearcat.
HERMAN N. KARP, INC., EST. 1902.
1676 Broadway. Circle 65. Open Evenings.

CADILLAC, 1917, VICTORIA.
PACKARD, 1918, 4-PASSENGER CHUMMY.
STUTZ, 1918, ROADSTER.
STUTZ, 1917, 4-PASSENGER.
PEERLESS, 1917, 7-PASSENGER TOURING.
MERCER, 1917, 4-PASSENGER SPORT.
MERCER, 1917, 6-PASSENGER.
MERCER, 1917, ROADSTER.
CUNNINGHAM, 1916, TOURING.
MANY OTHERS.
LOBELL-ABORN, 239 WEST 55TH ST.

CADILLAC 1919 LIMOUSINE.
PACKARD 1918, 3-35; BRAND NEW.
HUDSON 1919 CABRIOLET.
HUDSON 1918 SPEEDSTER.
NATIONAL 1918 TOURING.
PACKARD 1918, 3-35; COUPE, 4 PASS.
SIMPLEX 4-PASS. SPORT.
HYGRADE AUTO EXCHANGE, INC.,
1,657 Broadway. Tel. Circle 2667.
802-808 7th Av. Tel. Circle 1964.

CADILLAC Sedan, Model 57.
HUDSON 1918 4-pass. Sport.
MERCER 1917 touring, 4-passenger.
STUTZ 1918 Chummy roadster and Roadster.
STUTZ Speedster, 1916 Special.
MANY OTHERS. OPEN EVENINGS.
GOTHAM AUTO EXCHANGE,
1,694 BROADWAY. CIRCLE 3572-3573.

CADILLAC 1918 7-passenger touring; motor perfect condition; self-starter; good shoes; looks like new; owner will sell reasonable or exchange for small car. Farragut 3148, 10 to 2 P. M.

CADILLAC 1917 7-passenger; beautiful condition; mechanically perfect; 5 new cord tires. Smith, 154 West 124th. Morningside 151.

CADILLAC CHUMMY ROADSTER. Almost new; run 4,600 miles; wire wheels, five new Cord tires; unusual opportunity; will sacrifice. Rippeth, Hotel Cumberland.

CADILLAC, late 1919, 4 passenger roadster; disc wheels; Model 57; fully equipped; almost new. J. H. Driscoll, 1,700 Broadway. Circle 3500.

CADILLAC eight, 1916, seven-passenger car; in exceptionally good shape; new slip covers; five tires; $1,700. Luria, Tel. Chelsea 9835.

CADILLAC, late 1919, 7 passenger touring, Model 57; fully equipped; almost new. Driscoll, 1,700 Broadway. Circle 3500.

CADILLAC 1919 landaulet; condition practically brand new; many extras. Phone Circle 5692.

CADILLAC 1918 sedan; 1918 coupe; 1918 limousine; perfect condition. Meyer, 123 West 64th.

CADILLAC 1917 4-passenger; beautiful condition; mechanically perfect; bargain. Meyer, 123 West 64th.

CADILLAC sedan, Amesbury; special body; just overhauled. Call Hanover 8053, or Bayside 5275.

CADILLAC 1919 roadster; positively almost new; very desirable. Meyer, 123 West 64th.

CADILLAC Victoria, 1918; like new. Auto Electric, 245 W. 55th. Circle 1293.

CHANDLER 1918 FOUR-PASS. SPORT. Special painting, wire wheels, extras.
COLE "AERO-8" SPORT MODEL. Fleetwood Blue, nickel trimmings.
HUDSON, LATE 1917 ROADSTER, like new; special body; beautiful appearance.
STUTZ, LATE 1918 TOURING. Tires practically new, extra wire wheels.
COLE USED CAR DEPT.
226 West 56th St. (Broadway.)
HARRY A. BRENNER, Mgr.

CHANDLER 1918 CHUMMY ROADSTER. CHANDLER 1918 TOURING. BOTH FULLY EQUIPPED. REFINISHED IN REGULAR CHANDLER BLUE. LOOK THESE OVER BEFORE BUYING. SCHWARZ, 1,765 BROADWAY, ROOM 601. CIRCLE 3611.

CHANDLER, newly painted, fine motor, 4-passenger semi 1917; $900. Chandler Agency, Queens Boulevard near Hillside, Jamaica.

CHALMERS 1917 seven-passenger master six; perfect condition; $1,000; demonstration after 8 P. M. Phone Bushwick 4812.

CHEVROLETS, all 1919 models; immediate delivery; small cash payment; balance easy installments; used cars taken in exchange. Simon, authorized Chevrolet agent, 2,466 Grand Concourse, Bronx.

CHEVROLET, all models; quick delivery; very liberal allowance on your car; easy terms; authorized agencies. 351 East 149th St., Bronx.

DODGE Sedan, 1918; runs and looks like new; perfect condition; bargain; also Maxwell touring car, 1917, at a bargain. Office, 161 Meserole St., near Graham Av., Brooklyn. Phone Stagg 2807.

FIAT.—Imported sedan, taxi, touring, and limousine; excellent condition; reasonable prices. Fiat Repair Co., 680 West 58th St.

FORD CARS on easy payment plan; small amount down, balance $10 weekly; prompt delivery. R 1225 Times Bronx.

FORDS—PLEASURE AND COMMERCIAL. 20th Century Auto, 250 West 54th.

HUDSON 1916 Cabriolet; good Summer and Winter car; newly painted, wire wheels; sacrifice. Mr. Brown's car, care Raymeade Garage, 338 West 70th. Columbus 7834.

HUDSON 1916 Touring, 5 and 7-passenger; newly repainted; motor in A-1 condition; mileage 9,000. In Meade & Co. Garage, 338 West 70th. Columbus 7834.

HUDSON 1918, 4-passenger; fine condition. Russell & Maxwell, 124 West 54th St. Telephone 1740 Circle.

HUDSON Cabriolet, 1917, almost new, $1,500. Mr. Brano, 20 West 69th. Columbus 6576.

KISSEL, 1916, town body and touring body; newly overhauled and painted. Whitehall Garage, 368 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn.

LANCIA 1917 FLEETWOOD SEDAN. Wallace, 236 West 59th St.

MERCER 1916 Raceabout; first-class condition; very reasonable. Meyer, 123 West 64th.

MERCER 1916 touring; 1916 raceabout; perfect. Smith's loft, 138 W. 52d. Circle 1698.

MERCER 1918.—4-pass. touring; like new. Auto Electric, 245 W. 55th.

MERCER, latest 7-passenger touring; 6,000 miles. Owner, Room 3514 Woolworth Bldg.

MITCHELL seven-passenger tan 1918 touring. Hirsch, care Mitchell Service, 419 West 55th.

NATIONAL 1918 six-cylinder touring, like new; 2 extras; $1,850. Vanderbilt 4443.

OAKLAND, 1919, touring; used very little; will sell for reasonable offer; factory guarantee goes with it, also extras. Roth, McIntosh St., East Elmhurst.

OLDSMOBILE, late 1918, five passenger; good as new; 5 new tires; this car is subject to any demonstration; no dealers. Phone Audubon 8131.

OLDSMOBILE.—1916 5-passenger; newly painted; first-class tires; sacrifice. See Mr. Brown's car, Raymeade Garage, 338 West 70th. Columbus 7834.

OVERLAND speedster, special build, very speedy and classy car, new tires with many extras; here is what you have been looking for; $625. 10 Ormond Place, Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 10145.

OVERLAND 1916 model, 5-passenger touring; excellent condition; any demonstration; reasonable; private. Call Wagner, 188 Amsterdam Av., store.

OVERLAND, 1916 model, 7 passenger; two extra wheels, new tires; wonderful condition. Jacobs Bros., 153 West 15th, Phone Chelsea 8086.

OVERLAND 1917 touring car in fine condition. Tough's Warehouse, 510 East 73d St. Rhinelander 3586.

OVERLAND 1919 5-pass.; run 11,000 miles. Smith, 154 West 124th. Morningside 151.

PACKARD 6-48 seven-passenger touring car; electric lights, self starter, tonneau wind shield, slip covers, two extra new tires; just refinished and overhauled. X 197 Times Annex.

PACKARD 1917 seven-passenger touring, 2-35, extra landaulet body; like new; private car; reasonable. Owner, 121 West 52d.

PACKARD 2-38 5-passenger touring; also Marquette chassis; good condition. 219 9th St., Brooklyn.

PACKARD, 6-cylinder, 48 horse power; privately used; splendid condition; no dealers. Phone Coney Island 76.

PACKARD 1918 touring; absolutely perfect condition; any demonstration. Meyer, 123 West 64th.

PACKARD 1917, 5-passenger touring car; special bargain. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

PACKARD seven-passenger touring; $1,500. W. S. Burnham, 26 West Broadway.

PREMIER runabout, Westinghouse electric starter; powerful gentleman's car; excellent condition; two extra tires; $825. Phone owner. Bowling Green 7772.

ROLLS-ROYCE 1914; smart five-passenger; perfect. E. Bushey, 223 W. 49th. Circle 1698.

ROLLS ROYCE, touring; perfect condition. Address H., 12 West 93d St.

SELECT USED CARS.
1918 STANDARD 8 TOURING.
1918 OLDSMOBILE SEDAN.
1917 MARMON LANDAULET.
1917 HUDSON TOWN CAR.
INTERNATIONAL AUTO EXCHANGE,
[illegible] WEST [illegible] ST. PHONE CIRCLE [illegible].

PUBLIC NOTICES.

ALBERT BORELLA, FORMERLY CONnected with L. Divisia, became on June 1 the successor and sole proprietor of the firm formerly known as L. Divisia, Manufacturers of Flowers and Novelties, located at 4-6 Washington Place, New York City.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT MY wife, Marcella C. Greenhagen, having left my bed and board, I will not be responsible for any debts incurred by her for my account. FREDERICK GREENHAGEN, 89 Amsterdam Av.

CREDITORS OF HY-GRADE SHOE LACE Co.: Please take notice that Edwin Davidson and Marvin Spiegel have sold their business, and all claims must be made before June 30, 1919, at 1,026 3d Av., N. Y. City.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

STANDARD NO. 8 1918 TOURING. Beautiful 7-passenger; practically new; run 7,000 miles; condition perfect, guaranteed; cost $2,650. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6374 Riverside.

STANDARD eight, 1917, Chummy Roadster; 6 wire wheels, with 6 good tires; high-class car, in excellent shape; $1,800. Perry Heidelberger, Tel. Farragut 2675.

STEARNS-KNIGHTS OVERHAULED AND GUARANTEED BARGAINS.
1918 FIVE-PASSENGER TOURING
1917 FIVE-PASSENGER TOURING
1916 RUNABOUT.
STEARNS USED-CAR DEPT.,
417 West 55th St. Columbus 7600.

STUDEBAKER small 1917 4-cylinder touring; overhauled, refinished, and guaranteed; an exceptionally comfortable and economical family car offering exceptional value at $785 that you cannot duplicate elsewhere. Studebaker Corp. of America, Broadway and 56th St.

STUDEBAKER COUPE.—Beautiful '18 series light six cylinder, 4-passenger, thoroughly overhauled; must sell at once. A. B. Christie, 1,751 Broadway.

STUDEBAKER, light four, touring; excellent condition; extras; private owner. Conway. Tremont 2783.

STUTZ 1919 ROADSTER; BRAND NEW; DRIVEN 300 MILES; EXTRA NEW FIRESTONE CORD SHOE; TO BE SOLD IMMEDIATELY. MR. SHERIDAN, 207 WEST 75TH ST.

STUTZ, 1918, 16-valve touring car, in beautiful condition; equipped with Bosch magneto and all cord tires. 2879 Riverside; no dealers.

STUTZ, late model touring; excellent condition; many extras. Office, 161 Meserole St., near Graham Av., Brooklyn. Stagg 2807.

STUTZ 1918 Bearcat Speedster; fine condition; almost new; bargain. Meyer, 123 West 64th.

STUTZ, late 1916, mechanically perfect; any sort of demonstration; no dealer. Steiner & Sons, 200 5th Av.

STUTZ 4-passenger 1916 and raceabout. Smith's loft, 138 West 52d. Circle 1698.

STUTZ 1918 four-passenger; almost brand new; $2,650. Sainfire. Phone Main 422.

STUTZ 1918 4-passenger chummy roadster. Russel & Maxwell, 124 West 54th.

STUTZ 1916 roadster; exceptionally fine condition. Wallace, 236 West 59th.

USED TOWN CAR, almost new, run only 5 months, 3,000 miles; special body design, made for Government officers' use; perfect condition; circumstances demand sale at sacrifice; genuine bargain. P. O. Box 1,335, New Haven, Conn.

VELIE light 7-passenger touring; used very little; fine condition; Redfield Continental motor; must be seen to be appreciated. Can be seen at 151 East 125th St.; price, $1,400.

WESTCOTT 1918, 4-passenger chummy roadster. 109 Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Phone 1717 Sterling.

WHITE MOTOR, five-ton; less than one year old. T 157 Times.

Motor Trucks.

SPECIAL SALE 10 MOTOR TRUCKS.

Have been used 3 to 6 months; ¾-ton delivery to 5-ton van, rack, and dump bodies. PRICE VERY LOW. Time Payments Arranged. R. E. BENNETT, 690 Summer Av., Newark, N. J. Tel. Branchbrook 5224.

RIKER TRUCKS. 2 4-ton trucks, with hydraulic dump bodies; condition GUARANTEED; reasonably priced. G. M. Brock, Exch. Car. Dept., LOCOMOBILE CO. OF AMERICA, 61st St., west of Broadway.

FOR SALE.—Cash or terms; two late 1917 3½-ton Federals and one Autocar; all just overhauled; new tires; these trucks are exceptionally good. Address F. C. Garmany, Jr., 327 St. James Av., Springfield, Mass. Phone 923 River, Springfield.

GOVERNMENT TRUCKS. All persons interested in the purchase of Government motor trucks should communicate with A 544 Times Downtown.

Automobiles for Rent.

ELEGANT 7-PASSENGER foreign Fiat touring to rent; preferably country; reasonable rates; owner drives. Welby, Schuyler 2512, Schuyler 1160.

PACKARDS, Twin 6, Landaulets and Tourings, hour, day, week, month; reasonable, references. Champion, 171 West 89th, Riverside 5818.

PACKARD twin sixes to hire; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. Williamson, 204 West 43d. Phones 4219-3580 Bryant.

CADILLACS.—Touring, landaulets, limousines; late models. Boyle, 132 West 56th. Circle 4187.

PREMIERS-CADILLACS.—Latest open or closed models; hour, day, week or longer; reasonable rates. 151 West 54th. Circle 696.

PACKARD, latest model, monthly, weekly, hourly. Cella, 102 W. 50th. Circle 6297.

CADILLAC 7-passenger touring, hire, hour, day, week, or month. Columbus 7834.

FOR HIRE, limousine; special rates for shopping. Call Melrose 3235.

CADILLAC, ATTRACTIVE, LATE MODEL. TELEPHONE 5174 RIVERSIDE, WEDGE.

WILL RENT beautiful Lancia limousine by day, week or month. Call Melrose 3235.

PACKARD twin sixes, latest models; hour or season. Muldoon, Columbus 2151.

CADILLAC 8 seven-passenger touring; hour, day, month; owner drives. 1674 Circle.

CADILLAC.—Private renting service; limousine, touring; reasonable rates. Circle 2809.

Automobiles Wanted.

PRIVATE CAR OWNERS. Private parties wishing to dispose their cars can have same put in first-class condition and sold by reliable concern; will handle on consignment and commission basis or purchase outright. Box 5, 326 9th St., Brooklyn.

AUTOMOBILE department of Charles Shongood, 539-541 Broadway, New York, buys cars outright or advances 80 per cent. of the appraised value; the balance, less commission, upon the prompt sale of cars; investigate our facilities. Telephone Spring 4566-4567. Paul Brew, Manager.

WANT to purchase from private party late model Cadillac limousine; also 1917 Packard, Pierce-Arrow, Paige, or Hudson seven-passenger touring; price must be reasonable. Box 5, 326 9th St., Brooklyn.

WANTED.—Pierce Arrow, Packard or Cadillac limousine or sedan car, late model, A1 condition. See Mr. L. Danenberg, 121 West 52d St.

CADILLAC, 1918 model, Marmon or Stutz, two or four passenger; give full particulars and lowest cash price; no dealers. W 236 Times.

WANTED. — Late model 3-4-5 passengers; will take best bargain offered for $1,800. Dal-Brun, 67 Wall St., or call up Coney Island 734.

BUICK Roadster, Little Six, wanted; not earlier 1918 model; good condition; cash waiting; no dealer. Telephone Flushing 109.

Automobile.—Runabout, four or five seated, at once; cash. X 168 Times Annex.

WANTED, Sedan or Springfield body for a 1917 Jeffery. A 842 Times.

BUICK, Dodge, Overland, Hupmobile, or similar good make. King, 490 East 183d.

Automobile Repairing.

WE OVERHAUL and repair automobiles; expert mechanics; reliable service; honest prices. West Side Y. M. C. A. Repair Shop, 239 West 56th St. Columbus 7920. Ext. 45.

Automobile Instruction.

AUTOMOBILE KNOWLEDGE is a valuable asset to increase your earnings. Learn at New York's most complete school. Mechanical course, $45; with Driving, $60. Write for Catalog I, or phone 5276 Circle. STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL, 225 West 57th St., at Broadway.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th St.—Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

AUTO SCHOOL WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St.—Largest and best school in U. S. Send for booklet and pass. Tel. Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL OF PRACTICE. Courses, class and private, driving and shop work, $15 to $65. Call 1,931 Broadway (cor. 65th.) Phone Columbus 8261.

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $50.50. BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A. 1121 BEDFORD AVE., B'KLYN, DEPT. C.

FOR SALE.

Furniture.

Willow furniture: big reductions; bargains. Long Beach Willow Co., 229 East 41st.

Purchase and Exchange.

Wanted.—Second-hand Monroe calculating machine; give serial number and best price. Thomasville Chair Co., Thomasville, N. C.

Wanted.—Pay full value contents apartments, houses; pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 120 University Place. Stuyvesant 3796.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

NOTICE OF SALE.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the Matter of JOHN B. ROSE COMPANY, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy, No. 25949.

Pursuant to a Decree of Sale dated May 7, 1919, duly made and entered herein by Honorable John J. Townsend, Referee in Bankruptcy herein, and a Decree dated June 18, 1919, duly made and entered herein by the said Referee, setting aside the sale had on May 29, 1919, under the terms and provisions of the Decree of Sale dated May 7, 1919, at the Trial Court Room in the County Court House in the City of Newburgh, New York, vacating the Decree dated June 3, 1919, confirming the said sale had on May 29, 1919, and directing a resale of all the properties and assets described in the said Decree of Sale dated May 7, 1919, the properties and assets of the above-named Bankrupt mentioned in said Decree of Sale, dated May 7, 1919, and in said Decree directing a resale dated June 18, 1919, will be offered at public sale by the undersigned Trustee at the office of Hon. John J. Townsend, Referee herein, at 31 Nassau Street, in the City of New York, N. Y., on July 2, 1919, at 11:30 o'clock A. M., in accordance with and in the manner provided for by said Decrees dated May 7, 1919, and June 18, 1919. The said sale to be had July 2, 1919, will be conducted by the said Referee, Hon. John J. Townsend, or under his direction. Bids will then and there be received by the undersigned Trustee pursuant to the terms of said Decrees, dated May 7, 1919, and June 18, 1919, copies of which may be obtained at the office of the said Referee. The properties offered for sale include the merchandise of the bankrupt estate, the business of the bankrupt estate as a going concern, the good-will thereof and all trademarks, tradenames, patents, cash on hand, stock in trade, merchandise, barges, machinery, equipment, fixtures, supplies, materials, tools, designs, patterns, accounts receivable, outstanding customers' accounts, contracts, bills and notes receivable, stock, notes, bonds, prepaid insurance, mortgages, and other securities, all claims of the bankrupt estate against individuals, corporations or allied companies, and all chattels and receivables of the bankrupt estate and all the real estate of the Bankrupt and all the right, title and interest of the Bankrupt in any real estate wheresoever situate.

The said properties and assets will be sold in bulk as a going concern for cash and in no other form or manner.

A purchaser will be entitled only to a conveyance or transfer of the right, title and interest of the Bankrupt and the Trustee herein in the property sold without warranty of title or the accuracy of the description of the said properties and assets. The said properties and assets may be inspected by prospective bidders at any time before the sale on application to the Trustee and inventories or catalogues thereof will be available for inspection at the office of the Trustee or his attorneys at least five days before the sale.

The said Referee at the aforementioned time and place, after all bids are received, or at such adjourned time as he may fix thereat, will entertain application or motion for, and will make such orders of sale and confirmation of sale or in reference to the administration of the estate of the above-named Bankrupt or the disposition of its assets or the adjustment, release, adjudication or confirmation of any matters affecting the administration of the said estate, as shall be proper; and an order confirming said sale or otherwise affecting the administration of the estate herein may, in the discretion of the said Referee, be made at said time and place or at such adjourned time as he may fix, without further notice to any creditor, the Bankrupt or any other person or party in interest.

The real property hereinafter described, with the buildings and improvements thereon, and such fixtures as are appurtenant to and form a part of the said real estate, and all the right, title and interest of the estate of the Bankrupt herein and the Trustee hereof in the real property hereinafter described and in the buildings and improvements thereon and in such fixtures as are appurtenant to and form a part of said real estate, will be offered for sale at the aforementioned time and place:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the town of Marlborough, bounded as follows, to wit: On the north by lands formerly of George W. Lawson, Phoebe Sands, on the west by the highway leading from the village of Milton to the village of Marlborough, on the south by lands formerly occupied by Henry R. Prentice, formerly owned by Samuel Ackerly, and on the east by the Hudson River. Containing about thirty-seven acres of land be the same more or less. It being the same premises owned and occupied by John Lawson at the time of his decease and by the executors of the said John Lawson conveyed by deed dated the 15th day of June, 1867, to Benjamin A. Rose, and conveyed by said Benjamin A. Rose and others to Mary Ann Haviland, wife of James Haviland, by deed dated June 22, 1867, and recorded in Ulster County Clerk's office July 9, 1867, in Book No. 144 of Deeds, at page 77.

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate at Marlborough, New York, and more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at a point at the northeasterly corner of a lot hereby conveyed on the westerly line of lands of the New York, West Shore and Buffalo R. R., and south line of lands of J. B. Rose, and running thence along said Rose's land north, eighty-six degrees five minutes west, one thousand five hundred and seventy feet to a point on the dividing line, which is six feet north sixty-eight degrees twenty-four minutes west from an iron pin on south side of wall, thence south, sixty-eight degrees twenty-four minutes east, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-three feet to the west bounds of the New York, West Shore and Buffalo R. R., passing at nine hundred and five feet from west corner an iron pin. There is also an iron pin at the end of this line; thence along the west line of said R. R., about five hundred and sixty-five feet to point of beginning. Containing 9.97 acres be the same more or less.

All that certain piece or parcel of land with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate in the town of Marlborough and County of Ulster, formerly owned by Samuel M. Ackerly, and bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning on the west shore of the Hudson River in line of lands now or formerly of James Chatterton, and running thence along the line of the lands last mentioned, south, eighty-eight degrees and thirty minutes west, thirty chains and twenty-nine links to the middle of the road leading from the village of Marlborough to the village of Milton, thence along the same, south three chains and twenty-two links, thence south, seventeen degrees east, five chains and twelve links, thence leaving the road and running along a stone fence south, sixty-one degrees and thirty minutes east, twenty-nine chains and thirty links to the west shore of the Hudson River aforesaid, and northwardly along the same to the place of beginning. Containing fifty acres and eighty-seven one-hundredths of an acre more or less. Being the same premises conveyed to Emily M. Salmon by Samuel M. Ackerly by deed dated October 16, 1861.

Subject to the reservations contained in said deed; excepting and reserving nevertheless the following described premises, being that portion of the property above described which was released to John J. Tyler, by release dated the 6th day of October, 1881, and recorded in Liber 231, pages 518, &c., viz.:

All that parcel of land situate in the town of Marlborough, beginning at a point on the division line between the lands now or formerly owned or occupied by Walter Duncan and John J. Tyler, and running thence northerly along and following the course of a surveyed centre line of the proposed railway route of the New York, West Shore and Buffalo Railway Company, designated upon and shown by the map and profile thereof, on file in Ulster County Clerk's Office, one thousand five hundred and sixty feet more or less to the land now or formerly owned or occupied by Mary A. Haviland; said parcel of land being one hundred feet in width along the southerly boundary, and throughout its entire length or course and is estimated to contain three and fifty-one one-hundredths (3.51) acres more or less. Being the same premises described in a deed by John J. McCarthy and wife to Michael F. Tobin, dated January 8, 1907, recorded in Ulster County Clerk's office January 8, 1907, in Liber 399 of Deeds, at page 566. Except so much of said premises as were heretofore conveyed to John B. Rose by Michael F. Tobin and wife and also except the portion of said premises which were heretofore conveyed to the County of Ulster for highway purposes.

Subject to the reservations and conditions contained in any of the previous deeds affecting said premises or any part thereof.

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the town of Marlborough, County of Ulster and State of New York, and bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginnng at the southwest corner of lands formerly of Lewis Quick, where the same adjoins the state road leading from the Village of Milton to the Village of Marlborough, and at the northwest corner of the lands hereby conveyed in the middle of said state road, and running thence easterly along the south line of lands formerly of Lewis Quick, and south line of lands formerly of William Quick to the west shore of the Hudson River thence southerly along the west shore of the Hudson River to the northeast corner of lands formerly of John Lawson now owned by John B. Rose, thence westerly along the north line of lands of said Rose to the lands formerly of George W. Lawson, now owned by George Churchill, thence northerly along the east line of lands of said Churchill to the northeast corner of said Churchill's lands, thence westerly along the north line of lands of said Churchill to the centre of said state road, thence northerly along the centre of said state road about three chains one rod and six inches to the place of beginning. Containing about 22 acres of land be the same more or less.

Excepting, however, two parcels of land which were conveyed by Phebe Sands and David Sands, her husband, to the New York, West Shore and Buffalo Railway Company by the two following deeds, to wit:

1. Deed dated September 3, 1881, recorded September 15, 1881, in Ulster County Records of Deeds in Book No. 230, page 481.

2. Deed dated June 22, 1883, recorded in said Records of Deeds in Book No. 245, page 143.

The premises hereby conveyed were conveyed to Frank Sands by the two following deeds, viz.:

1. About four acres thereof by deed from Phebe Sands, dated January 2, 1896, (Book 327, page 464) and about eighteen acres thereof by deed dated February 18, 1902, made by Mary Gertrude Sands and others (Book 370, page 97).

All real property of the Bankrupt, other than that described hereinbefore, if any, wheresoever situate and all the right, title and interest of the Bankrupt estate in such other real property.

JAMES G. GRAHAM,
Trustee in Bankruptcy, 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
HUGHES, ROUNDS, SCHURMAN & DWIGHT, Attorneys for Trustee, 96 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAXIM CORPORATION, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, July 1, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at P. Brady & Sons, 554 W. 58th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of one model L and one model E Truck chassis made by Dart Truck & Tractor Corporation, Waterloo, Iowa. JAMES G. GRAHAM, Receiver.
ALLEN B. MEMHARD, Attorney for Receiver, 120 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26728.—In Bankruptcy.—JOSEPH ROSENBLUTH, doing business as Joseph Rosenbluth & Co., Alleged Bankrupt.

Take notice that on June 12, 1919, the above proceeding was referred to me as Referee to pass upon the proposed offer of composition prior to adjudication.

A special meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 31 Nassau Street, New York City, on July 1, 1919, at 4:30 P. M., at which time the said creditors may attend, act upon the proposed offer of composition, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DIStrict of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 26760.

Notice is given that HERMAN W. BAUME and SAMUEL ROSHBERG, individually and as copartners, doing business under the firm name of BAUME & ROSHBERG, bankrupts, have applied for a discharge from all their debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, July 30, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York. Bankruptcy No. 26768.—Notice is hereby given that ISRAEL LEVIN, sometimes known as ISRAEL LEVINE, individually, and as co-partner of the firm of ISRAEL LEVIN and NATHAN MINKOFF, doing business under the firm name of LEVIN & MINKOFF, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties in interest are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, July 23d, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26688.—In Bankruptcy.—CHARLES STEGER, Bankrupt.

Charles Steger, trading under the firm name of Atlantic Webbing Mills, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on April 29th, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on July 3d, 1919, at 11:00 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26910.—In Bankruptcy.—WILLIAM ALLISON ROBB, Bankrupt.

William Allison Robb was duly adjudicated bankrupt on June 14th, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on July 3d, 1919, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26921.—In Bankruptcy.—ESTHER BREAKSTONE, Bankrupt.

Esther Breakstone was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on June 18, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on July 2, 1919, at 4 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26871.—In Bankruptcy.—TREE & COMPANY, INC., Bankrupt.

Tree & Company, Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on March 27, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on July 2, 1919, at 3 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26918.—In Bankruptcy. — THEO JOFFE, Bankrupt.

Theo Joffe was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on June 17, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on July 3, 1919, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26917.—In Bankruptcy.—SAM SOIFER, Bankrupt.

Sam Soifer was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on June 17, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on July 2, 1919, at 3:30 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DIStrict of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 26791.

Notice is given that EDWARD H. SPEITZE, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, July 30, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

MACGRANE, COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Bankruptcy No. 26785.

NOTICE is hereby given that GEORGE J. HEYDEMAN has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties in interest are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, July 23d, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Bankruptcy No. 26627.

NOTICE is hereby given that THEODORE BLANK has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties in interest are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, July 23d, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy, No. 26564.

Notice is given that HENRY F. MINS, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordred to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, July 30, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy, No. 26799.

Notice is given that JAMES J. CALLANAN, Bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, July 30, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York. Bankruptcy No. 26811.—Notice is hereby given that MARIE FRANK has applied for a discharge from all her debts. Creditors and parties in interest are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, July 23d, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

WELCOME TO COMMANDER READ.

Scene at Plymouth, when Commander Read arrived in the American seaplane NC-4 from Lisbon, in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

TO MAKE A SERIES OF LOANS TO BUILDERS

Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. Tells of Adjustments of Finances to Aid Housing.

HAS FAITH IN REAL ESTATE

Members of West Washington Market Association Say City Charges Them Excessive Rentals.

The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company announced yesterday the first of a series of loans which it will make to builders of non-elevator apartment houses to relieve the housing situation. According to Walter Stabler, the Controller of the company, this follows upon a period when it was impossible for the company to make such loans because of its heavy investments in Government bonds. The first loan was made to the Queensboro Corporation for the construction of another block of eleven "garden" type apartment houses in the block bounded by Twenty-first and Twenty-second Streets, Polk and Fillmore Avenues, in the Jackson Heights section of the Borough of Queens. The new houses will cost approximately $1,000,000 and will contain 185 suites of 3, 4, 5, and 6 rooms each.

After stating how his company had suffered from losses paid as a result of the influenza epidemic, and had been compelled to borrow many millions to cover its subscriptions to the Liberty Loans, Mr. Stabler pointed out that the company had to adjust its finances to pay back what it had borrowed and to strengthen itself against a recurrence of the epidemic.

"These are the facts in the case," he continued, "at least so far as this company is concerned, and when we recently announced that since time must elapse before we could again consider applications for loans on real estate or new building operations, we meant precisely what we said.

"We did not make that announcement because we did not wish to make new loans, or because we had lost any of our abiding faith in real estate as good security, but because we had gone in debt to help our Government during its time of trouble, and because these debts must be paid now as quickly as possible."

"We nevertheless are fully cognizant of the seriousness of the housing situation and wish to do our bit toward relieving it. We therefore determined recently to lend a few hundred thousand dollars for the construction of apartment houses and to increase the number of our new loans from time to time as we were able."

While some of the city authorities are bending their efforts toward eliminating rent profiteering, one of the city departments is engaged itself in profiteering, according to the tenants of West Washington Market. At a meeting of the West Washington Market Association, held yesterday afternoon at 431 West Fourteenth Street, the members voted to obtain a hearing as soon as possible with Jonathan C. Day, the Commissioner of Markets, so that they may lay before him their claims. According to the market men, the rents have recently been raised from 86 2-3 cents and $1.04 per square foot to $2.08, and in other sections of the market from $1.68 to $2.60 a square foot, whereas rentals in private buildings in the neighborhood which are used for the same purposes average $1 a square foot, and that figure, they contend, is the one the Commissioner should settle upon.

George F. Hinrichs, president of the association, who presided at yesterday's meeting, said that the trouble with the Commissioner's figures were that they were calculated to make the obsolete market building carry the overhead charges which could only be carried if a modern building were erected. He also held that the fixtures which had been installed by the tenants themselves were worth more than the building itself.

In a letter received yesterday by the Mayor's Committee on Rent Profiteering, it was pointed out by W. H. Hosking, who lives in the Charleston Court, 3,905 Broadway, that changes of agents as well as changes of owners were used to raise rents. He said that on April 1 he had been raised from $1,080 to $1,320, and that on May 15, when another agent took charge, he was again raised, this time to $1,486, to take effect on October 1. This, Mr. Hosking said in his letter, he thought was a profiteering scheme of the owner and possibly of the agent of the building.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Between Maiden Lane and General Post Office, Thursday evening, June 19, a package duly stamped for mailing, addressed to Spies Brothers, 27 East Munroe Street, Chicago, Illinois, from Wm. I. Rosenfeld, 1 Maiden Lane. A liberal reward will be paid for its return to Wm. I. Rosenfeld, 1 Maiden Lane.

LOST—5 P. M., June 20, from lady's handbag, at foot of steps in Trinity Bldg., leading from Broadway to passage to Church St., June commutation ticket to Montclair, Lackawanna Railroad, gold Eversharp pencil, door key, green purse containing change; reward. Telephone Mr. Harold, Bryant 1000.

LOST.—Black suit case from automobile on road between Locust Valley and Roslyn, L. I., on June 9, between 9-9:30 A. M.; initials M. M. J. in gilt letters; bag contained black riding habit and fur neckpiece; suitable reward. Thomas H. Todd, 402 Madison Av., New York City. Phone Vanderbilt 5595.

LOST—In Lexington Av. subway station, 86th St. uptown side, early Friday morning, open face Swiss gold watch and chain with turquoise pendant; initials on watch A. C. in diamond shape; $50 reward for return to A. Chlupsa, Room 211, 1,779 Broadway, city; no questions asked.

LOST—Between Pennsylvania Hotel Roof Garden and Manhattan Beach, between 6:30 and 11:30 P. M., June 9, wallet, containing $300 in U. S. currency; also cancelled checks and other papers; liberal reward. F. E. Finnigan, 42 Broadway.

LOST.—Lady's gold enamel watch, initialed G. I. B., June 19th, Riverside Park between 84th and 85th St.; reward. Irigoyen, 853 West 85th St., New York City. Schuyler 8240.

LOST—Box containing 2 sample dresses on downtown 7th Av. subway at Times Square at 8:15 A. M. Friday; full value reward paid for return. Rentner Rothenberg, 145 West 28th.

LOST—TUESDAY NIGHT, IN 81ST, BROADWAY MOVING PICTURE THEATRE, NAVY BLUE SATIN CAPE LINED WITH ECRU; LIBERAL REWARD. RETURN TO MARTIN, 162 EAST 74TH ST.

LOST—On Monday, June 16, tortoise shell spectacles, with toric lenses, inclosed in case. Finder please return to J. Bame, 128 Broadway.

LOST—100 shares Bethlehem Steel Class B stock certificate, No. 11904, name of Prince & Whitely; transfer stock. Please notify Prince & Whitely, 52 Broadway.

LOST—By widow, diamond and opal brooch, boarding Broadway car 46th St.; handsome reward, no questions asked. Matthews, 2,304 Broadway. Schuyler 8398.

LOST—Tuesday night, at Charles Chateau Laurier, City Island, diamond platinum bar pin; reward $100. Ada Minton, 561 West 140th. Telephone 4442 Audubon.

LOST—On bus between 168th St. and Washington Sq., gold bar pin set with one diamond and two sapphires; reward. McDermott, Tel. Flatbush 8761.

LOST—$500 Victory Liberty Bond No. 512,568, in Corn Exchange Bank, Hudson River Branch, June 19; suitable reward. Return room 802, 392 5th Av.

LOST—Wallet containing return ticket San Francisco via Chicago; also cash; keep cash, return ticket; reward. Arthur A. Wilson, Pennsylvania Hotel. Room 646.

LOST—On Sunday, gold watch and fob, both bearing initials "C. W. T." Reward for return to X 98 Times Annex. No questions asked.

LOST.—Wallet containing return ticket San Francisco via Chicago; also cash; keep cash, return ticket; reward. Arthur A. Wilson, Pennsylvania Hotel, room 646.

LOST.—Gold cigarette case, initials J. P.; $25 reward. J. Perlmutter, 116 Monticello Av., Jersey City.

LOST—Gold watch, platinum chain, match case, monogram G. L. G.; reward. Phone Academy 1445.

LOST—Beaded bag, bus, 135th-Broadway; reward; Mrs. Frankenstyne, 92 St. Nicholas. Cath. 9240.

LOST—$100 reward, circle brooch, 16 small diamonds, 16 pearls, 64th and Madison; no questions. Crisp, Plaza 1959.

LOST, Wednesday, mink neckpiece, Selwyn Theatre; reward. Return Red Cross, 44 East 23d.

LOST—Platinum link bracelet with diamond setting; $200 reward. W. H. Clark, 404 4th Av. Madison Sq. 4753.

LOST—Sable colored scarf, Wednesday evening in taxi or at Broadhurst Theatre. Suitable reward if returned Hotel Belmont.

LOST—Unopened letter addressed care Cartier, 653 5th Av; blue seal with initials A. B. R.; finder send to or address T 153 Times.

LOST.—Pin, Psi Upsilon, initials B. T. N., below Maiden Lane. Noyes, 419 West 115th St.

LOST—Seal ring, initials "A. W. P" backward, vicinity Beaver St.; liberal reward. A. W. Page, 25 Beaver St. Broad 4676.

LOST—Graflex 1A camera in case, Penn. Station, June 14; reward. N. S. Seeley, 52 Broadway.

LOST—BROWN FUR SCARF, Saturday, 5th Av. bus; reward. Phone Prospect 9421.

LOST—$100 bill, 42d-7th Av. subway station; reward. 15 Whitehall, Room 601.

$25 REWARD,

no questions asked, return green jade and pearl pendant earring, lost June 18, between Hotel Knickerbocker and New Amsterdam Theatre. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av., 48th St.

$150 REWARD

return gold and platinum bowknot pin, containing numerous diamonds, with two pearls and diamond pendants, lost June 18, between West 86th St. and Long Branch, N. J. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av., 48th St.

$200 REWARD

return platinum lorgnette, numerous small diamonds, attached to silk cord, with diamond slide, lost about June 4, in shopping district. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

$150 REWARD,

no questions asked, for return fancy platinum bar pin, containing 7 diamonds; lost May 30, vicinity of Nassau Country Club. A. R. Lee & Co., 15 William St.

$50 REWARD.

Return gold vanity case, monogram L. B. A., lost about May 29. I. H. & B. H. Weinberg, 665 5th Av.

$75 REWARD.

Return diamond brooch in form of rabbit, lost June 13. Dreicer Co., 560 5th Av.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Brown Pekingese dog, black face, collar marked M. de H., from 200 West 70th; reward. 200 West 70th, Apt. 12.

SHELL NEAR TRAFFIC COURT

16-Pound Unexploded Missile Is Found by Woman in Ash Can.

It became known late yesterday afternoon after Magistrate Frederick B. House had left for his home that an unexploded high explosive shell weighing approximately sixteen pounds had been found at 7:55 o'clock yesterday morning in an ash can close to the Mott Street entrance of the Traffic Court. This is the entrance used by defendants and patrolmen and is unusually busy at that time of the morning.

The utmost secrecy was maintained by the Police Department. It was learned, however, that the shell was found by a woman living in one of the Italian tenement houses opposite the Court House and turned over to Patrolman John Furlong, Custodian of the building. He in turn is said to have made a report to police headquarters and Inspector Owen Eagan of the Bureau of Combustibles took the shell away with him. Patrolman Furlong had evidently been instructed not to disclose the facts, for he not only refused to discuss the finding of the shell but denied that such a thing had taken place even in the face of the fact that several Traffic Court attaches had seen the shell. The shell was said to be of the type of a number exploded recently in the Bronx, injuring several children and killing one boy.

MEMORIAL PROJECT FAILS.

Freeport Committee Says Citizens Are Indifferent to Fallen Heroes.

"The war is over; our boys are dead and buried; let's go to the movies."

That inscription appeared yesterday on the blackboard in the auditorium of the public school in Grove Street, Freeport, L. I., as a summary of the sentiment of the people of Freeport regarding the proposition to erect an $18,000 monument in memory of the boys of that place who lost their lives in the war. It was inscribed by Henry J. McCord, Chairman of the Publicity Committee of the General Memorial Organization.

Subscription pledges by which it was expected to raise the amount necessary for the memorial were to have been collected at a public meeting called for last Wednesday evening in the school house. The committee was on hand to welcome the expected crowd. Six persons appeared. The committee decided to hold no more meetings, and to report back to the village trustees that the people of Freeport apparently do not care whether the memories of the community's soldiers are honored or not.

ALL TO HELP THE CHILDREN.

Queen of Rumania Drafts Population Into Relief Association.

Queen Marie of Rumania has drafted every housewife, owner of a moving picture theatre, store-keeper, hotel owner and landlord in her kingdom into a national army to contribute to the support of the Rumanian Children's Relief Association, which has been organized to continue permanently the work of child-feeding begun by the American Relief Administration.

In an appeal just issued to her people, described in a cable message received from Mr. Hoover in Paris at the offices of the Administration, 42 Broadway, Queen Marie has requested that all Rumanian families refrain from eating dinner one day each month and contribute the amount thus saved to the funds for child relief.

SUES MME. ALMA CLAYBURGH

Husband Seeks Divorce from Opera Singer, His Third Wife.

The filing of a suit by Albert Clayburgh, a cotton converter, for a divorce from Mme. Alma Clayburgh, concert and opera singer, of 270 Park Avenue, became known yesterday when an order was signed in the Supreme Court substituting John V. Bouvier as Mrs. Clayburgh's counsel in place of Charles S. Whitman. It was learned that Mrs. Clayburgh left her husband's home at 818 West Eighty-first Street five months ago to take a Park Avenue apartment, and the suit was filed later. The divorce papers are sealed.

Mrs. Clayburgh, who is the plaintiff's third wife, married him in Philadelphia eleven years ago. She was then Miss Lachenbruch, and met the plaintiff through his interest in music. Her attorney said yesterday that she will ask that her husband be compelled to make a liberal allowance for the maintenance of herself and two children.

RULES FOR PACIFIC FLIGHT.

Transocean Contest Open from September to February, 1920.

LOS ANGELES, June 20.—Licensed aviators of any nationality may compete in the proposed transpacific airplane flight for which Thomas H. Ince has offered a prize of $50,000 according to rules governing the contest made public today. The flight may be attempted from either side of the Pacific, but if made westward Venice, Cal., must be the starting point and the landing made on the mainland of Australia, the Japanese Islands, or the continent of Asia. If made eastward, Asia, Australia, or Japan may be the starting point and the finish made on the mainland of the United States.

The contest will be open from next September to February, 1920. The flight must be completed within 12 days.

If the flight across the Pacific is not completed, Ince said, the aviator reaching the Hawaiian Islands in the shortest time would receive $10,000. If no contestant reaches the Hawaiian Islands the aviator who flies the furthest in that direction will receive $5,000.

Church Notices on Page Twenty.

WATCH WAS HIDDEN IN WILKINS HOUSE

Police Testify at Murder Trial to Upset Story Told by Defendant.

DETECTIVE BURNS IS CALLED

Reviews Physician's Account of Encounter with Burglars Who, He Says, Killed His Wife.

MINEOLA, L. I., June 20.—A mass of circumstantial evidence went today before the jury which is trying Dr. Walter E. Wilkins for the murder of his wife, Julia, at Long Beach, L. I.

Two police detectives were put on the stand to testify that they had found, wrapped in a blood-stained cloth and hidden in the springs of a couch, a Swiss watch. This testimony was intended to discredit the contention of Dr. Wilkins that burglars had killed Mrs. Wilkins and then robbed the physician of a watch and other things. Dr. Wilkins had asserted, however, that the watch stolen from him had a Waltham movement. This watch was stopped at 9:28. The crime is alleged to have been committed at 9:20 o'clock in the evening.

Policeman Nicholas C. Cocks of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station, Manhattan, was called to give testimony suggesting that the hammer used in the murder had been wrapped with paper by Dr. Wilkins. The witness said that on May 23 he arrested a man who broke into a haberdashery store and attacked the haberdasher with a hammer wrapped in paper. He said that he had later discussed the case, and particularly the manner in which the hammer was wrapped, with Dr. Wilkins.

This hammer was tied with a piece of string having sixteen strands.

County Detective Carman Plant testified that he had found a similar piece of string with eighteen strands in the basement of the Wilkins home.

Finger Marks on Lead Pipe.

Marks found on a lead pipe used in the crime were identified by a finger-print expert as those of Dr. Wilkins. This evidence had been discounted somewhat by evidence that Dr. Wilkins had told of picking the pipe up after the murder of his wife. District Attorney Charles R. Weeks sought, however, to draw a fine distinction here by proving that the marks established that Dr. Wilkins had gripped the pipe hard, whereas Dr. Wilkins was quoted as saying that he merely picked it up and dropped it.

Testimony intended to prove that the crime was committed by some one who remained on the premises, and not by burglars who fled, was obtained from Dr. Charles Norris, chief medical expert for New York City, who told of making analyses of stains on a towel found in the Wilkins home and discovered that they were blood stains.

County Detective Plant identified a blood-stained collar as one that Dr. Wilkins had worn on the night of the murder. He said that he asked how the stains got there and that Dr. Wilkins replied:

"They must have come from my wife's body when I was attending her outside."

Plant said that there were bloodstains on the physician's hat and that he had accounted for them by the same explanation. He said that Dr. Wilkins told him that the burglars had beaten him over the head, but he could see no marks on the doctor's head or face.

William J. Burns testified that Dr. Wilkins had also told him about being attacked and beaten by the burglars, but that the doctor's skull disclosed no evidences of the blows.

"They must have hit you with something soft, like a fist," Burns said he told the doctor.

"It probably was," replied the doctor.

Gives Wilkins's Explanations.

The detective said that he remarked, after hearing the doctor's account of the circumstances of the murder:

"It is strange you would go home and find the front door unlocked and see burglars, and yet go in and close the door after you."

"Well, I didn't realize the danger I was in," was Dr. Wilkins's reply, according to Burns.

"It's strange that the burglars dealt so gently with you," Burns remarked, according to his testimony, and the Doctor replied:

"Yes, it is strange, but those are the facts, and that is all I can say."

Burns admitted that he had submitted a bill for $1,256.64 for his connection with the case in March, and $823.12 for April.

"Isn't your organization under investigation by the State of New York?" he was asked by Mr. Wysong, counsel for the defendant.

"No," replied Burns; "by the Pinkertons, my rivals."

When pressed further about the investigation, Burns said:

"The Pinkertons are investigating my organization as a result of the robbery of the J. P. Morgan offices, when some English and French papers were stolen by German agents. The District Attorney prosecuted me instead of the thieves. I was fined $100, but the fine was revoked by two upper courts."

Witnesses told yesterday of the discovery of a love-knot pin, which had been found pinned to the lining of a pocket in one of Dr. Wilkins's suits. It had been previously asserted that Dr. Wilkins stated that this pin had been taken from him with the watch by the burglars, who, he said, killed his wife and robbed him.

Testimony was introduced to show that some of the garments worn by Dr. Wilkins on the night of the murder had disappeared and that Dr. Wilkins had said later that he did not know what had become of them.

Here is Plenty

You'll find plenty of everything that is good in hats, haberdashery and clothes—in a Wallach Store.

Blue Serges

A wide and interesting assortment of good all-wool blue serge suits—styled and tailored by Hart Schaffner & Marx. Wonderful values, $35 to $60. Smart Double-Breasters that are specially priced at $45, $50, and $55.

Straw Hats

No straw hat famine here. A full variety of blocks, braids and sizes from which to choose. Fine opportunities at $2.50, $3, $3.50, $5, and up.

Hot Weather Suits

Our Palm Beaches, Mohairs, and Hart Schaffner & Marx' "Dixie Weaves" challenge the "dog days" to do their worst. Specially tailored the Wallach Way for fit and style.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

ARRESTS IN MEAT STRIKE.

One Woman Is Sent to Workhouse for Disorderly Conduct.

Mrs. Sadie Lina of 205 East 102d Street was sentenced today by Magistrate William Sweetser in Harlem Court to serve five days in the workhouse after being found guilty on a charge of disorderly conduct in connection with the kosher meat boycott in Harlem. The complainant, Mrs. Tillie Caparbo of 303 East Ninety-ninth Street, told the Magistrate that after buying a chicken in a butcher store at 102d Street and Second Avenue several women, including the defendant, surrounded her. The defendant, she alleged, snatched the chicken from her and destroyed it.

Two other women, Mrs. Lena Duchowney and Mrs. Gussie Loebman, both of 116 East 108th Street, were arraigned on a charge of disorderly conduct preferred by Meyer Fass, who conducts a butcher store at 52 East 110th Street, and who alleged that the two women created a disturbance in front of his store by interfering with customers. They were held in $300 bond each for examination on June 24.

SUSPECT WAR FIRMS IN TAX FRAUD CASE

Accountants Examining Records Seized in Offices of Sterling Audit Company.

MAY MAKE THIRTY ARRESTS

District Attorney Expects Important Results from Rosenblum Charge —Also Scan Books for 1917.

Government accountants began work yesterday on the accounts of twelve firms after alleged frauds on the Government in income tax returns had been reported by Morris Rosenblum, an Internal Revenue inspector, after his arrest on the charge of conspiring with tax dodgers.

A large room on the top floor of the Federal Building was packed yesterday with books of firms, alleged to have hired the Sterling Accounting and Auditing Company to falsify their accounts so that their income and excess profits tax would be cut down by about 90 per cent. Eight accountants were put to work on the books yesterday under the direction of Assistant District Attorney Benjamin P. De Witt. It was said that, when the evidence of other frauds was thoroughly sifted, several rooms in the Federal Building would be required by accountants working on this one case.

At least thirty arrests, it was said yesterday, would follow the disclosures of wholesale tax-dodging following the arrest of Rosenblum and men said to have been connected with the Sterling Accounting and Auditing Company. It was said yesterday that, in obtaining the books of this company, the Government had made a haul of unexpected importance because the District Attorney not only got the accounts of the auditing firms, but of several business houses which were employing the firm.

Hasty examination of these books, it was said, showed that several new firms, which had suddenly gained wealth from war contracts, had turned their books over to the firm for the purpose of concealing their profits from the Government as far as possible. These firms were in a particularly advantageous position, as far as the plan to deceive the Government was concerned, it was said, because of the lack of a record of earnings in other years which would have given a clew to their profits.

The accountants were busy yesterday with the year 1917, because it is believed that many of the alleged tax dodgers cheated the Government in returns for 1917 as well as for 1918.

It was said yesterday that accountants also were at work on the books of the Pictorial Review Company, the Secretary of which was arrested several days ago on the charge of attempting to bribe an Internal Revenue agent to join in a conspiracy to make false returns which would defraud the Government of hundreds of thousands of dollars. It was said that it would take two weeks more to complete the investigation of the accounts of this company. The firm's accounts for 1917 also are being scrutinized.

Seek $10,000 for Orphan Home.

The managers of the Leake and Watts Orphan House for boys and girls, Yonkers, have issued an appeal for $10,000, in order to care for many New York city children made homeless by the war. It is intended, with the funds to be collected, to establish a home farm school at Tivoli-on-Hudson, where the boys may combine vocational and regular school work. The property at Tivoli was bequeathed to the institution by Gen. John Watts de Peyster, grandson of one of the founders of the Leake and Watts House. Dr. Howard Duffield is president of the charity, and Albert S. McClain is superintendent. The trustees include Mayor Hylan, Dr. W. T. Manning, Richard Delafield, Herman H. Cammann and Dr. David J. Burrell.

Found Husband Had Another Wife.

Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum signed a decree yesterday annulling the marriage of Madeline M. Piercy, of Belleville, N. J., to Robert George Quennell, son of a former rector of the Church of the Ascension, on the ground that when the marriage occurred last fall the defendant had a wife from whom he had not been divorced. The plaintiff first learned that she was not Quennell's only wife when he took her to his home and introduced her to his mother.

13S FILL HAMBY'S RECORD.

Figures and Friday Form Coincidences Since Bank Murder.

Another "13" loomed up yesterday in the case of Gordon Fawcett Hamby, who has confessed that on Friday, Dec. 13, he killed two men in the East Brooklyn savings bank, and wounded another, during the robbery of the bank, from which he took $13,000. It was today observed that the attorney who has been engaged to defend him has his office at 1,113 Temple Bar Building, Brooklyn. Other "13's" in Hamby's case are as follows: He was brought back to Brooklyn from Tacoma, Wash., on June 13, also a Friday. The number of the patrol which brought him to and from Police Headquarters was 13. He will be tried before Judge Lewis L. Fawcett, whose name has 13 letters in it, as has also that of Deputy Sheriff James J. Shortel, who will have charge of him during the trial.

Preparations were being made today to accommodate the large crowd that is expected when the trial opens next Monday morning, at which Hamby will be tried for first degree murder. Part 8 of the criminal term, Brooklyn Supreme Court, with every available chair, cannot accommodate 250 persons, and it is expected that many more than that will seek admission. A table has been set up for the 20 to 25 newspaper people who are to attend the trial.

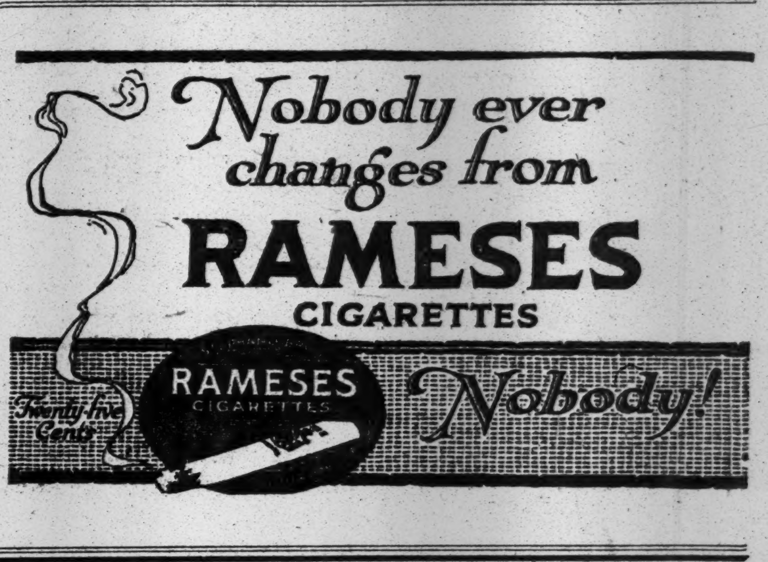
NAMES HER SISTER IN SUIT.

Mrs. Ehrgott, Seeking Separation, Says Husband Wanted Her to Divorce Him.

Mrs. Mildred Ball Ehrgott brought suit in the Supreme Court yesterday for a separation from George M. Ehrgott, vice president of the Broadedge Apartments, 333 Central Park West, in which she accuses her own sister, Mrs. Edith E. Moss of 142 West Ninety-sixth street, of winning her husband's affections.

In a petition for alimony which brought an allowance of $25 a week from Supreme Court Justice Whitaker, Mrs. Ehrgott said her husband had been attentive to her sister for three years, and she learned of it first from her sister's husband. She said her husband asked her repeatedly to get a divorce, and gave her a list of incidents which he told her would be sufficient evidence. Her brother, Harold L. Brown, said Ehrgott gave the Moss family an apartment free to have Mrs. Moss near him. Mrs. Moss divorced her own husband last December, the petition says.

Ehrgott denies improper conduct, and says he was civil and kind to Mrs. Moss because she was his wife's sister. His wife is a victim of insane jealousy and had struck and beaten him, he says.



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RAMESES CIGARETTES

Twenty-five Cents

Nobody!

Store Open 9 A.M. to 5:30 P.M.

Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.

Store Open 9 A.M. to 5:30 P.M.

Saturday's Best News For Men!

1,000 SUMMER SUITS

At $27.75

Save at Least $5 On Every Suit

The tremendous volume of this year's purchases for three big stores has resulted in tremendous volume of Sales. The Gimbel men's clothing business is doubling; and as big volume always reduces costs, the condition makes possible an offer like this TODAY.

Waist Line Models
Double Breasted Models
1, 2 and 3 Button Models
and the Much Wanted Conservative Models

Plain Blue, Brown, Greys, Green and Black. Checks, Homespuns, Basket weaves, Worsted striped effects, a big assortment of Patterns. Light and Dark Colorings.

Sizes 33 to 48, Regulars and Stouts

Quarter and Half Silk lined—Some lined Mohair. Altogether a remarkable choice at $27.75

Genuine Palm Beach Suits

$15 $18.50 $25

Palm Beach REGISTERED U.S. PATENT OFFICE THE GENUINE CLOTH MFD. BY GOODALL WORSTED CO.

Plain Colors in Natural Tan, Brown, Plain Greys, Plain Dark Brown, Grey Striped, Tan Striped, Black and Blue Striped effects. Made to hold their shape. Well tailored, just a little different from the Regular Suit. But looks good—they are Cool and Comfortable for these Hot Days. Waist Line Models and Conservative Models.

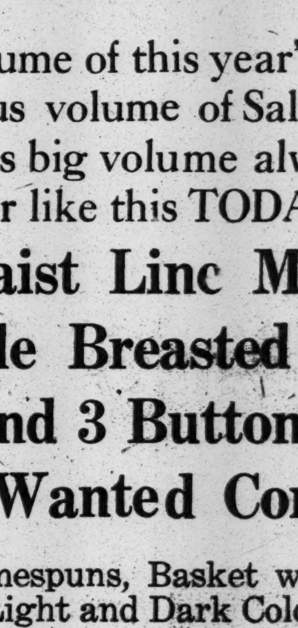
Men's Mohair Suits $17.50

Exceptionally well tailored of this summer material. Seams piped with satin. Black and white, blue and white, grey, blue and black striped effects.

Flannel Trousers $7.50, $10

Just about as well tailored and good looking a collection of the popular white flannels that go so well with the conventional blue coat.

GIMBELS—Fourth Floor



2,400 Men's Summer Neckties 65c

It's easy to select half-a-dozen or more ties for the summer out of this interesting array of open-end four-in-hands.

This season's new designs and colorings.

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